Appendix: Data Analysis Documentation

This appendix describes the R-code that was used for the analysis in the paper "Word-order variation in a contact setting: A corpus-based investigation of Russian spoken in Daghestan" by Chiara Naccarato, Anastasia Panova, Natalia Stoynova.

R version:

```
getRversion()
```

```
[1] '4.0.5'
```

Versions of the packages used in the analysis are specified at the very end of the document.

Data preparation

Import the data in R

```
library("tidyverse")
```

```
gen <- read.csv("dag_rus.csv", stringsAsFactors=TRUE)</pre>
```

Set the correct reference levels

```
gen$head_lexical_class <- relevel(gen$head_lexical_class, "non_kinship")
gen$gen_lexical_class <- relevel(gen$gen_lexical_class, "non_human")
gen$gender <- relevel(gen$gender,"m")
gen$gen_referentiality <- relevel(gen$gen_referentiality,"non_definite")
gen$gen_length <- relevel(gen$gen_length,"one-word")
gen$head_length <- relevel(gen$head_length,"multi-word")
gen$givenness <- relevel(gen$givenness,"other")
gen$year_of_birth <- relevel(gen$year_of_birth, "<1950")</pre>
```

Logistic regression

Full model

```
library("lme4")
```

The full model includes all sociolinguistic, lexico-semantic and formal parameters used for the analysis of the data. Information about the speakers is included as a random effect to take into account possible idiosyncrasies. The response variable is the position of the genitive in noun phrases, i.e. left or right.

```
model1 <- glmer (position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +</pre>
                  gender + gen_referentiality + language_family + year_of_birth +
                  gen_individuation + gen_length + head_length + givenness +
                  (1|speaker), data = gen, family ="binomial",
                control = glmerControl(optimizer ="bobyqa"))
summary(model1)
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
 Approximation) [glmerMod]
Family: binomial (logit)
Formula: position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +
   gender + gen_referentiality + language_family + year_of_birth +
   gen_individuation + gen_length + head_length + givenness +
    (1 | speaker)
  Data: gen
Control: glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa")
    AIC
             BIC
                   logLik deviance df.resid
   333.7
           396.3
                   -151.8
                             303.7
                                        467
Scaled residuals:
   Min
            10 Median
                            3Q
                                   Max
-5.4222 0.1350 0.2147 0.3230 3.6105
Random effects:
Groups Name
                    Variance Std.Dev.
speaker (Intercept) 0.0606
                             0.2462
Number of obs: 482, groups: speaker, 40
Fixed effects:
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                              4.18911
                                        0.69196 6.054 1.41e-09 ***
gen lexical classhuman other -0.53454
                                         0.55150 -0.969 0.33243
                             -1.53134
gen_lexical_classkinship
                                        0.53677 -2.853 0.00433 **
gen_lexical_classproper_human -1.02893
                                        0.65519 -1.570 0.11631
head_lexical_classkinship
                             -2.30205
                                        0.50952 -4.518 6.24e-06 ***
                                        0.37045 -1.219 0.22281
educationlower
                             -0.45161
                             -0.67656
                                        0.34882 -1.940 0.05243 .
genderf
gen referentialitydefinite
                             -0.91080
                                        0.46021 -1.979 0.04780 *
language_familyTurkic
                             -0.25240
                                        0.40048 -0.630 0.52854
year_of_birth>1950
                              0.05908
                                        0.34311
                                                  0.172 0.86328
gen_individuationsg
                                        0.41896 0.875 0.38151
                              0.36664
gen_lengthmulti-word
                                         0.32873 -1.916 0.05540 .
                             -0.62974
                                         0.45841 -1.332 0.18300
head_lengthone-word
                             -0.61041
givennesshnew_ggiven
                              0.14707
                                        0.39492 0.372 0.70960
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 14 > 12.
Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
   vcov(x)
                 if you need it
```

Step-wise selection procedure

Given that p-values alone do not constitute a sufficient reason to remove a variable from the model, we resort to AIC (Akaike Information Criterion) comparison, i.e. we compare the AIC (Akaike Information Criterion) of the model including all predictors and of other models lacking one of the predictors, and remove (one at a time) the predictors whose presence in the model increases the AIC value.

```
drop1(model1)
```

```
boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
Single term deletions
Model:
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +
    gender + gen referentiality + language family + year of birth +
   gen individuation + gen length + head length + givenness +
    (1 | speaker)
                  npar
                           AIC
                        333.67
<none>
gen_lexical_class
                      3 335.45
                     1 353.34
head lexical class
education
                      1 333.10
gender
                     1 335.30
gen_referentiality
                     1 335.81
language_family
                     1 332.06
year_of_birth
                     1 331.70
gen_individuation
                    1 332.43
                      1 335.38
gen_length
head_length
                     1 333.55
givenness
                      1 331.81
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor year_of_birth, so we remove it first.

```
gen_lexical_class
                   3 333.51
head_lexical_class 1 351.49
education
                  1 331.29
                  1 333.30
gender
gen_referentiality 1 333.81
                  1 330.08
language family
gen_individuation 1 330.46
                  1 333.40
gen_length
head_length
                   1 331.56
givenness
                   1 329.83
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor givenness, so we remove it.

Single term deletions

```
Model:
```

```
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +
   gender + gen_referentiality + language_family + gen_individuation +
   gen_length + head_length + (1 | speaker)
                  npar
                          AIC
<none>
                       329.83
gen_lexical_class
                     3 331.56
head_lexical_class
                   1 351.16
education
                    1 329.41
                    1 331.73
gender
gen_referentiality 1 331.88
                  1 328.21
language_family
gen_individuation 1 328.51
                    1 331.58
gen_length
head_length
                     1 329.81
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor language_family, so we remove it.

Single term deletions

```
Model:
```

```
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +
    gender + gen_referentiality + gen_individuation + gen_length +
```

```
head_length + (1 | speaker)
                          AIC
                  npar
<none>
                       328.21
                     3 330.96
gen_lexical_class
head_lexical_class
                     1 349.23
education
                     1 327.57
                     1 329.75
gender
gen_referentiality
                   1 330.22
gen_individuation
                     1 327.04
gen_length
                     1 330.07
head_length
                     1 328.18
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor gen_individuation, so we remove it.

Single term deletions

```
Model:
```

```
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + education +
   gender + gen_referentiality + gen_length + head_length +
   (1 | speaker)
```

```
npar
                          AIC
<none>
                       327.04
gen_lexical_class
                     3 329.08
head_lexical_class
                    1 347.36
education
                     1 326.38
gender
                     1 328.74
gen_referentiality
                   1 328.35
                     1 329.43
gen_length
head_length
                     1 327.00
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor education, so we remove it.

Single term deletions

```
Model:
```

```
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + gender +
    gen_referentiality + gen_length + head_length + (1 | speaker)
```

```
npar
                           AIC
<none>
                        326.38
gen lexical class
                      3 329.81
head_lexical_class
                      1 346.61
gender
                      1 327.56
gen referentiality
                      1 327.37
gen_length
                      1 328.51
head_length
                      1 326.20
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model not including the predictor head length, so we remove it.

```
drop1(model7)
```

Single term deletions

```
Model:
```

```
position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + gender +
   gen_referentiality + gen_length + (1 | speaker)
                   npar
                           AIC
<none>
                        326.20
gen_lexical_class
                      3 330.01
head_lexical_class
                      1 346.76
gender
                      1 327.31
gen_referentiality
                      1 326.73
                      1 328.39
gen_length
```

The lowest AIC is associated with the model including all remaining predictors, which we will further consider as the minimal adequate model.

Minimal adequate model

```
summary(model7)

Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
```

```
Approximation) [glmerMod]
Family: binomial ( logit )
Formula: position ~ gen_lexical_class + head_lexical_class + gender +
    gen_referentiality + gen_length + (1 | speaker)
    Data: gen
Control: glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa")

AIC    BIC    logLik deviance df.resid
    326.2    363.8    -154.1    308.2    473
```

```
Scaled residuals:
```

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -5.4974 0.1599 0.2298 0.3150 3.1782

Random effects:

Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. speaker (Intercept) 0.1122 0.335 Number of obs: 482, groups: speaker, 40

Fixed effects:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
(Intercept)	3.5554	0.4276	8.314	< 2e-16	***
<pre>gen_lexical_classhuman_other</pre>	-0.5845	0.5436	-1.075	0.28230	
gen_lexical_classkinship	-1.6019	0.4930	-3.249	0.00116	**
<pre>gen_lexical_classproper_human</pre>	-0.9832	0.6374	-1.542	0.12298	
head_lexical_classkinship	-2.1717	0.4623	-4.698	2.63e-06	***
genderf	-0.6120	0.3505	-1.746	0.08084	•
<pre>gen_referentialitydefinite</pre>	-0.6466	0.4167	-1.552	0.12076	
gen_lengthmulti-word	-0.6624	0.3260	-2.032	0.04214	*

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

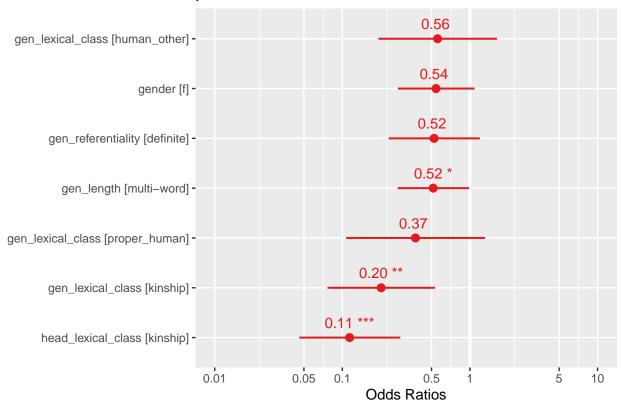
```
(Intr) gn_lxcl_clssh_ gn_lx_ gn_lxcl_clssp_ hd_lx_ gendrf gn_rfr
gn_lxcl_clssh_ -0.370
gn_lxcl_cls
            -0.084 0.360
gn_lxcl_clssp_ -0.036  0.293
                                   0.547
hd_lxcl_cls
              -0.084 -0.314
                                   -0.631 -0.515
genderf
             -0.359 0.025
                                   -0.169 -0.149
                                                         0.027
gn_rfrntlty
              -0.657 0.193
                                   -0.161 -0.187
                                                        -0.016 0.106
              -0.237 0.048
                                    0.072 0.126
                                                        0.134 -0.100 -0.245
gn_lngthml-
```

Visualization of the estimates in the minimal adequate model

```
library(sjPlot)
library(ggplot2)
```

```
plot_model(model7, type = "est", show.values = TRUE, sort.est = TRUE, value.offset = .3)
```





Obtaining the C value for the minimal adequate model

```
library(Hmisc)
```

```
somers2(binomial()$linkinv(fitted(model7)), as.numeric(gen$position) -1)
```

```
C Dxy n Missing 0.9002869 0.8005738 482.000000 0.0000000
```

Calculating the proportion of correctly predicted values

```
library("gmodels")
```

```
fitted <- fitted(model7)
predicted <- ifelse(fitted >= .5, 1,0)
a <- data.frame(gen, predicted)
CrossTable(gen$position, a$predicted)</pre>
```

```
| Cell Contents
|------|
| N |
| Chi-square contribution |
| N / Row Total |
```

```
| N / Col Total |
| N / Table Total |
|------
```

Total Observations in Table: 482

	a\$predicted	i	
gen\$position	0	1	Row Total
left	67	36	103
	128.642	27.937	
	0.650	0.350	0.214
	0.779	0.091	
	0.139	0.075	
right	19	360	379
	34.961	7.593	
	0.050	0.950	0.786
	0.221	0.909	
	0.039	0.747	
Column Total	86	396	482
	0.178	0.822	

Investigating whether multicollinearity is a problem for the predictors in the model

```
library(languageR)
```

```
collin.fnc(getME(model7, "X")[, -1])$cnumber
```

[1] 4.973687

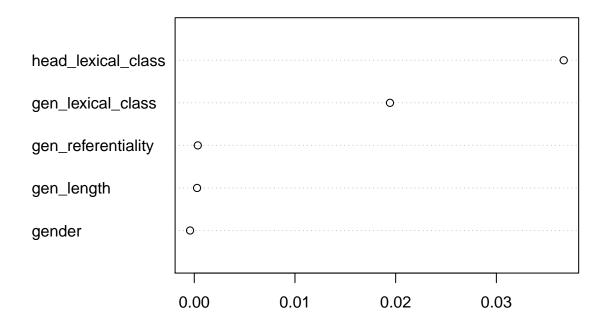
Random forest

For the set of predictors included in the minimal adequate model, we fit a random forest analysis, which can be useful when the number of observations is relatively small, but the number of predictors is large, as in our case.

```
library("party")
```

Fit a random forest and visualize the conditional importance of variables

Conditional importance of variables



Versions of the packages used in the analysis:

installed.packages()[names(sessionInfo()\$otherPkgs), "Version"]

party	strucchange	sandwich	Z00	modeltools	mvtnorm
"1.3-7"	"1.5-2"	"3.0-0"	"1.8-9"	"0.2-23"	"1.1-1"
languageR	gmodels	Hmisc	Formula	survival	lattice
"1.5.0"	"2.18.1"	"4.5-0"	"1.2-4"	"3.2-10"	"0.20-41"
sjPlot	lme4	Matrix	forcats	stringr	dplyr
"2.8.7"	"1.1-26"	"1.3-2"	"0.5.1"	"1.4.0"	"1.0.5"
purrr	readr	tidyr	tibble	ggplot2	tidyverse
"0.3.4"	"1.4.0"	"1.1.3"	"3.1.0"	"3.3.3"	"1.3.0"