Show your work for each problem using numbers, sketches, or words.

Name:

1) Prove the identities:

a)
$$((\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{d})) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c})(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{d}) - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{d})(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})$$

b)
$$((\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{d})) = (\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{d}))\vec{c} - (\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}))\vec{d}$$

2) Find the divergence and curl of the following vectors:

$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{r})\vec{b}$$
, $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{r})\vec{r}$, $(\vec{a} \times \vec{r})$, $\phi(\vec{r})(\vec{a} \times \vec{r})$, $(r \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{r}))$

where \vec{a} and \vec{b} are constant vectors.

3) The plane z = 0 is charged to a density which varies in accordance with the periodic law $\sigma = \sigma_0 \sin(\alpha x) \cdot \sin(\beta y)$, where σ_0 , α , β are constants. Find the potential φ due to this charge distribution.