

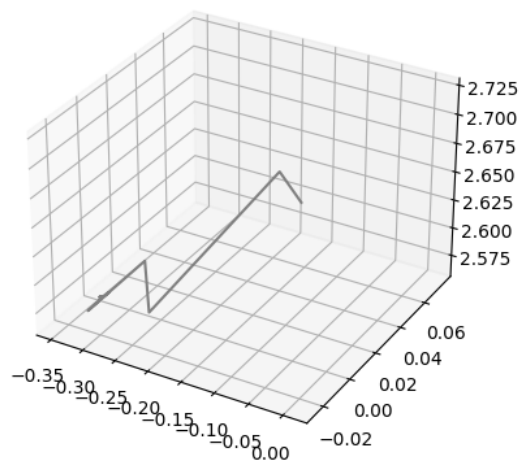
QUESTION 1:

Starting point:[0.1,0.2]

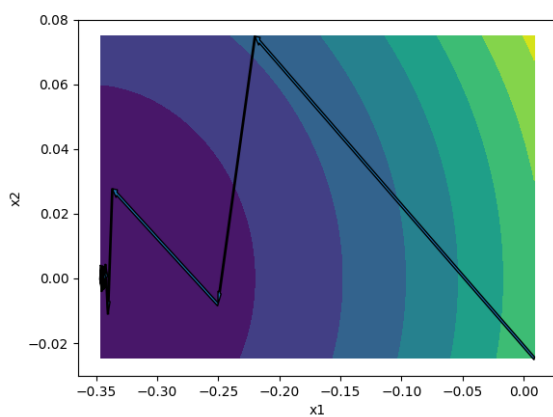
```
~/De/3_2/o/assign3 python3 1.py  
armijo goldstein  
No of iterations = 28  
backtrack armijo  
No of iterations = 28
```

armijo goldstein line search:

xk vs f(xk) plot:

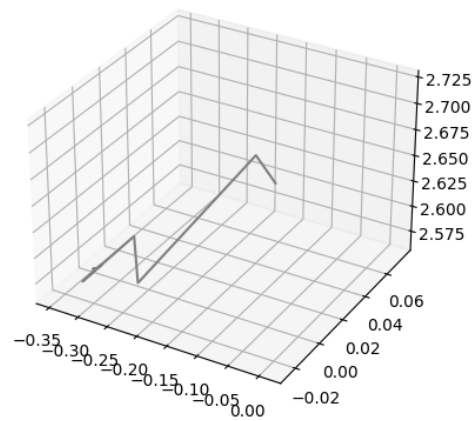


contour plot:

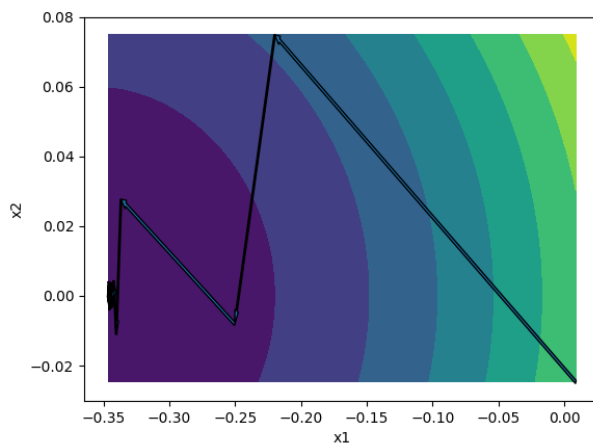


backtracking armijo line search:

xk vs f(xk) plot:



contour plot:

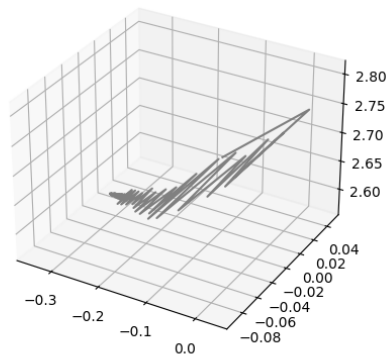


QUESTION 2:

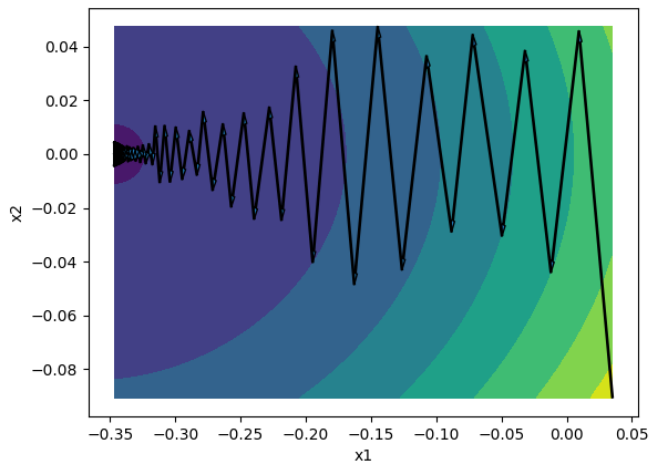
```
~/De/3_2/o/assign3 python3 2.py
starting point is : [0.1, 0.2]
No of iterations = 148
```

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x_k vs $f(x_k)$ plot:



contour plot:



QUESTION 3:

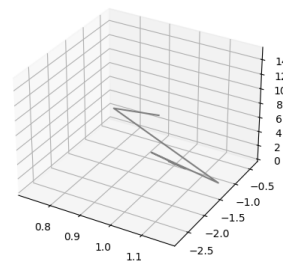
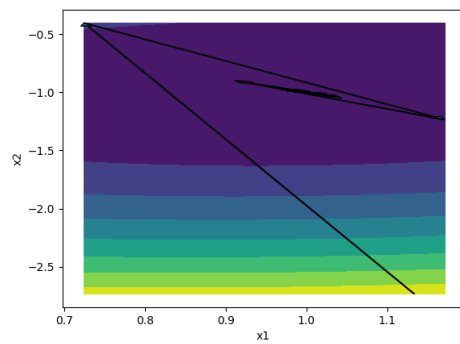
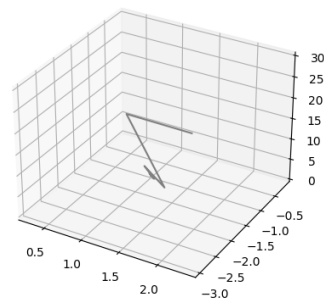
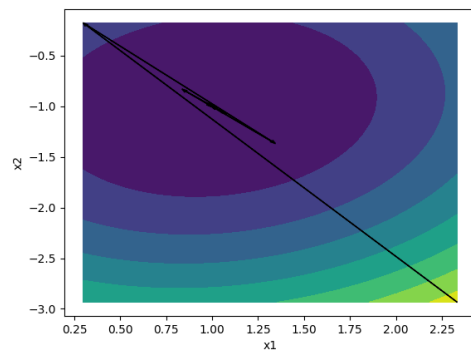
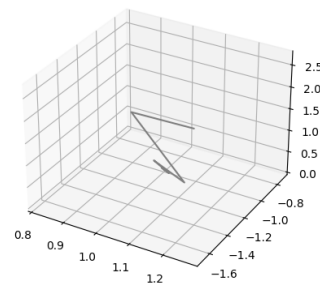
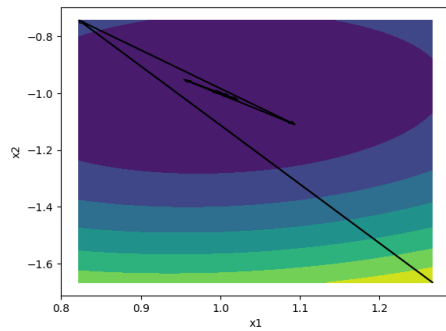
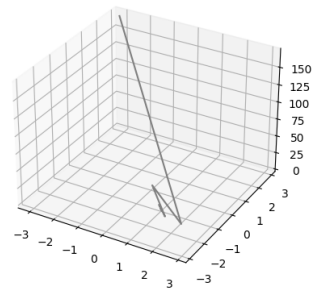
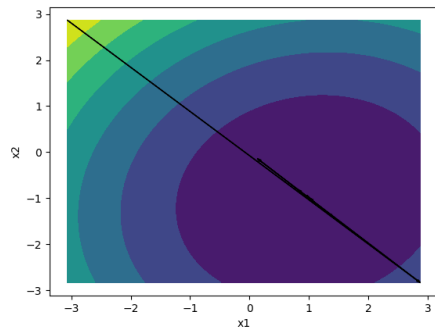
lambda max = 11

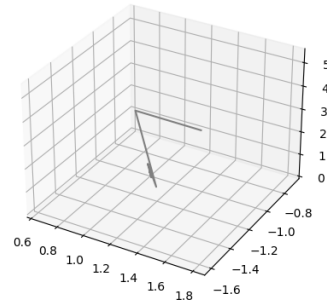
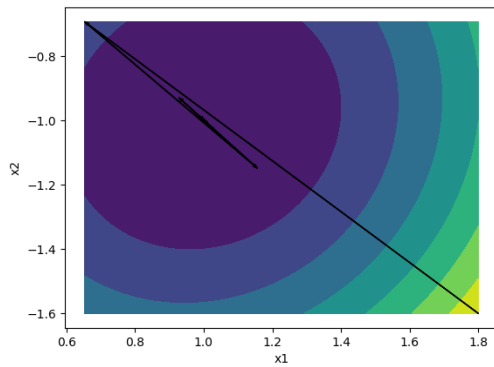
case 1: $\alpha < 2/11$: took $\alpha = 2/15$

```
~/De/3_2/o/assign3 python3 3.py
starting point is : [10, -9]
26
starting point is : [1, 1]
23
starting point is : [-1, 4]
25
starting point is : [3, 5]
24
starting point is : [-1, 0]
24
```

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Below are the graphs for each of the starting points in order.





case2: $\alpha > 2/11$: took α as $2/8$

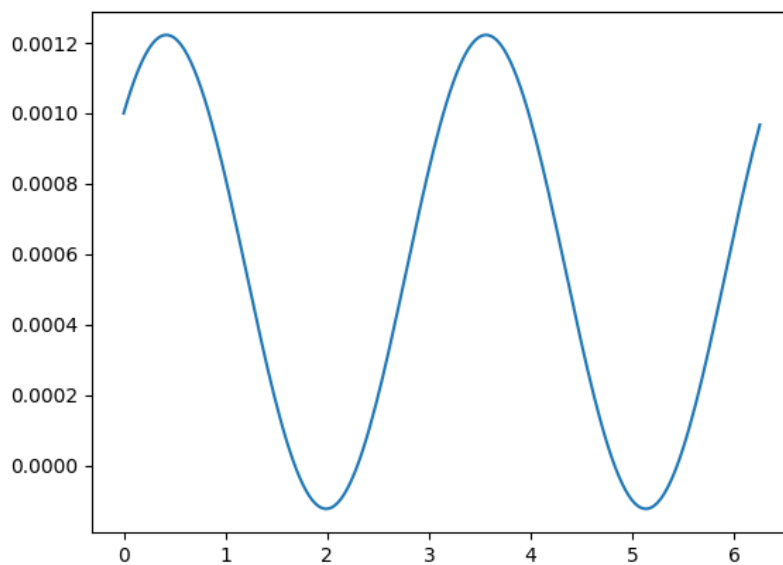
GOT OVERFLOW ERROR RESULT OUT OF RANGE . the algorithm did not converge. The α was large so the value overshooted. So we have to take $\alpha < 2/\lambda_{\max}$ for the algorithm to converge.

QUESTION 4:

Table answers given below.

```
1. the gradient of f is : (0.0, 0.0)
2. the eigen values of H(f) : [-2.45362405 24.45362405]
3. the point : [1.8, -4] is a saddle point
1. the gradient of f is : (0.0, 0.0)
2. the eigen values of H(f) : [16. 36.]
3. the point : [-0.5, 0.5] is a local minima
```

FUNCTION 1



FUNCTION 2:

