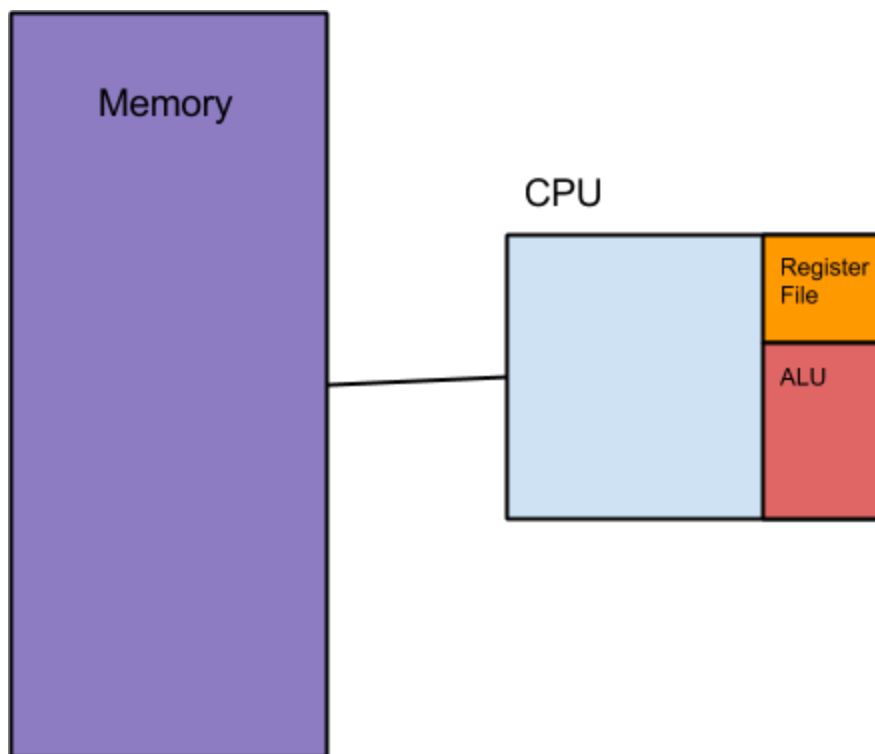


Hierarchy:

1. User
2. Programs
3. Operating System/Kernel, Compilers
4. Architecture, Computer Organization
5. Logic Gates
6. Physics, Quantum Mechanics, Transistors, CMOS, MOSFETS

- Input → (BLACK BOX) → output



- 8 bits = 1 byte = 8 binary digits (base 2)

reg 0	contains instructions
reg 1	
reg 2	
reg 3	
reg 4	
reg 5	
reg 6	
reg 7	
reg 8	
reg 9	
reg 10	

- instruction set register
- NZP sets negative, zero, positive for branch statements
- $R0 = R1 + R2$
- Goes from memory, goes to register file, goes to ALU for computing
- Computer engineering tradeoff constraints
 - Speed/performance (MAX)
 - Heat/power (MIN)
 - Space/Area/Cost (MIN)
- Code
 - for, if, def foo(), int R1 (pointer to an integer)

- Pointer

(In 50) R0 = pointer to array = 0

(In 51) R1 = cumulative sum variable = 0

//length of array

(In 52) R2 = 10

(In 53) loop: R1 = R1 + Mem[R0]

(In 54) R0 = R0+1

(In 55) R2 = R2-1

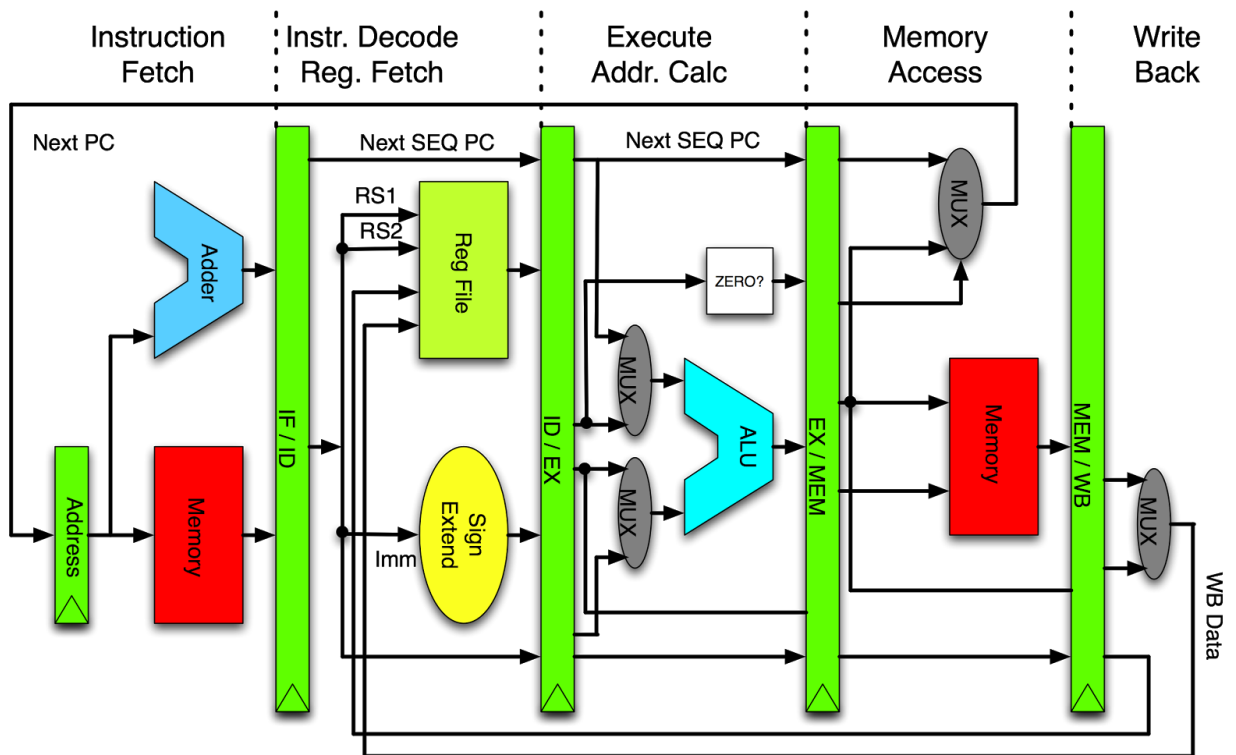
(In 56) branch to 53 if not zero (Z)

- Data Hazard

- RAW (Read After Write)
- Read After Write dependencies stall and then data forward
- WAR (Write After Read)
- WAW (Write after Write)

- Steps

- Instruction Fetch
- Instruction Decode, Register Fetch
- Execute, Addr. Calc
- Memory Access
- Write Back



- Out-of-order processing
- Hyperthreading (Symmetric Multi Threading)
 - Parallelism
- Cache
 - Temporary storage
 - L1, L2, L3