Homework 2

Stat 345 - Spring 2020

Problem 1

Review the laws of probability, properties, De Morgan's laws, and conditional probability concepts.

- a) prove that if P(A) > 0, then $P(A \cap B|A) \ge P(A \cap B|A \cup B)$
- b) if $A_1, A_2, ..., A_n$ are independent events, show that

$$P(A_1 \cup A_2 \cup ... \cup A_n) = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^{n} (1 - P(A_i))$$

- c) prove that if P(B) > 0, then $P(A|B) = P(A|B \cap C)P(C|B) + P(A|B \cap C^c)P(C^c|B)$
- d) prove that $P(A \cap B) \ge P(A) + P(B) 1$
- e) (bonus question) The inequality for the probability of an intersection given in (d) is a special case (when n = 1) of what is known as Bonferroni's inequality:

$$P(\cap_{i=1}^{n} A_i) \ge \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i) - (n-1)$$

Here is the another inequality, called *Boole's inequality*

$$P(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i) \le \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i)$$

There is a similarity between Boole's inequality and Bonferroni's inequality. Apply Boole's inequality to A^c to obtain Bonferroni's inequality.

Problem 2

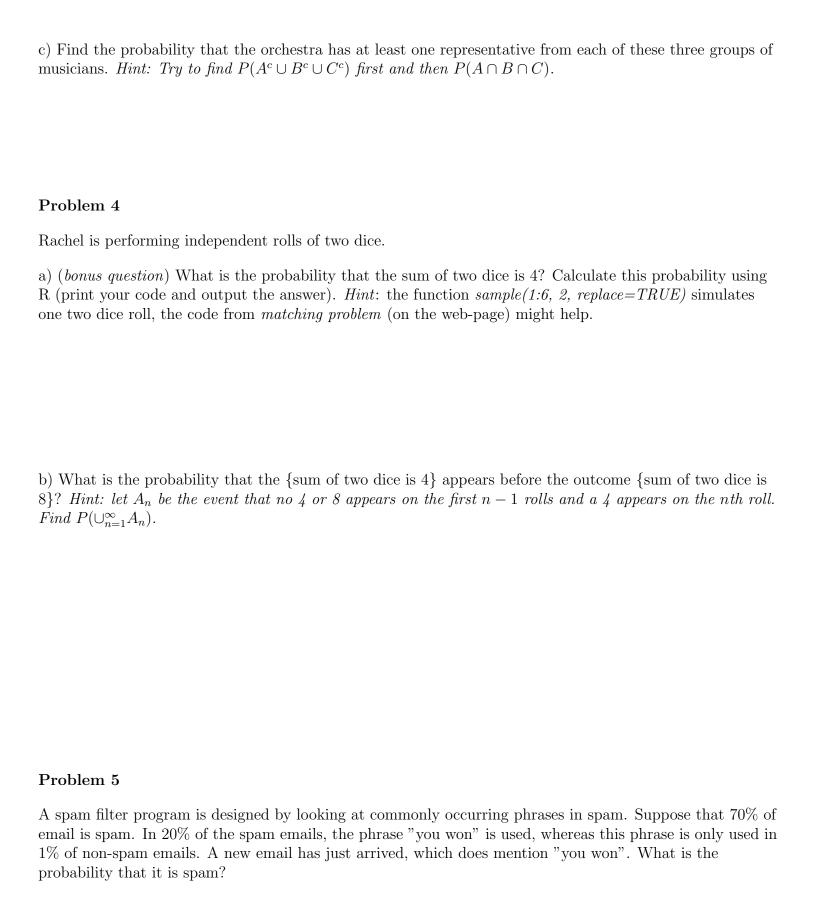
Geralt and his daughter Ciri enjoy their	life together in this modern	world. The	y planned to v	isit their
friends who live in another town.				

- a) They decided to take a flight. At the airport, they realized they had forgotten to buy gifts, so Geralt sent Ciri ahead to board a plane and went to the nearest gift shop. There are 100 passengers lined up to board an airplane with 100 seats (with each seat assigned to one of the passengers). Ciri is the first passenger in line. She crazily decides to sit in a randomly chosen seat (with all seats equally likely). Each subsequent passenger takes his or her assigned seat if available, and otherwise sits in a random available seat. What is the probability that the Geralt, who arrived last, will be able to sit in his assigned seat?
- b) At the dinner party, Geralt, Ciri, and their ten friends are sitting at a round table, with their seating arrangement having been randomly assigned. What is the probability that Geralt and Ciri are sitting next to each other?
- c) Eventually, they decided to play a 5-card poker. Find the probability that Ciri will get two pairs (e.g., two 5's, two 10's, and an ace).

Problem 3

A small musical club consists of 17 musicians playing string instruments, 13 musicians who play the percussion instruments, and 15 musicians playing brass instruments. An orchestra of 10 instrumentalists to be formed randomly (with all subsets of 10 people equally likely). Let A, B, and C be the events that there are musicians playing strings, percussions, and brass instruments, respectively, in the orchestra.

- a) Find the probability that there are exactly 6 musicians who play the string instruments in the orchestra.
- b) Find the probability that the orchestra doesn't consist of the people who play the string instruments and people who play the brass instruments.



Problem 6

My friend has a rare genetic condition. She is concerned about passing it to her future kids. There are two
known mutations: A and B. She doesn't know which one she has, so assume that $P(A) = P(B) = 0.5$. If
she has a B mutation, there is a 1% chance of passing this mutation to her kids. If she has an A mutation,
the chance of passing is 50%. She has 2 kids without a condition but she plans to have one more kid.

a.	What is	the	probability	that a	kid	inherits	the	condition?
α	1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	ULIC		unau a	\mathbf{n}	1111101100	ULIC	Condition

b) Assume that two events that one of the kids doesn't have the condition and another kid doesn't have the	ıe
condition are independent conditional on A or B (i.e., $P(K_1^c \cap K_2^c A) = P(K_1^c A)P(K_2^c A)$), where K_i is the	Э
event that ith kid has a condition. What is the chance that my friend has A mutation $(P(A K_1^c \cap K_2^c))$?	

c) (bonus question) What is the chance the third kid will not have the condition given that two other kids don't have it?

Problem 7

Romeo and Juliet have a date. Each will arrive at the meeting place with a delay between 0 and 1 hour, with all pairs of delays being equally likely. The first to arrive will wait for 15 minutes and will leave if the other has not yet arrived. What is the probability that they will meet? *Hint: draw the unit square and shade the possible region first*.