

Stage 2. Relocate and retire node1

Upgrade controllers

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Stage 2. Relocate and retire node1

Overview

During Stage 2, you relocate node1 non-root aggregates and NAS data LIFs to node2. This process is largely automated; the operation pauses to enable you to check its status. You must manually resume the operation. If required, you relocate failed or vetoed aggregates. You also record the necessary node1 information, retire node1, and prepare to netboot node3 and node4 later in the procedure.

Steps

- 1. Relocate non-root aggregates and NAS data LIFs owned by node1 to node2
- 2. Relocate failed or vetoed aggregates
- 3. Retire node1
- 4. Prepare for netboot

Relocate non-root aggregates and NAS data LIFs owned by node1 to node2

Before you can replace node1 with node3, you must move the non-root aggregates and NAS data LIFs from node1 to node2 before eventually moving node1's resources to node3.

Before you begin

The operation should already be paused when you begin the task; you must manually resume the operation.

About this task

After the aggregates and LIFs are migrated, the operation is paused for verification purposes. At this stage, you must verify whether or not all the non-root aggregates and non-SAN data LIFs are migrated to node3.



The home owner for the aggregates and LIFs is not modified; only the current owner is modified.

Steps

1. Resume the aggregate relocation and NAS data LIF move operations:

```
system controller replace resume
```

All the non-root aggregates and NAS data LIFs are migrated from node1 to node2.

The operation pauses to enable you to verify whether all node1 non-root aggregates and non-SAN data LIFs have been migrated to node2.

2. Check the status of the aggregate relocation and NAS data LIF move operations:

```
system controller replace show-details
```

3. With the operation still paused, verify that all the non-root aggregates are online for their state on node2:

```
storage aggregate show -node node2 -state online -root false
```

The following example shows that the non-root aggregates on node2 are online:

If the aggregates have gone offline or become foreign on node2, bring them online by using the following command on node2, once for each aggregate:

```
storage aggregate online -aggregate aggr_name
```

4. Verify that all the volumes are online on node2 by using the following command on node2 and examining its output:

```
volume show -node node2 -state offline
```

If any volumes are offline on node2, bring them online by using the following command on node2, once for each volume:

```
volume online -vserver vserver name -volume volume name
```

The <code>vserver_name</code> to use with this command is found in the output of the previous <code>volume show</code> command.

5. If any LIFs are down, set the administrative status of the LIFs to up by using the following command, once for each LIF:

```
network interface modify -vserver vserver_name -lif LIF_name -home-node
nodename -status-admin up
```

Relocate failed or vetoed aggregates

If any aggregates fail to relocate or are vetoed, you must manually relocate the aggregates, or if necessary, override either the vetoes or destination checks.

About this task

The relocation operation will have paused due to the error.

Steps

- 1. Check the event management system (EMS) logs to determine why the aggregate failed to relocate or was vetoed.
- 2. Relocate any failed or vetoed aggregates:

```
storage aggregate relocation start -node node1 -destination node2 -aggregate -list aggr\_name -ndo-controller-upgrade true
```

- 3. When prompted, enter y.
- 4. You can force relocation by using one of the following methods:

Option	Description					
Overriding veto checks	Use the following command: storage aggregate relocation start -node node1 -destination node2 -aggregate-list aggr_list -ndo -controller-upgrade true -override-vetoes true					
Overriding destination checks	Use the following command: storage aggregate relocation start -node node1 -destination node2 -aggregate-list aggr_list -ndo -controller-upgrade true -override-vetoes true -override-destination-checks true					

Retire node1

To retire node1, you resume the automated operation to disable the HA pair with node2 and shut node1 down correctly. Later in the procedure, you remove node1 from the rack or chassis.

Steps

1. Resume the operation:

```
system controller replace resume
```

2. Verify that node1 has been halted:

```
system controller replace show-details
```

After you finish

You can decommission node1 after the upgrade is completed. See Decommission the old system.

Prepare for netboot

After you physically rack node3 and node4 later in the procedure, you might need to netboot them. The term "netboot" means you are booting from an ONTAP image stored on a remote server. When preparing for netboot, you put a copy of the ONTAP 9 boot image onto a web server that the system can access.

Before you begin

- Verify that you can access a HTTP server with the system.
- Refer to References to link to the *NetApp Support Site* and download the necessary system files for your platform and the correct version of ONTAP.

About this task

You must netboot the new controllers if they do not have the same version of ONTAP 9 installed on them that is installed on the original controllers. After you install each new controller, you boot the system from the ONTAP 9 image stored on the web server. You can then download the correct files to the boot media device for subsequent system boots.

Steps

- 1. Access the NetApp Support Site to download the files used for performing the netboot of the system.
- 2. Download the appropriate ONTAP software from the software download section of the NetApp Support Site and store the <ontap version> image.tgz file on a web-accessible directory.
- 3. Change to the web-accessible directory and verify that the files you need are available.

For	Then						
FAS/AFF8000 series systems	Extract the contents of the <ontap_version>_image.tgz file to the target directory: tar -zxvf <ontap_version>_image.tgz If you are extracting the contents on Windows, use 7-Zip or WinRAR to extract the netboot image. Your directory listing should contain a netboot folder with a kernel file: netboot/kernel</ontap_version></ontap_version>						
<ontap_ve< td=""><td>version>_image.tgz You do not need to extract the contents of the <ontap_version>_image.tgz file.</ontap_version></td></ontap_ve<>		version>_image.tgz You do not need to extract the contents of the <ontap_version>_image.tgz file.</ontap_version>					

You will use the information in the directories in Stage 3.

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