

task3

April 5, 2020

- 1 Исследовать поведение итерационной последовательности при решении уравнения в комплексной плоскости методом Ньютона.

$$z^3 - 1 = 0$$

$$z_{n+1} = z_n - \frac{f(z)}{f'(z)}$$

$$f(z) = z^3 - 1$$

$$f'(z) = 3z^2$$

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[2]: STEPS = 100
EPS = 1e-10

def f(z):
    return z**3 - 1

def f_der(z):
    return 3*z**2

def step(z):
    return z - f(z)/f_der(z)

def find_root_vect(initial):
    with np.errstate(divide='ignore', invalid='ignore'):
        z = initial
        for _ in range(STEPS):
            z = step(z)
        return z
```

```
[3]: ROOTS = [1, np.exp(2j * np.pi / 3), np.exp(-2j * np.pi / 3)]
```

```
def get_color_by_root(root):  
    for i, true_root in enumerate(ROOTS):  
        if np.abs(true_root - root) < EPS:  
            return i  
    return 3  
  
get_colors_by_roots = np.vectorize(get_color_by_root)
```

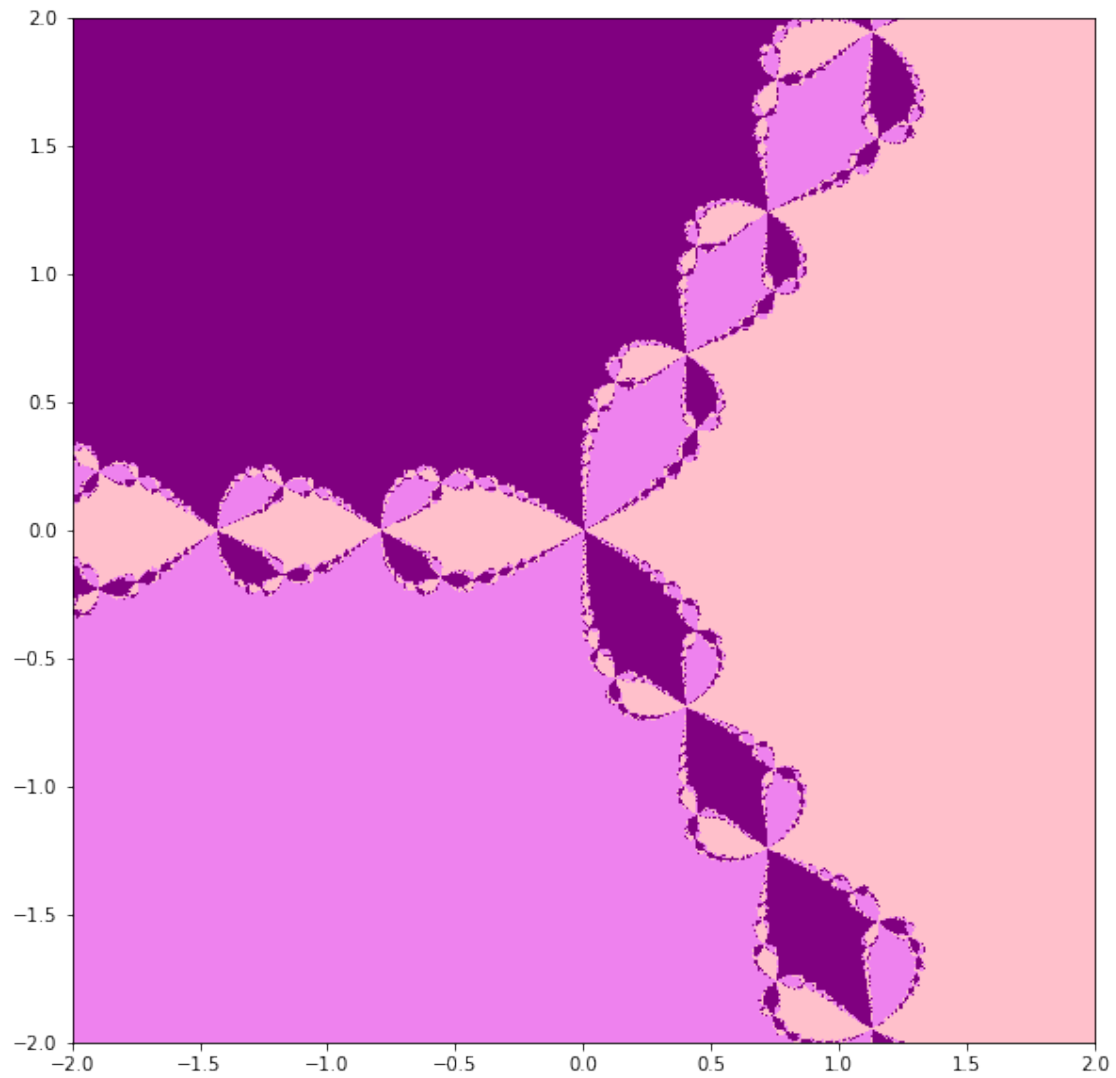
```
[4]: from multiprocessing import Pool
```

```
def get_colors(initials):  
    with Pool() as pool:  
        roots = pool.map(find_root_vect, initials)  
        return pool.map(get_colors_by_roots, roots)
```

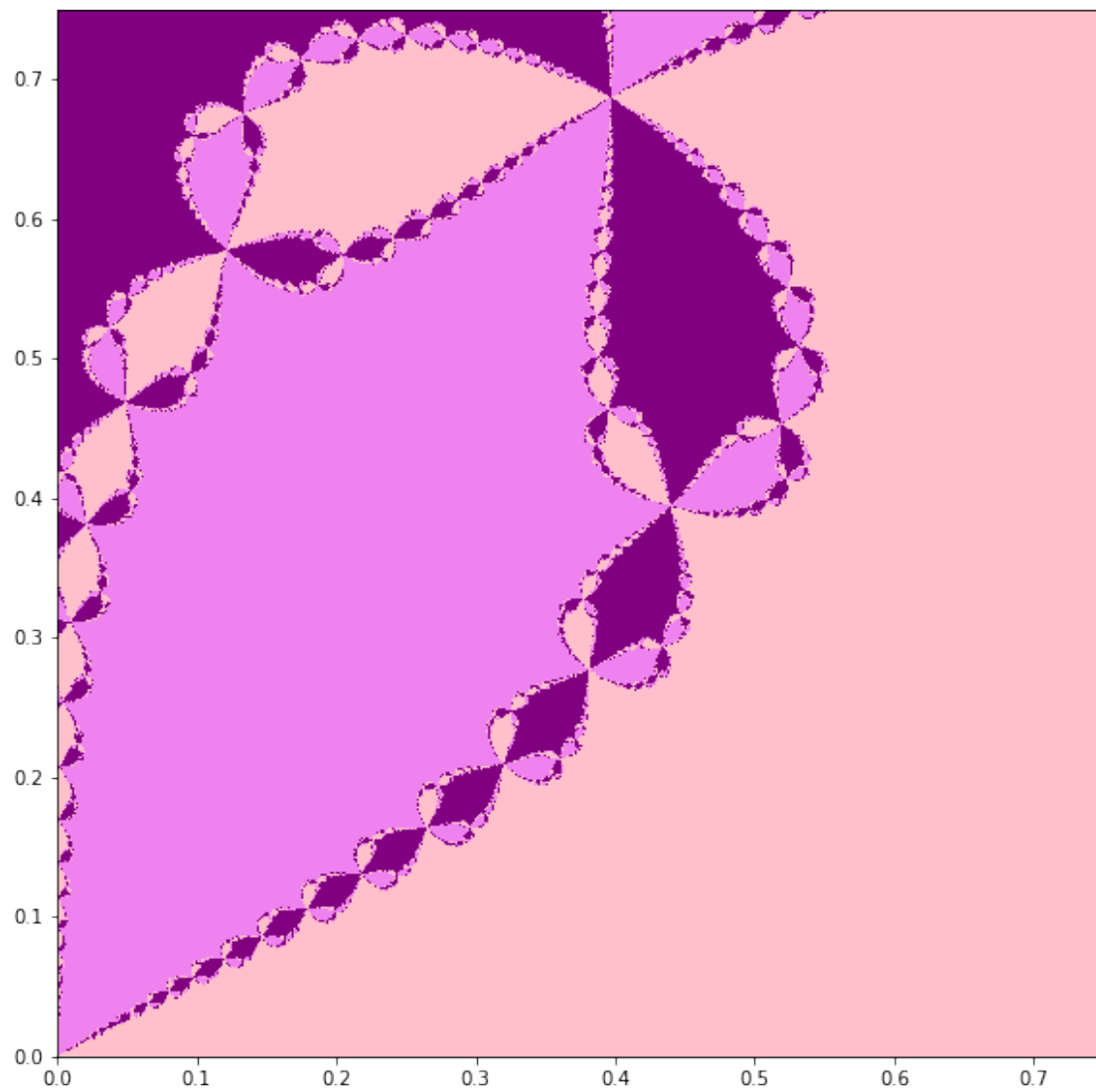
```
[65]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap, Normalize
```

```
def draw(x0, y0, x1, y1, resolution):  
    x = np.linspace(x0, x1, resolution)  
    y = np.linspace(-y1, -y0, resolution)  
    xv, yv = np.meshgrid(x, y)  
    res = get_colors(xv + 1j*yv)  
    color_list = ['pink', 'violet', 'purple', 'red']  
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))  
    plt.imshow(res, extent=(x0, x1, y0, y1), cmap=ListedColormap(color_list),  
→norm=Normalize(0, 4))  
    return plt
```

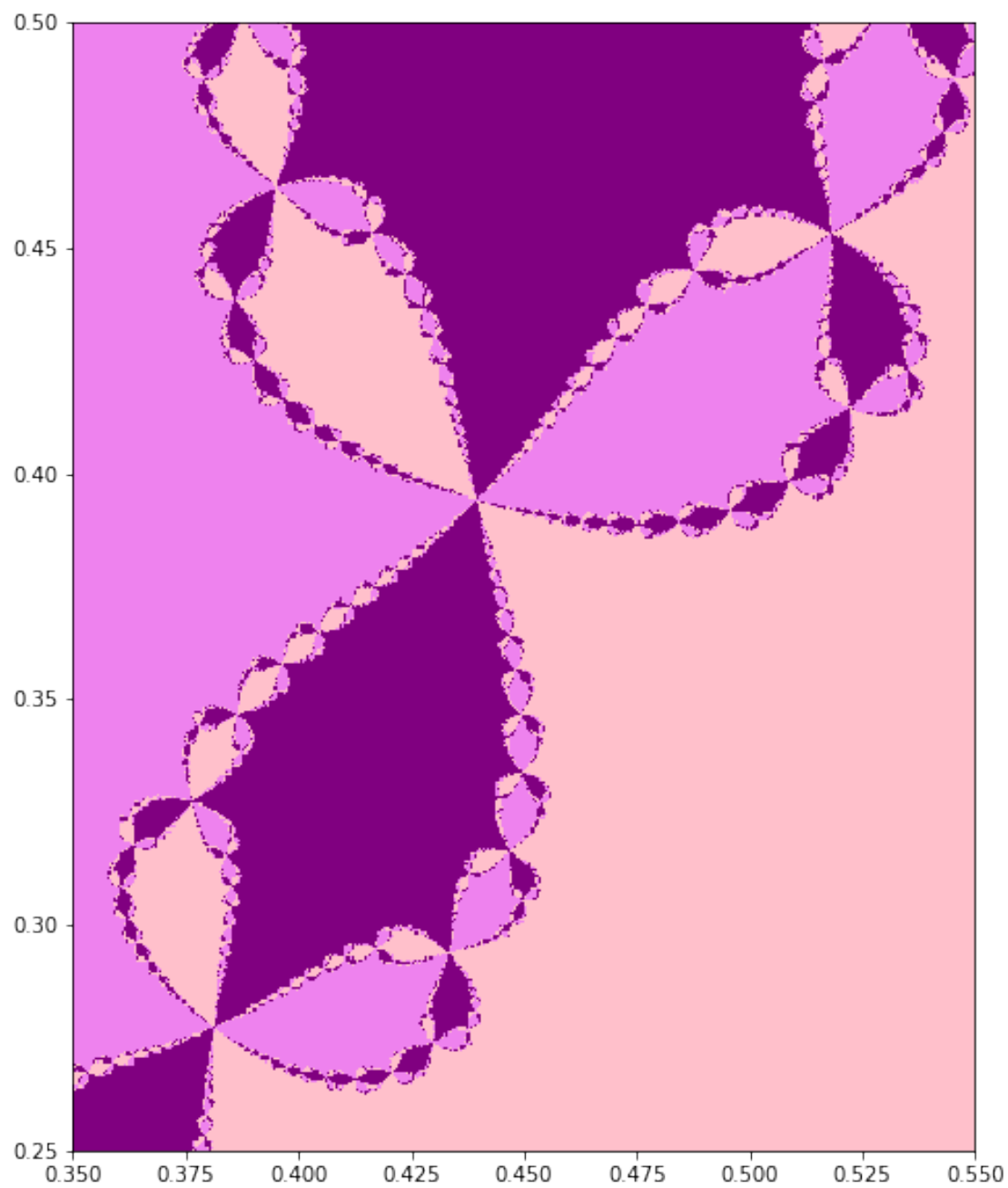
```
[32]: draw(-2, -2, 2, 2, 1000)
```



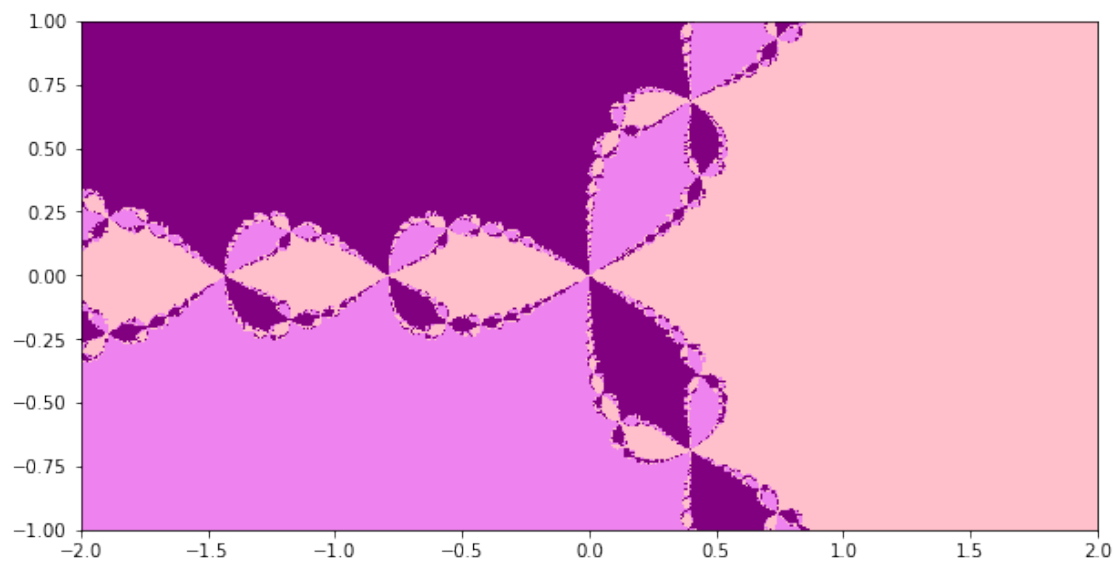
[34]: `draw(0, 0, 0.75, 0.75, 1000)`



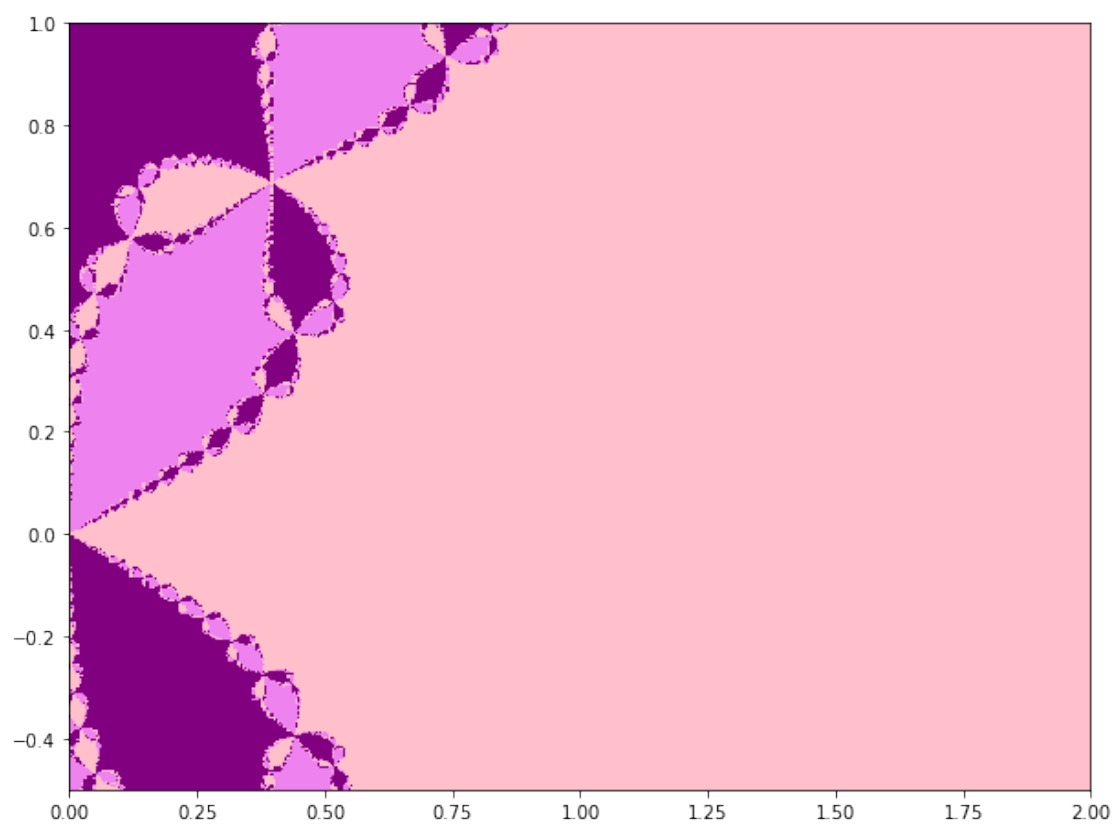
```
[38]: draw(0.35, 0.25, 0.55, 0.5, 500)
```



```
[35]: draw(-2, -1, 2, 1, 500)
```

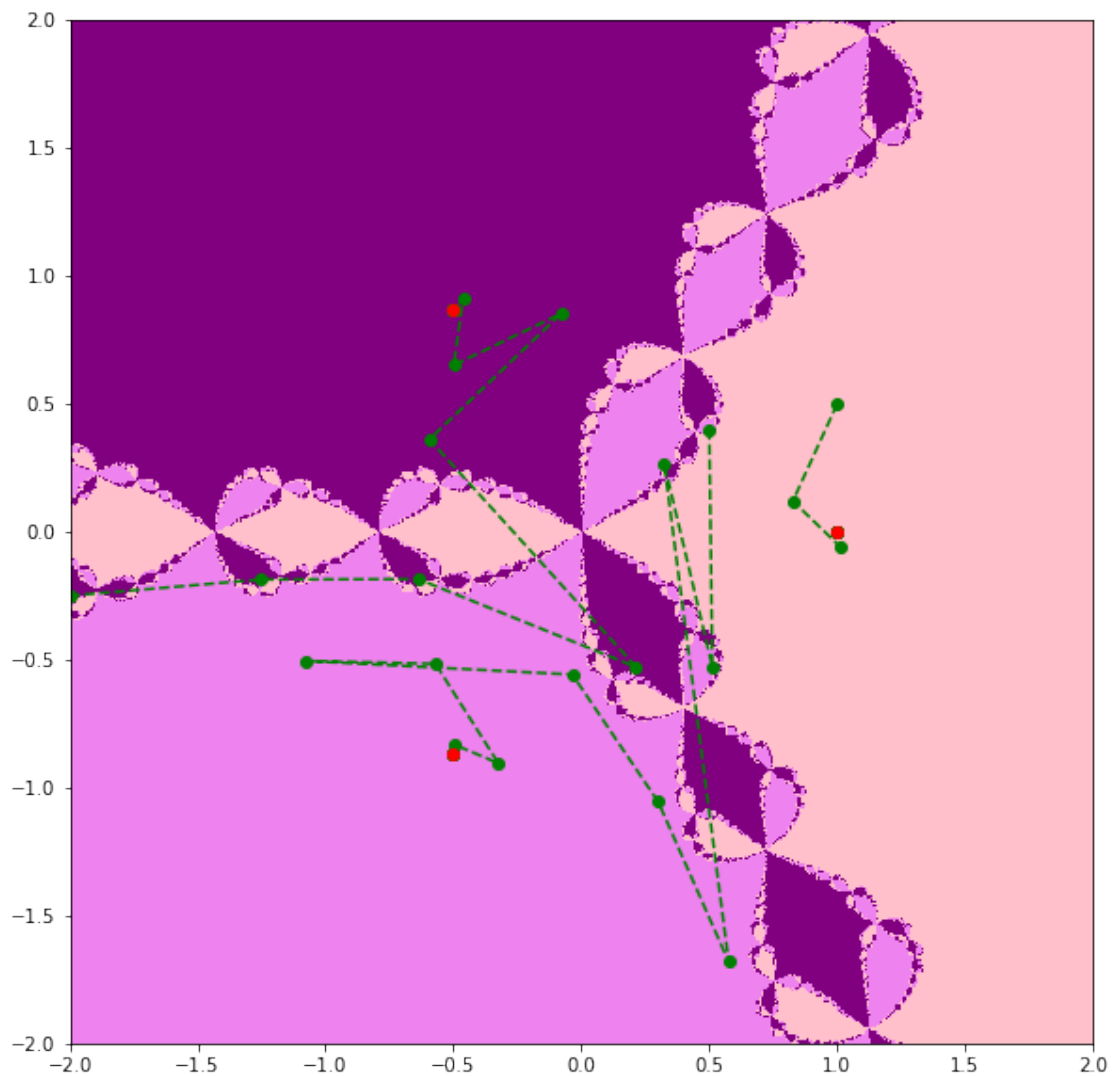


```
[36]: draw(0, -0.5, 2, 1, 500)
```



```
[82]: def drawSteps(z, plot):
        steps = []
        for i in range(STEPS):
            steps.append(z)
            z = step(z)
        plot.plot(np.real(steps), np.imag(steps), "go--")
        plot.plot(np.real(steps[-1]), np.imag(steps[-1]), "ro")
```

```
[83]: plot = draw(-2, -2, 2, 2, 500)
        for point in [1+0.5j, 0.5+0.4j, -2-0.25j]:
            drawSteps(point, plot)
```



```
[ ]:
```