

2018

Project Report: Database Management

DISASTER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

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| NAVEEN JINDAL SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT | UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS

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PHENOMENON

Natural disasters that happen in Texas

- Tornado
- Hurricane
- Flooding
- Drought

INFORMATION SYSTEMS SCOPE

- Disaster Management System: The system is aimed at supporting all the disaster relief activities that happens in the state of Texas.

USERS

- Government Officials
- Local Volunteer Organizations
- Residents
- Volunteers

BUSINESS PROCESSES

BP1. Predict Disasters and Alert People

A1. Analyze Past Disasters and Predict potential disasters in Texas

A2. Alert system Maintenance, Verification and Alerting

BP2. Manage Volunteers

A1. Create list of volunteer organizations

A2. Create guidelines and prep docs for volunteers

BP3. Manage Relief funds

A1. Collect Relief Funds

A2. Distribute Relief Funds

BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

BP1.A1 [Analyze Past Disasters and Predict potential disasters in Texas]

- Govt. User should be able to analyze the trends from historical data.
- Govt. User should be able to monitor the current climate forecasts.
- Govt. User should be able to view a dashboard with maps of affected areas.

BP1.A2 [Alert system Maintenance, Verification and Alerting People]

- Govt. User wants to broadcast alerts timely and effectively.
- Govt. should be able to test the Alert Broadcast systems.
- Residents wants to be alerted at least a week before the disaster.

BP2.A1 [Create list of volunteer organizations]

- Govt. User wants to allocate appropriate number of volunteers to match the severity of the disaster.
- Govt. Users need a mechanism/platform to vet each volunteer organization based on decided set of criteria.
- Volunteers should receive a certificate of gratefulness from the state of Texas.

BP2.A2 [Create guidelines and prep docs for volunteers]

- Volunteers want to monitor their schedule.
- Volunteers should be trained on basic disaster management skills and first aid skills.

BP3.A1 [Collect Relief Funds]

- Govt User needs to track the source of relief funds for future needs.
- Government should be able to have a detailed tally on the funding

BP3.A2 [Manage Relief funds]

- Govt. User needs to allocate an amount to the disaster areas according to the severity and affected population.
- Local Organizations should be able to provide funds for disasters.

DATA REQUIREMENTS

BP1.A1 [Analyze Past Disasters and Predict potential disasters in Texas]

- R1. Database must contain the Disaster table which includes all the data of all the disasters that occurred in various federal states.
- R2. Database must contain the Climate_Forecast table which has the climate forecast details. User will be provided with the latest record as per the timestamp.
- R3. Disaster table must contain all the data with respect to the disaster along with the area details.

BP1.A2 [Alert system Maintenance, Verification and Alerting People]

- R4. Database must contain an Alert table which provides the system with alert timing as per the predicted disaster and disaster severity.
- R5. Database must contain an Alert_IND table which can consist only of 'Y/N/T' value. On 'T' value test alerts will send out.
- R6. Alert table contains the alert timings.

BP2.A1 [Create list of volunteer organizations]

- R7. Database must contain a Volunteer_Org table which stores the details of the Organization including number of volunteers. Disaster severity can be obtained from Disaster_Pred table.
- R8. Database must contain a Disaster_Volunteer table which has the number of hours served by a volunteer for each disaster.
- R9. Disaster_Volunteer table gives the detail of hours served by each volunteer.

BP2.A2 [Create guidelines and prep docs for volunteers]

- R10. Database must contain a Volunteer_Schedule table providing the schedule details for participating volunteers.
- R11. Volunteer table indicates whether the volunteer is trained on disaster management skills and first aid skills.

BP3.A1 [Collect Relief Funds]

- R12. Database must contain a Funding table which contains the details of relief funds obtained for every disaster.
- R13. Database must contain an Expenditure table which stores the details of the various expenditures along with the expenditure request ID and Disaster ID.

BP3.A2 [Manage Relief funds]

- R14. Disaster table contains the severity of each disaster.
- R15. Database must contain a Funding Table which should identify the funding type as provided by an organization.

CONCEPTUAL MODELLING

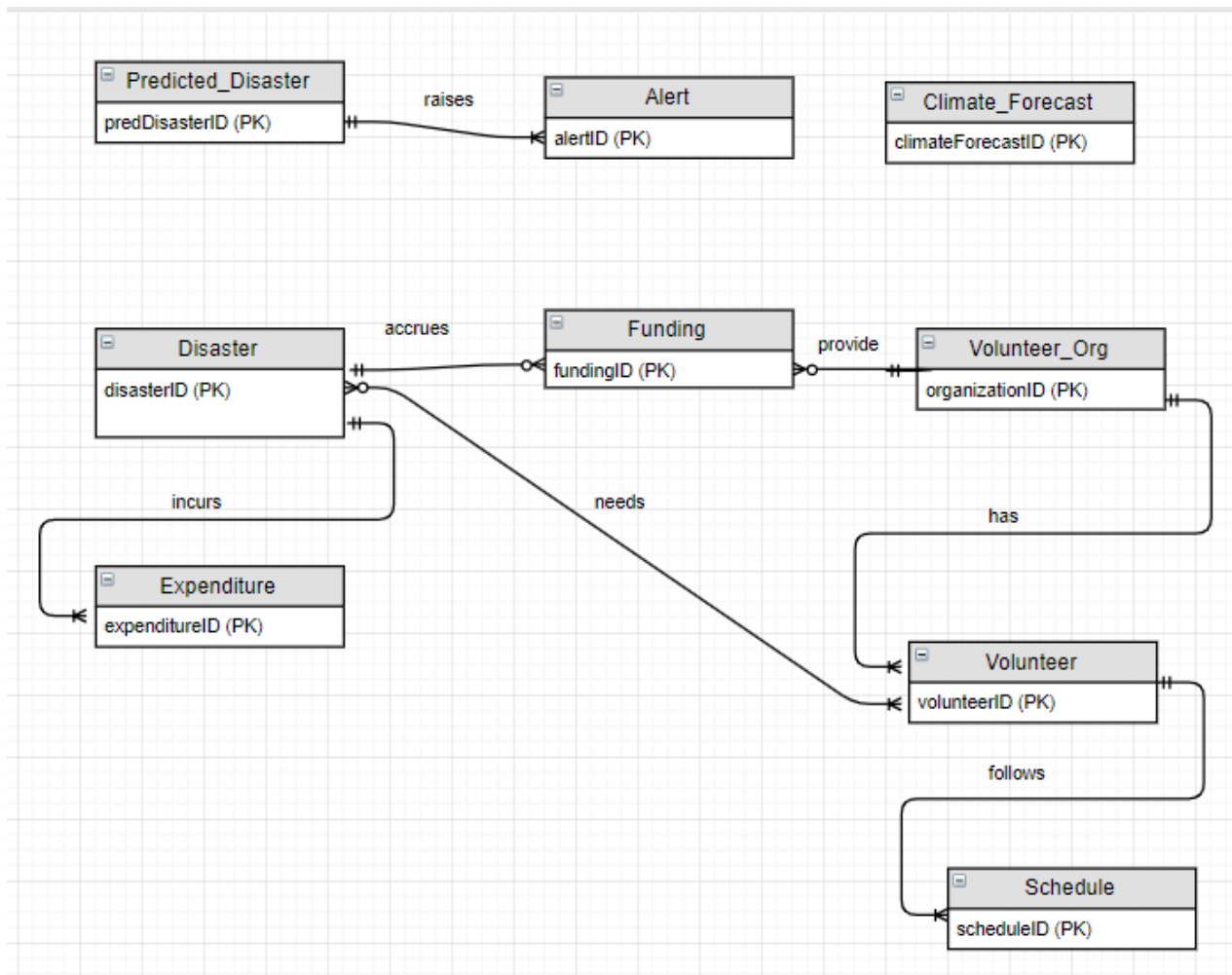
From the Data Requirements, the following entities can be identified.

- Predicted Disaster
- Alert
- Climate Forecast
- Disaster
- Funding
- Volunteer Organization
- Expenditure
- Volunteer
- Schedule

Each entity is related to each other as follows:

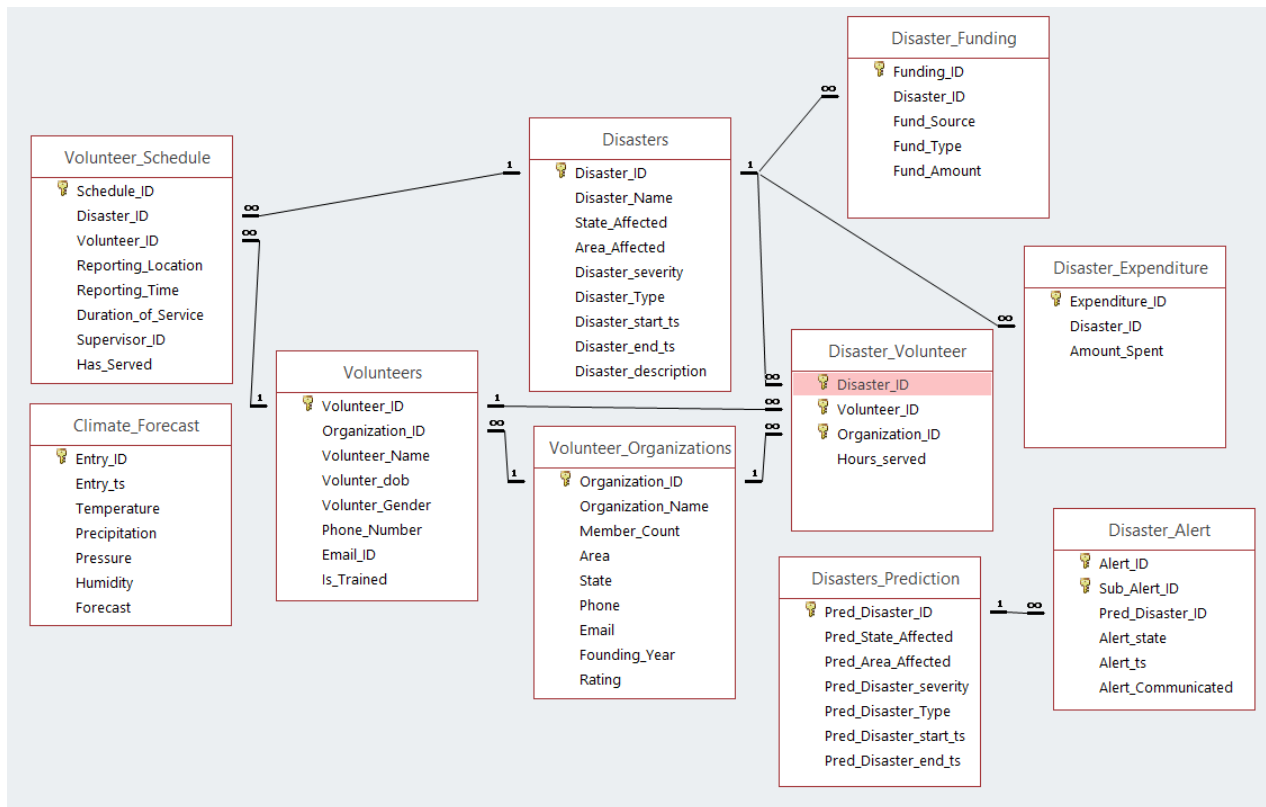
- A predicted disaster should lead to the **raising** of one/more alerts. Every alert corresponds to one and only one predicted disaster.
- Climate Forecast is an **independent** entity.
- Every disaster **accrues** one/more funds. Every fund is related to one disaster alone.
- Every Volunteer Organization may **provide** funding multiple times and each fund is related to one organization alone.
- Every disaster **needs** the service of multiple volunteers. A volunteer may serve during multiple disasters.
- Every volunteer **follows** one/more schedules to serve for a disaster. Every schedule is associated with a particular volunteer and disaster.
- Every disaster might **lead** to multiple expenditures. Every expenditure corresponds to a disaster.

ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM AND DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS


- Every volunteer is restricted to one organization by design.
- Climate Forecast is designed as an independent entity and will be queried using entry_ts parameters.
- Each disaster may have multiple alerts associated. So, Alert_ID represents an alert group that contains multiple sub alerts.
- The Volunteer training is depicted by the is_trained Boolean field in Volunteers tables.
- Volunteer and Disasters are in a many-to-many relationship. They are split by using an associative entity called Volunteer_Schedule.
- Volunteer_Schedule is a weak entity. The foreign keys Disaster_ID and Volunteer_ID forms the composite key. This composite key is substituted by a surrogate key, schedule_ID.
- The vetting of organization is based on the fields rating and Founding_Year of the Volunteer_Organizations table.
- Alert_state depicts the status of the alert broadcasting system.

TABLES – KEYS AND CONSTRAINTS




TABLE NAME	FIELD NAME	KEY/CONSTRAINT
Climate_Forecast	Entry_ID	Primary Key
Climate_Forecast	Entry_ts	Not Null, Unique
Disaster_Alert	Alert_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Alert	Sub_alert_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Alert	Pred_Disaster_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Disaster_Alert	Alert_ts	Not Null
Disaster_Expenditure	Expenditure_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Expenditure	Disaster_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Disaster_Funding	Funding_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Funding	Disaster_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Disaster_Volunteer	Disaster_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Volunteer	Volunteer_ID	Primary Key
Disaster_Volunteer	Organization_ID	Primary Key
Disasters	Disaster_ID	Primary Key
Disasters	Disaster_name	Not Null
Disasters_prediction	Pred_disaster_ID	Primary Key
Volunteer_Organizations	Organization_ID	Primary Key
Volunteer_Organizations	Organization_name	Not Null
Volunteer_schedule	Schedule_ID	Primary Key
Volunteer_schedule	Disaster_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Volunteer_schedule	Volunteer_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Volunteers	Volunteer_ID	Primary Key
Volunteers	Organization_ID	Foreign Key, Not Null
Volunteers	Volunteer_name	Not Null

NORMALIZED TABLE DESIGN – TABLE DEFINITION



CLIMATE_FORECAST TABLE

	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
	Entry_ID	AutoNumber	ID of the entry
	Entry_ts	Long Text	Date and Time of the measurement
	Temperature	Number	Temperature observed
	Precipitation	Number	Precipitation observed
	Pressure	Number	Pressure observed in inches
	Humidity	Number	Humidity observed in percent
	Forecast	Long Text	Forecast made with the observation set



DISASTER_ALERT TABLE

 Disaster_Alert			
	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
	Alert_ID	AutoNumber	Alert ID
	Sub_Alert_ID	Number	Sub Alert ID
	Disaster_Pred_ID	Number	Disaster Prediction ID
	Alert_state	Yes/No	State of the alert broadcast system
	Alert_ts	Date/Time	Date/Time of the Alert
	Alert_Communicated	Yes/No	Boolean flag whether the alert has been broadcasted

DISASTER_EXPENDITURE TABLE

 Disaster_Expenditure			
	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
	Expenditure_ID	AutoNumber	ID of the Expenditure
	Disaster_ID	Number	ID of the disaster for which the expenditure was made
	Amount_Spent	Currency	Amount spent

DISASTER_FUNDING TABLE

 Disaster_Funding			
	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
	Funding_ID	AutoNumber	ID of the received fund
	Disaster_ID	Number	ID of the Disaster
	Fund_Source	Short Text	Organization or Person who contributed the fund
	Fund_Type	Short Text	Type of the fund
	Fund_Amount	Currency	Amount Received

DISASTER_VOLUNTEER TABLE

Disaster_Volunteer		
Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
Disaster_ID	Number	Disaster ID
Volunteer_ID	Number	Volunteer ID
Organization_ID	Number	Organization ID
Hours_served	Number	Hours served by a volunteer for a particular disaster

DISASTERS TABLE

Disasters		
Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
Disaster_ID	AutoNumber	The Unique ID that determines a disaster
Disaster_Name	Short Text	The name of the disaster
State_Affected	Short Text	The state affected by the disaster
Area_Affected	Short Text	The area of the state affected by the disaster
Disaster_severity	Short Text	Severity of the disaster - High, Medium, Low
Disaster_Type	Short Text	Type of the Disaster - Flood, Drought...
Disaster_start_ts	Date/Time	Start Date/Time of the disaster
Disaster_end_ts	Date/Time	End Date/Time of the disaster
Disaster_description	Long Text	Details of the Disaster

DISASTERS_PREDICTION TABLE

Disasters_Prediction		
Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
Pred_Disaster_ID	AutoNumber	The Unique ID that determines a predicted disaster
Pred_State_Affected	Short Text	The state affected by the disaster
Pred_Area_Affected	Short Text	The area of the state affected by the disaster
Pred_Disaster_severity	Short Text	Severity of the disaster - High, Medium, Low
Pred_Disaster_Type	Short Text	Type of the Disaster - Flood, Drought...
Pred_Disaster_start_ts	Date/Time	Start Date/Time of the disaster
Pred_Disaster_end_ts	Date/Time	End Date/Time of the disaster

VOLUNTEER_ORGANIZATION TABLE

Volunteer_Organizations		
Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
Organization_ID	AutoNumber	ID of the Volunteer Organization
Organization_Name	Long Text	Name of the Volunteer Organization
Member_Count	Number	Number of Volunteers present in the organization
Area	Short Text	Area of the Volunteer Organization
State	Short Text	State of the Volunteer Organization
Phone	Large Number	Phone Number of the Volunteer Organization
Email	Short Text	Email ID of the Volunteer Organization
Founding_Year	Date/Time	Year in which the Organization was founded
Rating	Number	The rating of the organization based on previous disaster relief activities

VOLUNTEER_SCHEDULE TABLE

Volunteer_Schedule			
	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
🔑	Schedule_ID	AutoNumber	Unique ID for the schedules
	Disaster_ID	Number	ID of the Disaster
	Volunteer_ID	Number	ID of the Volunteer
	Reporting_Location	Short Text	Place where the volunteer has to report at
	Reporting_Time	Date/Time	Time when the volunteer has to reach the reporting_location
	Duration_of_Service	Number	Number of hours that volunteer has to serve for
	Supervisor_ID	Number	ID of the supervising Volunteer
	Has_Served	Short Text	The Boolean flag which tells us if the volunteer has served his term

VOLUNTEERS TABLE

Volunteers			
	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)
🔑	Volunteer_ID	AutoNumber	The unique identifier of volunteer
	Organization_ID	Number	The Organization which the volunteer is registered with
	Volunteer_Name	Short Text	Name of the Volunteer
	Volunter_dob	Date/Time	Volunteer date of birth
	Volunter_Gender	Short Text	Gender of the volunteer
	Phone_Number	Large Number	Phone Number of the Volunteer
	Email_ID	Short Text	Email ID of the Volunteer
	Is_Trained	Yes/No	Boolean flag for training

QUERIES

1. VOLUNTEERS SERVING MORE THAN 2 HOURS

QUERY

```
SELECT dis.disaster_name,  
       vol.volunteer_id,  
       vol.volunteer_name,  
       Sum(volsh.Duration_of_Service) AS total_hour  
FROM Disasters AS dis,  
     Volunteers AS vol,  
     Volunteer_Schedule AS volsh  
WHERE dis.disaster_id = volsh.disaster_id  
      and vol.volunteer_id=volsh.volunteer_id  
GROUP BY vol.volunteer_id, vol.volunteer_name, dis.disaster_name  
HAVING (((Sum(volsh.Duration_of_Service))>2));
```

QUERY RESULT

disaster_name ▾	volunteer_id ▾	volunteer_name ▾	total_hour ▾
Harvey	1	Tom Cruise	5
Harvey	4	Jack Black	7
El Nino	5	Rihanna Ella	8
El Nino	6	Beyonce Ring	8
El Nino	7	Hillary Trump	7
Twister	9	Kobe O'neal	7
Twister	10	Ellen Degeneres	8

2. TOTAL FUND FOR EACH DISASTER

QUERY

```
SELECT dis.disaster_name,  
       sum(dis_fund.fund_amount) AS total_amount  
FROM disasters AS dis,  
     disaster_funding AS dis_fund  
WHERE dis.disaster_id = dis_fund.disaster_id  
GROUP BY dis.disaster_name;
```

QUERY RESULT

disaster_name ▼	total_amoun ▼
El Nino	\$250,000.00
Harvey	\$400,000.00
Twister	\$300,000.00

3. ORGANIZATION WITH MAXIMUM VOLUNTEERS SERVING

QUERY

```

SELECT dis.disaster_name AS disaster,
       org.organization_name,
       count(volsh.volunteer_id) AS number_of_volunteers
FROM disasters AS dis,
     volunteer_organizations AS org,
     volunteer_schedule AS volsh,
     volunteers AS vol
WHERE dis.disaster_id = volsh.disaster_id
      and volsh.volunteer_id = vol.volunteer_id
      and vol.organization_id = org.organization_id
GROUP BY dis.disaster_name,
         org.organization_name;

```

QUERY RESULT

disaster ▼	organization_name ▼	number_of_volunteers ▼
El Nino	Austin Disaster Relief	3
Harvey	Texas Volunteers of Hous	4
Twister	St.Paul's church at Dallas	3

4. CLIMATE FORECAST AND DISASTER PREDICTION

QUERY

```
SELECT cf.temperature,
       cf.precipitation,
       cf.pressure,
       cf.humidity,
       dispred.pred_disaster_type
FROM climate_forecast AS cf,
     disasters_prediction AS dispred
WHERE cf.entry_ts Between [:start_time] And [:end_time]
      And dispred.pred_disaster_start_ts >= [:start_time]
      And dispred.pred_disaster_end_ts <= [:end_time];
```

PARAMETER INSERTION

Enter Parameter Va... ? X

:start_time

1/1/2018

OK Cancel

Enter Parameter Va... ? X

:end_time

1/29/2018

OK Cancel

QUERY RESULT

temperature ▾	precipitation ▾	pressure ▾	humidity ▾	pred_disaster_type ▾
68	34	29	30	Hurricane

5. FUND AND EXPENDITURE REPORT

QUERY

```
SELECT dis.disaster_name,
       Sum(disfund.fund_amount) AS total_fund,
       Sum(disexp.amount_spent) AS total_expenditure,
       (Sum(disfund.fund_amount)-Sum(disexp.amount_spent)) AS balance_amount
FROM disasters AS dis,
     disaster_funding AS disfund,
     disaster_expenditure AS disexp
WHERE (((dis.disaster_id)=[disfund].[disaster_id]
      And (dis.disaster_id)=[disexp].[disaster_id]))
GROUP BY dis.disaster_name;
```

QUERY RESULT

disaster_name ▾	total_fund ▾	total_expend ▾	balance_amount ▾
El Nino	\$250,000.00	\$780,000.00	(\$530,000.00)
Harvey	\$400,000.00	\$1,005,000.00	(\$605,000.00)
Twister	\$300,000.00	\$500,000.00	(\$200,000.00)

6. VOLUNTEERS FOR EACH DISASTER

QUERY

```

SELECT dis.disaster_name,
       vol.volunteer_name,
       sum(volsh.duration_of_service) AS hours_served,
       switch(
         sum(volsh.duration_of_service) = 0, "NO",
         sum(volsh.duration_of_service) > 0, "YES"
       ) AS status
FROM disasters AS dis,
     volunteers AS vol,
     volunteer_schedule AS volsh
WHERE dis.disaster_id=volsh.disaster_id
      And vol.volunteer_id=volsh.volunteer_id
      And vol.volunteer_name=[:p_volunteer_name]
GROUP BY dis.disaster_name,
         vol.volunteer_name;

```

PARAMETER INSERTION

Enter Parameter Va...
?
X

:p_volunteer_name

QUERY RESULT

disaster_name ▾	volunteer_name ▾	hours_served ▾	status ▾
El Nino	Rihanna Ella	8	YES

7. PREDICTED TO REAL

QUERY

```
SELECT dis.disaster_name,  
       dis.disaster_start_ts AS start_time,  
       dis.disaster_end_ts AS end_time  
FROM disasters AS dis,  
     disasters_prediction AS dispred  
WHERE dis.disaster_id = dispred.pred_disaster_id;
```

QUERY RESULT

disaster_name ▾	start_time ▾	end_time ▾
Twister	4/20/2018	4/25/2018
El Nino	7/1/2014	9/25/2015
Harvey	9/14/2018	9/19/2018

8. PREDICTED DISASTERS WITH SEVERITY

QUERY

```
SELECT dispred.pred_disaster_id,  
       dispred.pred_disaster_start_ts,  
       dispred.pred_disaster_end_ts,  
       dispred.pred_disaster_severity  
FROM disasters_prediction AS dispred  
GROUP BY dispred.pred_disaster_id,  
         dispred.pred_disaster_start_ts,  
         dispred.pred_disaster_end_ts,  
         dispred.pred_disaster_severity;
```

QUERY RESULT

pred_disaster_id ▾	pred_disaster_start_ts ▾	pred_disaster_end_ts ▾	pred_disaster_severity ▾
1	7/1/2014	2/25/2015	High
2	1/21/2018	1/24/2018	High
3	9/10/2018	9/11/2018	Low

9. VOLUNTEER COUNT IN ORGANIZATIONS

QUERY

```
SELECT org.organization_name,  
       org.member_count  
FROM volunteer_organizations AS org;
```

QUERY RESULT

organization_name	member_count
Texas Volunteers of Houston	40
Austin Disaster Relief	36
St.Paul's church at Dallas	22

10. NUMBER OF ALERTS PER DISASTER

QUERY

```
SELECT alert.disaster_pred_id,  
       count(alert.alert_id) AS Alert_count  
FROM disaster_alert AS alert  
GROUP BY alert.disaster_pred_id;
```

QUERY RESULT

disaster_pred_id	Alert_count
1	3

APPENDIX – JOURNAL OF USER GROUP INTERACTION

PHASE 1: BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS AND DATA REQUIREMENTS

REVIEW REQUEST



Muraleedharan, Anand

Mon 26/11, 20:24

Mathur, Shruti; Rajput, Vishakha; Drozdowski, Kacper; Narayanan, Neethu; Ongko, John Paul



Project Write Up 2.1.docx
44 KB

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Hi Friends,

Welcome back to school after the Thanksgiving Break! Hope you all had a wonderful holiday week.

We have completed the first phase of the Database Management Project. Phase 1 includes:

1. Introduction - Phenomenon, Scope, Users
2. Business Processes with Activities
3. Business Requirements for each Activity
4. Data Requirement corresponding to Business requirements.

Please find the document attached. Please review and let us know how to improve.

Thanks and Regards,

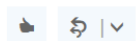
Anand Muraleedharan 😊

REVIEW COMMENTS



Mathur, Shruti

Sat 01/12, 06:10



Hey,

Three of us have gone through the document that you have sent. It was well elaborated and documented no suggestion from our end, please go ahead with designing the ER diagram.

With Regards,
Shruti Mathur

SUMMARY

User Group is happy with the Business Processes, Business Requirements and Data Requirements – No comments or Action Items.

PHASE 2: CONCEPTUAL DESIGN – ERD

REVIEW REQUEST



Muraleedharan, Anand

Mon 03/12, 03:14

Mathur, Shruti; Rajput, Vishakha; Drozdowski, Kacper; Ongko, John Paul; Narayanan, Neethu ✕



Reply all | ▾



Project Write Up 2.2.docx
222 KB



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Hi Team,

We have now completed the second phase: Conceptual Modelling and ER Diagram. Please find the document attached. Please review and let us know how to improve.

Thanks and Regards,

Anand Muraleedharan 😊

REVIEW COMMENTS



Mathur, Shruti

Sun 09/12, 07:46



Reply | ▾

Hey,

We went through your second phase of Conceptual Modeling and E-R Diagram. Below are the following changes that we think that you can incorporate.

1. In BP1- A1, you have mentioned that you should be able to monitor climate forecast to analyze past disasters and predict potential disasters. For the same activity there is a requirement for the climate forecast table but you have mentioned this as an independent entity. So, we think it should be linked to predicted disaster table in some way.
2. Also we think that not every disaster may need or receive funding. Example for any small scale disaster you might not need funding. So the relation between disaster and funding should be zero to many and not one to many.

Let us know if you think otherwise.

With Regards,
Shruti Mathur

SUMMARY

- **Relation between climate_forecast and disaster table:** We intend to keep it as an independent entity and connect it to predicted disaster using queries.
- **Relation between Disaster and Funding:** As suggested the minimum cardinality is adjusted to zero.

PHASE 3: NORMALIZED TABLE DESIGN

REVIEW REQUEST

Database Management [MIS6326]: Review for Phase 1 of the Project

0 3 ▾



Muraleedharan, Anand

Today, 09:23

Mathur, Shruti; Drozdowski, Kacper; Rajput, Vishakha; Ongko, John Paul; Narayanan, Neethu ✕



Reply all ▾



Project Phase 3.pdf

885 KB

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Hi Team,

As far as the previous suggestions are concerned:

1. We choose to move forward with climate_forecast as an independent entity. In queries, we intend to connect them with predicted_disaster table by means of timestamp window matching.
2. We have adjusted the minimum cardinality of this relation.

Please find the project document till the 3rd phase attached. It includes the Normalized Table Structure, Design Considerations, and Relationship diagram. Please review and let us know.

Thanks and Regards,

Anand Muraleedharan 😊

REVIEW COMMENTS



Drozdowski, Kacper

Today, 09:42

Muraleedharan, Anand; Mathur, Shruti; Rajput, Vishakha; Ongko, John Paul; Narayanan, Neethu ✕



Reply all ▾

Hi Anand,

answering in the name of my group as they are currently travelling home for the break. I have the following questions:

- 1) In the Disaster_Alert table, you have Disaster_Pred_ID. Then, in Disaster_Prediction table you have Pred_Disaster_ID. Is it the same attribute? It either needs a name change if it is one attribute, or an explanation how it is different if it's two separate attributes.
- 2) In Disaster_Volunteer table, the description of Volunteer_ID is "Organization ID". I assume it's a misspelling, and a simple correction.
- 3) In the Volunteer_Schedule table, you have a "Reporting_location" attribute which tells where a volunteer should report before the action. Then, you have a "has_served" attribute, which should be filled out after the action to check if a volunteer served his term. Does it mean you will be coming to the table twice, first filling some of the data before the emergency, then completing it after the emergency?
it is probably correct, just a bit more work, but I think it might need a clarification.

We will be waiting for your part 4 - queries to complete the cooperation between our groups.

Best regards,

Kacper Drozdowski

SUMMARY

- The mistakes pointed out in point 1 and point 2 are corrected.
- Volunteer Schedule table will be hit twice. Once to INSERT the record and then to UPDATE the 'has_served' attribute.

PHASE 4: QUERIES AND RESULTS

REVIEW REQUEST



Muraleedharan, Anand

Today, 01:36

Drozdzowski, Kacper; Mathur, Shruti; Rajput, Vishakha; Ongko, John Paul; Narayanan, Neethu ✕



Reply all | ▾



Phase 4.pdf
1 MB



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Hello Team,

Thanks for a prompt response. We have addressed issues 1 & 2. The 3rd one is designed as multiple hits on the database table. Once to insert a schedule record and then to update whether he turned up for the schedule.

Please find the 4th phase attached. It contains the queries mainly. Please review and let us know.

Thanks and Regards,

Anand Muraleedharan 😊

REVIEW COMMENTS



Drozdzowski, Kacper

Today, 04:34



Reply | ▾

Hi Anand,

the queries look good. Just a few small comments:

- 1) Query 3 is called "Organization with maximum volunteers serving". Then the results are sorted: 3,4,3. I would sort it ascending by number of volunteers, not by organization name.
- 2) In Query 7, end time for Twister is earlier than start time. Is it intended, or is it an error in entered data?
- 3) In Query 8, I would add disaster name so someone who sees this table doesn't have to go to another table to find the disaster name.

Best regards

SUMMARY



Muraleedharan, Anand

Today, 04:55

Drozdzowski, Kacper; Rajput, Vishakha; Mathur, Shruti; Narayanan, Neethu; Ongko, John Paul ✕



Reply all | ▾

Hi Kacper,

1. Each record shows the organization that sent the maximum number of volunteers to a particular disaster. Each record represents a particular disaster. So, sorting would not really make any sense.
2. This is a mistake in data population. we will correct that.
3. The query is about disaster prediction. So we name disasters only when they happen and not in the prediction phase. So they really do not have a name at that point in time.

Thanks a lot, team.

Thanks and Regards,

Anand Muraleedharan 😊

TOOLS USED

- MS Access – Database
- Visual Paradigm – Functional Dependency diagram
- Draw.io – Entity Relationship Diagram

REFERENCES

- Database Design, Application Development, and Administration, Eleventh Edition
- <https://www.udemy.com/microsoftaccess/learn/v4/overview>
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Natural_disasters_in_Texas
- <https://www.nbcdfw.com/weather/stories/Changing-Climate-Intensifying-Disasters-Texas-Report-502732902.html>