

Lab 2

1. Discover and implement its license-generation algorithm (keygen).
 2. Create a binary patch to disable licensing.
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1. Dependency Analysis with `ldd`

```
$ ldd ./hack_app
linux-vdso.so.1 (0x00007ffd42dfe000)
libcrypto.so.1.1 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcrypto.so.1.1
libc.so.6 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6
libdl.so.2 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libdl.so.2
libpthread.so.0 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libpthread.so.0
/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2 (0x00007f738bede000)
```

- **Notes:** The app links against **OpenSSL** (`libcrypto`) and standard C libraries. No unusual or custom libraries detected.
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2. Runtime Tracing with `strace`

To locate the license storage, we ran:

```
$ strace -f -e trace=file ./hack_app 2>&1 | tee strace_full.log
```

Then in the `strace.log` file I searched for license-related strings:

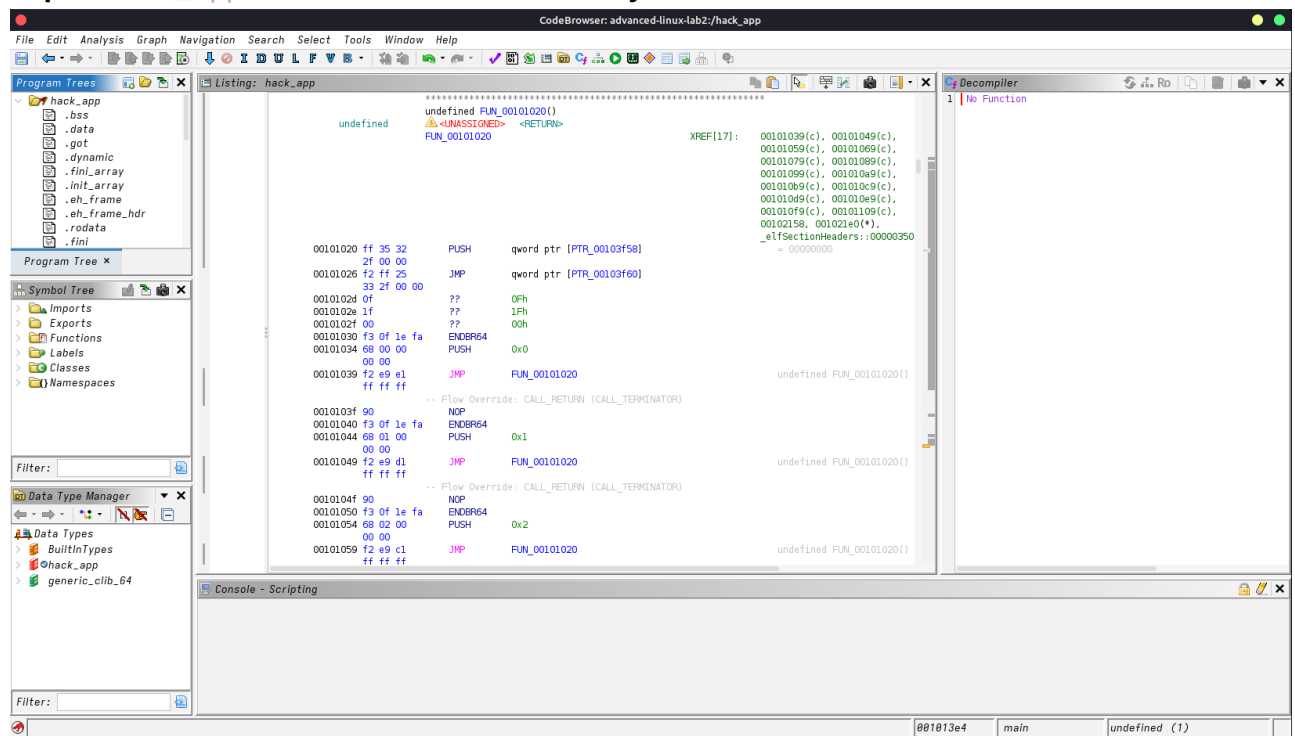
The only tracing attribute I found:

```
getxattr("./hack_app", "user.license", ..., 4096) = -1 ENODATA (No data available)
```

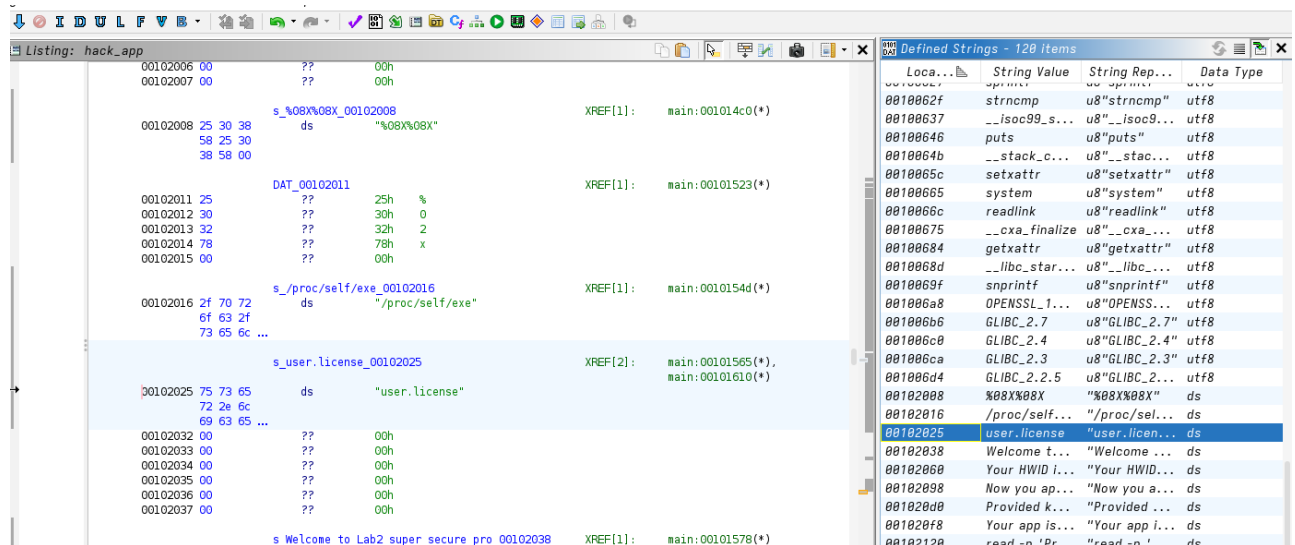
- The app stores its license in the `user.license` extended attribute on its own binary.
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3. Static Analysis in GHIDRA

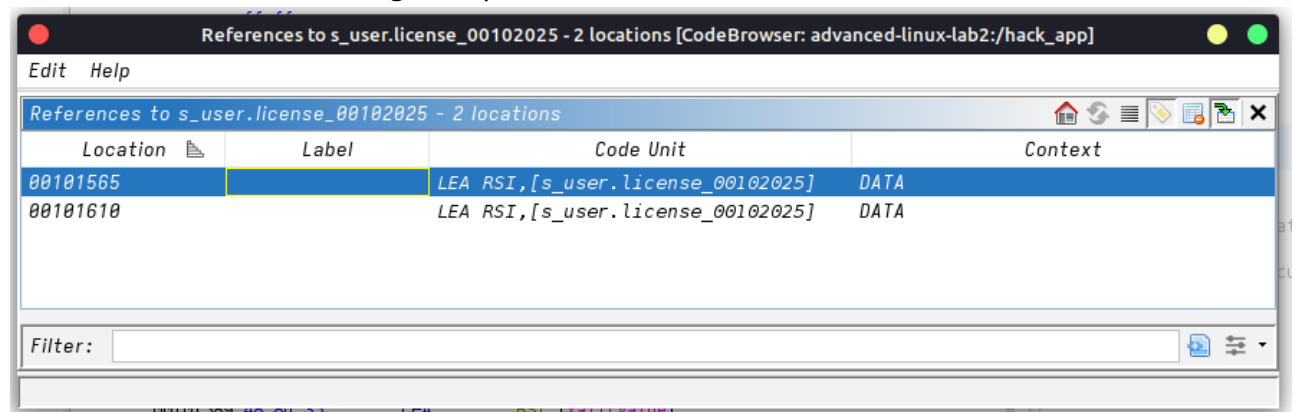
1. Import `hack_app` into GHIDRA and let auto-analysis finish.



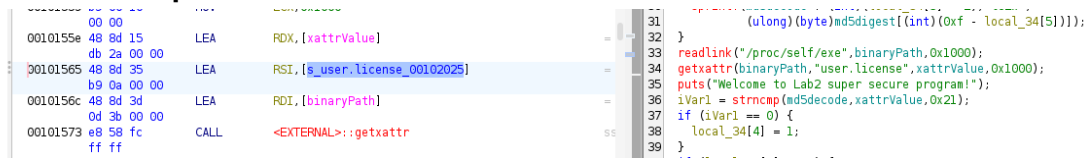
2. Find the literal string `"user.license"` in Window → Defined Strings.



3. Show references to that string and open the first code reference in `main`.



4. Switch to Decompiler view.



5. Annotate the flow:

- `getxattr(path, "user.license", buf, size)`
- `if (ret < 0) { prompt user for key }`
- Call to `__get_cpuid`, byte-swaps, `snprintf(psn, ...)`, `calc_md5`, loop building `md5decode`
- `strncmp(md5decode, xattrValue, 0x21) → branch`
- On success: `setxattr(path, "user.license", md5decode, 0x21, 0)`

4. Extracting & Implementing the License Algorithm

Based on the decompiled pseudocode:

A. HWID Computation

```
__get_cpuid(1, &eax, NULL, NULL, &edx);
uint32_t hw1 = __builtin_bswap32(eax);
uint32_t hw2 = __builtin_bswap32(edx);
```

B. PSN Formatting

```
char psn[17];
snprintf(psn, sizeof(psn), "%08X%08X", hw1, hw2);
```

C. MD5 Calculation

```
unsigned char digest[16];
MD5((unsigned char*)psn, 16, digest);
```

D. License String Construction

```
char license[33] = {0};
for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
    sprintf(license + i*2, "%02x", digest[15 - i]);
}
```

4.1 Writing the Keygen (`keygen.c`)

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <cpuid.h>
#include <openssl/md5.h>

int main(void) {
    unsigned int eax, ebx, ecx, edx;
    if (!__get_cpuid(1, &eax, &ebx, &ecx, &edx)) {
        fprintf(stderr, "CPUID not supported.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    uint32_t hw1 = __builtin_bswap32(eax);
    uint32_t hw2 = __builtin_bswap32(edx);
    char psn[17];
    snprintf(psn, sizeof(psn), "%08X%08X", hw1, hw2);
    unsigned char digest[16];
    MD5((unsigned char*)psn, 16, digest);
    char license[33] = {0};
    for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
        sprintf(license + i*2, "%02x", digest[15 - i]);
    }
    printf("%s", license);
    return 0;
}

```

4.2 Compile & Test

```

$ gcc -o keygen keygen.c -lcrypto
$ ./keygen > my.lic
$ setfattr -n user.license -v (cat my.lic) ./hack_app
$ ./hack_app

```

```

• ✕ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ ./keygen > my.lic
• ✕ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ setfattr -n user.license -v (cat my.lic) ./hack_app
◦ ✕ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ ./hack_app
Welcome to Lab2 super secure program!
Your app is licensed to this PC!
Press Enter to continue...

```

5. Patching

The app does `strncmp(..., 0x21)` (length 33) by loading `0x21` into EDX (`BA 21 00 00 00`). Changing that to `BA 00 00 00 00` makes `strncmp(..., 0)`, which always returns equal, skipping the “wrong key” branch.

To see the code please check the [Github Repo](#)

```
● ✖ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ gcc -o patcher patcher.c
● ✖ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ ./patcher hack_app hack_app_patched
Patch applied at file offset 0x1584
Patched binary written to: hack_app_patched
● ✖ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ chmod +x hack_app_patched
○ ✖ ~/I/a/Lab2 on main ◦ ./hack_app_patched
Welcome to Lab2 super secure program!
Your app is licensed to this PC!
Press Enter to continue... █
```