

DIABETIC RETINOPATHY?







Diabetic retinopathy is the leading cause of blindness in working-age adults ages 20–74.

WHO IS AT RISK?





All people with diabetes – both type 1 and type 2 – are at risk.

NO EARLY SYMPTOMS





However, over time, diabetic retinopathy can get worse and cause vision loss or blindness.

POTENTIAL SYMPTOMS:

- Blurred vision
- Fluctuation in vision
- Vision loss
- Difficulty in perceiving colours
- Dark areas in vision
- Spots in vision

IN MANY CASES,
THE DISEASE
HAS PROGRESSED
TO AN ADVANCED
STAGE BEFORE
SYMPTOMS ARE
OBSERVED.

95%

REDUCED RISK OF VISION LOSS

Early detection, timely treatment, and appropriate follow-up care can reduce the risk of severe vision loss by 95 percent.



