

Language Books/Tutorials for popular languages

Asked 16 years, 4 months ago Modified 11 years, 9 months ago

Viewed 119k times

249

votes



Locked. This question and its answers are [locked](#) because the question is off-topic but has historical significance. It is not currently accepting new answers or interactions.

It wasn't that long ago that I was a beginning coder, trying to find good books/tutorials on languages I wanted to learn. Even still, there are times I need to pick up a language relatively quickly for a new project I am working on. The point of this post is to document some of the best tutorials and books for these languages. I will start the list with the best I can find, but hope you guys out there can help with better suggestions/new languages. Here is what I found:

Since this is now wiki editable, I am giving control up to the community. If you have a suggestion, please put it in this section. I decided to also add a section for general be a better programmer books and online references as well. Once again, all recommendations are welcome.

General Programming

Online Tutorials

[Foundations of Programming](#) By Karl Seguin - From Codebetter, its C# based but the ideas ring true across the board, can't believe no-one's posted this yet actually.

[How to Write Unmaintainable Code](#) - An anti manual that teaches you how to write code in the most unmaintable way possible. It would be funny if a lot of these suggestions didn't ring so true.

[The Programming Section of Wiki Books](#) - suggested by Jim Robert as having a large amount of books/tutorials on multiple languages in various stages of completion

[Just the Basics](#) To get a feel for a language.

Books

[Code Complete](#) - This book goes without saying, it is truly brilliant in too many ways to mention.

[The Pragmatic Programmer](#) - The next best thing to working with a master coder, teaching you everything they know.

[Mastering Regular Expressions](#) - Regular Expressions are an essential tool in every programmer's toolbox. This book, recommended by Patrick Lozzi is a great way to learn what they are capable of.

Algorithms in [C](#), [C++](#), and [Java](#) - A great way to learn all the classic algorithms if you find Knuth's books a bit too in depth.

C

Online Tutorials

[This](#) tutorial seems to be pretty concise and thorough, looked over the material and seems to be pretty good. Not sure how friendly it would be to new programmers though.

Books

[K&R C](#) - a classic for sure. It might be argued that all programmers should read it.

[C Primer Plus](#) - Suggested by Imran as being the ultimate C book for beginning programmers.

[C: A Reference Manual](#) - A great reference recommended by Patrick Lozzi.

C++

Online Tutorials

The tutorial on cplusplus.com seems to be the most complete. I found another tutorial [here](#) but it doesn't include topics like polymorphism, which I believe is essential. If you are coming from C, [this](#) tutorial might be the best for you.

Another useful tutorial, [C++ Annotation](#). In Ubuntu family you can get the ebook on multiple format(pdf, txt, Postscript, and LaTeX) by installing `c++-annotation` package from Synaptic(installed package can be found in `/usr/share/doc/c++-annotation/`).

Books

[The C++ Programming Language](#) - crucial for any C++ programmer.

[C++ Primer Plus](#) - Originally added as a typo, but the

amazon reviews are so good, I am going to keep it here until someone says it is a dud.

[Effective C++](#) - Ways to improve your C++ programs.

[More Effective C++](#) - Continuation of Effective C++.

[Effective STL](#) - Ways to improve your use of the STL.

[Thinking in C++](#) - Great book, both volumes. Written by Bruce Eckel and Chuck Ellison.

[Programming: Principles and Practice Using C++](#) - Stroustrup's introduction to C++.

[Accelerated C++](#) - Andy Koenig and Barbara Moo - An excellent introduction to C++ that doesn't treat C++ as "C with extra bits bolted on", in fact you dive straight in and start using STL early on.

Forth

Books

FORTH, a text and reference. Mahlon G. Kelly and Nicholas Spies. ISBN 0-13-326349-5 / ISBN 0-13-326331-2. 1986 Prentice-Hall. Leo Brodie's books are good but this book is even better. For instance it covers defining words and the interpreter in depth.

Java

Online Tutorials

[Sun's Java Tutorials](#) - An official tutorial that seems thorough, but I am not a java expert. You guys know of any better ones?

Books

[Head First Java](#) - Recommended as a great introductory text by Patrick Lozzi.

[Effective Java](#) - Recommended by pek as a great intermediate text.

[Core Java Volume 1](#) and [Core Java Volume 2](#) - Suggested by FreeMemory as some of the best java references available.

[Java Concurrency in Practice](#) - Recommended by MDC as great resource for concurrent programming in Java.

[The Java Programming Language](#)

Python

Online Tutorials

[Python.org](#) - The online documentation for this language is pretty good. If you know of any better let me know.

[Dive Into Python](#) - Suggested by Nickola. Seems to be a python book online.

Perl

Online Tutorials

[perldoc.perl](#) - This is how I personally got started with the language, and I don't think you will be able to beat it.

Books

[Learning Perl](#) - a great way to introduce yourself to the language.

[Programming Perl](#) - greatly referred to as the Perl Bible. Essential reference for any serious perl programmer.

[Perl Cookbook](#) - A great book that has solutions to many common problems.

[Modern Perl Programming](#) - newly released, contains the latest wisdom on modern techniques and tools, including Moose and DBIx::Class.

Ruby

Online Tutorials

Adam Mika suggested [Why's \(Poignant\) Guide to Ruby](#) but after taking a look at it, I don't know if it is for everyone. Found [this](#) site which seems to offer several tutorials for Ruby on Rails.

Books

[Programming Ruby](#) - suggested as a great reference for all things ruby.

Visual Basic

Online Tutorials

Found [this](#) site which seems to devote itself to visual basic tutorials. Not sure how good they are though.

PHP

Online Tutorials

[The main PHP site](#) - A simple tutorial that allows user comments for each page, which I really like. [PHPFreaks Tutorials](#) - Various tutorials of different difficulty lengths.

[Quakenet/PHP tutorials](#) - PHP tutorial that will guide you from ground up.

JavaScript

Online Tutorials

Found a decent tutorial [here](#) geared toward non-programmers. Found another more advanced one [here](#). Nickolay suggested [A reintroduction to javascript](#) as a good read here.

Books

[Head first JavaScript](#)

[JavaScript: The Good Parts](#) (with a [Google Tech Talk video](#) by the author)

C#

Online Tutorials

[C# Station Tutorial](#) - Seems to be a decent tutorial that I dug up, but I am not a C# guy.

[C# Language Specification](#) - Suggested by tamberg. Not really a tutorial, but a great reference on all the elements of C#

Books

[C# to the point](#) - suggested by tamberg as a short text that explains the language in amazing depth

ocaml

Books

nlucaroni suggested the following:

[OCaml for Scientists](#) [Introduction to ocaml](#)

[Using Understand and unraveling ocaml: practice to theory and vice versa](#)

[Developing Applications using Ocaml - O'Reilly](#)

[The Objective Caml System - Official Manua](#)

Haskell

Online Tutorials

nlucaroni suggested the following:

[Explore functional programming with Haskell](#)

Books

[Real World Haskell](#)

[Total Functional Programming](#)

LISP/Scheme

Books

wfarr suggested the following:

[The Little Schemer](#) - Introduction to Scheme and functional programming in general

[The Seasoned Schemer](#) - Followup to Little Schemer.

[Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs](#) - The definitive book on Lisp (also [available online](#)).

[Practical Common Lisp](#) - A good introduction to Lisp with several examples of practical use.

[On Lisp](#) - Advanced Topics in Lisp

[How to Design Programs](#) - An Introduction to Computing

and Programming

[Paradigms of Artificial Intelligence Programming: Case Studies in Common Lisp](#) - an approach to high quality Lisp programming

What about you guys? Am I totally off on some of there? Did I leave out your favorite language? I will take the best comments and modify the question with the suggestions.

programming-languages

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edited Nov 17, 2023 at 20:42

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72 revs, 27 users 46%

Craig H

Comments disabled on deleted / locked posts / reviews

53 Answers

Sorted by:

Highest score (default)



1

2

Next

33

votes



I know this is going to seem old-fashioned, but I don't think much of using online tutorials to learn programming languages or platforms. These generally give you no more than a little taste of the language. To really learn a language, you need the equivalent of a "book", and in many cases, this means a real dead-tree book.

If you want to learn C, read K&R. If you want to learn C++, read Stroustrup. If you want to learn Lisp/Scheme, read SICP. Etc.

If you're not willing to spend more than \$30 and a few hours to learn a language, you probably aren't going to learn it.

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answered [Aug 22, 2008 at 17:18](#)

community wiki
[Kristopher Johnson](#)

I agree that if you really want to learn a language deeply, a book is generally the way to go. However, I think Stroustrup's book is fairly poor from a pedagogical point of view. I would level the same criticism (even more emphatically) at the GoF book.

– [Dónal](#) Feb 2, 2009 at 21:41

I don't really like Stroustrup's book, my preference goes to Thinking in C++ by Bruce Eckel. And I prefer ebooks, because I can Ctrl+F. It saved my life when I did Algorithms I class (with book Introduction to Algorithms) – [Tian Bo](#) Apr 24, 2009 at 2:31

-
- 9 I have nothing against e-books. The point is that it needs to be a real "book", written by an expert and reviewed by experts, and not some free 5,000-word tutorial you found on the web somewhere, written by someone who doesn't know much more than you do. – [Kristopher Johnson](#) Apr 29, 2009 at 12:32
-

20

votes



These are all really good, written by *academia* and (some) are *books* (an unpublished oreilly book --translated from French, but no issues I've found), for example). I've *'d my favorite ones that helped me the most.

ocaml :

1. [*Introduction to ocaml](#)
2. [Using Understand and unraveling ocaml: practice to theory and vice versa](#)
3. [*Developing Applications using Ocaml - O'Reilly](#)
4. [The Objective Caml System - Official Manual](#)
5. [A Concise Introduction to Objective Caml](#)
6. [Practical Ocaml](#)

Haskell :

1. [Explore functional programming with Haskell](#)
2. [*Real World Haskell](#)
3. [*Total Functional Programming](#)

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edited Aug 27, 2008 at 18:25

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4 revs

nlucaroni

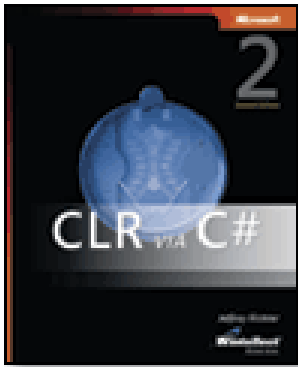
10

For C#:

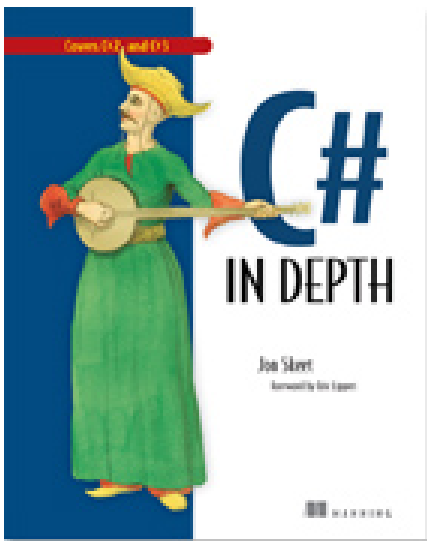
votes



- [CLR via C#](#)



- [C# in Depth](#)



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edited Apr 2, 2012 at 7:43

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3 revs, 2 users 82%

jfs

+1 And add blackwasp.co.uk/CSharpFundamentals.aspx as a really great online reference while you're at it – [Evan Plaice](#) Jun

8

votes



For **C++**, I suggest [Accelerated C++](#) by Koenig and Moo as a beginning text, though I don't know how it would be for an absolute novice. It focuses on using the STL right away, which makes getting things done **much** easier.

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answered [Aug 28, 2008 at 18:36](#)

community wiki
[Mark Krenitsky](#)

But i think Accelerated C++ is not for complete beginners, i think C++ Primer Plus (5th Edition) is for complete beginners.
– [Ibn Saeed](#) Jun 28, 2009 at 18:22

7

Haskell:

votes



O'Reilly Book:

1. [Real World Haskell](#), a great tutorial-oriented book on Haskell, available [online](#) and in print.

My favorite general, less academic online tutorials:

1. [The Haskell wikibook](#) which contains all of the excellent Yet Another Haskell Tutorial. (This tutorial helps with specifics of setting up a Haskell distro and running example programs, for example.)

2. [Learn you a Haskell for Great Good](#), in the spirit of Why's Poignant Guide to Ruby but more to the point.
3. [Write yourself a Scheme in 48 hours](#). Get your hands dirty learning Haskell with a real project.

Books on Functional Programming with Haskell:

1. Lambda calculus, combinators, more theoretical, but in a very down to earth manner: [Davie's Introduction to Functional Programming Systems Using Haskell](#)
2. Laziness and program correctness, thinking functionally: [Bird's Introduction to Functional Programming Using Haskell](#)

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edited Mar 7, 2010 at 18:52

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3 revs

Jared Updike

5

votes



Effective Java is a must but I recommend being comfortable with Java first to fully understand the examples.

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answered Aug 25, 2008 at 18:07

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pek

5 Ruby

votes



- The [Free Ruby on Rails Training Online Course by Sang Shin](#) Isn't too bad. It also has a decent amount of further reading links on each subject in the course

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answered [Aug 30, 2008 at 10:55](#)

community wiki
[Vagnerr](#)

4 I'd add Bruce Eckel's programming books:

votes



- Thinking in Java (print version: 4th edition; 3rd. ed. is online: <http://www.mindview.net/Books/TIJ/>)
- Thinking in C++ (2nd ed, freely available online: <http://mindview.net/Books/TICPP/ThinkingInCPP2e.html>)

In general, his "Books" page (<http://mindview.net/Books/>) is a good resource. The freely available books can also be found at <http://www.ibiblio.org/pub/docs/books/eckel/>

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answered [Sep 26, 2008 at 10:34](#)

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4
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Can't believe nobody has mentioned the [Perl Best Practices](#). There's also a [Twitter feed](#) that delivers one PBP per day.



I learned Perl from [Robert's Perl Tutorial](#), which I recommend, but it hasn't been updated since 1999. A newer recommended tutorial is [Steve's Perl Tutorial](#).

For web development with Perl, the clear winner is [Catalyst](#), and the [Catalyst wiki](#) is the starting point for learning.

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answered Jul 19, 2009 at 11:43

community wiki
[Dan Dascalescu](#)

3
votes

For Lisp and Scheme (hell, functional programming in general), there are few things that provide a more solid foundation than [The Little Schemer](#) and [The Seasoned Schemer](#). Both provide a very simple and intuitive introduction to both Scheme and functional programming that proves far simpler for new students or hobbyists than any of the typical volumes that rub off like a nonfiction rendition of *War & Peace*.



Once they've moved beyond the Schemer series, SICP and On Lisp are both fantastic choices.

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answered Aug 25, 2008 at 16:30

community wiki
wfarr

3 check out the [programming section of wikibooks](#)

votes



Many of them are fully formed, and quite a few have more advanced sections (which are in varying states of completion) on specific functionality.

also, [w3 schools](#) has a great php tutorial and reference section

their [html](#) and [css](#) sections are good for reference too.

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answered Aug 26, 2008 at 14:56

community wiki
Jiaaro

3 C++

votes



- [Thinking in C++](#) by Bruce Eckel



- [C++ Coding Standards](#) by Herb Sutter & Andrei Alexandrescu

The first one is good for beginners and the second one requires more advanced level in C++.

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answered [Aug 27, 2008 at 16:19](#)

community wiki
[Serge](#)

3

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- C - [The C Programming Language](#) - Obviously I *had* to reference K&R, one of the best programming books out there full stop.
- C++ - [Accelerated C++](#) - This clear, well written introduction to C++ goes straight to using the STL and gives nice, clear, practical examples. Lives up to its name.
- C# - [Pro C# 2008 and the .NET 3.5 Platform](#) - Bit of a mouthful but wonderfully written and huge depth.
- F# - [Expert F#](#) - Designed to take experienced programmers from zero to expert in F#. Very well written, one of the author's invented F# so you can't go far wrong!
- Scheme - [The Little Schemer](#) - Really unique approach to teaching a programming language done *really* well.

- Ruby - [Programming Ruby](#) - Affectionately known as the 'pick axe' book, this is THE defacto introduction to Ruby. Very well written, clear and detailed.

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answered Aug 30, 2008 at 19:00

community wiki
[ljs](#)

3

For Javascript:

votes



- [Javascript: The Definitive Guide](#)
- [Pro Javascript Techniques](#)

For PHP:

- [PHP Objects, Patterns, and Practice](#)

For OO design & programming, patterns:

- [Object-Oriented Software Construction](#) (a bible, maybe the Head First OO would be nice, I don't know it)
- [Head First Design Patterns](#) (I so love this book)
- [Design Patterns](#)

For Refactoring:

- [Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code](#)
- [Working Effectively with Legacy Code](#)

For SQL/MySQL:

- [Joe Celko: Tree and Hierarchies in SQL](#) (only on a specific subject, but I found it interesting)
- [Pro MySQL](#)

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answered [Sep 4, 2008 at 9:19](#)

community wiki
[Ced-le-pingouin](#)

2
votes



[C Primer Plus, 5th Edition](#) - The C book to get if you're learning C without any prior programming experience. It's a personal favorite of mine as I learned to program from this book. It has all the qualities a beginner friendly book should have:

- Doesn't assume any prior exposure to programming
- Enjoyable to read (without becoming annoying like For Dummies /
- Doesn't oversimplify

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answered [Aug 25, 2008 at 16:02](#)

community wiki
[Imran](#)

2

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Let's not forget [Head First Java](#), which could be considered the essential first step in this language or maybe the step after the online tutorials by Sun. It's great for the purpose of grasping the language concisely, while adding a bit of fun, serving as a stepping stone for the more in-depth books already mentioned.

Sedgewick offers great series on Algorithms which are a must-have if you find Knuth's books to be too in-depth. Knuth aside, Sedgewick brings a solid approach to the field and he offers his books in [C](#), [C++](#) and [Java](#). The C++ books could be used backwardly on C since he doesn't make a very large distinction between the two languages in his presentation.

Whenever I'm working on C, [C:A Reference Manual, by Harbison and Steele](#), goes with me everywhere. It's concise and efficient while being extremely thorough making it priceless(to me anyways).

Languages aside, and if this thread is to become a go-to for references in which I think it's heading that way due to the number of solid contributions, please include [Mastering Regular Expressions](#), for reasons I think most of us are aware of... some would also say that regex can be considered a language in its own right. Further, its usefulness in a wide array of languages makes it invaluable.

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answered [Aug 29, 2008 at 7:45](#)

community wiki
[Patrick Loz](#)

2 Common Lisp

votes



For a good reference of CL check out [Common Lisp the Language, 2nd Edition](#)

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answered [Aug 30, 2008 at 18:48](#)

community wiki
[Banderson](#)

2 For Objective C:

votes



Cocoa Programming for Mac OSX - Third Edition Aaron Hillegass Published by Addison Wesley

Programming in Objective C, Stephen G Kochan,

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answered [Sep 11, 2008 at 1:00](#)

community wiki
[stevechol](#)

2

votes



[Head First Javascript](#) is a good intro to JS for beginning programmers - it creatively explains basic programming concepts using JS syntax. The Head First series is based on researched techniques for helping you learn and remember new information. They have you do a lot of exercises and puzzles which might seem juvenile, but really help cement the knowledge in your brain.

One exercise I really liked was after they explained data types, they show a picture of a city street and say "label all the data types you can find in this picture." So the blinker on a car is a boolean, the sign on the store is a string, and the address is a number. That helped me get the idea of how to translate real information into a program.

Based only on this book, I'd say the Head First series is a great way to learn something **the first time**, but the story-like format they have would make them difficult to use as references.

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answered [Sep 12, 2008 at 18:26](#)

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[Nathan Long](#)

2

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[The Ruby Way](#) by Hal Fulton

[The Ruby Way cover](#) <http://rubyhacker.com/trw2cover.gif>



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answered Sep 13, 2008 at 21:35

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[jfs](#)

2

Python: <http://diveintopython.net/>

votes



JS: [a re-introduction to JavaScript](#) is the introduction to the *language* (not the browser specifics) for programmers.



Don't know a good tutorial on JS in browser.

Great idea by the way!

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edited Mar 8, 2012 at 14:43

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3 revs, 2 users 88%
[Nickolay](#)

2

Given recent developments I think it's important to include the recent explosion of free online course offerings from universities and private companies. The new boston is a tutorial site i've always used for numerous languages for years, great beginner point.

votes



<http://www.udacity.com/>

<https://www.coursera.org/>

<http://www.coursehero.org/>

<http://www.codecademy.com/>

<http://mitx.mit.edu/>

<http://www.khanacademy.org/>

<http://thenewboston.org/>

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answered [Apr 25, 2012 at 11:54](#)

community wiki
[shicky](#)

1

I second Kristopher's recommendation of K&R for C.

vote



I've found the "Essential Actionscript 2.0" book quite useful for AS coding (there's an AS3 version out now I believe).



I've found that having real books to thumb through is more helpful than an online reference in some cases. Not really sure why though.

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answered [Aug 22, 2008 at 17:37](#)

community wiki
[Herms](#)



hmm, I don't know if I would say that online materials are useless, but I do agree that there is something about books. Maybe they are better written, or maybe it is the act of forking over \$50 that makes you more inclined to study the material.

Either way, I agree that books should be part of this question. If anyone has any suggestions for books for languages I will edit the post with the best suggestions.

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answered [Aug 22, 2008 at 17:41](#)

community wiki
[Craig H](#)



The reference you have listed for Ruby is for Ruby on Rails. While still ruby deep down, it is definitely not a place to start for people wanting to learn Ruby.

For Ruby tutorials, I would suggest [Why's \(Poignant\) Guide to Ruby](#) as a great starting point for anyone interested in the language.

If you would want to get into more detail, I would recommend the book [Programming Ruby](#), which has become the standard for all things Ruby. The third edition is currently being written, highlighting Ruby 1.9 features, so I would hold off for a while if anyone is considering buying this book.

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answered Aug 23, 2008 at 4:51

community wiki
Adam Mika

Why's book is good, but the little storys are way too bullshitty.
They annoyed me not helped me. – Rayne Dec 23, 2008 at 22:05

1 For J2EE you have a very comprehensive tutorial at:
vote <http://java.sun.com/javaee/5/docs/tutorial/doc/>



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answered Aug 24, 2008 at 15:45



community wiki
Iker Jimenez

1
vote

For Java, I **highly** recommend [Core Java](#). It's a large tome (or two large tomes), but I've found it to be one of the best references on Java I've read.



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answered [Aug 25, 2008 at 15:47](#)

community wiki
[FreeMemory](#)

1
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I know this is a cross post from [here](#)... but, I think one of the best Java books is [Java Concurrency in Practice](#) by Brian Goetz. A rather advanced book - but, it will wear well on your concurrent code and Java development in general.



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edited [May 23, 2017 at 12:18](#)

community wiki
[3 revs](#)
[Matt Cummings](#)

1
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The defacto standard for learning Grails is the excellent [Getting Started with Grails](#) by Jason Rudolph. You can debate whether it is an online tutorial or a book since it can be purchased but is available as a free download. There are more "real" books being published and I recommend Beginning Groovy and Grails.



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answered Aug 26, 2008 at 14:49

community wiki
Ed.T

1 C#

vote



[C# to the Point](#) by Hanspeter Mössenböck. On a mere 200 pages he explains C# in astonishing depth, focusing on underlying concepts and concise examples rather than hand waving and Visual Studio screenshots.

For additional information on specific language features, check the [C# language specification ECMA-334](#).

[Framework Design Guidelines](#), a book by Krzysztof Cwalina and Brad Abrams from Microsoft, provides further insight into the main design decisions behind the .NET library.

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answered Aug 29, 2008 at 8:11

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tamberg

1

2

Next