## ORM

Object relational maps

### Syntactic sugar for using a database

```
Model.find(name: 'rob') rather than SELECT * from
models WHERE name='rob';
```

# Define relations between objects and not worry about the SQL

Example using Bookshelf:

```
var User = bookshelf.Model.extend({
   tableName: 'users',
   messages: function() {
     return this.hasMany(Posts);
   }
});
```

this way, we can find a User and just ask for its posts.

#### We can also define lots of other relations

heres how you define a hasOne using node-orm2

```
Car.hasOne('engine', Engine).
```

Now we're given a lot methods on our car models

#### Different ORMS

- Bookshelf.js based on the knex SQL query builder no type definition, use checkit
- Sequelize gives you migrations!
- WaterlineORM works with everything, postgres, mysql, mongoDB - no transactions
- node-orm2

## Using ORMS

- usually need to install a specific database driver
- specify a connection string or a connection object that you pass to the ORM
- connect
- sync/migrate