SQL ASSIGNMENT 1

NAME: Ananya Prasad

REGNO: 20BCE1093

Database - The database is a collection of inter-related data which is used to retrieve, insert and delete the data efficiently. It is also used to organize the data.

Database Management System - Database management system is a software which is used to manage the database. It provides an interface to perform various operations like database creation, storing data in it, updating data, creating a table in the database and a lot more.

Relational Database - It is a DBMS in which the database is organized and accessed according to the relationships between data items. In a relational database, relationships between data items are expressed by means of tables.

Schema - The overall design of a database is called schema. It is the skeleton structure of the database. It represents the logical view of the entire database.

View - This view represents the structure that the user must interface with in order to extract data from the database.

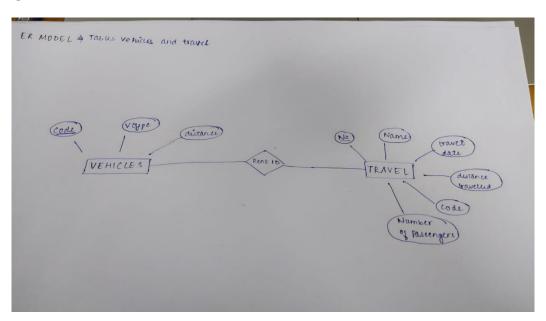
Logical view - How the data appear to the user to be stored.

Physical view - How the data are actually physically stored on the storage medium used in the database management system.

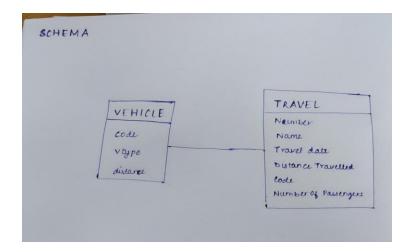
Instance – Current state of database i.e. records of fields at a particular time.

Attributes – Components or fields of a table.

ER MODEL



SCHEMA



SQL QUERIES

Create database and use it:

```
mysql> Create database MyFirstDatabase;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> Use MyFirstDatabase
Database changed
```

Create the table and insert the values – use select * to display – alter table to add the column in the existing table.

```
ERROR 4028 (HY000): A table must have at least one visible column.
mysql> CREATE TABLE vehicle(code int(3) primary key, vtype char(20), perkm int(3));
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.09 sec)
mysql> insert into vehicle values(101, 'Volvo bus', 160);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into vehicle values(102, 'AC deluxe bus', 150);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into vehicle values(103, 'Ordinary bus', 90);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into vehicle values(104, 'Ordinary car', 20);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into vehicle values(105, 'SUV', 40);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from velicle;
ERROR 1146 (42502): Table 'myfirstdatabase.velicle' doesn't exist
mysql> select * from vehicle;
```

```
code | vtype
                      perkm
  101
        Volvo bus
                          160
  102
        AC deluxe bus
                          150
        Ordinary bus
                           90
  103
  104
        Ordinary car
                           20
  105 | SUV
                           40
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> alter table vehicle
   -> add comfort char(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
nysql> select * from vehicle;
 code | vtype
                      perkm | comfort |
        Volvo bus
  101
                          160 l
                                NULL
  102
        AC deluxe bus
                          150
                                NULL
        Ordinary bus
  103
                           90
                                NULL
  104
        Ordinary car
                           20
                                NULL
  105 | SUV
                           40 | NULL
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Using update to add the values to the altered table:

```
ERROR 1136 (21S01): Column count doesn't match value count at row 1
mysql> update vehicle set comfort = 'Medium' where code=101;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update vehicle set comfort = 'High' where code=102;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update vehicle set comfort = 'Low' where code=103;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update vehicle set comfort = 'Medium' where code=104;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
 Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update vehicle set comfort = 'High' where code=105;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from vehicle
     -> select * from vehicle;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQ
L server version for the right syntax to use near 'select * from vehicle' at line 2
 nysql> select * from vehicle;
  code | vtype
                          | perkm | comfort |
   101 I
          Volvo bus
                              160 | Medium
          AC deluxe bus
   102
                              150
                                     High
   103 l
         Ordinary bus
                                90
                                     Low
                                     Medium
   104
          Ordinary car
                                20
   105 | SUV
                                40 | High
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Truncate and delete query:

```
mysql> delete from vehicle where code = 105;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> truncate table vehicle;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

mysql> select * from vehicle;
Empty set (0.01 sec)

mysql> drop table vehicle;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> select * from vehicle;
ERROR 1146 (42502): Table 'myfirstdatabase.vehicle' doesn't exist
mysql>
```

Creating another table travel:

```
mysql>
mysql>
mysql> create table travel( No int(3) primary key, name char(25), tdate date,KM int(3),code int(3), NOP int(3));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(101,'Janish Kin','2015-11-13',200,101,32);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(102,'John Fen','2016-02-13',90,102,40);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(103,'Vedika Sahai','2016-04-21',100,103,45);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(104,'Raveena','2016-05-28',80,105,4);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(105,'Tarun Ram','2016-03-23',350,102,42);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(106,'Kripal Anya','2016-02-06',200,101,25);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(107,'Ahmed Khan','2015-01-10',75,104,2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into travel values(107,'Ahmed Khan','2015-01-10',75,104,2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
```

No	+ name	+ tdate	+ KM	+ code	NOP
101 102 103 104 105 106 107	Janish Kin John Fen Vedika Sahai Raveena Tarun Ram Kripal Anya Ahmed Khan	2015-11-13 2016-02-13 2016-04-21 2016-05-28 2016-03-23 2016-02-06 2015-01-10	200 90 100 80 350 200 75	101 102 103 105 102 101 104	32 40 45 4 42 25 2
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)					

Display names of those travellers whose travel date is after 20 April,2016.

Display details of travellers whose distance travelled is greater than 200 or number of passengers is less than 5.

Display name, travel date and number of passengers for those who are not travelling by vehicle code '102'.

Display number and name of travellers for vehicle code 103,104,105.

Display name and kilometres travelled for travellers whose name ends with 'n'.

Display the sum of number of passengers for vehicle code 102.

Display how many travellers are having kilometres travelled greater than 100.

```
mysql> select count(*) from travel where km>100;
+-------+
| count(*) |
+-------+
| 3 |
+------+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

Display maximum and minimum kilometres travelled by the travellers.

Display the details if the traveller who have travelled between 1 April, 2015 and 31 December, 2015.

Display traveller name along with type of vehicle and per kilometre charges of all the travellers.

Display number, name, travel date for those travellers whose per kilometre charges are more than 50.

Display traveller name along with their total charges (km travelled*per km) in ascending order of name.

Display the name and perkm charges for those travellers whose number is greater than 105.

Change the vehicle code of Ahmed khan to 103.

```
mysql> update travel set code=103 where name='ahmed khan';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.08 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

Increase the number of passengers by 2, for travellers having vehicle code 103.

```
mysql> update travel set nop=2+nop where code=103;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 warnings: 0
```