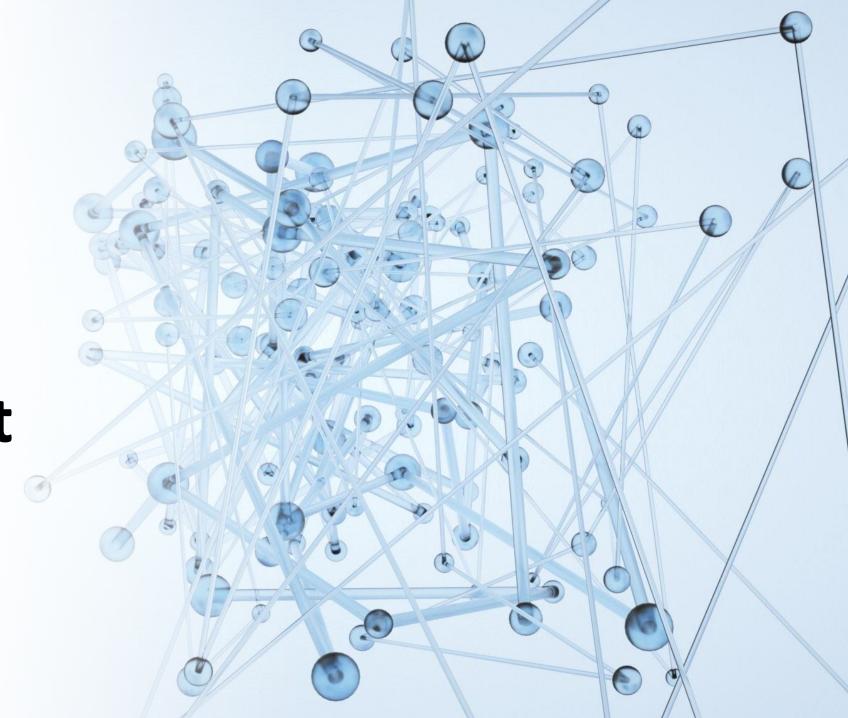
# Credit EDA Assignment

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#### **Business Understanding**

#### **Problem Statement**

- Consumer finance company which specialize in lending various types of loans to urban customers find it hard to give loans to the people due to:
  - their insufficient or
  - non-existent credit history
- When the company receives a loan application, the company must decide for loan approval based on the applicant's profile.
- Two types of risks are associated with the bank's decision:
  - If the applicant is likely to repay the loan, then not approving the loan results in a loss of business to the company
  - If the applicant is not likely to repay the loan, i.e., he/she is likely to default, then approving the loan may lead to a financial loss for the company.

#### **Business Objectives:**

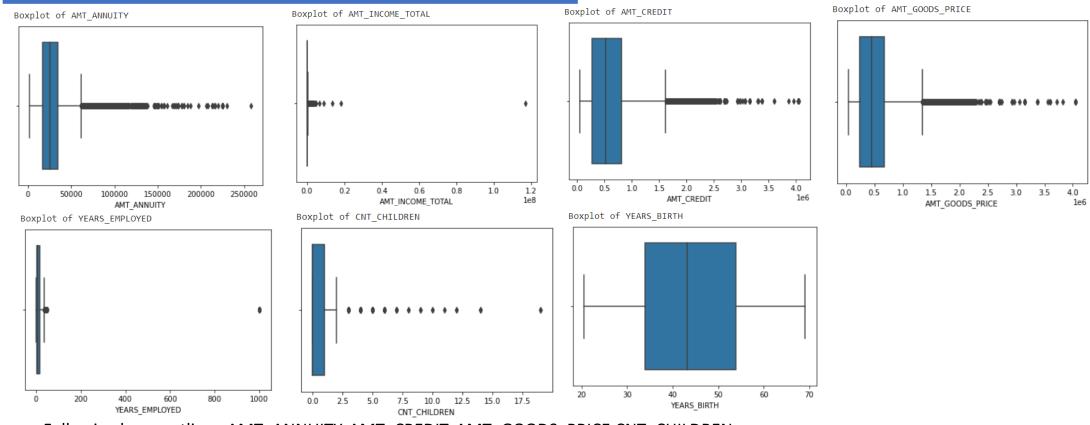
- To identify patterns which indicate if a client has difficulty paying their instalments which may be used for taking actions such as denying the loan, reducing the amount of loan, lending (to risky applicants) at a higher interest rate, etc.
- This will ensure that the consumers capable of repaying the loan are not rejected.
- To understand the driving factors (or driver variables) behind loan default, i.e., the variables which are strong indicators of default.
- The company can utilize this knowledge for its portfolio and risk assessment.

### **EDA Approach Taken**

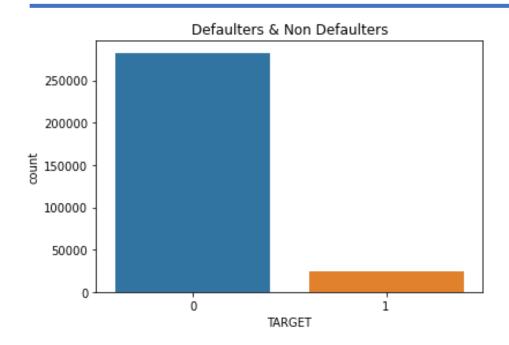
- Develop the understanding of domain Business Problem and Objectives
- Understanding the Data provided variables
- Importing the Data Sets
- Check the structure of the dataset
- Data Cleaning and Manipulation
  - missing value imputation analysis and removing data redundancies
  - Standardization of data removing negative values, creating buckets, etc.
  - Converting to appropriate data types
- Identify outliers in the dataset\*
  - Insights from outliers
- Data Analysis:
  - Data Imbalance
  - Perform univariate analysis
  - Perform bi/multivariate analysis
- Provide recommendations

<sup>\*</sup> As per case study objective, removal of outliers is not expected, hence they are kept as is

# **Current Application Data – Outliers Analysis**



- Following have outliers: AMT\_ANNUITY, AMT\_CREDIT, AMT\_GOODS\_PRICE, CNT\_CHILDREN
- There are huge outliers in AMT\_INCOME\_TOTAL indicating that there are people with extremely high income as compared to the others.
- YEARS\_EMPLOYED has outlier values such as 1000 YEARS which is not natural. This may be because of incorrect entry or some other problems while capturing the data.
- CNT\_CHILDREN indicates values beyond 15 which again seems to be not natural. It means having more than 15 children.
- Of all the plots DAYS BIRTH has no outliers which means the data is good.

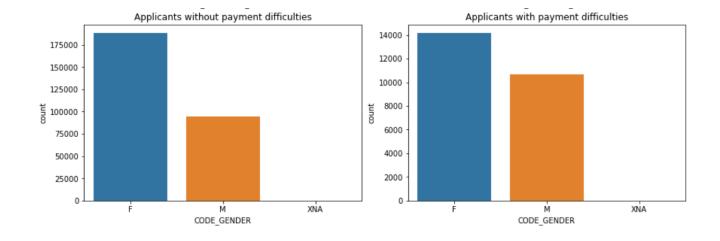


```
appdata1['TARGET'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100

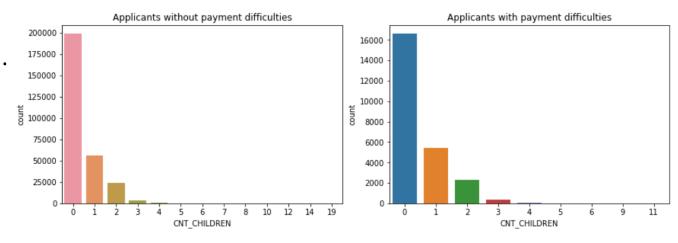
0 91.927118
1 8.072882
Name: TARGET, dtype: float64
```

- 92% of the applicants have done payment on time and rest 8% have defaulted.
- This seems to be a practical scenario and there is problem in the data set at high level.
- This is also a good situation for bank.

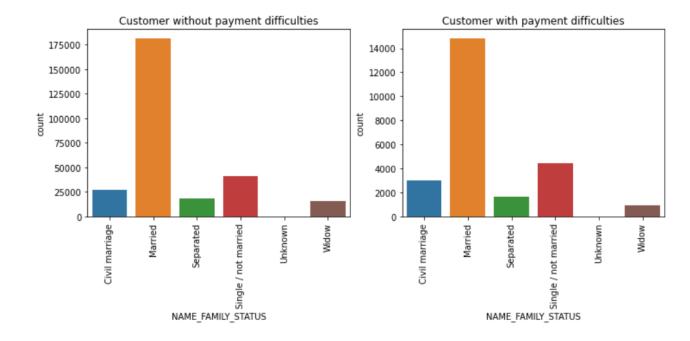
- Females are taking more loans
- Amongst defaulter's men are having higher chances of defaulting than females



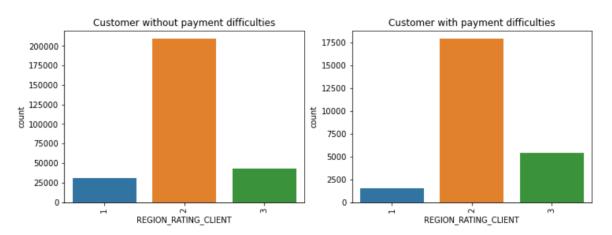
- Majority of the applicants do not have children.
- Applicants with zero to two children tend to repay the loans. Rest all may be risky



- Married people apply for loans more than anyone else
- People who have civil marriage or who are single default a lot.

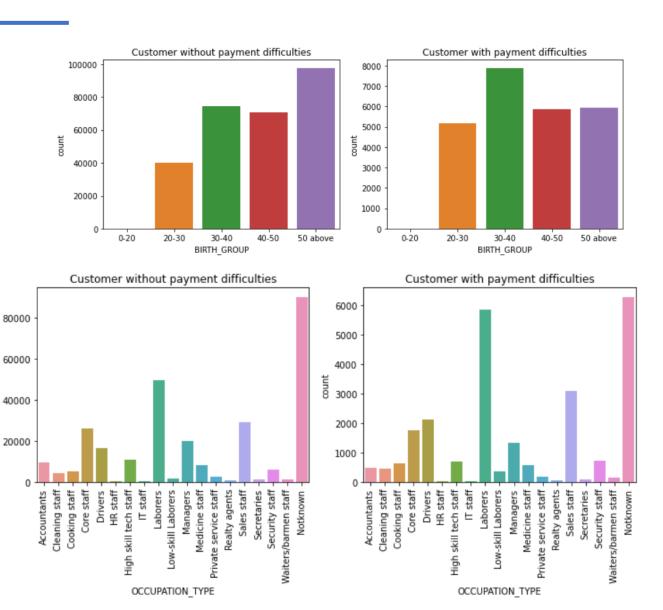


- Majority of the applicants are from region rating 2
- Applicants from region rating 3 are having max defaults
- Region rating 1 applicants seem to be less defaulters



- Majority of applicants is residing in middle age (30 to 50 years)
- Age group of 20-40 are having higher likelihood of defaulting
- Whereas above age of 50 have less likelihood of defaulting

 Following are high risk applicants Lowskill Laborers, Drivers and Waiters/barmen staff, Security staff, Laborers and Cooking staff



#### Numeric Variable Analysis - Top 10 Correlations Analysis

#### Non\_defaulters

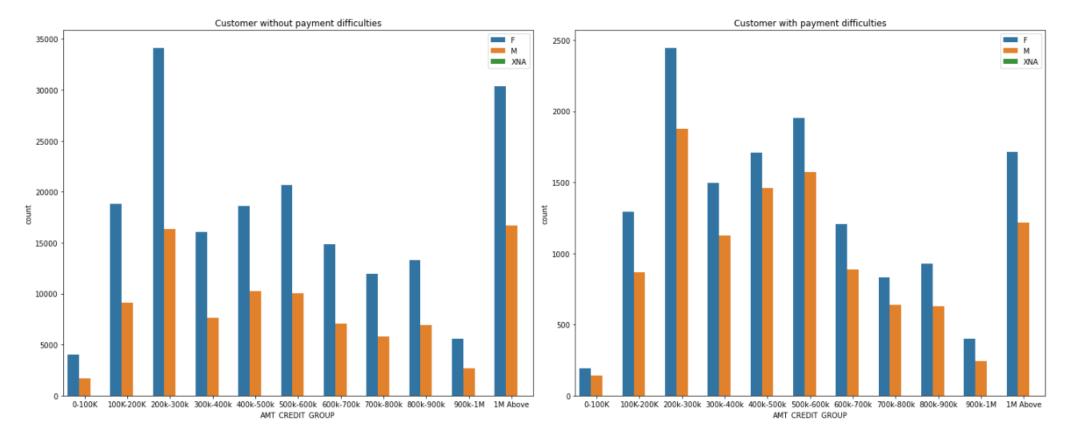
40 23 50 39 77 28	pairs  (AMT_CREDIT, AMT_GOODS_PRICE)  (CNT_CHILDREN, CNT_FAM_MEMBERS)  (AMT_ANNUITY, AMT_GOODS_PRICE)  (AMT_CREDIT, AMT_ANNUITY)  (YEARS_BIRTH, YEARS_EMPLOYED)  (AMT_INCOME_TOTAL, AMT_GOODS_PRICE)	0.878571 0.776421 0.771297 0.626114 0.418948	40 23 50 39 77 78 79
	, ,		
27 78 85	(AMT_INCOME_TOTAL, AMT_CREDIT) (YEARS_BIRTH, YEARS_REGISTRATION) (YEARS_EMPLOYED, YEARS_ID_PUBLISH)	0.342799 0.333151 0.276663	85 103 84

#### **Defaulters**

```
pairs
                                             corr
          (AMT CREDIT, AMT GOODS PRICE)
                                         0.982783
        (CNT CHILDREN, CNT FAM MEMBERS)
                                         0.885484
         (AMT ANNUITY, AMT GOODS PRICE)
                                        0.752295
              (AMT CREDIT, AMT ANNUITY)
                                        0.752195
          (YEARS BIRTH, YEARS EMPLOYED)
                                        0.582185
      (YEARS BIRTH, YEARS REGISTRATION)
                                        0.289114
        (YEARS BIRTH, YEARS ID PUBLISH)
                                        0.252863
    (YEARS EMPLOYED, YEARS ID PUBLISH)
                                         0.229090
(EXT_SOURCE 2, YEARS LAST_PHONE CHANGE)
                                         0.207071
   (YEARS EMPLOYED, YEARS REGISTRATION)
                                        0.192455
```

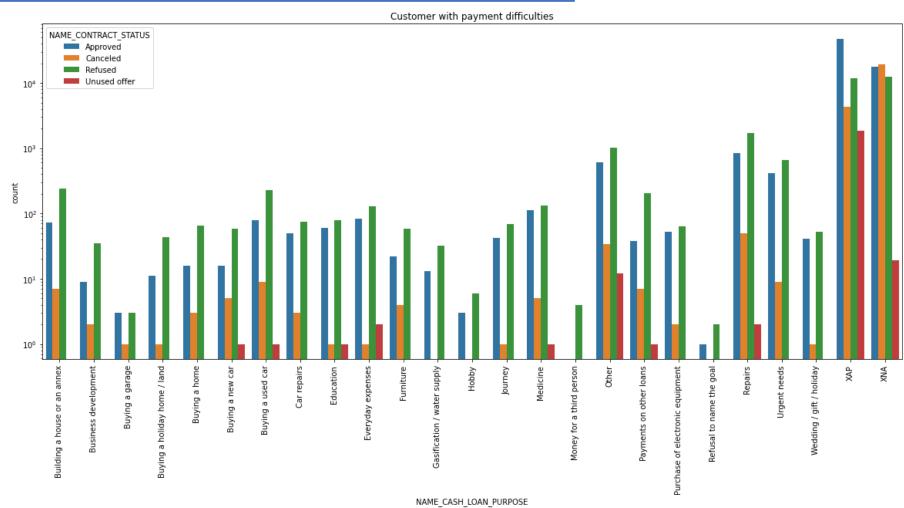
- Credit amount is highly correlated with amount of goods price which is same as non defaulters.
- But the loan annuity correlation with credit amount has slightly reduced in defaulters (0.75) when compared to repayers (0.77)
- We can also see that repayers have high correlation in number of days employed(0.62) when compared to defaulters(0.58).
- There is a severe drop in the correlation between total income of the client and the credit amount (0.038) amongst defaulters
  whereas it is 0.342 among repayers.
- Days\_birth and number of children correlation has reduced to 0.259 in defaulters when compared to 0.337 in repayers.
- There is a slight increase in defaulted to observed count in social circle among defaulters(0.264) when compared to repayers(0.254)

Bivariate analysis on CODE\_GENDER and AMT\_CREDIT\_GROUP



• Male applicants who get credit between 300K to 600K are the majority of the defaulters

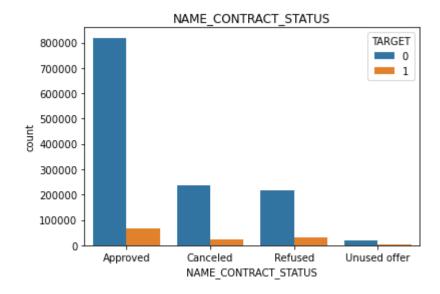
## **Merged Data Analysis**



- CASH\_LOAN\_PURPOSE has high number of values XAP and XNA
- Loan taken for repairs, urgent need and others are having highest defaulters
- Whenever loan has been taken for repair and other work, the bank has rejected or the applicant has refused.

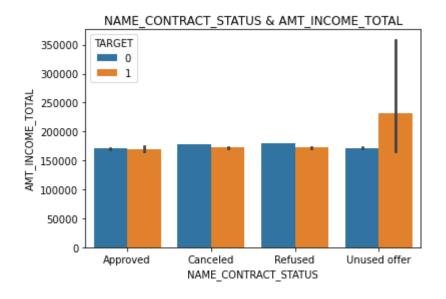
## **Merged Data Analysis**

#### CONTRACT\_STATUS & Loan Repayment



- Majority of the prev cancelled applicants have repayed the loan.
- Lot of applicants who have been previously refused a loan have done a repayment in current case

#### **Total Income & Contract Status**



- Applicants with higher income than others have defaulted with contract status - unused offer
- Lot of people are cancelling or leaving their offers unused. This needs further investigation

#### Recommendation

- Gender: Females are less likely to default and generally men are high risk, especially who get credit between 300K to 600K
- Family: Applicants with few children tend to pay back loans
- Age: Applicants above age of 50 are safest while age group of 20-40 is high risk
- **Credit Amount**: People (both male and females) who get loan for 300-600k tend to default more than others and hence having higher interest specifically for this credit range would be ideal.
- Loan Purpose: Loan taken for repairs, urgent need and others are having highest defaulters
- Contract Status:
  - Majority of the prev cancelled applicants have repayed the loan.
  - Lot of people are cancelling or leaving their offers unused. This needs further investigation