### Syllabus for Programming (Phase I):

- 1. Introduction
- Data types
- Operators (Bit wise, Logical)
- Loops
- 2. Arrays
- Array (1D, 2D, 3D)
- Strings, String Header File, String Operations
- Sort (Selection, bubble, insertion, merge, quick)
- 3. Pointers
- Concept of Pointers
- 4. File Handling
- File declaration
- File Operations (Input/output, Read/write)
- 5. Variables
- Macros
- Storage Type (auto, external, register, static)
- 6. Algorithms Divide and Conquer
- Binary search
- Interpolation search
- 7. OOP's
- Class concept ( PIE Overloading )
- Constructors and destructors
- Inheritance

## Syllabus for Programming (Phase II - DATA STRUCTURES):

- **1.** Complexity
- Time space complexity
- Algorithm design
- 2. Arrays and String
- Arrays using pointers
- 3. Stacks and Queues
- Basics
- Array Representation
- Application
- Stack Problems ( Recursion basic, Polish expression, Compilation conversion infix expression to prefix and postfix )
- Queue Problems

- 4. Linked List
- Singly Linked List
- Linked List operations (Traversing, Insertion, deletion, searching)
- Linked List problems
- Circular and Doubly linked list
- Stacks and Queue as Linked List

#### 5. Trees

- Basic what are trees
- Binary trees and their Representations
- Binary search Trees (Operations: Insertion, deletion, traversing in order, post order, pre order)
- Applications of BST
- Complete Binary trees
- Extended Binary trees
- AVL trees
- Threaded trees
- B-trees

#### 6. Hashing

- Hash maps
- Hash Functions
- Indexing and Hashing

### 7. Searching and Sorting

- Interpolation search
- Heap sort
- Merge sort
- Sorting on different keys
- External sorting

## 8. Graphs

- Representation (Class, STL (hashing), 2-D array)
- Graph traversal (BFS, DFS)
- Shortest path algorithms
- Minimum spanning tree algorithms
- Transitive closure's
- Topological sort
- Critical Paths

### Syllabus for Programming (Phase III – OOPS):

- 1. Classes and Objects
- Constant objects and constructors
- Constructor overloading
- Nested classes
- Static members

- 2. Dynamic Objects
- Pointers to objects
- Array of objects
- Pointer to object members
- This pointer
- 3. Operator Overloading and Inheritance
- Overloading of new and delete operators
- Conversion between objects and basic types
- Conversion between objects of different classes
- Friend functions ( and friend func. Overloading )
- Abstract classes
- Inheritance types
- Virtual Base classes
- Virtual Functions
- Pointers to derived class objects
- Pure virtual functions
- Virtual Destructors
- 4. Generic programming (Templates)
- Introduction
- Function template
- Overloaded function templates
- Class templates and Template inheritance
- Class template with overloaded operators
- Class template containership
- 5. Basic
- Type conversion and casting, type promotions
- Access specifiers : public, private, protected
- STL (Math, string, vector, List, stack, Queue, Map, set)
- 6. Error Handling
- Exception types
- nested try catch
- throw

#### Syllabus for Programming (Phase IV – DISCRETE CONCEPTS):

- 1. Algorithm analysis
- Recursion
- Linear and first order recursion
- 2. Boolean Algebra
- Boolean Matrices
- Boolean matrices multiplication
- Lattices
- Direct Product

- Homomorphism
- isomorphic structures
- Boolean function
- minimization of Boolean functions
- 3. Graph theory
- Isomorphic graphs
- Euler's formula (Four color problem, five color theorem)
- Warshall's algorithm
- Decision trees
- Euler paths and Hamiltonian Circuits
- Shortest Path and Minimum spanning tress Prims and Kruskal algorithms , Djikstra's and Bellman ford
- Depth first and Breadth first search
- Tree traversal algorithms

### Syllabus for Programming (Phase V - ALGORITMS):

- 1. Growth
- Asymptotic notations
- Time constraints
- Master's theorem
- 2. Searching and sorting
- Strassen Matrix multiplication
- Merge sort, heap sort
- 3. Greedy Method
- Minimum cost spanning tee
- Knapsack problem
- Kruskal's algorithm
- Prim's algorithm
- Djikstra's algo
- Bellman ford
- Huffman Coding
- Activity selection problem
- 4. Dynammic programming
- Principles ( Recursion , memorization and DP )
- Rod cutting problem
- Floyd- warshall algorithm
- Matrix multiplication
- Travelling salesman problem
- Longest common subsequence
- 5. Back Tracking
- 8-Queen problem
- Knapsack problem

- Travelling salesman problem
- 6. Branch and Bound
- LC searching bounding
- FIFO branch and Bound
- 0/1 Knapsack
- Travelling salesman

# NOW GO FOR COMPETITIVE