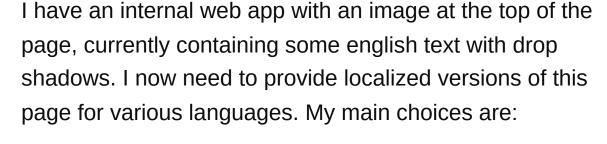
## Drop-shadows text: CSS or graphic?

Asked 16 years, 2 months ago Modified 16 years, 2 months ago Viewed 2k times



3







- Have a different graphic per supported language, containing the localized text.
- Use CSS to position localized text over a plain image, with a <u>complex CSS technique</u> to get drop shadows in most current browsers.

Are there other options? This is for an educational environment, I don't get to control the browser used by the students.

I did try both removing the drop shadows from the graphic, and also moving the text into in a header in the HTML, but neither was appealing. People said it looked like a cheap knockoff of the current page, which wounds my pride.

css lo

localization

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DGentry 16.3k • 8 • 53 • 66

asked Oct 8, 2008 at 14:21

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Personally I'm a big fan of CSS techniques for visual effects like this. The big benefit is that you are offloading the processing of the effect to the client side, saving you bandwith and content creation time (custom text images for each locale is a big order!), and making the page download faster for the user.





The only reason to avoid it is if you absolutely MUST have the drop shadows on very old (IE5) browsers with next to no CSS support.



Edit: Just thought of something - I a few cases like this where I need a specific font or some exact text effect I've used PHP to render the text, with effects, to an image and cache it server side. That way you avoid the content creation process and gain wider browser support in exchange for bandwidth and server CPU time. It's your call if the tradeoff is acceptable.

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answered Oct 8, 2008 at 14:26



Toji

**34.5k** • 22 • 108 • 119



Generate the images on request server-side for each language, complete with shadows. Cache them as needed.



If you can use Image Magick, you can <u>refer to this tutorial</u> for generating text + shadows...



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answered Oct 8, 2008 at 14:27





Maintaining images with text can be a pain - even without localization, I'd avoid it.

1



Two choices that I would attempt before going with your options are:



- Looking for a free program that generates dropshadow images that you can have your program utilize whenever it detects that new text is available for the title
- Using a shadow image that can be repeated as a background image underneath the text

If those don't work, I'd try the CSS, but test it in as many browsers as you can yourself before going live with it.

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answered Oct 8, 2008 at 14:28









Well, Safari supports a proprietary CSS property for dropshadows, but it won't work in other browsers. CSS3 will have drop-shadows, too (actually only one for boxes, but maybe it can be used for text, too, e.g. when the box has a transparent background).





But seeing that most browsers don't even have a 100% CSS2 support so far, I guess you need to go with one of your two options. Of course, there is a not so complex CSS trick to get a drop shadow:

## **Drop Shadows for Everyone**

But they don't look as nice as a real shadow, since they are not blurred. Further you need to have the text twice in the HTML for these to work.

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answered Oct 8, 2008 at 14:31

Mecki

133k • 34 • 259 • 269

Recent versions of Opera support the CSS3 drop shadow spec too. – Jon Adams Oct 8, 2008 at 14:40

Well, Opera is always ahead of time with adding stuff like this. But guess how long it will take till Internet Explorer supports only half of CSS3;-) – Mecki Oct 9, 2008 at 9:34