Incumbency advantage upon removal of single-term limits: Mexican municipal elections

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Abstract

En route

1 Introduction

En route

2 A hypothesis perhaps

Hypothesis 1: Presidents are more likely to fast-track bills when the committee chair with jurisdiction over the bill belongs to the president's party than otherwise.

Figure 1: The president rules game

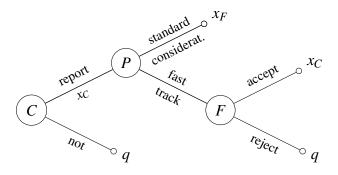


Table 1

_	Dependent variable: Residual		
	PAN	PRI	Left
	(1)	(2)	(3)
vote share (lagged)	-0.187^{***}	-0.035***	-0.339***
	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.013)
party incumbent	0.224***	0.171***	0.165***
	(0.013)	(0.014)	(0.018)
other-party incumbent	-0.021**	-0.011	0.005
	(0.010)	(0.009)	(0.010)
party open seat	0.162***	0.124***	0.130***
	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.005)
governor	-0.009^*	0.028***	0.008
	(0.005)	(0.004)	(0.006)
population (10k)	0.002	0.002**	0.006***
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
elevation (pop. weigthed)	-0.003	-0.00005	-0.031***
	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.003)
sd.elev	-0.143***	-0.038	-0.080^{**}
	(0.034)	(0.031)	(0.035)
post reform	0.085***	-0.156***	0.047***
	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.006)
elev x sd.elev	0.105***	-0.017	0.085***
	(0.024)	(0.022)	(0.025)
Intercept	-0.041***	-0.036***	-0.062***
	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.004)
Observations	8,314	8,314	8,314
\mathbb{R}^2	0.213	0.293	0.183
Residual Std. Error ($df = 8303$)	0.163	0.152	0.169
F Statistic (df = 10; 8303)	225.2***	344.3***	185.6***
Note:	2	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01	

Figure 2: Population-weighhed altitude deviations in municipalities

3 Regression model

4 Discussion

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References