

SOLVING THE WATER CRISIS IN TANZANIA

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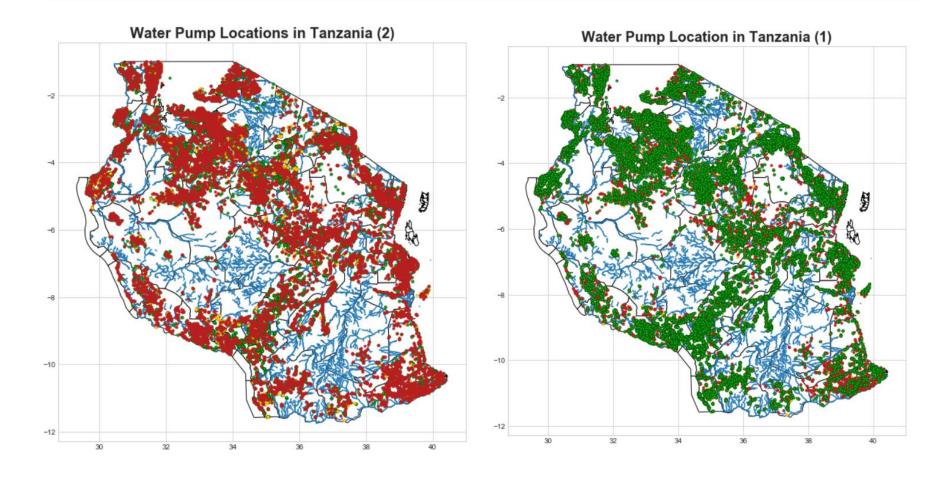
THE SITUATION AT PRESENT...

- Tanzania Population: 58 million
- 24.6 million people still live without clean water
- UNICEF estimates that 70% of Tanzania's health budget is spent on preventable WASH-related diseases due to lack of access to clean water and improved sanitation



Water Pumps Functionality Status Spread 50% 40% 20% 10% functional non functional functional needs repair Water Pump Status

WATER PUMPS LOCATIONS



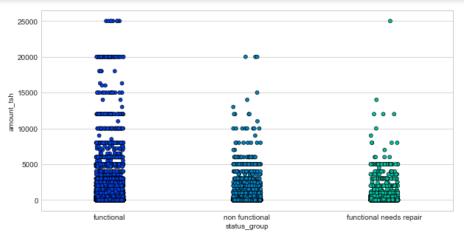
MODELING WELL FUCNTIONALITY

- Modeled Features include
 - Location (latitude, longitude)
 - Quantity of the water
 - Management
 - Extraction type
 - Frequency of Payment for water usage
 - Acquisition of Permit

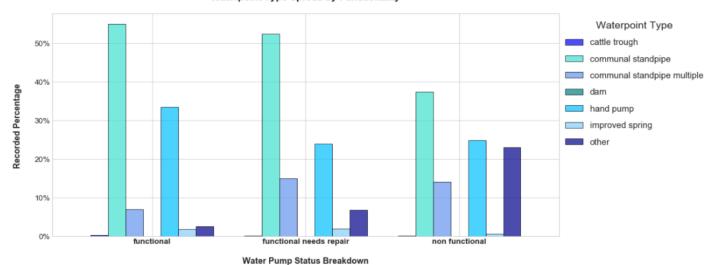
Findings: The final model has an accuracy of 76.3%.



EXPLORING DIFFERENT FEATURES



Waterpoint Type Spread by Functionality



RECOMMENDATIONS

- New water pumps should be built in locations with still significant amount of water, of a good quality in order to ensure their long-standing use.
- The location of the wells is an important aspect to their functionality, so focus funding on the development of new water distribution networks, especially in rural areas
- Examine the districts and local authorities in the regions with high concentration of wells without permits

FUTURE RESEARCH

- Narrow down model features along the following perspectives:
 - The natural resources perspective (focus on location, water quality and quality, etc.)
 - The funding aspect -- breaking down further into management and operation practices, installation, etc., narrowing down to a selection of 'best practices' for well functionality and longevity.
 - Look at foreign investments -- With Tanzania's water & sanitation industry still heavily reliant on international and private sector donors, examine their impact on functionality.





Thank You for Your Time

FIND OUT MORE AT: HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/ANAULIANOVA/DATA-MINING-WATER-PUMPS-IN-TANZANIA