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**ISLAMABAD
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Artificial Intelligence (CS13217)

Lab Report

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Experiment # 1

Implementing Tower of Hanoi Problem

Objective

To understand and implement the Tower of Hanoi Problem.

Software Tool

1. operating system window 10
2. sublime version 3.0
3. Python

1 Theory

The Tower of Hanoi is a mathematical game or puzzle. It consists of three rods, and a number of disks of different sizes which can slide onto any rod. The puzzle starts with the disks in a neat stack in ascending order of size on one rod, the smallest at the top, thus making a conical shape.

The objective of the puzzle is to move the entire stack to another rod, obeying the following simple rules:

1. Only one disk can be moved at a time.
2. Each move consists of taking the upper disk from one of the stacks and placing it on top of another stack i.e. a disk can only be moved if it is the uppermost disk on a stack.
3. No disk may be placed on top of a smaller disk.

With three disks, the puzzle can be solved in seven moves. The minimum number of moves required to solve a Tower of Hanoi puzzle is $2^n - 1$, where n is the number of disks.

```
('moving disk from', 'A', 'to', 'B')
('moving disk from', 'A', 'to', 'C')
('moving disk from', 'B', 'to', 'C')
('moving disk from', 'A', 'to', 'B')
('moving disk from', 'C', 'to', 'A')
('moving disk from', 'C', 'to', 'B')
('moving disk from', 'A', 'to', 'B')
[Finished in 0.7s]
```

Figure 1: Time Independent Feature Set

2 Task

2.1 Procedure: Task 1

The minimum number of moves required to solve a Tower of Hanoi puzzle is $2n - 1$, where n is the number of disks.

```
def moveTower(height, fromPole, toPole, withPole):
    if height >= 1:
        moveTower(height - 1, fromPole, withPole, toPole)
        moveDisk(fromPole, toPole)
        moveTower(height - 1, withPole, toPole, fromPole)

def moveDisk(fp, tp):
    print("moving disk from", fp, "to", tp)

moveTower(3, "A", "B", "C")
```

3 Conclusion

The Tower of Hanoi problem can be solved in a variety of ways, with a wide variation in efficiency. According to the legend of the Tower of Hanoi, if one disc was transferred every second since the beginning of time, it would take about 580 billion years until the puzzle is solved and the world comes to an end. If this were true, then the world still has many more years to live. This solution was discovered through the recognition of a recursive pattern in the puzzle. Through this recursive pattern the function $y=2^x-1$ was created. Using this formula, the number of moves it takes to solve a 64 disc Tower of Hanoi puzzle was obtained. This function is useful for obtaining the number of moves for any amount of discs in The Tower of Hanoi. This is useful when trying to obtain the minimal number of moves to complete the puzzle as a way to challenge ones intellectual strength.