## Does HTML Encoding a mailto tag stop spammers

Asked 15 years, 10 months ago Modified 12 years, 9 months ago Viewed 4k times



I think its fairly common practice these days not to include a mailto: tag in your webpage. I also realize that a better solution is to have a contact us form.



Recently I've seen some mailto tags that include and HTML encoded email address. Is this an effective way to stop spammers from attacking an email address?



Example:



<a href="mailto:&#110;&#101;&#119;&#098;&#105;...">email me</a>

Also, are there any other techniques that I've left out? Which is the best method?

html email-spam

Share

Improve this question

Follow

edited Mar 16, 2012 at 20:38

Peter O.

**32.8k •** 14 • 84 • 97

asked Feb 19, 2009 at 1:22



bendewey

40.2k • 13 • 103 • 125

Look at <u>stackoverflow.com/questions/483212/...</u> maybe you'll find something helpful! – abatishchev Feb 19, 2009 at 1:41

## 7 Answers

Sorted by:

Highest score (default)





From what I've heard, it will help reduce the influx of spam but will not stop it entirely. A minority (for now) of email-address-harvesting bots are smart enough to apply the decoding.



Share Improve this answer Follow







answered Feb 19, 2009 at 1:25



Added a second part to my question. What's ideal? any thoughts? - bendewey Feb 19, 2009 at 1:32



Another technique is to use some Javascript to dynamically generate the mailto tag at page load time. In order for spammers to scrape such addresses, they would need to have a full Javascript processor in their web spider.



Some spammers may already do this.



Share Improve this answer Follow



**990k** • 191 • 1.2k • 1.3k

answered Feb 19, 2009 at 1:37

But in order for users to contact your business, they must have javascript enabled - not everyone does! - Flash Aug 8, 2012 at 7:41



For my personal home page, I give the email address in a graphic. Then I apologize for not making it a link.

1

Share Improve this answer Follow



answered Feb 19, 2009 at 1:37









I typically use the <u>Hivelogic Enkoder</u>. It is helpful for encoding an entire link element, not just the mailto.





One lesson learned the annoying way, however, is to comment your code with what the original element looked like *before* encoding. I've accidentally left off classes on the <a> tag a few times.





Share Improve this answer Follow

answered Feb 19, 2009 at 1:39





Without making it hard for some of your users, you're only ever going to be able to stop lazy spammers — because you don't know ahead of time which you're looking



at. So if you deliver something easily accessible to a legitimate user, you're delivering something easily accessible to a spammer.



My best advice is just to get a very good spam filter if you're going to put your address on the Web. No amount of href obfuscation will do as much good.

Share Improve this answer Follow

answered Feb 19, 2009 at 1:58



Chuck **237k** • 30 • 304 • 392



Personally I'd encourage using a form as that will give you much greater control over how you tackle any potential spam. (Personally I don't like "front end" solutions such as CAPTCHA as they're rarely user friendly - if it causes any inconvenience/additional work for your user, I generally like to see if there's a better way)



Using a form also has the additional benefit of enabling you to obtain data from the contactee with some kind of structure. (I.e. it reduces the risk of someone contacting you with a question, but not providing enough info (even their name perhaps) which might help you in providing them with the best response possible.



Share
Improve this answer
Follow



answered Mar 18, 2011 at 11:49 Kieran



I have been using simple Javascript string concatenation and substring operations to obfuscate the email address for years on several websites. This seems to have worked well, since I got minimal spam on these addresses. This cannot mean that it will still work in the future.



Share Improve this answer Follow





**37.6k** • 22 • 110 • 155

