

COVID-19'S IMPACT ON IMMIGRANT POPULATION IN MINNEAPOLIS (2022)

Anandi Ganguli, Swathi Pagadala, Wanlin Hu

HOW COVID-19 AFFECTED IMMIGRANTS IN MINNEAPOLIS?

Percentage affected in Key Well-being Indicators Among Immigrants in Minneapolis











28%

JOB & **INCOME**

HOUSING

CONDITION

43% **MENTAL**

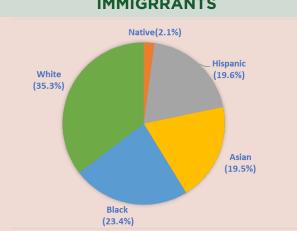
HEALTH

22%

FOOD ACCESS 33%

PHYSICAL HEALTH

RACIAL DISTRIBUTION AMONG IMMIGRRANTS



JOB/INCOME

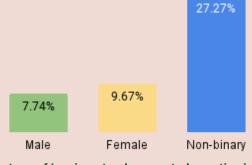


30%

of foreign-born immigrants in Minneapolis faced negative impacts on Job/Income due to COVID-19

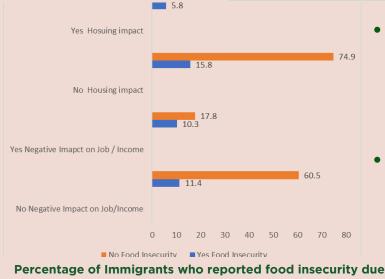
HOUSING INSTABILITY 34.0% 20.0% 17.1% 3.4% 2.5% 0.5% 1.5% 1.4% 1.3% Native Asian Black Hispanio Percentage of Immigrants who reported negative impact on

Housing due to Covid 19 by Race



Percentage of Immigrants who reported negative impact on Housing due to Covid 19 by Gender

FOOD INSECURITY



to negative impact of COVID19 on Housing and Job/Income

- Immigrants facing housing and mental health issues due to COVID-19 were nearly 6 times more likely to report food insecurity.
- Immigrants facing job or financial strain due to COVID-19 were over 2 times as likely to experience food insecurity.



PHYSICAL HEALTH

- Hispanic group reported the highest percentage for negative impacts of COVD-19 on Physical Health(41.4%)
- Asian group had the second highest percents (40.8%)
- Native population had the third highest percent (34.5%)



MENTAL HEALTH

- Native group reported the highest percentage for negative impacts of COVD-19 On Mental Health Health(69%)
- Asian group had the second highest percent (53%)
- Hispanic population had the third highest percent (49.2%)





University of Minnesota **Driven to Discover®**