Wee Dig Dug: Documentations

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1 User Guide

Welcome to **Wee Dig Dug**, a simplified text-based version of the popular arcade game **Dig Dug** by Namco!. The following project was written in ARM Assembly for the LPC2138 Education Board, with the ARM7TDMI architecture.

1.1 Setup

Before playing the game, please make sure of the following:

- 1. You are connected to the correct COM port on PuTTy, and at a baud rate of 115200 baud.
- 2. Resize the console window to a minimum of $30 \text{rows} \times 30 \text{columns}$.
- 3. Just enjoy the game.

To start playing, just flash the code onto the LPC2138 board.

1.2 Instructions

You are the character Dug and your job is to:

- 1. Dig through as much of the sand as you can.
- 2. Kill all enemies.
- 3. You must kill all the enemies withing 2 minutes or else you die.

You can move *Dug* using the W,A,S,D keys which correspond to UP,DOWN,LEFT,RIGHT respectively and shoot your bullet using SPACEBAR. You can use the 5th Momentary Push Button to PAUSE the game whenever you want.

2 Developer Guide

3 Design

The game is designed based on the **Model-View-Controller (MVC)** architecture. This architecture is a common way of designing applications with a User Interface. In it, each of the following components is responsible for a particular task, and only that component is allowed to perform that task.

Model	This is the part of the framework responsible for maintainin the internal representation of the application.
	The Model in this game holds the location where sand is present, state of each sprite and state variables of the game.
View	The View is responsible for rendering the Model onto the GUI.
View	It contains routines that display the board, the sprites and the sand on a console screen.
Controller	The Controller is responsible for handling user input and triggering changes in the Model .
	It contains the entry point for the game and interrupt handlers.

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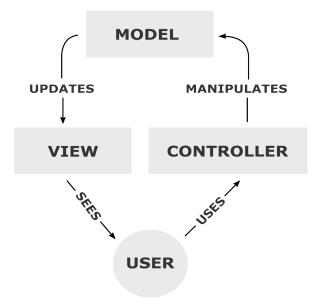


Figure 1: The components of the framework interacting with each other (courtsey: Wikipdia)

3.1 Controller

FILES: controller.s

The **Controller** mainly contains interrupt handlers, and it is also the entry point for the game. In is, we do the following:

- Initialize timer and timer match registers for periodic interrupts.
- Listen for UART0 interrupt, read the keystrokes and perform the corresponding action.
- Listen for External Interrupt Button press and PAUSE the game.

The **Controller** is a relatively small component, responsible mainly for updating the **Model** via subroutines exposed by the **Model**.

3.2 Model

FILES: model.s, collisions.s

The **Model** maintains the internal representation of the board and triggers **View** updates. It exposed routines that allows the **Controller** to trigger updates on the **Model**.

3.2.1 Implementation

The **Model** consists of an "array" (created using the FILL directive) of size 19×15 bytes, each byte representing a grain of sand.

The **Model** also consists of DCD tables to hold information of sprites. These tables are structured similar to a **struct**. There are also statically defined regions of memory that keep track of the various states the game could possibly be in, for example, PAUSE, GAME_OVER. The **Model** is also responsible for keeping track of other variables of the game, such as, LEVEL, HIGH_SCORE, CURRENT_SCORE and TIME.

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1 SPRITE

```
DCD X.POS; Holds X coordinate of the sprite

DCD Y.POS; Holds Y coordinate of the sprite

LIVES; Holds Number of lives the sprite has

DCD DIRECTION; Code for direction the sprite is moving/facing

DCD OLD.X.POS; Previous X coordinate of sprite

DCD OLD.Y.POS; Previous Y coordinate of sprite

DCD ORIGINAL.X; Original X position (to reset when respawning)

DCD ORIGINALY; Original Y position (to reset when respawning)
```

Listing 1: Structure for SPRITE data

3.2.2 Operations

Operations that are defined by the **Model** are:

- Initialize and reset model.
- Move sprites and update entire model.
- Handle and detect collisions.
- Get if sand exists at given (x,y) coordinate on the board.
- Clear sand at given coordinate (x,y).
- Toggle game states (BEGIN_GAME,PAUSE, GAME_OVER, RUNNING).
- Update individual sprites.
- Spawn sprites.

3.3 View

```
FILES: gui.s, peripherals.s
```

The **View** is responsible for rendering **Model** onto the GUI. It possessed routines that the **Model** uses to trigger updates to the GUI. This implementation was chosen as updates can be triggered as and when the **Model** is updates.

3.3.1 Implementation

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