

Introduction to Data Visualization

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(with help from Christina Maimone, Frank Elavsky, Steve Franconeri
and Adam Miller)



Edward Tufte's “Data to Ink Ratio”

The golden rule of visualization

Remove
to improve
(the **data-ink** ratio)



Initial Considerations

First, think carefully about these:

1. Choose exploratory vs. explanatory visualization.
2. Use storytelling to share your message.
3. Use your tools wisely (salience, symbols, colors, dimensions, axes/grids).
4. Carry these important suggestions in your back pocket.

Improve Data-to-Ink Ratio

Increase Efficiency

Ensure Visual Quality

Consider Accessibility

Reduce Clutter

Organize and Guide

Two great resources: [Nature Methods points of view](#), [Google material design principles](#)



Important Suggestions

Improve Data-to-Ink Ratio

Is this [shape] necessary?

Ensure Visual Quality

Is this geometry telling the truth?

Reduce Clutter

Is this color choice or layout necessary?

Increase Efficiency

Is it too hard or time consuming to read?

Consider Accessibility

Is this colorblind safe? Is the font size large enough?

Organize and Guide

Should I regroup my data? Can I add helpful text?

Exploration

Help YOU learn about your data

Audience

You and your collaborators

Number of Visualizations

Many

Visualization Message

Unknown

Formatting

Not important

Exploration

Help YOU learn about your data

Audience

You and your collaborators

Number of Visualizations

Many

Visualization Message

Unknown

Formatting

Not important

Explanation

Help OTHERS learn about your data

Pick one

Probably 1 per dataset

Why include the visualization?

Important, possibly restricted



Storytelling

Communication: (noun) a process by which info is exchanged between individuals through a common system of symbols, signs, behavior.

Humans communicate via **stories.**



Storytelling

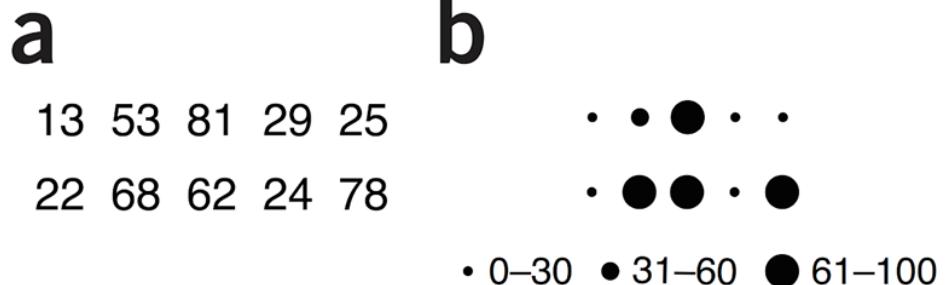
a

13 53 81 29 25

22 68 62 24 78



Storytelling





Storytelling

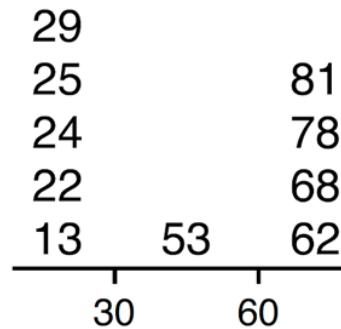
a

13 53 81 29 25
22 68 62 24 78

b

• • ● • •
• ● ● • ●
• 0–30 • 31–60 ● 61–100

c





Storytelling

a

13 53 81 29 25
22 68 62 24 78

b

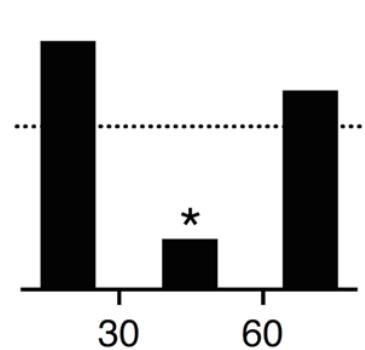
• • ● • •
• ● ● • ●

• 0–30 • 31–60 ● 61–100

c

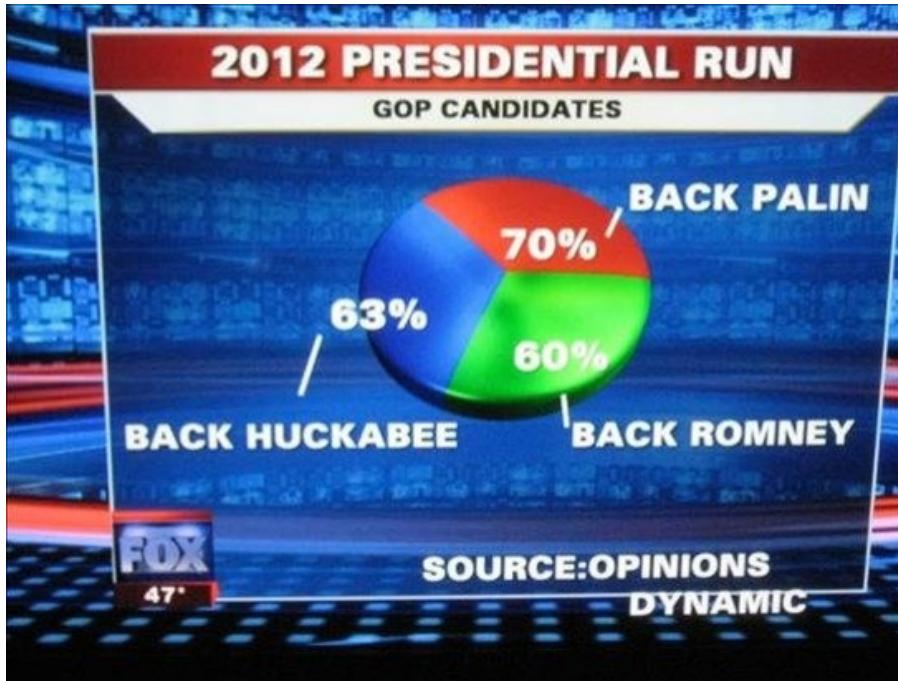
29
25
24
22
13
53
62
81
78
68

d



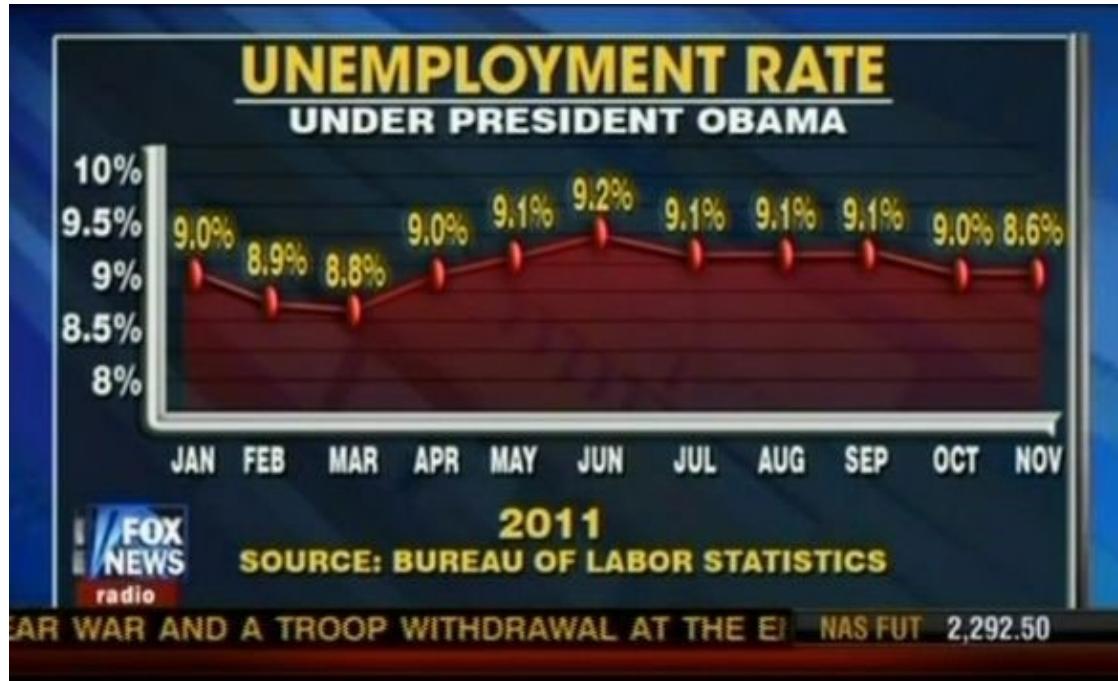


Use Your Tools Wisely!





Use Your Tools Wisely!





Your Tools: Salience

Guide the viewer to your result.

a

Easy

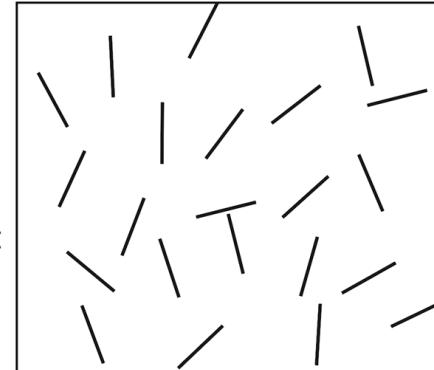
A

Difficult

P

MSVTLHTVFCERTPKTC
EMESRCVPQEGVQWRDL
GSALQPGFGGFKQVFCL
SLPRTGRGGNSIWWGKK
FEDEYSEYSEYLKH**AVR**
GVVSMSNNGPNTNGSQF
FITYGKQPHLDMKYTGF
GKVIDGLEK**A**PVNEKTY
RPLNDVHIKDITIHNPF

Easy
T
Difficult
/



b

Color

Size

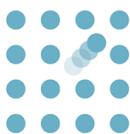
Orientation

Shape

Added mark

Motion

Grouping

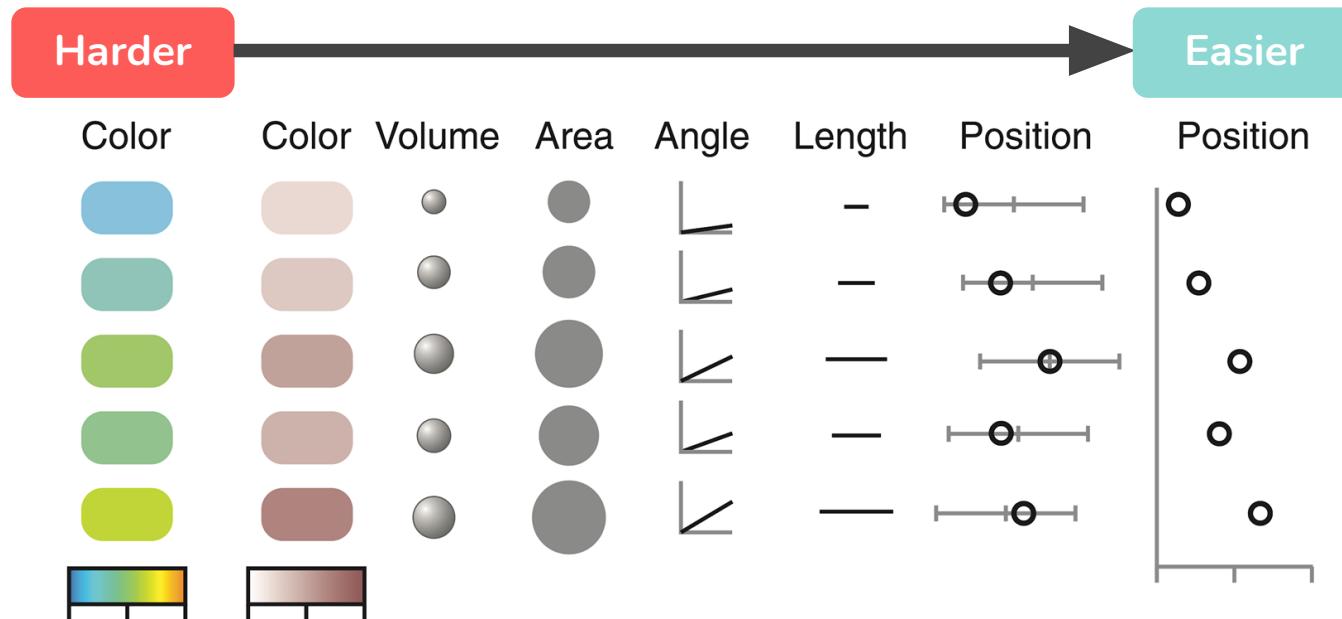


Wong (2010)



Your Tools: Salience

Use easy-to-estimate visual representations

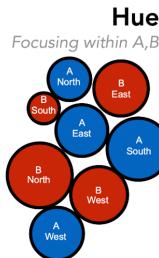
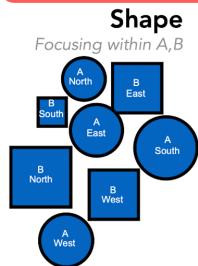




Your Tools: Salience

Organize for comparison. Consider time to digest.

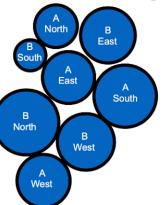
Harder



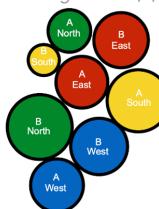
Position V or H
Focusing within A,B

	A	B
North	●	
South	●	
East	●	
West	●	

Just labels
Focuses on nothing



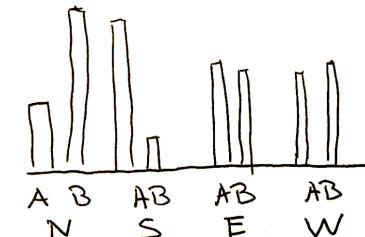
Focusing within N,S,E,W



Focusing within N,S,E,W

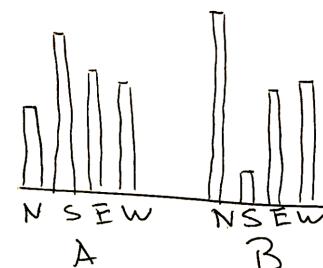
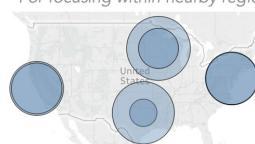
	North	A	B
South	A	●	
East	A	●	
West	A	●	

Easier



Maps are Position V+H

For focusing within nearby regions

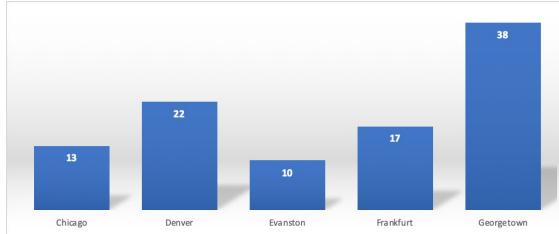


Slide adapted from Steve Franconeri (Northwestern)

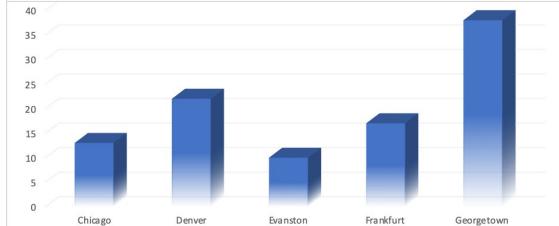


Your Tools: Salience

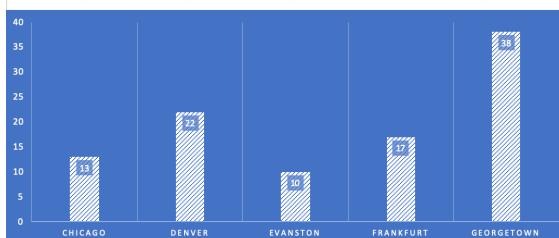
Keep it simple.



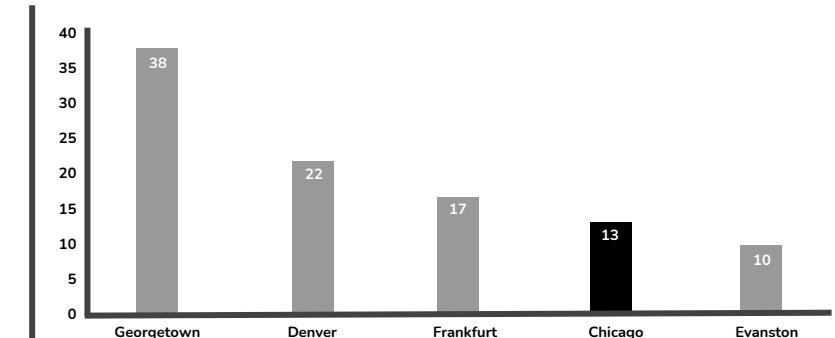
No shadows



No gradients



No patterns



Yes

Expert tips: Order bars by value (if categories aren't ordered), and guide the reader to important value(s)



Your Tools: Salience

Use descriptive labels (and titles).

Bedbugs are the #1 cause of lost guests

Clean design



Small Spots on Linens

Dirty Towels/Linens

Dirty Shower

Foreign Material e.g. blood

Bed Bug

Guide attention



60% of those surveyed said they would switch to a new hotel after finding a bedbug - and would not return to that chain



Your Tools: Salience

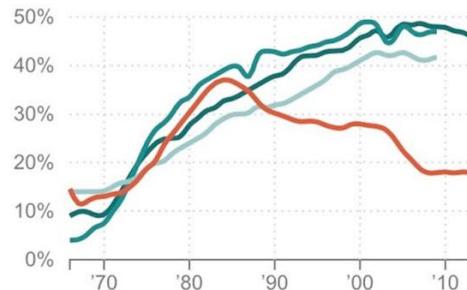
Try direct labels instead of legends.



What Happened To Women In Computer Science?

% Of Women Majors, By Field

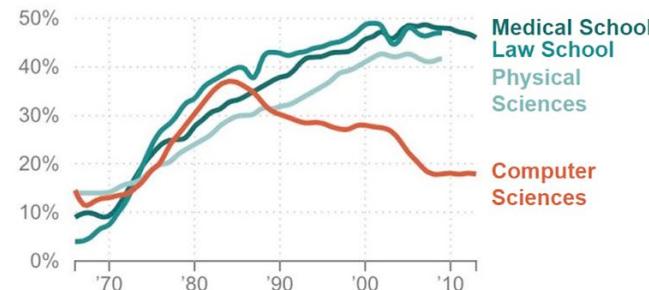
Medical School Law School
Physical Sciences Computer science



What Happened To Women In Computer Science?

% Of Women Majors, By Field

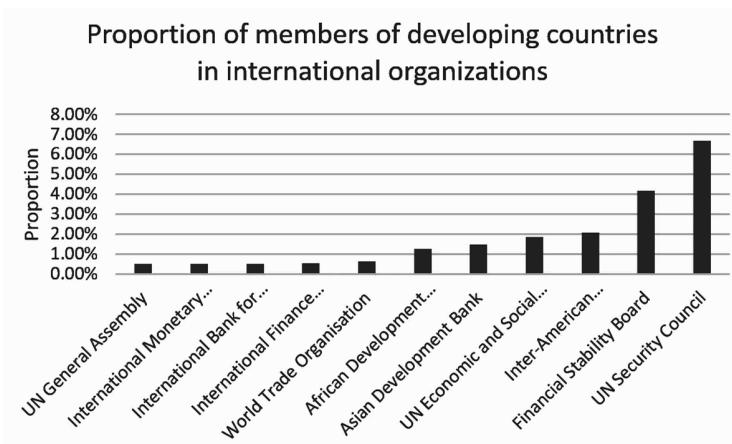
Medical School
Law School
Physical Sciences
Computer Sciences





Your Tools: Salience

Make sure labels are legible (orientation, font size, etc.).



No

Developing countries make up less than 7% of international organization membership.

Proportion of members of developing countries in international organizations, most current year of data (2015, 2016)

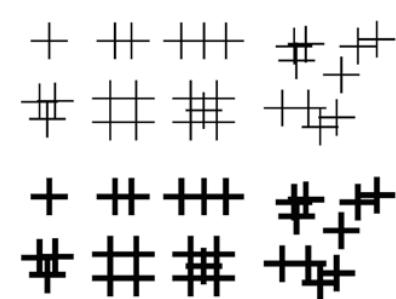
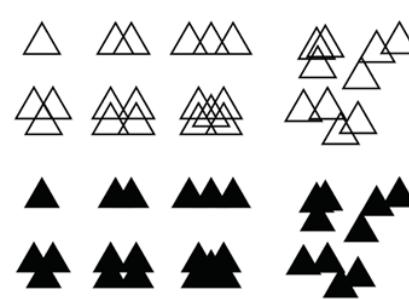
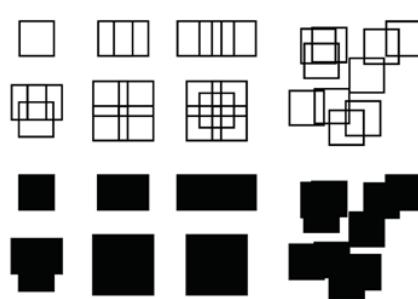
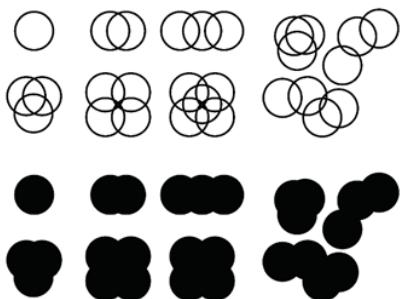


Yes



Your Tools: Symbols

Open circles are the most flexible.

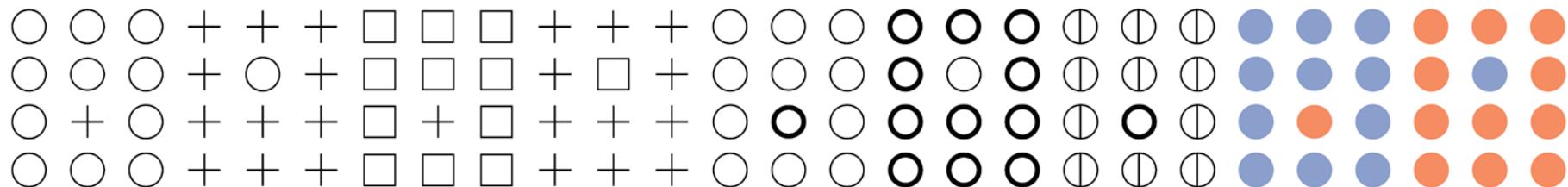




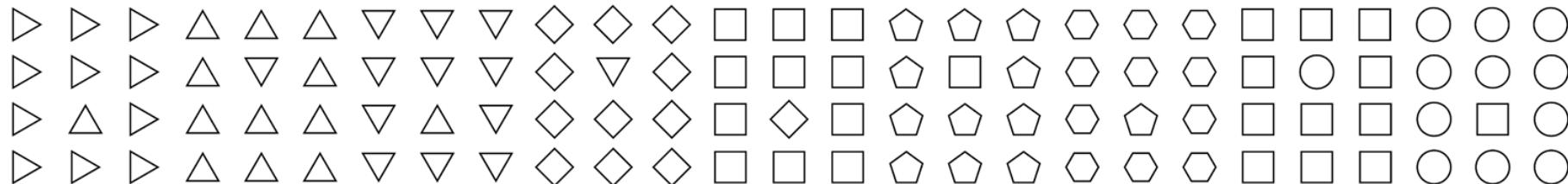
Your Tools: Symbols

Form strong visual boundaries.

Strong visual boundaries



Weak visual boundaries





Your Tools: Symbols

Form strong visual boundaries.

A N T A

○ □ △ ○

● ● ● ●

○ ● ○ ○

○ w < ○

A T G T

○ △ ★ △

● ● ● ●

○ ○ ○ ○

○ < S <

A C N N

○ ▽ □ □

● ● ● ●

○ ● ○ ○

○ + w w

A A A A

○ ○ ○ ○

● ● ● ●

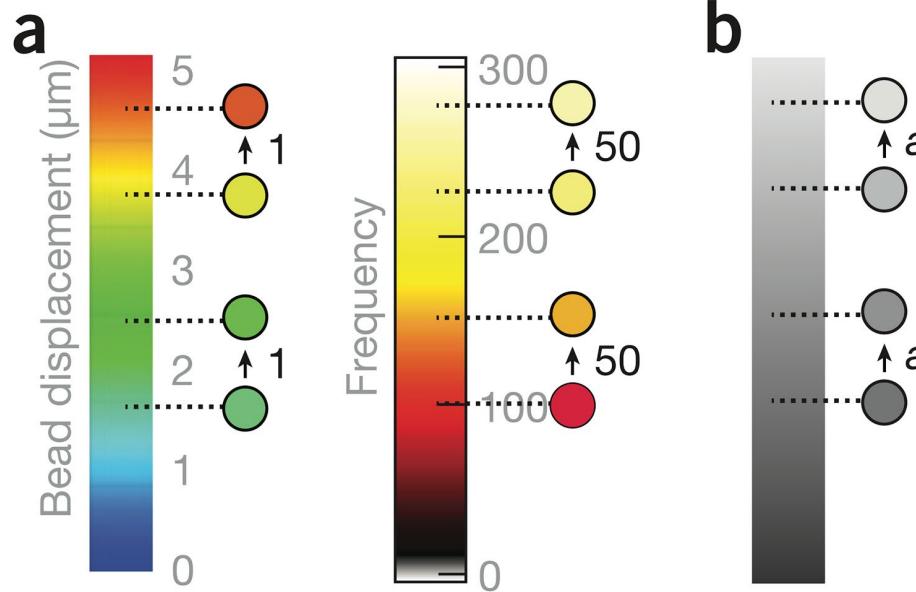
○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○



Your Tools: Colors

Choose colormaps wisely, but note that color is not ideal for representing quantitative data.

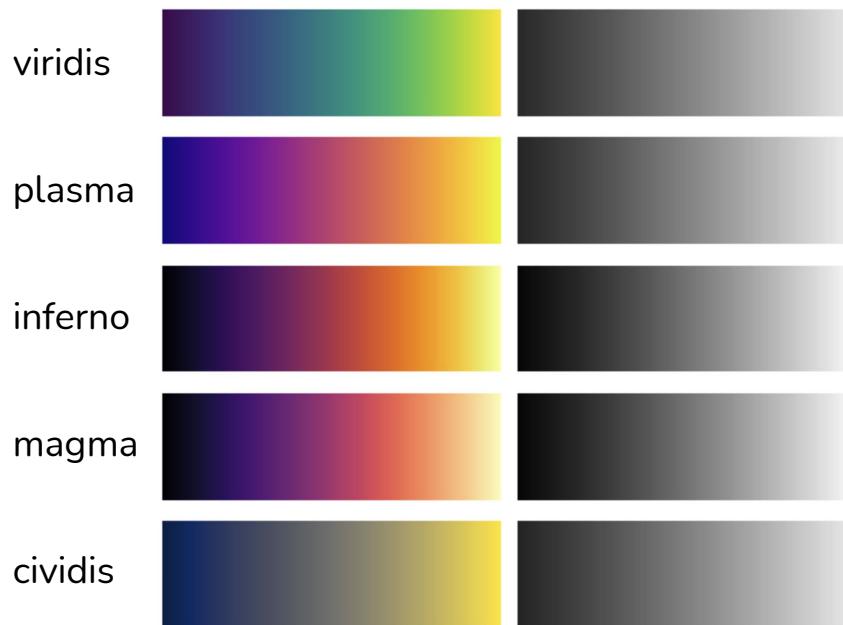




Your Tools: Colors

What does it look like in greyscale? Is it colorblind safe?

Perceptually uniform sequential colormaps



<https://www.color-blindness.com/coblis-color-blindness-simulator/>

<https://colorbrewer2.org/>

<https://coolors.co/>

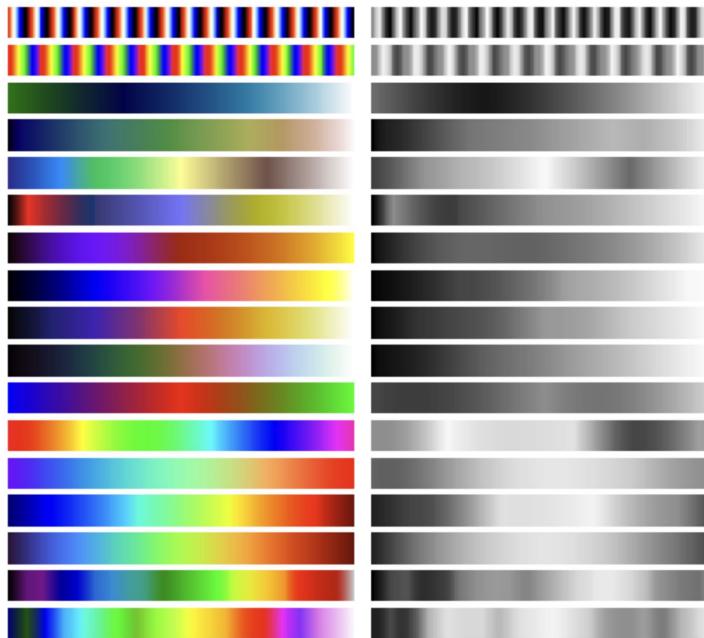
[matplotlib](#)



Your Tools: Colors

What does it look like in greyscale? Is it colorblind safe?

There are LOTS of (often very bad) colormaps out there. Be careful!





Your Tools: Colors

Colors can have meaning.

Good

Bad

Banana

Sky



Your Tools: Colors

Colors can have meaning.

Good

Bad

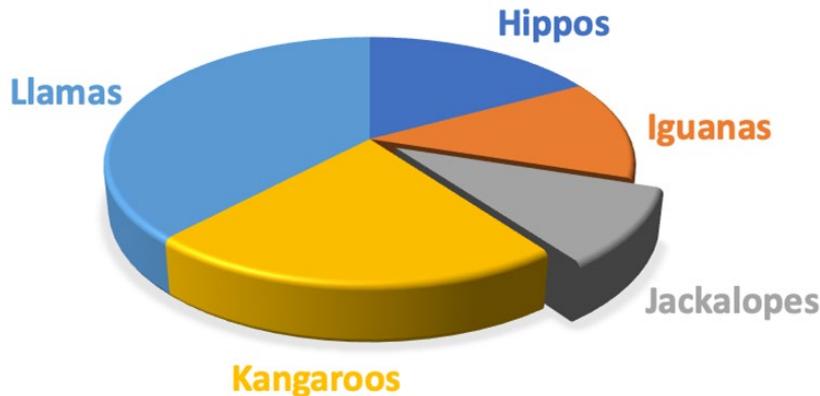
Banana

Sky

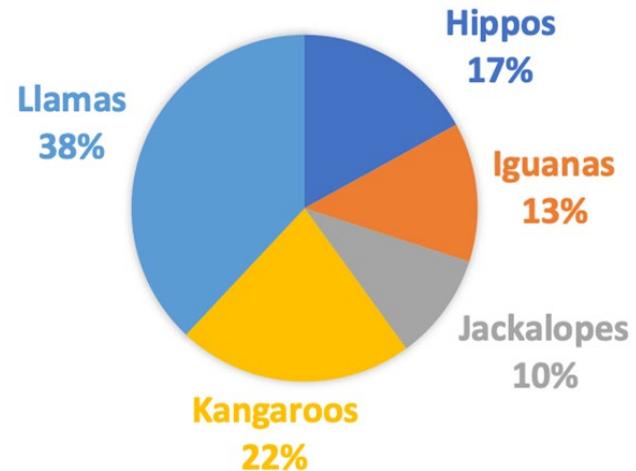


Your Tools: Dimensions

Stick to 2D whenever possible.



No



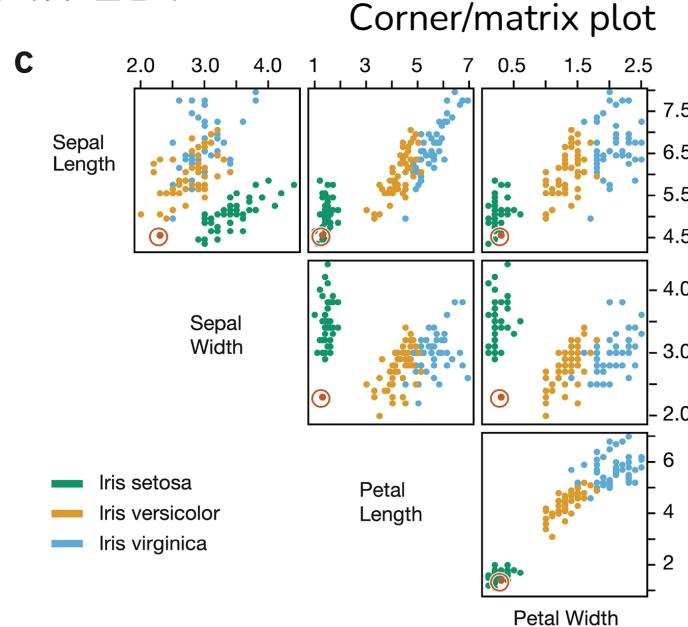
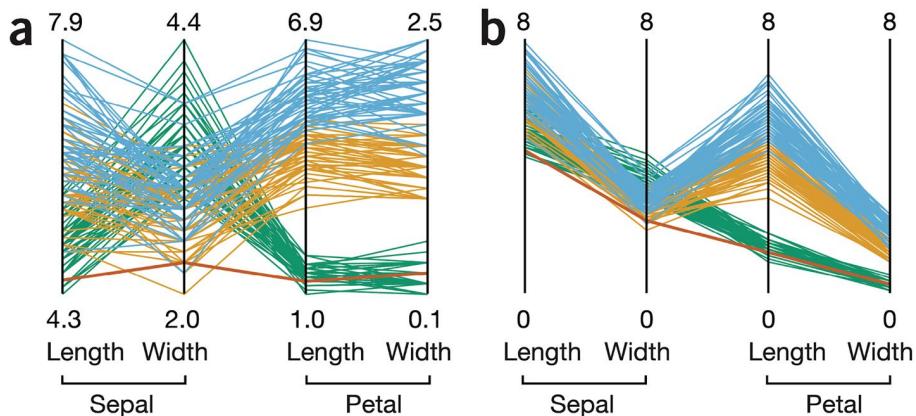
Yes



Your Tools: Dimensions

Combine multiple dimensions in 2D.

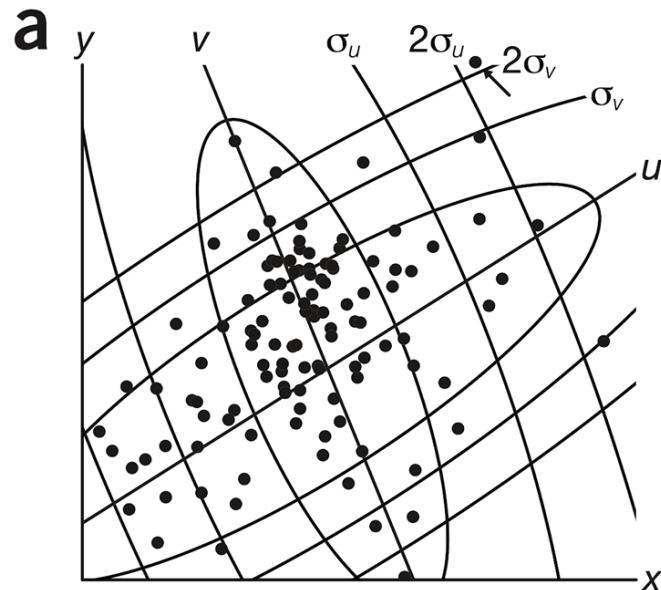
Parallel coordinate plots





Your Tools: Axes & Grids

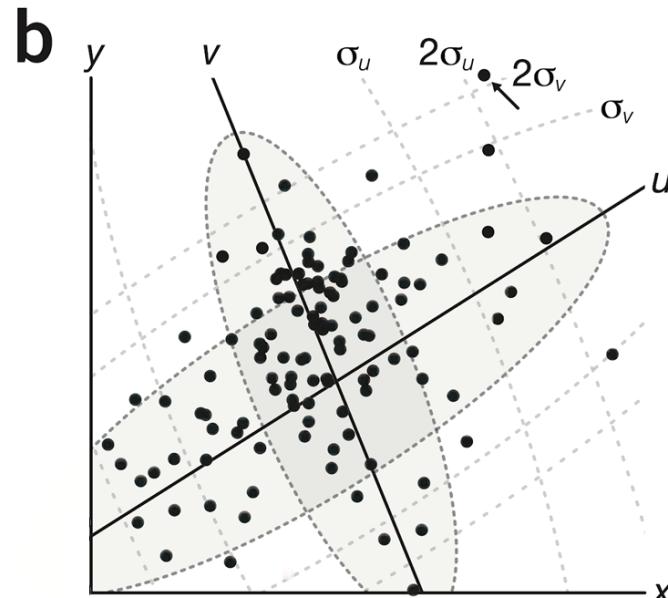
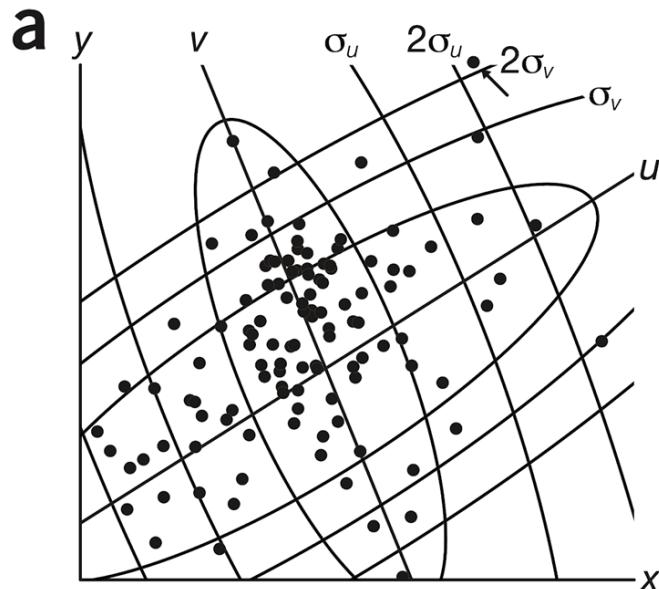
Make navigational elements visually distinct.





Your Tools: Axes & Grids

Make navigational elements visually distinct.





Your Tools: Axes & Grids

Use grid lines judiciously.

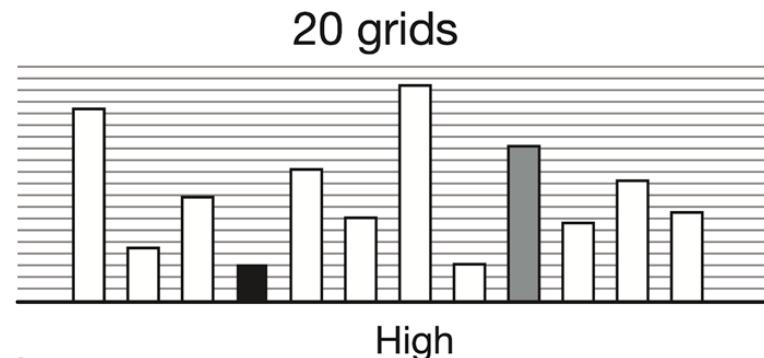
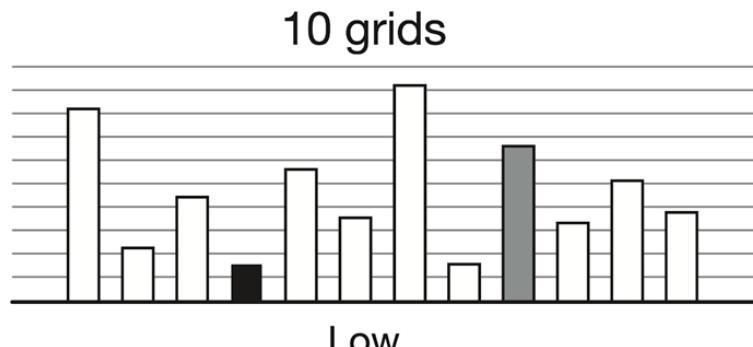
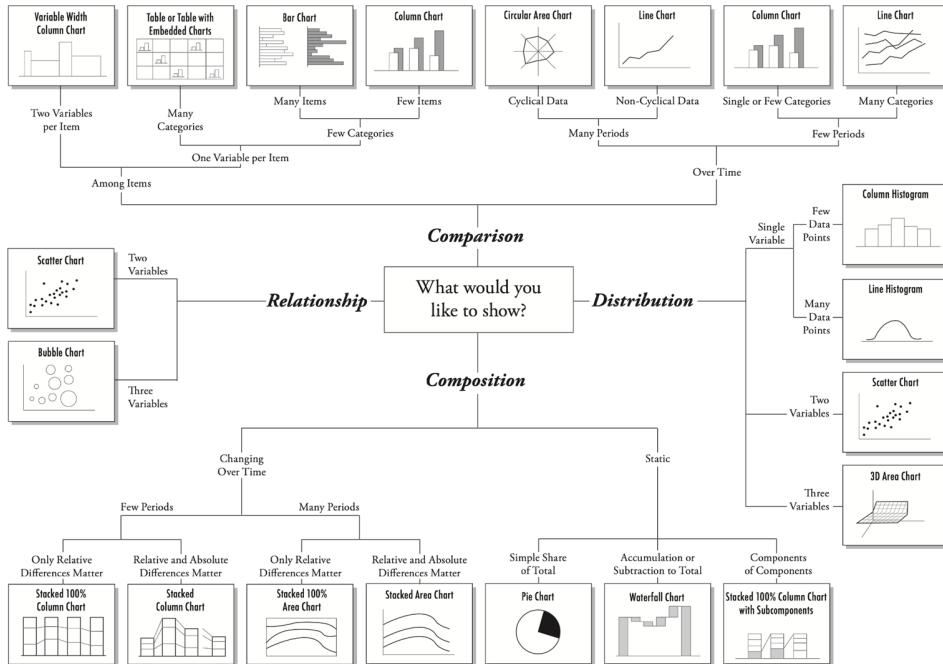




Chart Suggestions



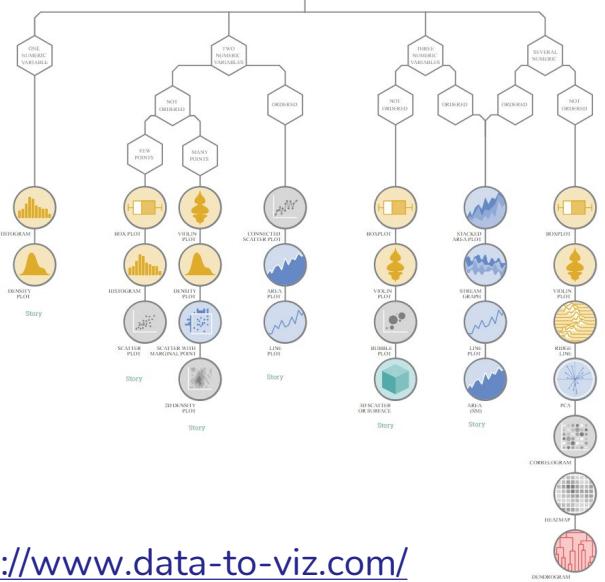
Abela (2006)

from Data to Viz

MENU ☰

decision tree guide you toward your graphic possibilities. Alternatively, check the complete decision tree.

Numeric Categoric Num & Cat Maps Network Time series



<https://www.data-to-viz.com/>



Summary

First, think carefully about these:

1. Choose exploratory vs. explanatory visualization.
2. Use storytelling to share your message.
3. Use your tools wisely (salience, symbols, colors, dimensions, axes/grids).
4. Carry these important suggestions in your back pocket.

Improve Data-to-Ink Ratio

Increase Efficiency

Ensure Visual Quality

Consider Accessibility

Reduce Clutter

Organize and Guide

Two great resources: [Nature Methods points of view](#), [Google material design principles](#)



Questions?

(I have a hands-on Python demo next.)





Exercise

1. Either work with your own data, find a dataset online, or use a dataset from one of these resources
 - o [Chicago Data Portal](#)
 - o [Evanston Data Portal](#)
 - o [A few datasets I have available on GitHub](#)
2. Create a figure that tells a story
 - o Use the recommendations from this workshop!
 - o Make a few drafts
3. Share your figure with us and discuss the choices you made



Edward Tufte's “Data to Ink Ratio”

The golden rule of visualization (even for tables)

Remove
to improve
the **data tables** edition