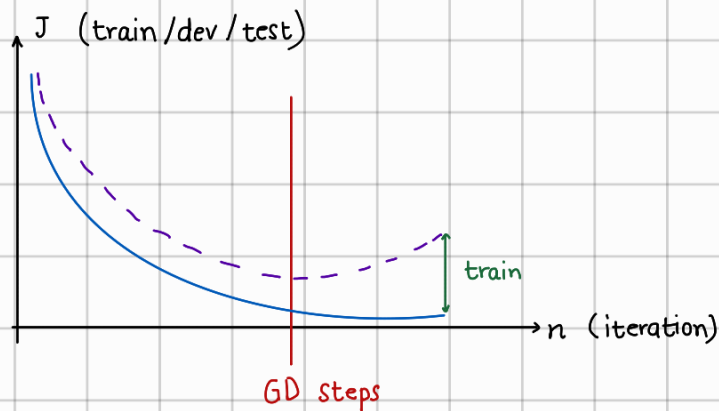


Machine Learning in Particle Physics

Early Stopping:

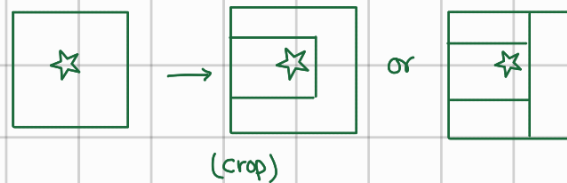
Regularization
(L2, drop-out)

niter = 180, 200



MNIST

Data Augmentation - I

Solving ODE via NN

$$\frac{dg(x)}{dx} = g'(x) = -\gamma g(x) ; g(0) = g_0$$

Assume: $\gamma = 2, g_0 = 10$ Analytical solution: $g(x) = g_0 e^{-\gamma x} = 10e^{-2x}$ Trial Solution:

$$g_t(x) = g_t(x, p) = \underbrace{h_1(x)}_{w, b} + \underbrace{h_2(x, N(x, p))}_{\text{Neural network}} = \underbrace{\vec{g}_0 + x N(x, p)}_{\text{Neural network}}$$

$$g'_t(x) = -\gamma g_t(x)$$

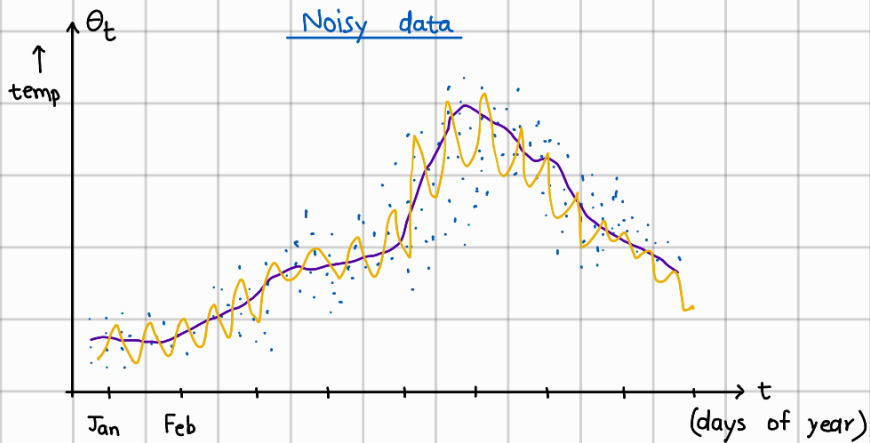
Cost function: $(\text{LHS} - \text{RHS})^2 \rightarrow \text{minimize}$ For $x_i ; i = 1, 2, \dots, N$

$$\min_p \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^N \left[g'_t(x_i, p) - [-\gamma g_t(x_i, p)] \right]^2 \right\}$$

● Adam Optimization

[TensorFlow (keras)] → Next Class.

Exponentially weighted average



Initialize : $V_0 = 0$

day 1 — $V_1 = 0.9 V_0 + 0.1 \theta_1$

day 2 — $V_2 = 0.9 V_1 + 0.1 \theta_2$

...

for day t — $V_t = \beta V_{t-1} + (1-\beta) \theta_t$

V_t approximately avg over $t = \frac{1}{1-\beta}$ days

$\beta = 0.9 \rightarrow t = 10$

$\beta = 0.98 \rightarrow t = 50$

→ peak will shift to the right

$$V_{100} = 0.9 V_{99} + 0.1 \theta_{100}$$

$$V_{99} = 0.9 V_{98} + 0.1 \theta_{99}$$

$$V_{98} = 0.9 V_{97} + 0.1 \theta_{98}$$

$$V_{100} = 0.1 \theta_{100} + 0.9(0.1 \theta_{99} + 0.9(0.1 \theta_{98} + 0.9(0.1 \theta_{97} + \dots)))$$

$$= 0.1 \theta_{100} + (0.1)(0.9)^1 \theta_{99} + (0.1)(0.9)^2 \theta_{98} + (0.1)(0.9)^3 \theta_{97} + \dots$$

→ weighted sum

