

# Project Report: Library Fine Calculator in C++

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## 1. Introduction

The **Library Fine Calculator** is an automated tool designed to address the challenges faced by libraries in India, such as manual calculation errors and administrative overhead during peak hours. By utilizing an **Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)** approach, this system provides a transparent and efficient way to manage overdue book returns and ensure students receive accurate, instant fine calculations.

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## 2. Problem Statement

Manual fine management is often time-consuming and prone to human error. Librarians frequently struggle with:

- Maintaining accurate records for multiple books simultaneously.
  - Applying complex fine structures consistently.
  - Resolving disputes with students over calculated amounts.
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## 3. Objectives

The primary goals of this project are:

- **Accept Book Details:** Provide a user-friendly interface to capture titles and overdue duration.
  - **Automated Calculation:** Apply conditional logic to determine fines based on predefined rules.
  - **Generate Receipts:** Produce professional, formatted documentation for every transaction.
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## 4. Technical Architecture

The application is built using **C++** and follows a modular class-based design.

### Core Concepts Used

- **Classes & Objects:** Used as a blueprint to model the library's real-world entities.
- **Encapsulation:** Protects data by keeping members like `totalFine` private and accessible only through controlled methods.
- **Conditional Logic:** Implements the tiered fine structure through nested `if-else` statements.

#### **Class Structure:** LibraryFineCalculator

- **Data Members:** Includes `memberName`, `bookTitle`, `daysOverdue`, and `totalFine`.
  - **Member Functions:**
    - `inputDetails()`: Collects user data via console.
    - `calculateFine()`: Computes the penalty based on duration.
    - `displayReceipt()`: Outputs the final transaction details.
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## **5. Fine Structure & Logic**

The system applies the following rules to calculate the total penalty:

| Overdue Duration | Fine Rate (Rupees) |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 0 Days           | No Fine            |
| 1–5 Days         | ₹5 per day         |
| 6–10 Days        | ₹10 per day        |
| Above 10 Days    | ₹20 per day        |

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## **6. Implementation Flow**

The program execution follows a linear, three-phase flow:

1. **Input Phase:** Prompts for the member's name, book title, and overdue days.
  2. **Logic Phase:** Uses the rates above to determine the amount (e.g., 8 days results in a ₹80 fine).
  3. **Output Phase:** Displays a formatted "Fine Receipt" with all details for transparency.
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## 7. Conclusion and Future Scope

The **Library Fine Calculator** project successfully demonstrates how **Object-Oriented Programming** can be applied to solve real-world administrative challenges. By automating a previously manual process, the system ensures higher accuracy, saves significant time during peak hours, and provides a transparent record that builds trust between the library staff and students.

Beyond its immediate utility, the program serves as a robust educational resource for understanding core C++ principles like **encapsulation** and **modular design**.

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### Future Scope

To further enhance the system and move toward a comprehensive library management solution, the following features are planned:

- **Database Integration:** Connecting the application to **MySQL** or **PostgreSQL** to maintain permanent historical records for data analysis and reporting.
- **Student Account System:** Implementing a login portal where students can view their borrowing history linked to their unique identification numbers.
- **Multi-Book Support:** Extending the class logic to handle multiple book returns in a single transaction using **arrays** or **vectors**.
- **Web/GUI Development:** Transitioning from a command-line interface to a **web-based application** to allow access from any device across the university campus.