

# ML Assignment 2 : Report

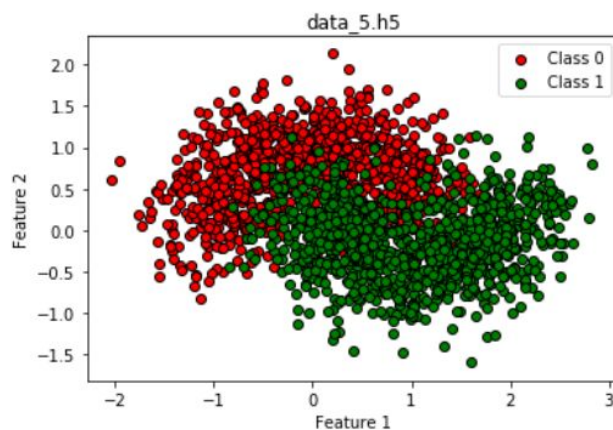
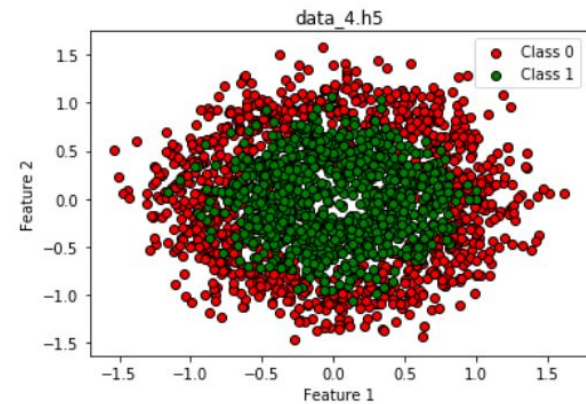
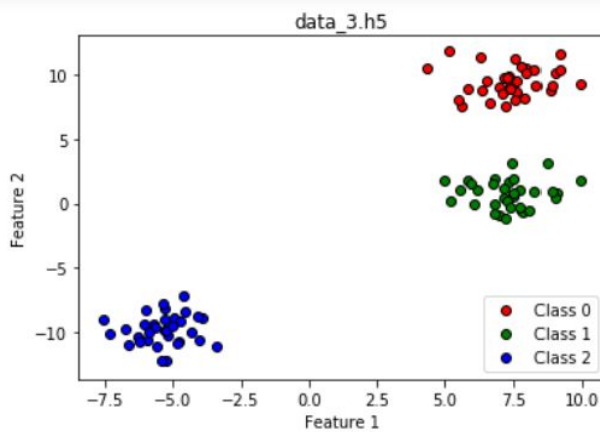
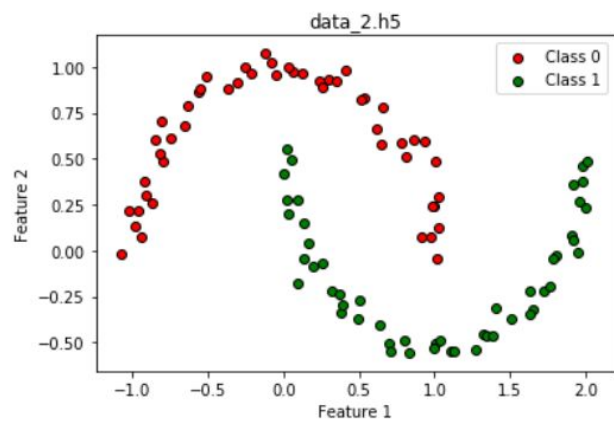
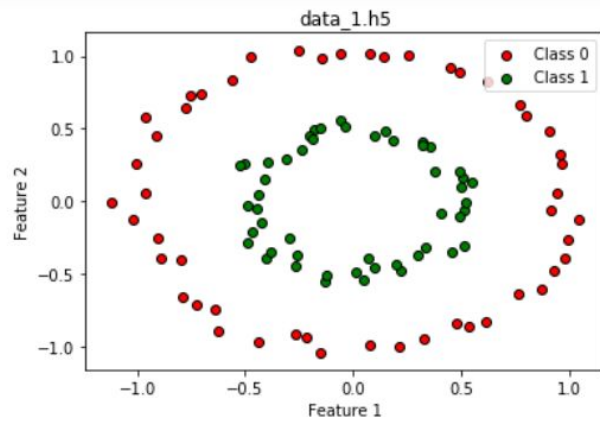
Anand, 2017218

Q1 Part 1,2,3 : **Q1\_Part\_1\_2\_3.py**

Q1 Part 4 : **Q1\_Part\_4.py**

Q1 2 : **Q2\_CIFAR.py**

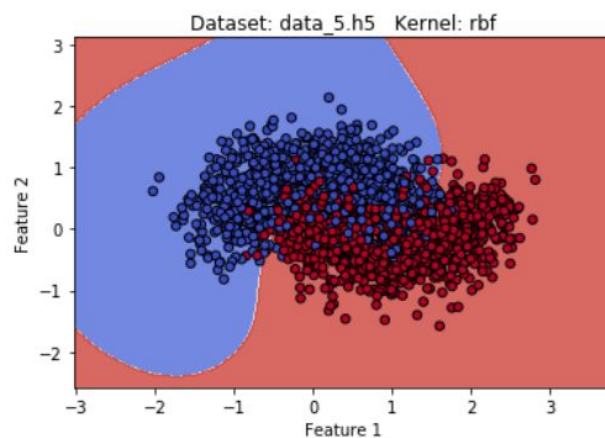
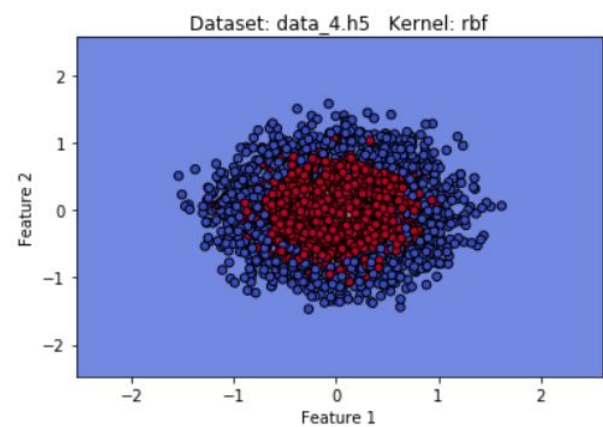
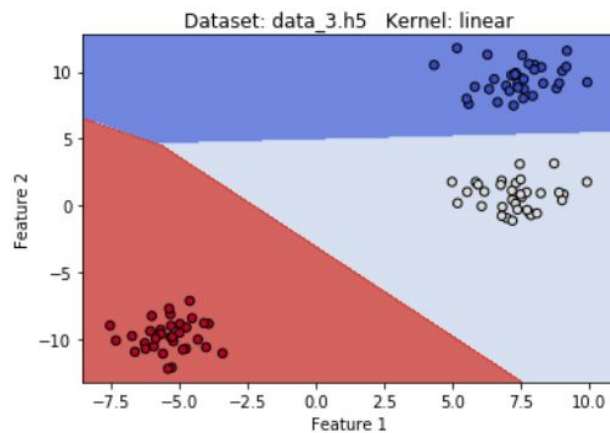
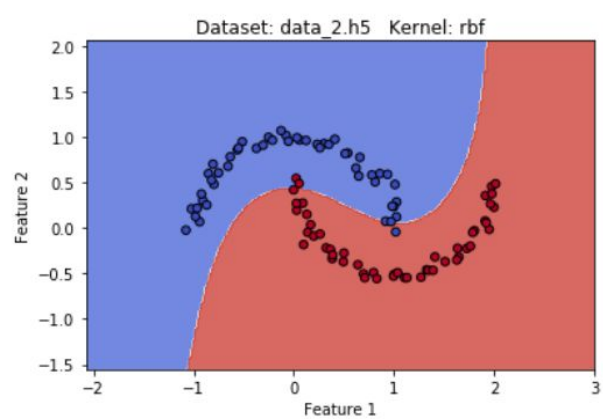
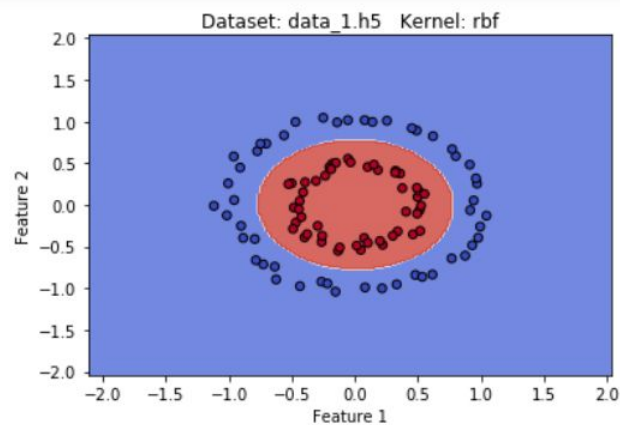
**Q1-** Part1: Plotting the data:



**Observations and findings:**

- i) Dataset 1 has very less noise and seems that hyperplane would be some ellipse or circle.
- ii) Dataset 2 has very less noise and seems that hyperplane would be a cubic polynomial
- iii) Dataset 3 also has less noise and it is clear that it is linearly separable.
- iv) Dataset 4 has some noise and is linearly inseparable.
- v) Dataset 5 has some noise and is linearly inseparable.

## Q1- Part2 : Decision boundaries

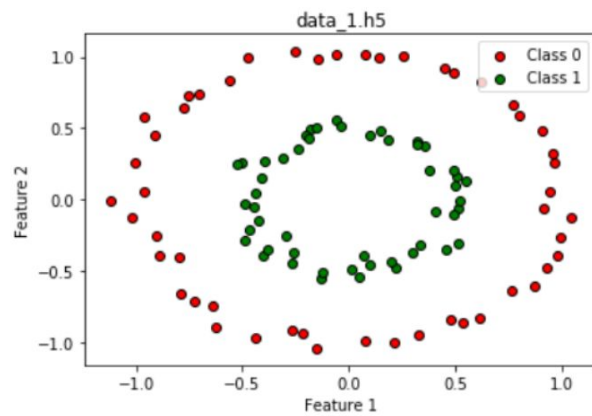


### Explanation for choice of kernels:

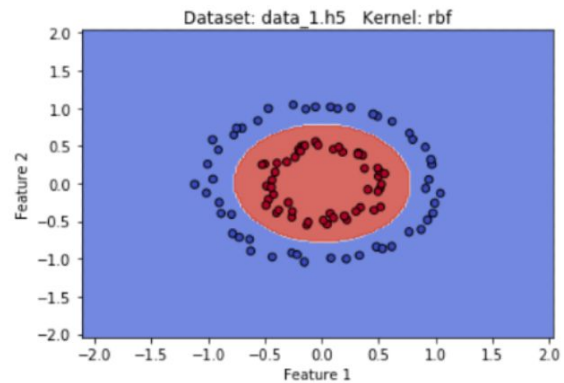
- i) Dataset 1,2,4,5: RBF : as it perfectly separates the classes and gives the highest accuracy.
- ii) Dataset 3: Linear kernel: the data was linearly separable and hence linear kernel.

Q1 - Part 3 - Outlier removed dataset

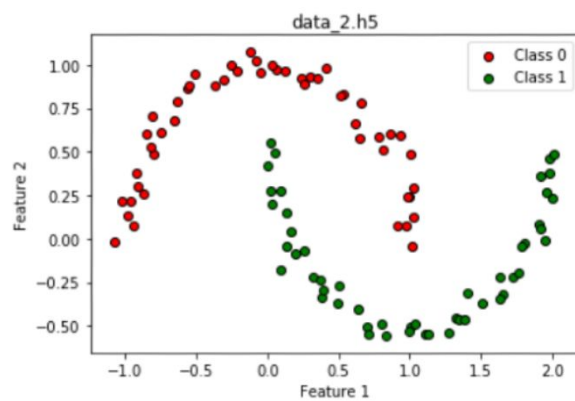
Original No of Examples: 100  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 100



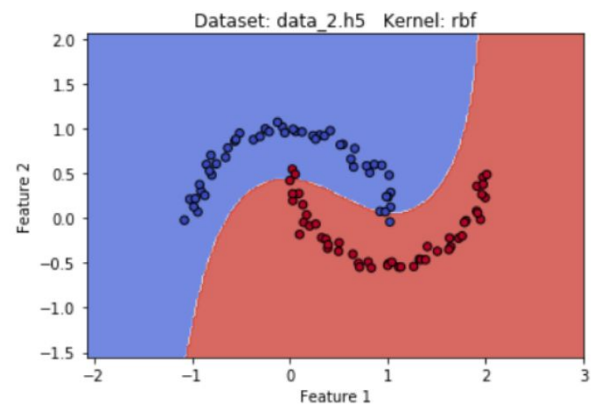
Original No of Examples: 100  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 100



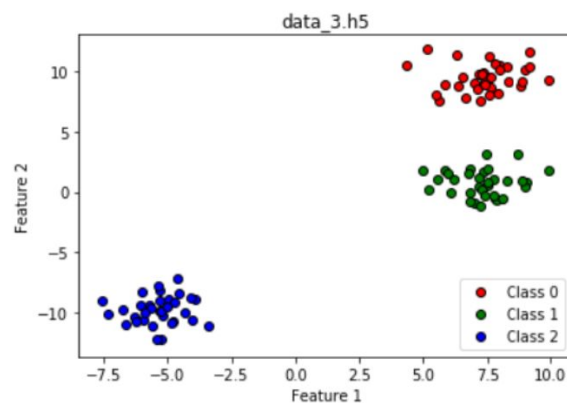
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No of Examples after removing outliers: 100



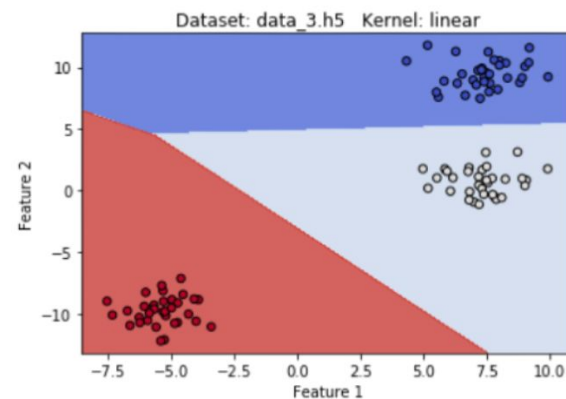
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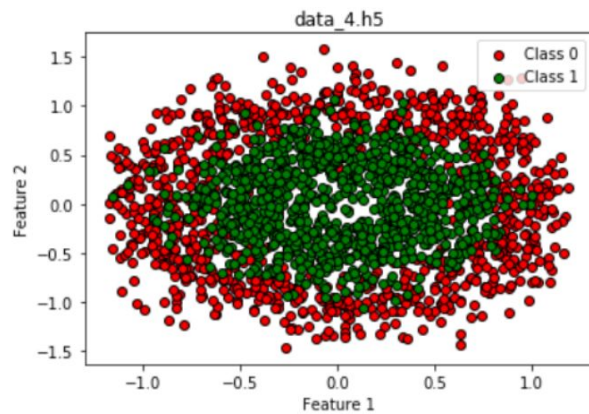
Original No of Examples: 100  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 100



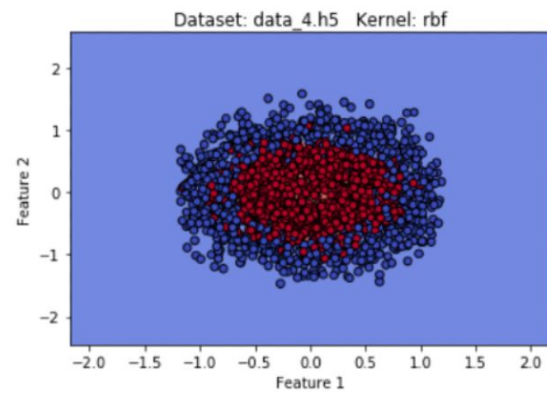
Original No of Examples: 100  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 100



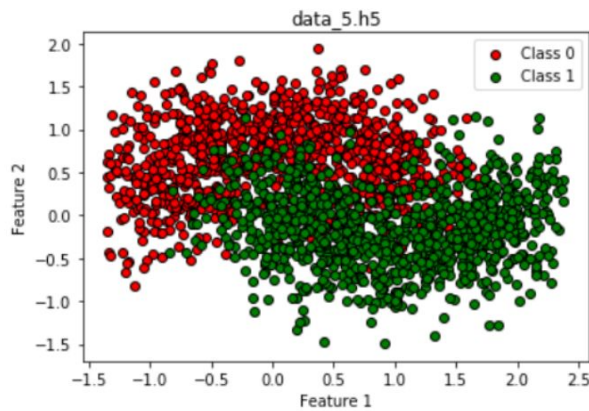
Original No of Examples: 2000  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 1946



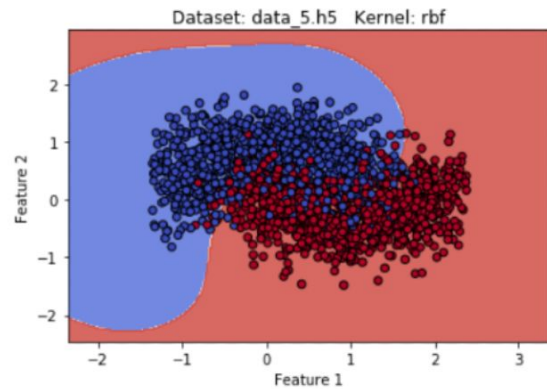
Original No of Examples: 2000  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 1946



Original No of Examples: 2000  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 1938



Original No of Examples: 2000  
No of Examples after removing outliers: 1938



Outliers are removed using normal distribution considering the fact that most of the data which are **not** outliers lie between  $\text{mean} - 3 \times \text{standard\_deviation}$  to  $\text{mean} + 3 \times \text{standard\_deviation}$ .



## Q1 - Part 4

### DATASET 4

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Accuracy using Linear Kernel:

Accuracy using SVM prediction function = 53.58974358974359

Accuracy using own prediction function = 50.0

Accuracy using RBF Kernel:

Accuracy using SVM prediction function = 88.71794871794872

Accuracy using own prediction function = 87.6923076923077

### DATASET 5

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Accuracy using Linear Kernel:

Accuracy using SVM prediction function = 82.21649484536083

Accuracy using own prediction function = 81.95876288659794

Accuracy using RBF Kernel:

Accuracy using SVM prediction function = 82.9896907216495

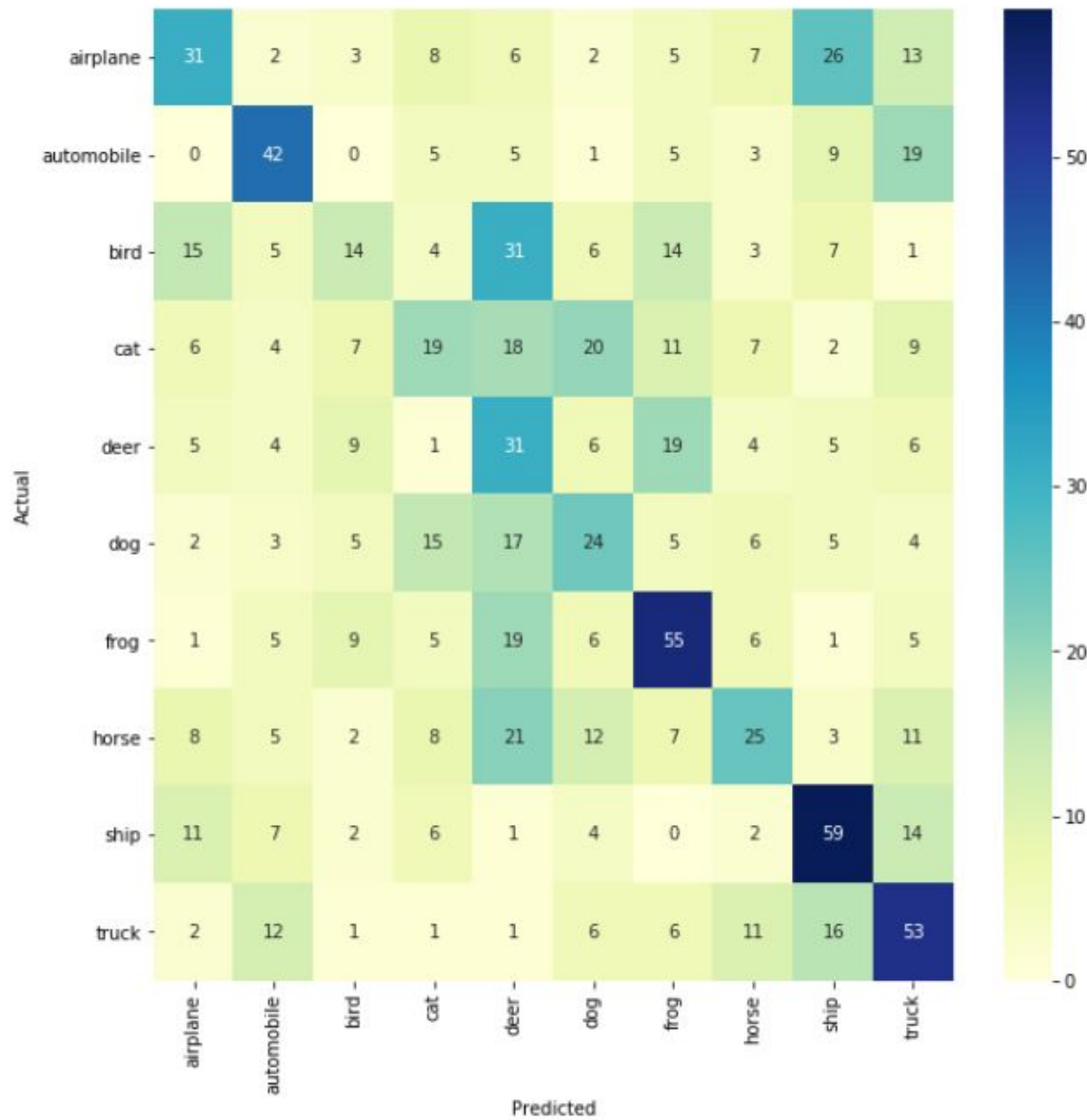
Accuracy using own prediction function = 77.83505154639175

## Q2 : SVM ON CIFAR 10 DATASET

RBF kernel performs the best.  
 Highest accuracy of this model is: 35.3%

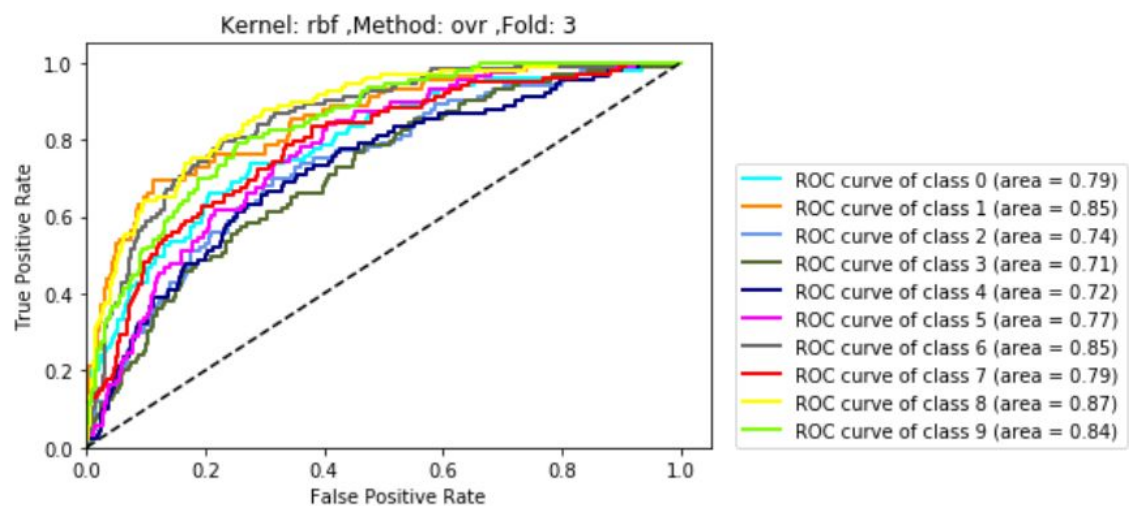
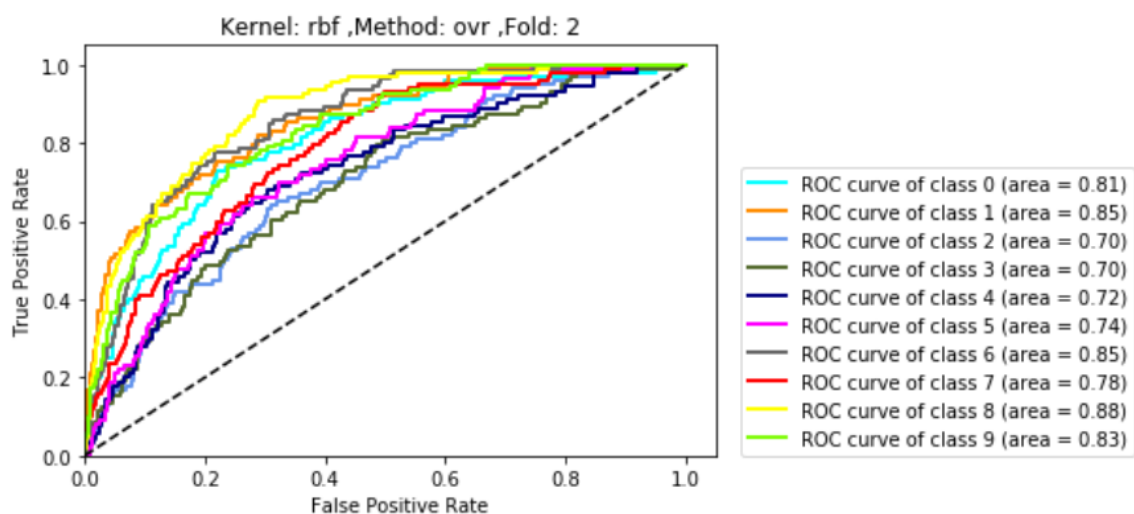
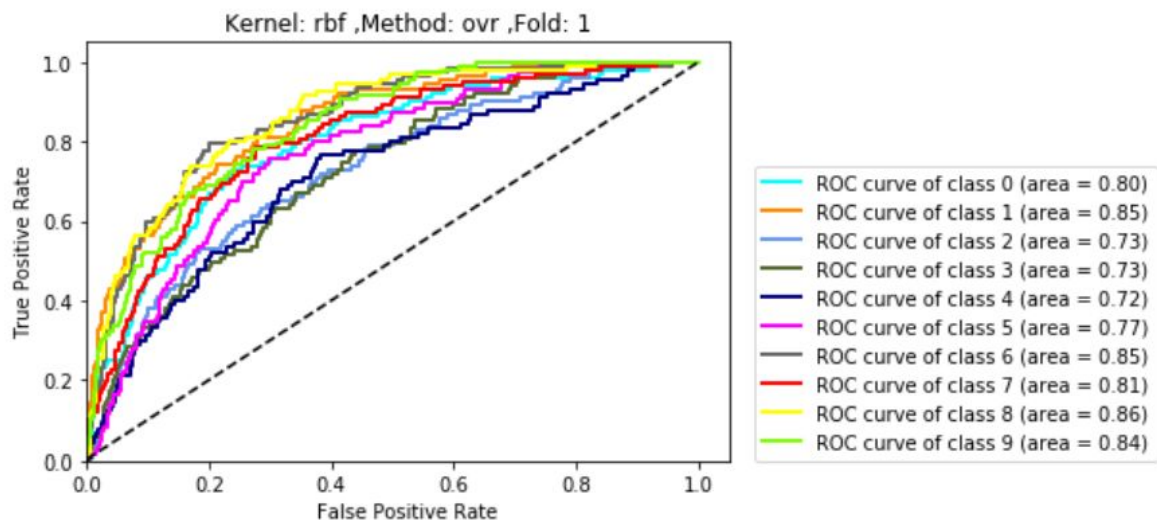
### ❑ It's Confusion Matrix:

Fold : 5  
 Accuracy : 35.3 %

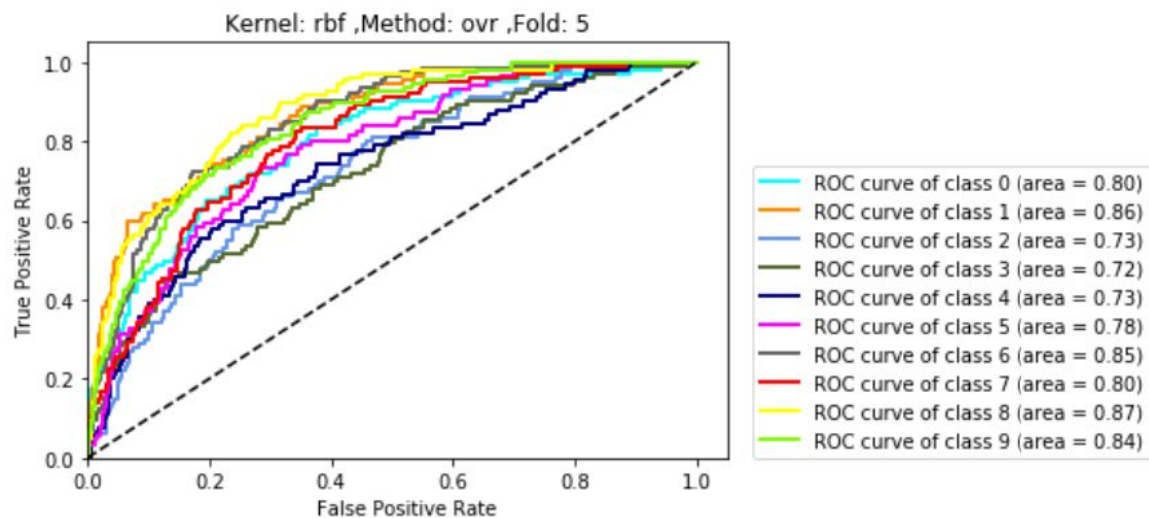
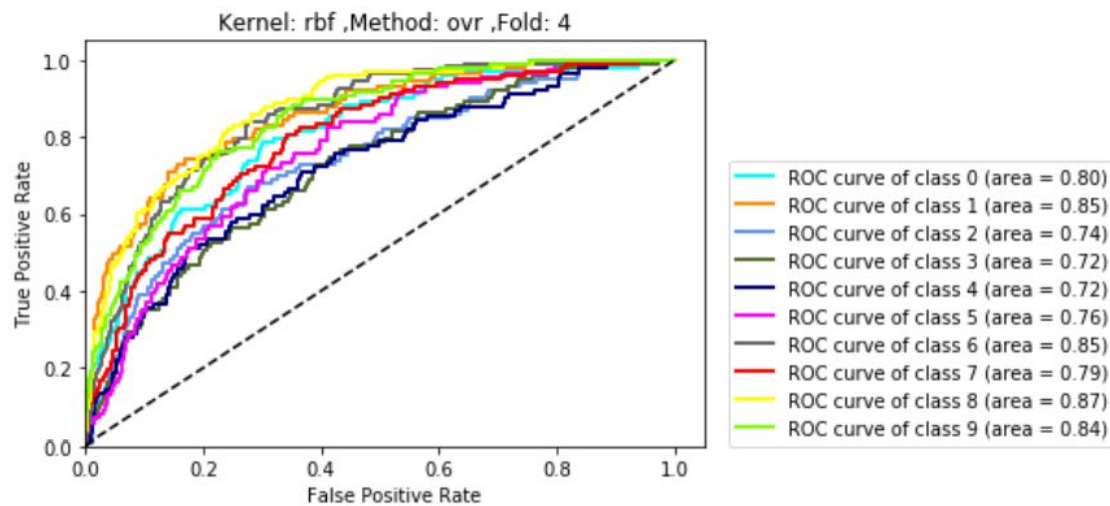


## ❑ It's ROC Curve: (For one-vs-all classification method over 5 folds)

All other ROC curves are submitted in the project folder.







**NOTE:** ALL OTHER DIAGRAMS FOR ALL FOLDS AND ALL METHODS ARE SUBMITTED IN THE PROJECT FOLDER.

### Accuracy report:

i) No Kernel:	29.7%
ii) RBF Kernel:	35.3%
iii) Quadratic Polynomial Kernel:	31.8%

Clearly RBF Kernel performs the best as it gives highest accuracy and area under the curve in ROC.