ELECTRICITY PRICES PREDICTION

TEAM MEMBER ANANDA M P

Phase 4 Submission Document

Project: ELECTRICITY PRICES PREDICTION

Topic: Continue building the electricity prices prediction model by feature engineering, model training and evaluation.



Introduction:

In a world that thrives on energy as the lifeblood of modern society, the dynamics of electricity pricing have a profound impact on both consumers and producers. The ability to accurately predict electricity prices holds immense significance for various stakeholders, ranging from individual households seeking to manage their energy costs to utility companies striving to optimize

resource allocation and policy makers working towards a sustainable energy future.

Electricity price prediction is not merely a matter of financial prudence; it's a critical element in the broader landscape of energy management and sustainability. It empowers us to make informed decisions, reduce energy waste, and align our consumption patterns with fluctuating supply and demand dynamics.

This discussion or project aims to delve into the intricate world of electricity price prediction. We will explore the multifaceted factors that influence pricing, from supply and demand patterns to environmental conditions and regulatory policies. Through the lens of data-driven approaches, machine learning, and statistical modeling, we will uncover the methodologies and tools used to forecast electricity prices with increasing precision.

Throughout our journey, we will address the real-world implications of electricity price prediction. From enabling cost-efficient strategies for businesses to encouraging renewable energy adoption and grid optimization, the ability to foresee price trends stands as a linchpin in the pursuit of an efficient, sustainable, and equitable energy ecosystem.

As we embark on this exploration of electricity price prediction, we invite you to discover the intricate interplay between data, technology, and the future of energy management. Join us as we uncover the valuable insights hidden within the numbers and explore the potential to make more informed, economically sound, and environmentally responsible decisions in an electrified world.

Given Dataset

1	DateTime	Holiday	HolidayFla Day	OfWe We	eekOfY(Day	Mon	th	Year	PeriodOff F	orecastW	SystemLo: S	MPEA	ORKTemp OR	KWind:	O2Inten: Ad	tualWir	SystemLo	SMPEP2
2	***************************************	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	0	315.31	3388.77	49.26	6	9.3	600.71	356	3159.6	54.32
3	*********	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	1	321.8	3196.66	49.26	6	11.1	605.42	317	2973.01	54.23
4	#######	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	2	328.57	3060.71	49.1	5	11.1	589.97	311	2834	54.23
5	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	3	335.6	2945.56	48.04	6	9.3	585.94	313	2725.99	53.47
6	*********	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	4	342.9	2849.34	33.75	6	11.1	571.52	346	2655.64	39.87
7	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	5	342.97	2810.01	33.75	.5	11.1	562.61	342	2585.99	39.87
8	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	6	343.18	2780.52	33.75	5	7.4	545.81	336	2561.7	39.87
9	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	7	343.46	2762.67	33.75	5	9.3	539.38	338	2544.33	39.87
10	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	2011	8	343.88	2766.63	33.75	4	11.1	538.7	347	2549.02	39.87
11	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	2011	9	344.39	2786.8	33.75	4	7.4	540.39	338	2547.15	39.87
12	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	10	345.02	2817.59	33.75	4	7.4	532.3	372	2584.58	39.87
13	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	11	342.23	2895.62	47.42	.5	5.6	547.57	361	2641.37	39.87
14	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	12	339.22	3039.67	44.31	5	3.7	556.14	383	2842.19	51.45
15	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	2011	13	335.39	3325.1	45.14	.5	3.7	590.34	358	3082.97	51.45
16	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	14	330.95	3661.02	46.25	4	9.3	596.22	402	3372.55	52.82
17	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	15	325.93	4030	52.84	5	3.7	581.52	368	3572.64	53.65
18	*********	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	16	320.91	4306.54	59.44	5	5.6	577.27	361	3852.42	54.21
19	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	2011	17	365.15	4438.05	62.15	6	5.6	568.76	340	4116.03	58.33
20	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	18	410.55	4585.84	61.81	8	7.4	560.79	358	4345.42	58.33
21	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	19	458.56	4723.93	61.88	9	7.4	542.8	339	4427.29	58.33
22	########	None	0	1	44	1	11	2011	20	513.17	4793.6	61.46	? ?		535.37	324	4460.41	58.33
23	*********	None	0	1	44	1	11	1 2011	21	573.36	4829.44	61.28	11	13	532.52	335	4493.22	ate58.27

PROCEDURE:

Feature Engineering

Feature engineering is a critical step in building accurate electricity price prediction models. Effective feature engineering can help capture relevant patterns and relationships in the data. Here are some feature engineering techniques and considerations for electricity price prediction:

1. Time-Based Features:

- ♣ Time of Day: Create features to represent the time of day, such as hour of the day or minute of the hour. Electricity prices often exhibit daily and hourly patterns.
- Day of the Week: Include features for the day of the week to capture weekly seasonality.
- Month and Season: Incorporate features for the month and season to capture monthly and seasonal patterns.
- Holidays: Add binary features to indicate holidays or special events that may affect electricity prices.

2. Lagged Features:

- Lagged Prices: Include lagged electricity prices as features. Lagged values can capture autocorrelation and previous price trends.
- -Lagged Demand: Consider lagged electricity demand as a feature, as demand patterns can influence prices.

3. Rolling Statistics:

Rolling Mean and Rolling Standard Deviation: Calculate rolling statistics over a certain window (e.g., 7 days) to capture short-term trends and volatility.

4. Weather Data:

Incorporate weather data, such as temperature, humidity, or wind speed, as these factors can impact electricity consumption and prices.

5. Demand Data:

Include features related to electricity demand, such as historical demand levels and peak demand periods.

6. Market Data:

Consider variables related to the energy market, such as fuel prices, electricity generation capacity, or the state of the grid.

7. Feature Scaling:

Normalize or scale features as needed to ensure that they have the same magnitude. This is important for models like linear regression or neural networks.

8. Categorical Variables:

If you have categorical variables (e.g., region or market type), use one-hot encoding or other categorical encoding techniques to convert them into numerical features.

9. Special Events:

♣ Include features that indicate special events or anomalies, such as power outages or significant market changes.

10. Price Differencing:

Calculate differences between consecutive price values to create features that capture price changes.

11. Calendar Events:

♣ Incorporate calendar-related features, such as the number of days until the next holiday or the number of days remaining in the billing cycle.

12. Feature Selection:

Use feature selection techniques to identify the most relevant features for your model. Eliminate redundant or unimportant features to reduce model complexity.

13. Domain-Specific Features:

Consult with domain experts in the energy industry to identify domainspecific features that might influence electricity prices.

14. Time Series Decomposition:

♣ Decompose the time series data into trend, seasonality, and residual components using methods like seasonal decomposition of time series (STL) and use these components as features.

15. External Data Sources:

Consider incorporating external data sources, such as economic indicators, news sentiment, or energy market reports, to enhance the model's predictive power.

Model Training

Training a model for electricity price prediction involves several key steps. Here's a high-level overview of the process:

- **1. Data Collection:** Gather historical data on electricity prices. This data may include information such as time of day, season, weather conditions, demand, and more. High-quality and comprehensive data are crucial for accurate predictions.
- **2. Data Preprocessing:** Clean and preprocess the data. This includes handling missing values, outliers, and encoding categorical variables. Time series data may also require specific preprocessing steps like resampling, differencing, or decomposing.
- **3. Feature Engineering**: Create relevant features that can help the model capture patterns and trends in the data. Feature engineering can include lag features, moving averages, and seasonality indicators.
- **4. Splitting the Data:** Divide your dataset into training, validation, and test sets. The training set is used to train the model, the validation set helps with hyperparameter tuning, and the test set is reserved for final model evaluation.

- **5. Model Selection:** Choose an appropriate machine learning or statistical model for electricity price prediction. Common choices include regression models (e.g., linear regression, random forest, or gradient boosting), time series models (e.g., ARIMA, SARIMA, or Prophet), or deep learning models (e.g., recurrent neural networks or LSTM).
- **6. Model Training:** Train the selected model using the training dataset. Ensure that the model optimizes a relevant loss function, such as mean squared error (MSE) for regression tasks. Adjust hyperparameters as needed to improve model performance.
- **7. Hyperparameter Tuning:** Use techniques like grid search or random search to fine-tune hyperparameters. This process helps you find the best configuration for your model.
- **8. Model Validation:** Evaluate the model's performance on the validation dataset using appropriate evaluation metrics. Adjust the model and repeat training if necessary.
- **9. Model Testing:** Once you're satisfied with the model's performance on the validation set, test it on the reserved test set to assess how well it generalizes to new, unseen data.
- **10. Model Deployment:** If the model meets your performance requirements, deploy it to make real-time predictions on new electricity price data. Ensure that the deployment environment is scalable and reliable.
- **11. Monitoring and Maintenance:** Continuously monitor the model's performance in a production environment and update it as needed. Electricity prices can be influenced by various factors that may change over time, so model maintenance is crucial.
- **12. Interpretability and Visualization:** Provide clear explanations of the model's predictions, and use visualization techniques to communicate insights to stakeholders.

Model Evaluation

1. Mean Absolute Error (MAE): Calculate the absolute differences between predicted and actual prices, and then take the mean. It measures the average magnitude of errors.

- **2. Mean Squared Error (MSE):** Square the differences between predicted and actual prices, and then take the mean. MSE gives more weight to larger errors.
- **3. Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE):** Take the square root of the MSE. It's in the same unit as the target variable and provides a clearer interpretation.
- **4.** R-squared (R^2): This measures the proportion of variance in the target variable that's predictable from the features. A higher R-squared indicates a better fit.
- **5. Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE):** Calculate the percentage difference between predicted and actual prices, and then take the mean. It's useful when you want to understand the error as a percentage of the actual values.
- **6. Time Series-Specific Metrics:** If your electricity price data is time-series data, you may want to use metrics like Mean Absolute Scaled Error (MASE), Seasonal decomposition of time series (STL), or Autocorrelation to assess model performance.
- **7. Cross-Validation:** Split your dataset into training and testing subsets, using techniques like k-fold cross-validation, time series cross-validation, or walk-forward validation. This helps you assess how well your model generalizes to new data.
- **8. Visual Inspection:** Plot the predicted prices against the actual prices to visually assess how well the model captures trends and patterns.
- **9. Residual Analysis:** Examine the residuals (the differences between actual and predicted prices) for any patterns or autocorrelation. This can help identify model deficiencies.
- **10. Domain Expertise:** Consulting with domain experts in the energy industry can provide valuable insights into whether your model's predictions make practical sense.

PROGRAM

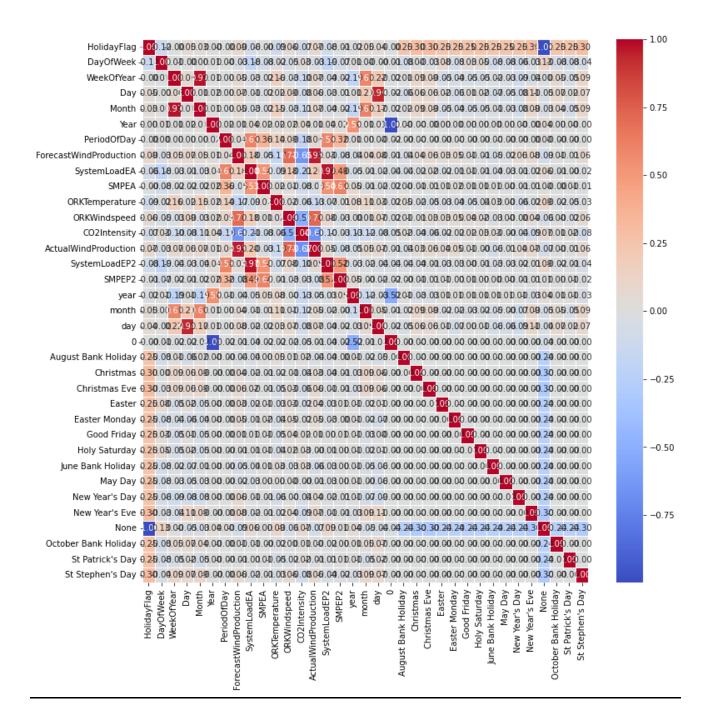
ELECTRICITY PRICES PREDICTION

Correlation Analysis:

```
In[1]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True,linewidths=0.7,fmt=".2f",cmap="coolwarm")
plt.show()
```

Out[1]:



In[2]:

```
cor=df.corr()["SMPEP2"].sort_values(ascending=False)
pd.DataFrame({"column":cor.index,"Correlation with
a":cor.values})
```

Out[2]:

	column	Correlation with a				
0	SMPEP2	1.000000				
1	SMPEA	0.617234				
2	SystemLoadEP2	0.516938				
3	SystemLoadEA	0.490945				
4	PeriodOfDay	0.323052				
5	year	0.047701				
6	Year	0.017688				
7	Easter	0.014242				
8	St Patrick's Day	0.012972				
9	Good Friday	0.011269				
10	None	0.006365				
11	May Day	0.004863				
12	June Bank Holiday	0.004235				
13	Holy Saturday	0.003777				
14	October Bank Holiday	0.003084				
15	Easter Monday	-0.001341				
16	month	-0.001578				
17	August Bank Holiday	-0.003159				
18	HolidayFlag	-0.005645				
19	ORKTemperature	-0.008571				
20	New Year's Day	-0.009114				
21	Christmas Eve	-0.009609				
22	Christmas	-0.011435				
23	New Year's Eve	-0.011679				
24	Day	-0.013459				
25	Month	-0.015255				
26	0	-0.016091				
27	WeekOfYear	-0.016170				
28	St Stephen's Day	-0.018729				
29	day	-0.019355				
30	CO2Intensity	-0.033225				
31	ORKWindspeed	-0.034614				
32	DayOfWeek	-0.069597				
33	ForecastWindProduction	-0.079611				
34	ActualWindProduction	-0.082813				

Modeling:

```
In[3]:
X=df.drop("SMPEP2",axis=1)
y=df["SMPEP2"]

In[4]:
X train,X test,y train,y test=train test split(X,y,test size=0.
```

In[5]:

! pip install catboost

s (from matplotlib->catboost) (0.11.0)

3, random state=0)

Out[5]:

Requirement already satisfied: catboost in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (1 .1) Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from catboost) (1.7.3) Requirement already satisfied: graphviz in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (f rom catboost) (0.8.4) Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from catboost) (3.5.3) Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packag es (from catboost) (1.21.6) Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from c atboost) (1.15.0) Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packa ges (from catboost) (1.3.5) Requirement already satisfied: plotly in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (fro m catboost) (5.10.0) Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/si te-packages (from pandas>=0.24.0->catboost) (2.8.2) Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-package s (from pandas>=0.24.0->catboost) (2022.1) Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packag es (from matplotlib->catboost) (9.1.1) Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-pack ages (from matplotlib->catboost) (21.3) Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-package

Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib->catboost) (4.33.3)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-pac kages (from matplotlib->catboost) (3.0.9)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib->catboost) (1.4.3)

Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-pack ages (from plotly->catboost) (8.0.1)

Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-pa ckages (from kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib->catboost) (4.4.0)

In[6]:

! pip install lightgbm

Out[6]:

Requirement already satisfied: lightgbm in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (3.3.2)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from lightgbm) (1.21.6)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from lightgbm) (1.7.3)

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn!=0.22.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from lightgbm) (1.0.2)

Requirement already satisfied: wheel in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from lightgbm) (0.37.1)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-package s (from scikit-learn!=0.22.0->lightgbm) (1.0.1)

Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site -packages (from scikit-learn!=0.22.0->lightgbm) (3.1.0)

In[7]:

! pip install xgboost

Out[7]:

Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (1. 6.2)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from xgboost) (1.7.3)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from xgboost) (1.21.6)

```
In[8]:
from xgboost import XGBRegressor
from catboost import CatBoostRegressor
from lightgbm import LGBMRegressor
In[9]:
ridge=Ridge().fit(X train,y train)
lasso=Lasso().fit(X_train,y_train)
enet=ElasticNet().fit(X_train,y_train)
knn=KNeighborsRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
ada=AdaBoostRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
In[10]:
svm=SVR().fit(X_train,y_train)
mlpc=MLPRegressor().fit(X train,y train)
dtc=DecisionTreeRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
rf=RandomForestRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
xgb=XGBRegressor().fit(X train,y train)
gbm=GradientBoostingRegressor().fit(X train,y train)
lgb=LGBMRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
catbost=CatBoostRegressor().fit(X_train,y_train)
```

Out[10]:

Learning rate set to 0.06876 0: learn: 34.5202564 total: 64.1ms remaining: 1m 4s 1: learn: 33.6345770 remaining: 34.9s total: 70ms 2: learn: 32.8676895 total: 74.8ms remaining: 24.8s 3: learn: 32.1602282 total: 79.9ms remaining: 19.9s 4: learn: 31.4994441 total: 85.2ms remaining: 17s learn: 30.9246676 5: total: 91ms remaining: 15.1s 6: learn: 30.4012671 total: 96.3ms remaining: 13.7s 7: learn: 29.9286504 total: 101ms remaining: 12.5s 8: learn: 29.5172364 total: 106ms remaining: 11.7s 9: learn: 29.1386738 total: 111ms remaining: 11s 10: learn: 28.7562568 total: 116ms remaining: 10.4s learn: 28.4486528 total: 122ms 11: remaining: 10s 12: learn: 28.1657127 total: 128ms remaining: 9.7s learn: 27.8831288 total: 133ms 13: remaining: 9.38s - ---. . - -learn: 27.6408000 total: 138ms remaining: 9.07s 14: learn: 27.4359313 total: 143ms remaining: 8.8s 15: 16: learn: 27.2173157 total: 148ms remaining: 8.55s 17: learn: 27.0422970 total: 153ms remaining: 8.36s 18: learn: 26.8771233 total: 158ms remaining: 8.16s learn: 26.6893652 19: total: 164ms remaining: 8.03s learn: 26.5538529 total: 169ms remaining: 7.86s 20: 21: learn: 26.4492316 total: 174ms remaining: 7.71s total: 178ms learn: 26.3094102 22: remaining: 7.58s 23: learn: 26.1955562 total: 184ms remaining: 7.47s learn: 26.0928013 total: 189ms remaining: 7.39s 24: learn: 25.9962431 total: 195ms 25: remaining: 7.3s learn: 25.9124311 total: 200ms 26: remaining: 7.19s 27: learn: 25.8302408 total: 204ms remaining: 7.09s learn: 25.7387686 28: total: 209ms remaining: 7s learn: 25.6728034 total: 214ms remaining: 6.92s 29: 30: learn: 25.5926581 total: 219ms remaining: 6.84s

```
31:
        learn: 25.4940606
                                 total: 224ms
                                                 remaining: 6.77s
32:
        learn: 25.4182581
                                 total: 229ms
                                                 remaining: 6.7s
        learn: 25.3652752
                                 total: 233ms
33:
                                                 remaining: 6.63s
        learn: 25.3223579
                                 total: 238ms
                                                 remaining: 6.56s
34:
        learn: 25.2489125
                                 total: 243ms
                                                 remaining: 6.5s
35:
36:
        learn: 25.2076996
                                 total: 247ms
                                                 remaining: 6.43s
37:
        learn: 25.1667858
                                 total: 252ms
                                                 remaining: 6.38s
        learn: 25.1180288
                                 total: 257ms
                                                 remaining: 6.34s
38:
        learn: 25.0752794
                                 total: 262ms
39:
                                                 remaining: 6.3s
        learn: 25.0339522
                                 total: 267ms
                                                 remaining: 6.25s
40:
        learn: 24.9977064
                                 total: 272ms
41:
                                                 remaining: 6.2s
        learn: 24.9697517
                                 total: 276ms
42:
                                                 remaining: 6.15s
        learn: 24.9190191
                                 total: 281ms
43:
                                                 remaining: 6.11s
44:
        learn: 24.8957832
                                 total: 285ms
                                                 remaining: 6.06s
45:
        learn: 24.8597053
                                 total: 290ms
                                                 remaining: 6.01s
        learn: 24.8392094
                                 total: 294ms
                                                 remaining: 5.97s
46:
        learn: 24.8102239
47:
                                 total: 299ms
                                                 remaining: 5.92s
48:
        learn: 24.7789045
                                total: 303ms
                                                 remaining: 5.89s
        learn: 24.7500880
                                total: 308ms
49:
                                                 remaining: 5.85s
50:
        learn: 24.7178926
                                total: 313ms
                                                 remaining: 5.82s
        learn: 24.6968006
                                total: 317ms
51:
                                                 remaining: 5.78s
        learn: 24.6800087
                                total: 321ms
52:
                                                 remaining: 5.74s
53:
        learn: 24.6507233
                                total: 326ms
                                                 remaining: 5.71s
54:
        learn: 24.6186034
                                total: 331ms
                                                 remaining: 5.68s
        learn: 24.5907057
                                total: 335ms
                                                 remaining: 5.65s
55:
        learn: 24.5572812
                                total: 340ms
                                                 remaining: 5.63s
56:
57:
        learn: 24.5264215
                                total: 345ms
                                                 remaining: 5.6s
58:
        learn: 24.4987088
                                total: 350ms
                                                 remaining: 5.58s
        learn: 24.4794572
                                total: 355ms
                                                 remaining: 5.56s
59:
                                total: 359ms
        learn: 24.4427210
                                                 remaining: 5.53s
60:
        learn: 24.4156283
                                total: 364ms
                                                 remaining: 5.51s
61:
        learn: 24.3917659
                                total: 369ms
62:
                                                 remaining: 5.49s
                                total: 374ms
        learn: 24.3642679
63:
                                                 remaining: 5.47s
        learn: 24.3450265
                                total: 379ms
64:
                                                 remaining: 5.45s
```

```
65:
        learn: 24.3204788
                                 total: 383ms
                                                 remaining: 5.42s
66:
        learn: 24.2830890
                                 total: 389ms
                                                 remaining: 5.41s
67:
        learn: 24.2650713
                                 total: 393ms
                                                 remaining: 5.39s
        learn: 24.2399899
                                 total: 397ms
68:
                                                 remaining: 5.36s
                                 total: 402ms
69:
        learn: 24.2164965
                                                 remaining: 5.34s
70:
        learn: 24.1964369
                                 total: 407ms
                                                 remaining: 5.32s
71:
        learn: 24.1807660
                                 total: 412ms
                                                 remaining: 5.31s
72:
        learn: 24.1689245
                                 total: 417ms
                                                 remaining: 5.29s
        learn: 24.1436655
                                 total: 421ms
73:
                                                 remaining: 5.27s
74:
        learn: 24.1253300
                                 total: 426ms
                                                 remaining: 5.25s
        learn: 24.0935058
                                 total: 430ms
75:
                                                 remaining: 5.23s
                                 total: 435ms
76:
        learn: 24.0763530
                                                 remaining: 5.21s
77:
        learn: 24.0532679
                                 total: 439ms
                                                 remaining: 5.19s
78:
        learn: 24.0366265
                                 total: 443ms
                                                 remaining: 5.17s
79:
        learn: 24.0167814
                                 total: 448ms
                                                 remaining: 5.15s
                                 total: 453ms
        learn: 23.9978824
                                                 remaining: 5.14s
80:
                                                 remaining: 5.12s
81:
        learn: 23.9867891
                                 total: 457ms
82:
        learn: 23.9763622
                                 total: 462ms
                                                  remaining: 5.1s
        learn: 23.9460132
                                 total: 467ms
                                                  remaining: 5.09s
83:
84:
        learn: 23.9186528
                                 total: 471ms
                                                  remaining: 5.07s
        learn: 23.9048177
                                 total: 476ms
85:
                                                  remaining: 5.06s
86:
        learn: 23.8918401
                                 total: 481ms
                                                  remaining: 5.05s
87:
        learn: 23.8653562
                                 total: 486ms
                                                  remaining: 5.04s
        learn: 23.8508496
                                 total: 491ms
                                                  remaining: 5.02s
88:
        learn: 23.8371390
                                 total: 495ms
89:
                                                  remaining: 5.01s
90:
        learn: 23.8302205
                                 total: 500ms
                                                  remaining: 4.99s
91:
        learn: 23.8033151
                                 total: 504ms
                                                  remaining: 4.98s
        learn: 23.7824900
                                 total: 509ms
92:
                                                  remaining: 4.96s
        learn: 23.7735478
                                 total: 514ms
93:
                                                  remaining: 4.96s
        learn: 23.7586709
94:
                                 total: 519ms
                                                  remaining: 4.94s
95:
        learn: 23.7389694
                                 total: 523ms
                                                  remaining: 4.93s
        learn: 23.7269390
                                 total: 528ms
96:
                                                  remaining: 4.91s
97:
        learn: 23.7126293
                                 total: 532ms
                                                  remaining: 4.9s
```

```
learn: 23.6890770
98:
                                total: 537ms
                                                remaining: 4.88s
        learn: 23.6685269
                                                remaining: 4.87s
99:
                                total: 541ms
        learn: 23.6485375
100:
                                total: 546ms
                                                remaining: 4.86s
        learn: 23.6257557
                                total: 551ms
                                                remaining: 4.85s
101:
        learn: 23.6065188
                                total: 556ms
102:
                                                remaining: 4.84s
103:
        learn: 23.5901493
                                total: 561ms
                                                remaining: 4.83s
104:
        learn: 23.5784682
                                total: 565ms
                                                remaining: 4.82s
        learn: 23.5614537
                                total: 570ms
                                                remaining: 4.81s
105:
106:
        learn: 23.5429277
                                total: 574ms
                                                remaining: 4.79s
        learn: 23.5283062
                                total: 579ms
107:
                                                remaining: 4.78s
108:
        learn: 23.5054101
                                total: 584ms
                                                remaining: 4.77s
        learn: 23.4962552
109:
                                total: 590ms
                                                remaining: 4.78s
        learn: 23.4881442
                                total: 595ms
110:
                                                remaining: 4.77s
        learn: 23.4706061
                                total: 600ms
111:
                                                remaining: 4.76s
        learn: 23.4534164
                                total: 605ms
                                                remaining: 4.75s
112:
        learn: 23.4365195
                               total: 609ms
                                                remaining: 4.73s
113:
114:
        learn: 23.4195741
                               total: 614ms
                                                remaining: 4.72s
In[11]:
models=[ridge,lasso,dtc,rf,xgb,gbm,lgb,catbost,enet,knn,ada,mlp
c,svm]
In[12]:
def ML(y,models):
  accuary=models.score(X_train,y_train)
  return accuary
In[13]:
for i in models:
```

print(i, "Algorithm succed rate : ", ML("SMPEP2",i))

Out[13]:

```
Ridge() Algorithm succed rate : 0.43121105926644243
Lasso() Algorithm succed rate : 0.42883198265818245
DecisionTreeRegressor() Algorithm succed rate : 1.0
RandomForestRegressor() Algorithm succed rate: 0.9424727172628374
XGBRegressor(base_score=0.5, booster='gbtree', callbacks=None,
             colsample bylevel=1, colsample bynode=1, colsample bytree=1,
             early stopping rounds=None, enable categorical=False,
             eval_metric=None, gamma=0, gpu_id=-1, grow_policy='depthwise',
             importance type=None, interaction constraints='',
             learning_rate=0.300000012, max_bin=256, max_cat_to_onehot=4,
             max_delta_step=0, max_depth=6, max_leaves=0, min_child_weight=1,
             missing=nan, monotone_constraints='()', n_estimators=100, n_jobs=0,
             num_parallel_tree=1, predictor='auto', random_state=0, reg_alpha=0,
             reg lambda=1, ...) Algorithm succed rate : 0.8732530340524252
GradientBoostingRegressor() Algorithm succed rate: 0.5739399134995518
LGBMRegressor() Algorithm succed rate: 0.6953551703738294
<catboost.core.CatBoostRegressor object at 0x7f29e8bcc0d0> Algorithm succed rate : 0
.7878389350009978
ElasticNet() Algorithm succed rate : 0.4290970871174
KNeighborsRegressor() Algorithm succed rate : 0.5964451293083145
AdaBoostRegressor() Algorithm succed rate : 0.26365965295085403
MLPRegressor() Algorithm succed rate: 0.15355550237922466
SVR() Algorithm succed rate : 0.23458514968207922
```

In[14]:

```
cor=df.corr()["SMPEP2"].sort_values(ascending=False)
pd.DataFrame({"column":cor.index,"Correlation with
a":cor.values})
```

Out[14]:

	column	Correlation with a				
0	SMPEP2	1.000000				
1	SMPEA	0.617234				
2	SystemLoadEP2	0.516938				
3	SystemLoadEA	0.490945				
4	PeriodOfDay	0.323052				
5	year	0.047701				
6	Year	0.017688				
7	Easter	0.014242				
8	St Patrick's Day	0.012972				
9	Good Friday	0.011269				
10	None	0.006365				
11	May Day	0.004863				
12	June Bank Holiday	0.004235				
13	Holy Saturday	0.003777				
14	October Bank Holiday	0.003084				
15	Easter Monday	-0.001341				
16	month	-0.001578				
17	August Bank Holiday	-0.003159				
18	HolidayFlag	-0.005645				
19	ORKTemperature	-0.008571				
20	New Year's Day	-0.009114				
21	Christmas Eve	-0.009609				
22	Christmas	-0.011435				
23	New Year's Eve	-0.011679				
24	Day	-0.013459				
25	Month	-0.015255				
26	0	-0.016091				
27	WeekOfYear	-0.016170				
28	St Stephen's Day	-0.018729				
29	day	-0.019355				
30	CO2Intensity	-0.033225				
31	ORKWindspeed	-0.034614				

In[15]:

X2=df[["SMPEA","SystemLoadEP2","SystemLoadEA","PeriodOfDay",

```
"year", "ActualWindProduction"]]
y2=df["SMPEP2"]
In[16]:
X_train2,X_test2,y_train2,y_test2=train_test_split(X2,y2,test_s
ize=0.3,random state=0)
In[17]:
rf2=RandomForestRegressor().fit(X_train2,y_train2)
In[18]:
rf2.score(X_train2,y_train2)
Out[18]:
0.9345853165856398
In[19]:
X3=df_remove_out.drop("SMPEP2",axis=1)
y3=df_remove_out["SMPEP2"]
In[20]:
X_train3,X_test3,y_train3,y_test3=train_test_split(X3,y3,test_s
ize=0.3,random_state=0)
In[21]:
rf3=RandomForestRegressor().fit(X train3,y train3)
```

```
In[22]:
```

```
rf3.score(X_train,y_train)
```

Out[22]:

0.8965242074080007

In[23]:

dtc3=DecisionTreeRegressor().fit(X train3,y train3)

In[24]:

rf3.score(X train3,y train3)

Out[24]:

0.9525199962605772

Random Forest:

In[1]:

! pip install hyperopt

from hyperopt import tpe,STATUS_OK,Trials,fmin,hp

from hyperopt.pyll.base import scope

Out[1]:

```
Requirement already satisfied: hyperopt in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0 .2.7)
```

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from hyperopt) (1.7.3)

Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from hyperopt) (4.64.0)

Requirement already satisfied: py4j in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from hyperopt) (0.10.9.7)

```
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
hyperopt) (1.21.6)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from h
yperopt) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cloudpickle in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
(from hyperopt) (2.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=2.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packag
es (from hyperopt) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: future in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (fro
m hyperopt) (0.18.2)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator>=4.3.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-pac
kages (from networkx>=2.2->hyperopt) (5.1.1)
In[2]:
space={
  "max_depth":hp.randint("max_depth",2,15),
  "min_samples_split":hp.randint("min_samples_split",2,20),
  "min samples leaf":hp.randint("min samples leaf",1,20),
  "n estimators":hp.randint("n estimators",50,1000)
}
In[3]:
def hyperparameter tuning(params):
  clf=RandomForestRegressor(**params).fit(X train,y train)
  acc=rf.score(X train,y train)
  return acc
In[4]:
trials=Trials()
best=fmin(fn=hyperparameter tuning,
     space=space,
```

```
algo=tpe.suggest,max_evals=100,trials=trials
)
print("best:{}".format(best))

In[5]:
best

Out[5]:
{'max_depth': 12,
   'min_samples_leaf': 2,
   'min_samples_split': 8,
   'n_estimators': 303}
```

Conclusion

In conclusion, predicting electricity prices is a multifaceted task that requires a well-structured process involving feature engineering, model training, and evaluation. Here are the key takeaways:

- ✓ Feature engineering is essential for capturing the underlying factors affecting electricity prices.
- ✓ Time-based features, historical data, weather information, market conditions, and domain-specific features are crucial for creating informative input variables.
- ✓ Effective feature engineering improves the model's ability to capture patterns, trends, and relationships in the data.
- The choice of the predictive model depends on the specific characteristics of the dataset and the goals of the prediction.
- Linear regression, time series models, machine learning algorithms (e.g., decision trees, random forests, gradient boosting), and deep learning models can all be employed for electricity price prediction.
- The training process involves optimizing model parameters and hyperparameters to achieve the best predictive performance.
- Proper model evaluation is crucial to ensure the model's reliability and predictive accuracy.

- \triangleright Common evaluation metrics for regression tasks include Mean Squared Error (MSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE), and R-squared (R^2).
- Time series-specific evaluation metrics and techniques, such as forecasting accuracy metrics and residual analysis, are important for time series data.
- The chosen model should be tested on a separate test dataset to assess its generalization performance.

In summary, predicting electricity prices involves a data-driven approach that combines domain expertise, thoughtful feature engineering, model selection, and thorough evaluation. The accuracy of predictions can have a significant impact on energy market operations, planning, and decision-making. Ongoing monitoring and model maintenance are necessary to ensure the model continues to provide reliable forecasts in dynamic and changing environments.