

18. $z = -x$
inside cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$
 $\vec{r}(s, t) = \langle s \cos t, s \sin t, -s \cos t \rangle$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = \langle \cos t, \sin t, -\cos t \rangle$$

$$5\overset{\cdot}{\underset{\cdot}{\text{I}}} - 0\overset{\cdot}{\underset{\cdot}{\text{f}}} + 5\overset{\cdot}{\underset{\cdot}{\text{K}}}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 (s\sqrt{z}) \, ds \, dt$$

$$-2s \cos t + 2s \sin t + (s \cos 2t + s \sin 2t)$$

$$\sqrt{4s^2 \cos^2 + 4s^2 \sin^2 + s^2} = \sqrt{5s^2} = s\sqrt{5}$$

$$\vec{r}(s, t) = (\cos t, \sin t, s)$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = -\sin t \cdot 1 + \cos t \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot k$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^4 1 \, ds \, dt$$

HW #7

23. $z = 2 - x^2 - y^2$ $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$
 $z = 2 - z^2$

$\vec{r}(s, t) = (s \cos t, s \sin t, 2 - s^2)$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial s} = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j} - 2s \hat{k}$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial t} = -s \sin t \hat{i} + s \cos t \hat{j}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \cos t & \sin t & -2s \\ -s \sin t & s \cos t & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (2r^2 \cos t) \hat{i} + (2r^2 \sin t) \hat{j} + r \hat{k}$$

$\sqrt{4s^4 \cos^2 t + 4s^4 \sin^2 t + s^2}$
 $= s \sqrt{4s^2 + 1}$

$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 s \sqrt{4s^2 + 1} \, ds \, dt$

25. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2$ $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

$x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$, $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$

$z = \rho \cos \phi \Rightarrow \rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} = \sqrt{2}$

$\vec{r}(\phi, \theta) = (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} + (\sqrt{2} \cos \phi) \hat{k}$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \phi} = (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} - (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi) \hat{k}$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \theta} = (-\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \sin \theta) \hat{i} + (\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \cos \theta) \hat{j}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \sqrt{2} \cos \phi \sin \theta & \sqrt{2} \sin \phi \cos \theta & -\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \\ -\sqrt{2} \sin \phi \sin \theta & \sqrt{2} \sin \phi \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (2 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} + (2 \sin \phi \cos \phi) \hat{k}$$

$\sqrt{4 \sin^4 \phi \cos^2 \theta + 4 \sin^4 \phi \sin^2 \theta + 4 \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \phi} = \sqrt{4 \sin^2 \phi} = 2 \sin \phi$

$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi} 2 \sin \phi \, d\phi \, d\theta$

26. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$, $z = 1$, $z = \sqrt{3}$

$\vec{r}(\phi, \theta) = (2 \sin \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (2 \sin \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} + (2 \cos \phi) \hat{k}$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \phi} = (2 \cos \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (2 \cos \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} - (2 \sin \phi) \hat{k}$

$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \theta} = (-2 \sin \phi \sin \theta) \hat{i} + (2 \sin \phi \cos \theta) \hat{j}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 \cos \phi \cos \theta & 2 \cos \phi \sin \theta & -2 \sin \phi \\ -2 \sin \phi \sin \theta & 2 \sin \phi \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (4 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (4 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} + (4 \sin \phi \cos \phi) \hat{k}$$

$\sqrt{16 \sin^4 \phi \cos^2 \theta + 16 \sin^4 \phi \sin^2 \theta + 16 \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \phi} = \sqrt{16 \sin^2 \phi} = 4 \sin \phi$

$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/3}^{\pi/2} 4 \sin \phi \, d\phi \, d\theta$

HW #7

37. $x^2 + y^2 - z = 0$ $z=0$ $z=2$
 $\nabla f = 2x\mathbf{i} + 2y\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ $p=k$

$$\sqrt{(2x)^2 + (2y)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}$$

$$\iint_R \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1} \, dx \, dy = \iint_R \sqrt{4r^2 \cos^2 \theta + 4r^2 \sin^2 \theta + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

38. $x^2 + y^2 - z = 0$ $z=2$ $z=6$
 $\nabla f = 2x\mathbf{i} + 2y\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ $\sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}$

$$\iint_R \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1} \, dx \, dy = \iint_R \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{6}} \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

39. $x + 2y + 2z = 5$ $x = 2 - y^2$ $p=k$
 $|\nabla f \cdot p| = 2$

$$\nabla f = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$$

$$\sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2} = 3$$

$x = y^2$ and $x = 2 - y^2$ intersect @ $(1, 1)$ and $(1, -1)$

$$\iint_R \frac{|\nabla f|}{|\nabla f \cdot p|} \, dA = \iint_R \frac{3}{2} \, dx \, dy = \int_{-1}^1 \int_{y^2}^{2-y^2} \frac{3}{2} \, dx \, dy$$

$2\sin\theta\mathbf{j}$
 \mathbf{k}
 $-2\sin\theta$
 $-2\sin\theta$

HW # 7-1030, #14-12

19. $F = z^2 \mathbf{i} + x \mathbf{j} - 3z \mathbf{k}$ $z = 4 - y^2$

$\mathbf{r}(x, y) = \langle x, y, 4 - y^2 \rangle$

$\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial x} = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$

$\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial y} = \langle 0, 1, -2y \rangle$

$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2y \end{vmatrix} = -2y \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

$F = \langle z^2, x, -3z \rangle$

$\langle (4 - y^2)^2, x, -3(4 - y^2) \rangle$

$\langle y^4 - 8y^2 + 16, x, 3y^2 - 12 \rangle$

$F \cdot \mathbf{N} = \langle y^4 - 8y^2 + 16, x, 3y^2 - 12 \rangle \cdot \langle 0, 2y, 1 \rangle$

$\langle 0 + 2yx + 3y^2 - 12 \rangle$
 $= 2xy + 3y^2 - 12$

$\int_0^1 \int_{-2}^2 (2xy + 3y^2 - 12) dy dx$

20. $F = x^2 \mathbf{i} - xz \mathbf{j}$ $y = x^2$

$f(x, z) = x^2 \mathbf{i} + x^2 \mathbf{j} + z \mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x \mathbf{i} + 2x \mathbf{j} + 0 \mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 0 \mathbf{i} + 0 \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 2x & 2x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (2x - 0) \mathbf{i} - (1 - 0) \mathbf{j} - (0 - 0) \mathbf{k}$
 $= 2x \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$

$(0 \mathbf{i} + x^2 \mathbf{j} + (-xz) \mathbf{k}) \cdot (2x \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 0 \mathbf{k})$

$(2 \cdot 2x) + (x^2 \cdot -1) + (-xz \cdot 0) = -x^2$

$\int_0^2 \int_{-1}^1 -x^2 dx dz$

21. $F = z \mathbf{k}$ $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$

$\mathbf{r}(\phi, \theta) = (a \sin \phi \cos \theta) \mathbf{i} + (a \sin \phi \sin \theta) \mathbf{j} + (a \cos \phi) \mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \phi} = (a \cos \phi \cos \theta) \mathbf{i} + (a \cos \phi \sin \theta) \mathbf{j} - (a \sin \phi) \mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \theta} = (-a \sin \phi \sin \theta) \mathbf{i} + (a \sin \phi \cos \theta) \mathbf{j}$

$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ a \cos \phi \cos \theta & a \cos \phi \sin \theta & -a \sin \phi \\ -a \sin \phi \sin \theta & a \sin \phi \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta) \mathbf{i} + (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \mathbf{j} +$

$F \cdot \mathbf{N} d\sigma = F \cdot \frac{\mathbf{r}_\phi \times \mathbf{r}_\theta}{|\mathbf{r}_\phi \times \mathbf{r}_\theta|} \cdot |\mathbf{r}_\phi \times \mathbf{r}_\theta| d\phi d\theta = a^3 \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi d\phi d\theta$

$F = z \mathbf{k} = a \cos \phi \mathbf{k}$

$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} F \cdot \mathbf{N} d\sigma = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} a^3 \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi d\phi d\theta$

HW #7

22. $F = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$ $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$

$r(\phi, \theta) = (a \sin \phi \cos \theta)\mathbf{i} + (a \sin \phi \sin \theta)\mathbf{j} + (a \cos \phi)\mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial r}{\partial \phi} = (a \cos \phi \cos \theta)\mathbf{i} + (a \cos \phi \sin \theta)\mathbf{j} - (a \sin \phi)\mathbf{k}$

$\frac{\partial r}{\partial \theta} = (-a \sin \phi \sin \theta)\mathbf{i} + (a \sin \phi \cos \theta)\mathbf{j}$

$\begin{vmatrix} a \cos \phi \cos \theta & a \cos \phi \sin \theta & -a \sin \phi \\ -a \sin \phi \sin \theta & a \sin \phi \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta)\mathbf{i} + (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta)\mathbf{j} + (a^2 \sin \phi \cos \phi)\mathbf{k}$

$F \cdot N d\phi = F \cdot \frac{r_\phi \times r_\theta}{|r_\phi \times r_\theta|} |r_\phi \times r_\theta| d\phi d\theta = a^3 \sin^3 \phi \cos 2\theta + a^3 \sin^3 \phi \sin^2 \theta + a^3 \sin \phi \cos^2 \phi d\phi d\theta$

$\iint_S F \cdot N d\phi = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi a^3 \sin \phi d\phi d\theta$

Worksheet

1. b) $r(s, t) = (-s, 4-s^2, t)$, $s: -2 \rightarrow 2$ $t: 0 \rightarrow 5$

$\frac{\partial r}{\partial s} = (-1, -2s, 0)$

$\frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = (0, 0, 1)$

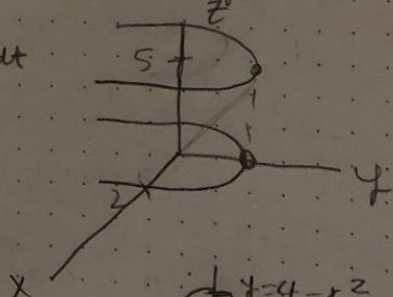
$\frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -2s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-2s\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}) = -2s\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$

$\|\frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial r}{\partial t}\| = \sqrt{4s^2 + 1}$

Area = $\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^5 \sqrt{4s^2 + 1} ds dt$

(a) $r(s, t) = (-s, 4-s^2, t)$
 $s = x$ $t = y$

$r(x, y) = (-x, 4-x^2, y)$



c) $v(x, y, z) = (2, 3y, z)$

$\iint_S F \cdot N ds = \iint [2(-2s) + 3y] ds dt$

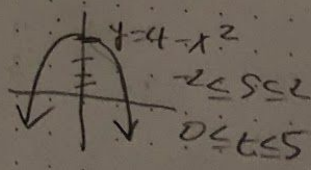
$\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^5 [-4s + 12 - 3s^2] ds dt$

$= \int_0^5 (-8s^2 + 12s - 5s^3) \Big|_{-2}^2 dt$

$(-2(0) + 12(4) - 16)t \Big|_0^5$

5×32

160



HW #7 - Worksheet

2. a) $\vec{r}(s,t) = 5\sin(s)\cos(t)\hat{i} + 5\sin(s)\sin(t)\hat{j} + 5\cos(s)\hat{k}$
 $(5\sin s \cos t)^2 + (5\sin s \sin t)^2 + (5\cos s)^2$
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$
 $\rightarrow 25[\sin^2 s \cos^2 t + \sin^2 s \sin^2 t + \cos^2 s]$
 $25[\sin^2 s [\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t] + \cos^2 s]$
 $25[\sin^2 s + \cos^2 s] = 25$

b) $\iint dA = \text{Surface Area}$

$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi \quad y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi \quad z = r \cos \theta$$

$$dA = r^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$dA = r^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} 5^2 \sin s dt ds$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} 5^2 \times \frac{\pi}{2} \sin s = \frac{5^2 \pi}{2} [-\cos s]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{25\pi}{2}$$

c) $\vec{v} = y^2 \hat{j} + z^2 \hat{k}$

$$d\vec{A} = \vec{v} dA = \vec{v} [r^2 \sin(s) dt ds]$$

$$\text{where } \vec{r} = \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A} = (y^2 \hat{j} + z^2 \hat{k}) \cdot (x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}) \times (r^2 \sin s dt ds)$$

$$(y^3 + z^2) [r^2 \sin(s) dt ds]$$

$$(5^3 \sin^3(s) \sin^3 t + 5^2 \cos^2(s)) \times 5 \sin(s) dt ds$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} [5^3 \sin^3(s) \sin^3 t + 5^2 \cos^2(s)] \times 5 \sin(s) dt ds$$

$$\frac{5^4}{4} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2(s) [3 \sin t - \sin(3t)] dt ds - \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} 5^3 \cos^2(s) d(\cos s)$$

$$\frac{5^4}{4} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^4(s) \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right] ds - \frac{\pi}{2} \times 5^3 \left[\frac{\cos^3(s)}{3} \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$\frac{5^4 \times 10}{3 \times 4} \int_0^{\pi/2} (3 \sin s - \sin 3s) \sin s ds + \frac{\pi}{6} 5^3$$

$$\frac{5^4}{24} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} - 0 + 0 - 0 + \frac{\pi}{6} \times 5^3$$

$$= \frac{3\pi \times 5^4}{96} + \frac{\pi}{6} \times 5^3$$

$$\frac{13}{9} - \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{N} dS$$

- Applications:
- 1) \vec{F}
 - 2) \vec{F}
 - 3) \vec{F}
 - 4) \vec{F}

Problem 1: $T(x,y)$ surface

What?

$$\text{Heat} = \iint_S$$

1) $TT < ax, ay$

a)



3)

Heat Flow:

$$\vec{N} = \begin{pmatrix} i \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\int_{-5}^5 \int_{-2}^2 -k < 2$$

$$\int_{-5}^5 \int_{-2}^2 -k$$