# **CAPSTONE PROJECT ASSIGNMENT**

**RESTAURANT BEST LOCATION ANALYSIS** 

2020

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# 1. INTRODUCTION / BUSINESS PROBLEM STATEMENT

Find the best locations for starting a new Restaurant in Toronto City

A global restaurant chain company wants to start a restaurant shop in one of the best neighbourhoods in Toronto city. They want to find the best neighbourhood locations where there are no, or minimal restaurants currently exists in the area. They are looking for less competitors in the area but a more popular place to start with.

Since they are a multicuisine restaurant chains, they want to consider all types of restaurants that provide different country dishes.

The problem is to find and filter such locations and apply the best statistical approaches to find the best location(s) and visualize with statistical proofs to confirm the analysis.

#### 2. DATA DESCRIPTION

The primary data that will be needed is the popular locations within Toronto city and a reliable source of data.

We have the Canadian postal data from the wiki which we can leverage to find the popular boroughs and the neighbourhoods that exists in each borough.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of postal codes of Canada: M

The data primarily consists of the below details in tabular format

- 1. Postal Code
- 2. Borough Name
- 3. Neighbourhood(s)

M4A	M5A	M6A
North York	Downtown Toronto	North York
(Victoria Village)	(Regent Park / Harbourfront)	(Lawrence Manor / Lawrence
		Heights)
M4B	M5B	м6В
East York	Downtown Toronto	North York
(Parkview Hill / Woodbine Gardens)	(Garden District, Ryerson)	(Glencairn)
M4C	M5C	мес
East York	Downtown Toronto	York
(Woodbine Heights)	(St. James Town)	(Humewood-Cedarvale)
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# 3. SOLUTION APPROACH

The existing data is tabular format which we cannot input directly to any data analysis tools. Below is a step by step solution approach to leverage the table data to find suitable locations.

- 1. Scrap the Canada Postal data from the web page into processable input format
- 2. Get the location data for each neighbourhood/borough and update the input data
- 3. Visualize the neighbourhoods in Canada
- 4. Get the popular neighbourhoods within a defined geographic circle of Toronto
- 5. Explore the neighbourhoods in Toronto
- 6. Analyse each neighbourhood based on restaurant data
- 7. Cluster each neighbourhood based on restaurant data
- 8. Examine and selected the best clusters with that satisfies the restaurant location requirements

#### **Detailed Solution Approach**

1. Scrap the Canada Postal data from the web page into processable input format

The webpage data in the tabular form needs to be read and converted into a suitable data structure that can be used as an input to any analysing tools. The web scraping libraries such as Scrapy, beautiful soup or python requests to convert the data into usable format. In this assignment we'll use the python requests. The expectation is to create a new tabular data structure in below format.

		Postal Code	Borough	Neighbourhood(s)
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2. Get the location data for each borough and update the input data

The primary data must be updated with additional useful data, such as geographic location data with latitudes and longitudes to get more information about the places. We can leverage geopy library or third-party data sets to do this. In this assignment we'll use one of the third-party data sets to combine the location data to the input data set of the Canadian neighbourhoods.

The above-mentioned in 1. table will be updated to below format.

Postal Code	Borough	Neighbourhood(s)	Latitude	Longitude

# 3. Visualize the Canadian neighbourhoods

This is an optional step. However, it is useful to get a good high-level visual view of the initial input data set that is going to be analysed and refined in the further stages. We can leverage the existing visualization libraries such as Folium to get this view.

4. Get the popular neighbourhoods within a defined geographic circle

In this step we'll get the popular neighbourhoods within a more defined geographical circle in and around Toronto. This requires two steps.

- a. First, the above table must be filtered for records of Toronto.
- b. Pass the required input data to a location data API such as the Foursquare API to get more details on the Toronto neighbourhoods which can be input to the next stages in the solution approach.

The results from the location data API such as FourSquare can be used to get a lot of information about the explored locations such as its popularity and the reasons for its popularity. This can be

filtered to identify the suitable locations that can be taken as candidates for the problem statement. A sample response data is shown below for another location.

# Below is a Sample Four Square Data of a Diner in Tibett Ave, US

```
{'reasons': {'count': 0,
         'items': [{'summary': 'This spot is popular',
    'type': 'general',
     'type': 'general',
   'reasonName': 'globalInteractionReason'}]},
'venue': {'id': '4b79cc46f964a520c5122fe3',
   'name': 'Tibbett Diner',
   'location': {'address': '3033 Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'btwn 230th & 231st',
   'location': {'address': '3035 Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'btwn 230th & 231st',
   'location': 'Company (1998)   'location': 'Something (1998)   'location': 'Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'btwn 230th & 231st',
   'location': 'Tibbett Ave',
   'location': 'Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'btwn 230th & 231st',
   'location': 'Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'Dispersion': 'Tibbett Ave',
   'crossStreet': 'Tibbett Ave',

            'lat': 40.8804044222466,
            'lng': -73.90893738006402,
            'labeledLatLngs': [{'label': 'display',
                   'lat': 40.8804044222466,
           'lng': -73.90893738006402}],
'distance': 452,
              postalCode': '10463',
           'cc': 'US',
'city': 'Bronx',
           'state': 'NY',
            'country': 'United States',
            'formattedAddress': ['3033 Tibbett Ave (btwn 230th & 231st)',
                'Bronx, NY 10463',
               'United States']},
           categories': [{'id': '4bf58dd8d48988d147941735',
                 'name': 'Diner'
                'pluralName': 'Diners',
                'shortName': 'Diner
               'icon': {'prefix': 'https://ss3.4sqi.net/img/categories_v2/food/diner_',
                   'suffix': '.png'},
       'primary': True}],
'photos': {'count': 0, 'groups': []}},
    'referralId': 'e-0-4b79cc46f964a520c5122fe3-2'},
```

#### 5. Explore the neighbourhoods in Toronto

The above step 4 will give you the neighbourhood data in Toronto with additional features and details. This data can be explored to find the suitable locations to identify where all restaurants exists.

#### 6. Analyse each neighbourhood based on restaurant data

We can analyse each neighbourhood based on additional data such as if the same venue has a more popularly visited additional place such as a hotels or parks. This increases the business chances for a restaurant.

#### 7. Cluster each neighbourhood based on restaurant data

In this step we'll cluster the results based on the above business criteria and select the best locations for listing in a tabular and visual format.

# 8. Examine and selected the best clusters with that satisfies restaurant location requirements

Examine the best clusters and list them as suitable candidate places for starting new restaurant and locations.

# 4. METHODOLOGY

Technology: Python, Jupyter Notebook, Anaconda/ FourSquare API

Python Libraries: Python requests / Folium/ Geopy

# Download and data set and Wrangle it

1. The address data obtained from the Wiki was scrapped using the Python requests into input data frame format of python.

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Neighborhood	Borough	PostalCode	
Islington Avenue	Etobicoke	M9A	0
West Deane Park , Princess Gardens , Martin Grove , Islington , Cloverdale	Etobicoke	М9В	1
Eringate , Bloordale Gardens , Old Burnhamthorpe , Markland Wood	Etobicoke	M9C	2
Caledonia-Fairbanks	York	M6E	3
Christie	Downtown Toronto	M6G	4
Dufferin , Dovercourt Village	West Toronto	м6Н	5
Little Portugal , Trinity	West Toronto	M6J	6
Brockton, Parkdale Village, Exhibition Place	West Toronto	M6K	7
Humber Summit	North York	M9L	8
Humberlea , Emery	North York	м9м	9
Weston	York	M9N	10
Westmount	Etobicoke	M9P	11
Kingsview Village, St. Phillips, Martin Grove Gardens, Richview Gardens	Etobicoke	M9R	12
Runnymede , Swansea	West Toronto	M6S	13
Kensington Market, Chinatown, Grange Park	Downtown Toronto	M5T	14
South  Steeles  ,  Silverstone  ,  Humbergate  ,  Jamestown  ,  Mount  Olive  ,  Beaumond  Heights  ,  Thistletown  ,  Albion  Gardens  description  )	Etobicoke	M9V	15
$Clain ille\ , Humberwood\ , Woodbine\ Downs\ , West\ Humber\ , Kipling\ Heights\ , Rexdale\ , Elms\ , Tandridge\ , Old\ Rexdale\ , Line \ , Lin$	EtobicokeNorthwest	M9W	16
The Kingsway, Montgomery Road, Old Mill North	Etobicoke	M8X	17
Old Mill South , King's Mill Park , Sunnylea , Humber Bay , Mimico NE , The Queensway East , Royal York South East , Kingsway Park South East	Etobicoke	M8Y	18
Mimico NW, The Queensway West, South of Bloor, Kingsway Park South West, Royal York South West	Etobicoke	M8Z	19

- 2. Filter the data to exclude the areas which does not have a borough. Without a borough we cannot get a more accurate neighbourhood.
- 3. Load the external geocode data and then assign it to each matching postal code. Add additional columns latitude and longitude to the postal area data frame.
- 4. Filter the Toronto neighbourhoods from the result set.

Out[58]:

Po	stalCode	Borough	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude
0	M9A	Etobicoke	Islington Avenue	43.6679	-79.5322
1	M9B	Etobicoke	West Deane Park , Princess Gardens , Martin Grove , Islington , Cloverdale	43.6509	-79.5547
2	M9C	Etobicoke	Eringate , Bloordale Gardens , Old Burnhamthorpe , Markland Wood	43.6435	-79.5772
3	M6E	York	Caledonia-Fairbanks	43.689	-79.4535
4	M6G	Downtown Toronto	Christie	43.6695	-79.4226
5	M6H	West Toronto	Dufferin , Dovercourt Village	43.669	-79.4423
6	M6J	West Toronto	Little Portugal , Trinity	43.6479	-79.4197
7	M6K	West Toronto	Brockton , Parkdale Village , Exhibition Place	43.6368	-79.4282
8	M9L	North York	Humber Summit	43.7563	-79.566
9	М9М	North York	Humberlea , Emery	43.7248	-79.5322
10	M9N	York	Weston	43.7069	-79.5182
11	M9P	Etobicoke	Westmount	43.6963	-79.5322
12	M9R	Etobicoke	Kingsview Village , St. Phillips , Martin Grove Gardens , Richview Gardens	43.6889	-79.5547
13	M6S	West Toronto	Runnymede , Swansea	43.6516	-79.4844
14	M5T	Downtown Toronto	Kensington Market , Chinatown , Grange Park	43.6532	-79.4
15	M9V	Etobicoke	South Steeles , Silverstone , Humbergate , Jamestown , Mount Olive , Beaumond Heights , Thistletown , Albion Gardens	43.7394	-79.5884
16	M9W	EtobicokeNorthwest	Clairville , Humberwood , Woodbine Downs , West Humber , Kipling Heights , Rexdale , Elms , Tandridge , Old Rexdale	43.7067	-79.5941
17	M8X	Etobicoke	The Kingsway, Montgomery Road, Old Mill North	43.6537	-79.5069
18	M8Y	Etobicoke	Old Mill South , King's Mill Park , Sunnylea , Humber Bay , Mimico NE , The Queensway East , Royal York South East , Kingsway Park South East	43.6363	-79.4985
19	M8Z	Etobicoke	Mimico NW, The Queensway West, South of Bloor, Kingsway Park South West, Royal York South West	43.6288	-79.521

# **Explore and Analyse the data set**

- 1. Get the neighbourhood data and all its nearby venues using the Foursquared API.
- 2. Looked for the neighbourhoods that show a high mean value for the frequency for the Restaurants and other Diner segments.

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	Neighborhood	Average Restaurant Frequency
0	Brockton , Parkdale Village , Exhibition Place	0.004348
1	Christie	0.003704
2	Dufferin , Dovercourt Village	0.004167
3	Kensington Market , Chinatown , Grange Park	0.011111
4	Little Portugal , Trinity	0.010303
5	Runnymede , Swansea	0.008333

# **Cluster the data**

- 1. Since there are multiple categories that fall into each Venue, we used the K-Means clustering to group the Neighbourhoods into different clusters.
- 2. In this case the number of clusters chosen were 5 and the data was clustered into an increasing order of most common avenues.
- 3. Based on the results, the top 5 clusters were chosen to see which clusters had a restaurant in the most common initial venues.

- 4. Also, other types of diners were considered to determine the best locations to start a new restaurant.
- 5. The mean value for each type of restaurant can be grouped for each Neighbourhood as below.

	Neighborhood	Asian Restaurant	Belgian Restaurant	Caribbean Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Comfort Food Restaurant	Cuban Restaurant	Doner Restaurant	Dumpling Restaurant	Empanada Restaurant	Falafel Restaurant	Fast Food Restaurant	Re
0	Brockton , Parkdale Village , Exhibition Place	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000	0.0000	0
1	Christie	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000	0.0000	0
2	Dufferin , Povercourt Village	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000	0.0625	0
3	Kensington Market , Chinatown , Grange Park	0.000000	0.011494	0.011494	0.022989	0.022989	0.000000	0.011494	0.034483	0.011494	0.000	0.0000	С

# **5. RESULTS**

Based on the analysis, we can see that the below locations have higher mean values for restaurants.

1. Among these Kensington Market, China Town has a higher mean frequency of restaurants and *Christie neighbourhood in Downtown Toronto has a lower value of mean frequency of restaurants*.

Out[45]:			
Out[45]:		Neighborhood	Average Restaurant Frequency
	0	Brockton , Parkdale Village , Exhibition Place	0.004348
	1	Christie	0.003704
	2	Dufferin , Dovercourt Village	0.004167
	3	Kensington Market , Chinatown , Grange Park	0.011111
	4	Little Portugal , Trinity	0.010303
	5	Runnymede , Swansea	0.008333

2. Based on the most common venue ordering also, *Christie shows a restaurant in the 10<sup>th</sup> most common venue only, which makes it a most suitable location for the restaurant company chain to start its first initiative in Toronto.* 

Also, Christie is the second most popular neighbourhood also.

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10th Most Common Venue	9th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	1st Most Common Venue	Neighborhood	
Intersection	Nightclub	Italian Restaurant	Japanese Restaurant	Climbing Gym	Restaurant	Furniture / Home Store	Breakfast Spot	Café	Coffee Shop	Brockton , Parkdale Village , Exhibition Place	
Italian Restaurant	Gas Station	Baby Store	Athletics & Sports	Coffee Shop	Candy Store	Nightclub	Park	Café	Grocery Store	Christie	
Bar	Gym / Fitness Center	Fast Food Restaurant	Park	Café	Pool	Supermarket	Brewery	Pharmacy	Bakery	Dufferin , Dovercourt Village	[
Burger Joint	Noodle House	Dumpling Restaurant	Mexican Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Bakery	Café	Vietnamese Restaurant	Bar	Kensington Market , Chinatown , Grange Park	
Mac & Cheese Joint	Wine Bar	Vietnamese Restaurant	Men's Store	Café	Pizza Place	Asian Restaurant	Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Bar	Little Portugal , Trinity	

The second-best choice would be Dufferin, Dovercourt Village which has the next higher restaurant frequency and has a restaurant as its most common venue in 8<sup>th</sup> position only.

# MAP SHOWING CHRISTIE STREET AS THE BEST LOCATION



# 6. DISCUSSION

In addition to above, other types of Diners also can be considered if needed to get a more results on the location. However, it may enlarge the scope of search and reduce accuracy. Also the neighbourhoods available under Toronto is comparatively less. Hence a more rich data set would definitely improve the results.

# 7. **CONCLUSION**

To summarize, the analysis of around 5 neighbourhoods in Toronto revealed two best locations to start a new restaurant with one looks most promising.

The Restaurant location study report can be generalized, expanded and applied to any city around the globe to find solutions to similar problems.