

# Modeling of a power system for RL

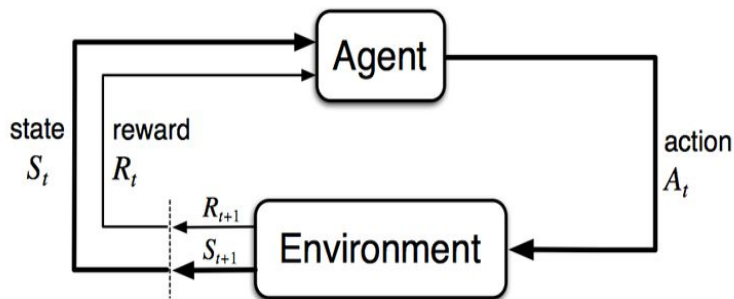


Fig. 1 - Reinforcement Learning interaction loop

**Observation:** flows, productions, consumptions, power grid topology, month, day, hour, etc

**Action:** connect/disconnect **one** transmission line **or** change the electrical configuration within a substation

**Reward:** penalize overflowed lines, distance to reference grid topology, number of disconnected loads/prods, etc.

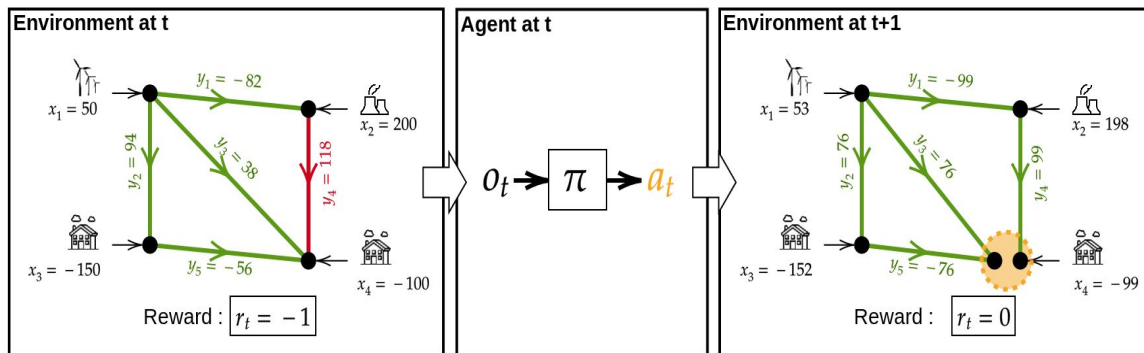


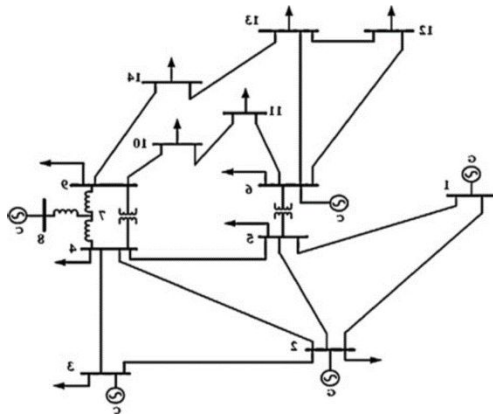
Fig. 2 - Step-by-step evolution of the RL environment

## Interesting RL problem

- A **state space** described by both **continuous** variables (flows in lines) and **discrete** variables (line interconnection patterns).
- A **discrete combinatorial action space** (change in line interconnection patterns).
- **Stochastic components** in the environment as obstacles:
  - Scheduled operations on the grid (maintenance)
  - Random variations in injections due e.g. to weather conditions (changing loads and productions)
  - Unpredictable incidents (lines broken by a thunderstorm).
- **Various reward models** created to adjust the game difficulty level & curriculum.
- A real-world problem with high safety and **robustness** requirements

# Setting the environment: Grids for L2RPN

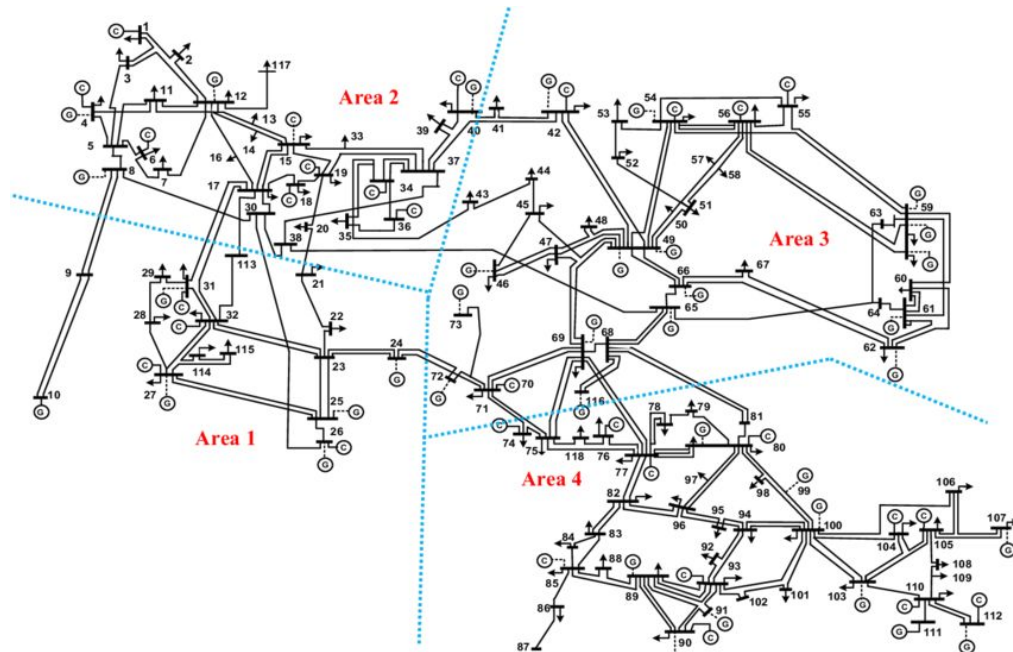
Open-source cases  
from Matpower library



**IEEE 14**



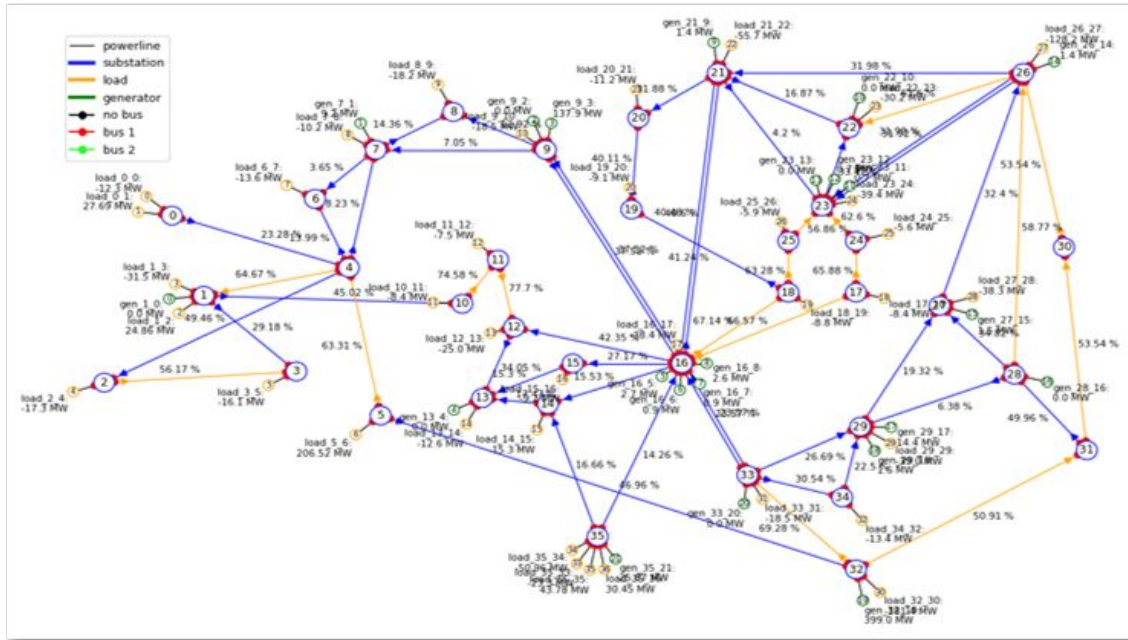
**With associated line capacities**



**IEEE 118**

(California power grid)

# Track1 : Robustness Track



*An adversarial opponent will attack some lines of the grid everyday randomly.*

- **Goal:** Develop agent to be robust to unexpected events and keep delivering reliable electricity everywhere even in difficult circumstances.
- **Operation Cost:** Operate the grid as long as possible, minimize the operation cost including power lines losses, redispatch cost and blackout cost (penalty).

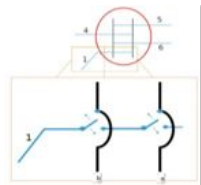
# Action



**Do-Nothing action**



**Powerline Status action:** reconnecting / disconnecting a power line



**Substation Topological action:** switching busbar connection between double busbars for each substation object.



**Generation redispatch action:** modifying the production set point with redispatching

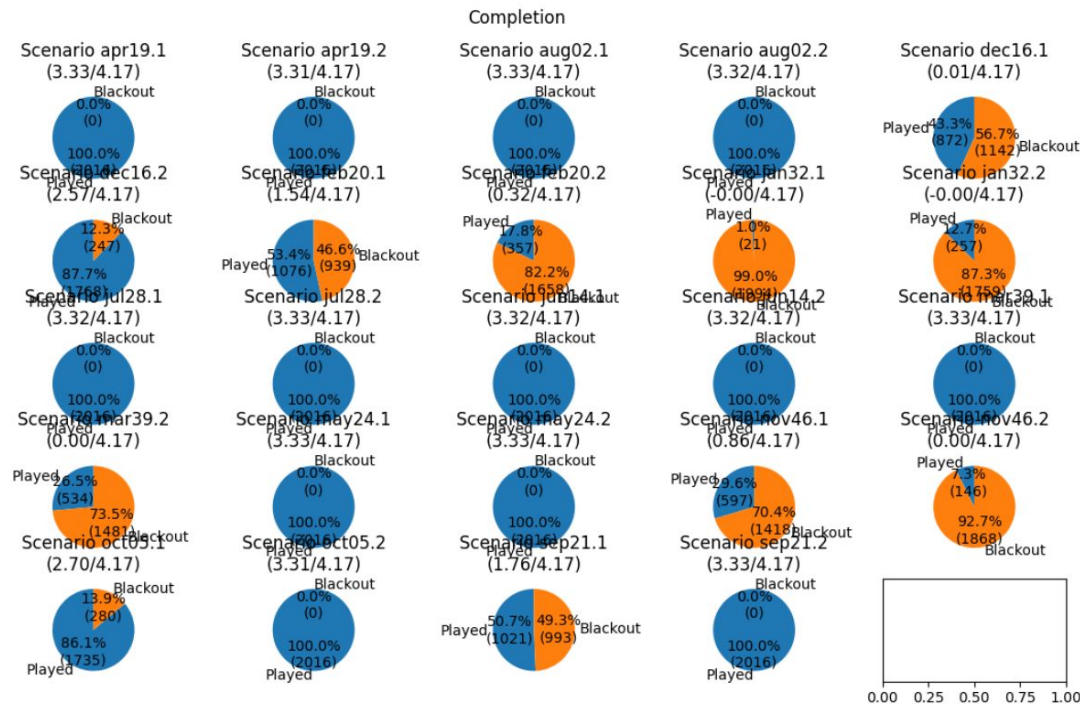
Reward:

- Done & game over : -210
- Done & not game over : + 500
- Not done :  $\sum (2 - \max\_rho)$  (1 if  $\max\_rho < 0.95$  else 2)

# Results

Score 52.967

Duration 432.39



- 50-year simulated training data and 24-week test data.
- Blue indicates scenarios passed, orange indicates scenarios black-out.
- We will optimize our agent for the failed cases in future work.