~

```
Relaciones
```

- O R-reflexiva" =(HaRa)
- @ "R-111eflexIVG" = (Hal: 7(GRa))
- 3 "R-Simelina" = (Va, b): aRb = bRa)
- @ "R-asimetrica" = (Va,bl: aRb => 7(bRa))
- (3 "R-antisimetrica" = (Valle 1: arb 1 bra =) a=b)
- @ "R-transtive" = (ta,b,cl: arb 1 brc =) arc)
- O"R-lineal" = (Yaib 1: arb VbRa)
- 8 "R-conedoda" = (Va, b 1: 7(arb) ~7(bra)=>a=b)
- @ "R-Introvation" = (tub 1: aRb => a=b)

Dæ.

- O aRTb = bRa
- @ a R b = 1 (a R b)
- @ a(RUS)b = aRb vasb
- @ a (Rns) b = arb nasb
- (3) a (ROS) b = (Jx1: arc n csb)
- @ R=S = (babliarb #asb)
- RES = (Va, b 1: arb => asb)
- 6 a0b = false
- aIb = a=b
- (10) alb = true.

Monotonia doble

a 26 => ant 2 bnc Monotonia simple (aRb => (aDc) R(bOc)) -> a 4 b => a L b 4 b U C

(a 4 b n c 4 d => anc 4 bnd)

(atp v (fd => an(fpnd)

" loufe . diaze @ gmail.com.

Ax (n) Z = ant = Z = a 1 2 = b Ax(u) qub 4 Z = a 4 Z 1 b 4 Z x = y = (421:2 = x => 2 = y) X = Y = (\v2 1: Y = Z => X = Z) igualdud indirecta a=b = (421: z = a = z = b) cola inferior and & a y and & b COTA SOPERIOR Q & QUB 4 B & QUB CONEXIÓN. a = b = a Hb = a a = b = a Lb = b

logica

· (014) -> 0 = true

· (0, 4 = 0) = (Q => 4)

6 11

11 R-17 18(18x100" = (40,61:7(aRa))

```
o Teo. "R-Simelina" n "R-antismetric" => "R-introvertida"
    "R-simelina" = (thibl: arb = bra)
    "R-contametera" = ( Haibt arb & bra => a=b)
    "R- introvertida" = (Vaible arb => c=6)
    Dem. Sopongo "R-Simelinca"
    basta demostror. "R-antisimetrica" => "R-intravertido"
     Dem Transito
       "R- antisimetrica"
      E < 901 >
       (tabl: ORb 1 bRa => a=b)
      E (SUP. arb = bra >
      (Va, b): arb 1 arb => a=b)
     = < logica Prop. >
      (Haible aRb = ) a=b)
     < 496 > =
       "R-Intovertida"
 O TEO. "R- reflexivo" = "RT-reflexivo"
    "R- reclexiva"
    = < dop >
    ( Wat a Ra)
    EX GET B, S
    ( Val: ara)
    C 4965 3
     als - Ketlesino,
 0 TEO "R-TEFTERING" = " R-TEFTERING"
                   [0 1 1] -> No es reflexiva.
  "R-reflexiva"
```

```
ant(R) , ant(s) =) ant(Rns)
ofto.
   Dem. 150p. ant(R) , ant(s)
    basta elemostrat. ant (RNS)
   Maria (Rins) by n b (Rins) a = (1)
   = </ def (W)>
    (1) (1) arb nash n bran bsa) ac)
   a=b 1 a=b
   \langle 0 = 0 \wedge 0 = 0 \rangle
      azb
                                 O Teo. tran(R) = ROR = R
 O Tep. ant(R) = Rn RT = I
                                    RORER
      RnRT GI
                                  = < def = >
     = <96t €>
                                    (Yabl: a (ROR) => aRb)
      (Acipl: a(KUK, )p => aIp)
                                   = < 966 (0) >
                                    (Ya,b1: (3x1:aRx xxRb) => aRb)
     = < qet (U)>
      (table arb 1 arb => a=b)
                                    \leq \langle (\exists_X (:P) =) Q \equiv (\forall_X | :P =) Q), \text{ anidamiento} \rangle
     = < 96t b, >
                                    (Valba: aRx NxRb=)aRb)
      (Vaip 1: arb v pra => a=p)
                                     = <def fran(R)7
     = < def "R-antisimetrice">
                                      Tran (R)
       "R-antisimetrica"
   0 Teo. ant(R) => (R n I) a simetico.
    osi(Rn I)
    = < elet comequal
     (Hablia (RnI)b => 7(b(RnI)a))
    (Vabl: arb razb =) 7(bra rbia))
   = < def (N) 7
    (Vaibl: 7(akb NaIb) V7(bRanbia))
   = < got ay (=))>
    E < de morgan>
    (Va, b 1: 76Rb) U 7(a Ib) U 7(bRa) U 7(b Ia))
```

-> crap = p)

```
=< 0,000 (7), (def (I), conmutat. (=)>
  (babl: 7(aRb) v7(bRa) v a=b)
 = < def alt. (=))>
  (Ya,b): aRb , bRa => a=b)
< 1911 tuo 390>=
  ant (R)
O Teo. Conectida(R) => (R) antisimelia
    1 (R= ciA+15 metrica)
    =<dee anti7
     (Va,b1: aRb 1 bRa => a=b)
    = < def (2)>
    .(Va,b1: 7 (aRb) 1 7 (bRa) => a=b)
    = < def coneciri>
      con (R)
@ 180. "R-asimétrica" = |"R-Irrellativo"
      "R-asimetrica"
     = < det>
      (Va, bie aRb => 7(bRa))
     => < particularización a=b>
      ( Yarble ara => 7 (ara))
     =< logicas
      (Vaible Maral).
    = <def "R-lineal" 7
     "R- (meal"
```

MIKCEGOUCIC MILL

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(1976) Mercedencia mutua
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o Teo. "R-Introvertida" = REI REI = <def (<)> (Va,b1: aRb => a=b) = Atintrovatida > "R - Introvertida" o Teo. "R-reflexiva" = I = R ICR = <def ⊆ > (4a,b1: aIb => aRb) = < q6t (I)> (40,61: a=b =) a Rb) = < regt del punto> (Val: ara) 0 (00. "R-Inglexive" = In R=0 In R=0 = < 966 (=) (U) (I)> (ta, b1- a = b ~ aRb = false) = < def alt. (7) ; logica> (Va, b): 7/0 + b) 17((Rb)) = < logica> (ta,b1: a=b=> 76Rb)) = < Dunto u def VirellexMa> "R-INREFIEXIVE" o feo. "R-simetrica"= R = R R=RT = <der (=)7 (Yaibl: arb = arb) E < def RT > (Va, bl: arb = bra) = <def) "R-simetrica"

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```
· TEO, "R-asmostrica" = RNRT = O
       RnRt = 0
     = < def (=), (n), (0) >
       (Yu,b1: arb , artb = false)
      = <det RT 4 (7)>
        (Va, b1: 7(arb) v 7(bra))
       = < det (=>1>
        (Vaib 1: aRb => 7(bRa))
       <mr>
E
det
axm>
         1/2 -asimetrica"
 O Teo, "R-asimetrica" = R = RT
     RERT
    = < def (e), (7)>
    (Va,b1: arb =) 7(artb))
   = < def (R1)>
    ( Va, b 1: aRb => 7(6 Ra))
   = < q6t>
     "R-gumdum"
· Teo, "R-antsimetria" = RNRTEI
    RNRTSI
   = <def (=), (n), (R)>
    (table arb n bra -> a=b)
   = <def)
     "R-antismetrica"
O TEO. "R-transitive" = RORER
  RORER
 = < 96f (E)>
 (Yaibl: QROR) b => arb)
 = < def(ror)>
 (Va, b 1: (3x 1: arx 1 x Rb) =) arb)
= < (3,1:0)=> & = (4x1+0=> V), anidaminto>
 (Va,b, x 1: aRx 1 xRb = ) aRb)
= < 9642
"R-transitiva"
```

```
gev, "R-lineal" = RURT = L
   R \cup R^T = L
 = < UP( (=), (U), (RT); (L) >
  (AMPI: akp 1 pka = +106)
  = < bgica y def lineal >
   "R-lineal"
O TOO. "R- conectada" = R N RT CI
     RNREI
   = <def (n), (RT), (R),(I)>
    (Va, b = 7(a Rb) 1/6 (bra) = ) a=b)
   E KUPF >
     1/k-conectaclo"
 o Teo , and = bna
     апь = впа
   = < igualdad indireda>
    (421: Z = anb = Z 4 bna)
   E Kux 17 y generalización ?
     Z = a v Z = p = Z = p v Z = a
   = < (\alpha = \alpha) = true 7
  teo. alb = bla
   aub = bua
  = < i gooldad indirecta?
   (Yzl: aub & z = buo & z)
  EX ax. U, generalización >
    a 4 2 1 b 4 2 = b 4 2 1 a 4 2
 = < (O= Q) = true y
    true.
```

```
Teo. (anb)nc = an(bnc)
   (anb)nc = an(bnc)
   = < Igualdad indirecta / Ax-M7
   (HI: ZZ (9716) NZEC = ZECI NZEBTIC)
  =<Ax. 17 y generalización >
   2 d a 1 z d b 1 z d C = z d a 1 2 b 1 z d C)
   \equiv \langle (0 \equiv 0) \equiv 1 \text{ five } \rangle
    true
· Teo, ana = a
   a \Pi a = a
  = < igualdad indireda?
    (Vz1: ZZ ana = ZZ a)
  = <Ax. 17 , logica (O N Q) = Q) generalización>
     2 4 9 = 2 4 9
  = < (0=0)=4rue>
     true
 · teo. anbea
    anb & a
   = < designatuad indirectu. Poedez
    (the 1: 26 and =) 26 a7
   = < generalización >
     Z = a 11 b = > Z = a
   E KAX. 7 7
    2 4 a x 2 4 b = ) 2 4 a
  = < logica, debilitamiento>
    true-
O TEO. GE GUB
    a & aub
   = < designation indirector. Suces >
   (4,10 aub & 2 => a & 2 P
  = < Ax. U ; garaglización >
   Q = Z 1 P = Z = Z Q = Z
  = < logica, debilitamiento7
   true
```

111

di

HI

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o reo. a n b = a = a ≤ b anb = a = < igualdad indireda> (421: 24 anb = 24a) = < ax. 17, generalización? Z&a 1245 = Z 4 a = < logical Union? 2 4 a => 2 4 b ≡ < designaldad indireda> a 4b · Teo. azb=> anczbnc anc 4611C = Kax n> anceb nancec E < cota mf 7 anc Lb ntive <= < fransitiva, ancea> 946 · Teo, all + qub anb Ci anp

```
Paraal 1° cate
L. RES = RTEST
   Dem.
   REST
  = <def =>
   (Va, bl: aRb => asb)
  = < det K1>
   (Habi: bRa => bsa)
  = < dq <>
     RES
Z. Ry S mederiva, es Ros mederiva
                                 0
                          0
    10
                                 (3)
                          (2)
    (2)
                          3
                                 3
           3
                                      Palse
     R-111
              S-IIV
                            ROS
     asim (R) A asim (s) => asim (Ros)
           0
     (3)-
                                         100001
                   (G)
     (2)
                                         3/0000
            3
                                         1
                                               false
                asimetricas, CRUS asimetricas
                             10 1 G
                             2 1
                                         false
                                RO3
     My (R) E RORTSI
    Iny (R) = ( Yab, c) = OPC 1 ERC => a=6)
   Den.
        RORTEI
      = < det Sip
      (tab | a(RORT | b=) a=b)
      = < det kos>
       (Vail (Jalare , crtb) =) a=b)
     = < logica indef RT>
       lyaboclare, brc => a=b)
     = <def iny >
         iny(p)
```

```
6. tol(k) = (Yal: (3) 10+)
   tot(R) = L = ROL
  Dem.
    L S ROL
    = <066 e>
     (Vaiblalb => a(ROL)b)
   = < det L, ROS >.
    (Yorbl true => (Jalake nelb))
   = <det 1 , logica>
    (Jalarc)
   = < 060 fot >
      40+(R)
 7. c < anb => auc = a
      CZ anbi
     => < monotonia>
      (all c & all (anb)
     = < absorción >
      I alic & a
     = <a < a u c, cola sor>
       CUCEO A QEOUC
     => < antisimetra>
        CILIC = a
  8,
     aub 46 => a sant
        allo = a = b > b = b
     Sup,
                             Dem. aub & b
     Dem,
       as and
                                 => < monotonia>
      EZOIX 17>
                                   an (aub) = ans
       azan azb
                                  = <absolato)
       = < orden parcial>
                                      a & anb
         a26
       EKSUPZ
         five
```