# Tables and iFrames

WEB DEVELOPMENT FUNDAMENTALS



#### More HTML

- · Objectives
  - To use HTML tables
  - To use HTML Iframes
- Contents
  - Tables
  - IFrames
- · Practical Exercises
  - Enhancing your web site with table
- Summary

#### **Tables**

```
Song
Singer

I dreamed a dream
I dreamed a dream

Fantine
Fantine

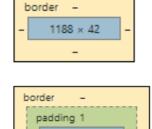
Bring him home
Valjean
```

Song	Singer
I dreamed a dream	Fantine
Bring him home	Valjean

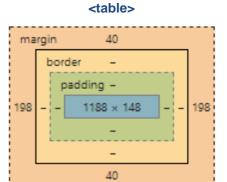
3

### Table Box Models

- Table cells have a different box model for rows and cells
- <thead>



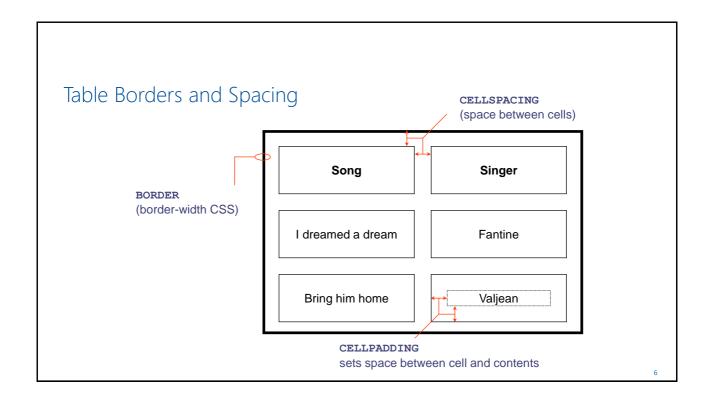
224 × 20



<

#### **Tables**

- · Tables can be controlled with CSS with a series of properties
  - The first is the table-layout, which has two options auto and fixed
  - Tells the CSS processor how precisely to divide up the column widths
- Inter-cell padding is set with the border-spacing attribute
  - · Equal in all directions
- Every table cell defined by a or tag has four borders
  - · Standardly, these butt up against each other
    - So setting a 1px border with no border-spacing is a doubled value
  - This can be controlled with the border-collapse property
    - separate default borders butt
    - collapse borders overlap



# Background Colour and Images in Tables

```
Bmp
Gif
24-bit8-bit4-bit
24-bit8-bit4-bit
2588743
N/A65
24-bit 8-bit 4-bit 24-bit 8-bit 4-bit
                258 87 43
```

## Tables: row and column groups

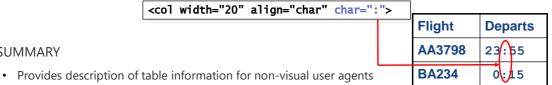
- Groups create structural units within a table
  - Style sheets or other formatting tags can be applied to a group
- Row groups
  - Must contain at least one row ()
  - THEAD / TFOOT Potential for fixed header / footer and scrolling table contents
  - TBODY Table can have more than one TBODY
    - Potential for more than one 'block' of information, where data may benefit from being displayed as logical 'blocks'
- Columns and column groups
  - COLGROUP creates a group of columns Table can have more than one COLGROUP
  - · COL specifies formatting for columns in a group

#### Table attributes

CHAR

SUMMARY

- · Specifies a character on which the content will be aligned
- · Default is the decimal point
- · Can be used in THEAD, TFOOT, TBODY, COL, COLGROUP



· Can be used within TABLE

# More Complex Table Layouts

```
BMP
GIF
24-bit8-bit4-bit
24-bit8-bit4-bit
2588743
                  BMP
                       GIF
n/a65
                24-bit 8-bit 4-bit 24-bit 8-bit 4-bit
43
                     N/A 6
```

## **Table Captions**

```
<caption>Songs from &quot;Les Miserables&quot;</caption>

Song
Singer

I dreamed a dream

Fantine

Fantine

Hispans

Valjean
```

- The table caption will be centered above a table
- CSS "text-align" and "caption-side" can be used to align the caption

Songs from "Les Miserables"

Song	Singer
I dreamed a dream	Fantine
Bring him home	Valjean

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# The <iframe> Tag

- HTML4 element
  - · Originally introduced by Microsoft and supported in IE3+
  - Now also supported in most browsers
- Allows for "Free Floating" frame on a page
  - Can specify the size of the frame



<iframe id="content\_frame" style="float:right;"
src="library.htm"></iframe>

# Hyperlinks and iFrames

• Give the iframe a NAME (for backwards compatibility) and an ID attribute

```
<iframe name="content_frame" id="content_frame" src="library.htm"></iframe>
```

• Use TARGET in <a> and <area> tags to open a document in the Iframe

```
<a href="circont.htm" target="content_frame" >...</a>
```

• Or use <base> to set the default target for the doc

```
<base . . . target="content_frame"/><a href="circont.htm">...</a>
```

• Set a TARGET of either \_top or \_parent on links in documents within the iframe, if you want to take back the whole window

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## Summary

- Tables
- iFrames
  - · Links within frames