## Additional Census Data Analysis

November 26, 2024

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[1]: # import all required libraries and file downloaded after completing Part 2 -
     → Toronto Demographic Data
     import pandas as pd
     df = pd.read_csv('Central_Toronto_Census_Data.csv')
[2]: # see shape of file
     df.shape
[2]: (9, 14)
[3]: # get list of all the columns in file
     df.columns
[3]: Index(['Postal Code', '15 to 19 years - Counts - Total',
            '20 to 24 years - Counts - Total', '25 to 29 years - Counts - Total',
            'Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m. - Counts - Total',
            'Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m. - Counts - Total',
            'Bicycle - Counts - Total', 'Population, 2021 - Counts - Total',
            'Public transit - Counts - Total',
            'Total - Main mode of commuting - Counts - Total',
            'Total - Place of work status - Counts - Total',
            'Total - Time leaving for work - Counts - Total',
            'Walked - Counts - Total', 'Worked at home - Counts - Total'],
           dtype='object')
[4]: | # calculating percentage of people that leave early in the morning tou
     →understand our target of working professionals
     df["percentage_leaving_early_morning"] = ((df["Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m. -__
      Gounts - Total"] + df["Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m. - Counts - Total"]) / ∪
      ⇒df["Total - Time leaving for work - Counts - Total"]*100)
     result = df[["Postal Code", "percentage_leaving_early_morning"]]
     print(result)
      Postal Code percentage_leaving_early_morning
    0
              M4N
                                           59.053834
    1
              M4P
                                          52.487008
    2
              M4R
                                           54.442344
```

```
5
              M4V
                                          54.098361
    6
              M5N
                                          52.962963
    7
                                          49.640288
              M5P
    8
              M5R
                                          51.271534
[5]: # calculating percentages to understand ways of commuting in the area
    df["percentage_bicycle"] = ((df["Bicycle - Counts - Total"]) / df["Total - Main_
      →mode of commuting - Counts - Total"]*100)
    df["percentage_walked"] = ((df["Walked - Counts - Total"]) / df["Total - Main_
      →mode of commuting - Counts - Total"]*100)
    df["percentage transit"] = ((df["Public transit - Counts - Total"]) / df["Total"]
     df["percentage_commuting"] = ((df["Bicycle - Counts - Total"] + df["Walked -___
      ⇔Counts - Total"]+ df["Public transit - Counts - Total"]) / df["Total - Main⊔
     →mode of commuting - Counts - Total"]*100)
    df["percentage_car"] = 100 - df["percentage_commuting"]
    df["number_car"] = df["Total - Main mode of commuting - Counts - Total"] -_
      ⇔(df["Bicycle - Counts - Total"] + df["Walked - Counts - Total"]+ df["Public"
      ⇔transit - Counts - Total"])
    result1 = df[["Postal__
      Gode", "percentage_bicycle", "percentage_walked", "percentage_transit", □

¬"percentage_commuting", "percentage_car" ]]

    print(result1)
      Postal Code percentage_bicycle percentage_walked percentage_transit \
    0
              M4N
                             1.305057
                                               9.624796
                                                                  23.001631
    1
              M4P
                             2.598367
                                              12.249443
                                                                  38.010393
    2
              M4R
                             2.079395
                                              10.018904
                                                                  31.190926
    3
                                                                  38.727150
              M4S
                             2.166554
                                              11.103588
    4
              M4T
                             3.125000
                                              13.020833
                                                                  29.166667
    5
              M4V
                             3.060109
                                               17.267760
                                                                  26.010929
    6
              M5N
                             1.728395
                                               7.407407
                                                                  25.308642
    7
              M5P
                             2.980473
                                               9.352518
                                                                  26.310380
    8
              M5R
                             7.465135
                                              23.625923
                                                                  25.266612
       percentage_commuting percentage_car
                                  66.068515
    0
                  33.931485
                                  47.141797
                  52.858203
    1
    2
                  43.289225
                                  56.710775
    3
                  51.997292
                                  48.002708
    4
                  45.312500
                                  54.687500
    5
                  46.338798
                                  53.661202
    6
                  34.44444
                                  65.55556
```

54.366960

53.385417

3

4

M4S

M4T

```
7
                  38.643371
                                  61.356629
    8
                  56.357670
                                  43.642330
[6]: # calculating percentage of population working from home to understand target
     →market lifestyle
    df["percentage WFH"] = ((df["Worked at home - Counts - Total"]) / df["Total -__
      →Place of work status - Counts - Total"]*100)
    result2 = df[["Postal Code", "percentage_WFH"]]
    print(result2)
      Postal Code percentage_WFH
                        54.178886
    0
              M4N
              M4P
                        51.965994
    1
    2
              M4R
                        56.623586
                        56.313794
    3
              M4S
    4
              M4T
                        60.486322
    5
              M4V
                        54.941860
    6
              M5N
                        46.822309
    7
              M5P
                        52.360097
    8
              M5R
                        55.149982
[7]: # calculate the percentage of 15-29 age group in the neighbourhood populations
    df["percentage 15 to 29"] = ((df["15 to 19 years - Counts - Total"] + df["20 to_{\square}]
      _{
m 4}24 years - Counts - Total"]+ df["25 to 29 years - Counts - Total"]) /_{
m L}

→df["Population, 2021 - Counts - Total"]*100)
    df["sum_15_to_29"] = (df["15 to 19 years - Counts - Total"] + df["20 to 24_1]
      result3 = df[["Postal Code", "sum_15_to_29", "percentage_15_to_29"]]
    print(result3)
      Postal Code
                   sum_15_to_29 percentage_15_to_29
    0
              M4N
                           2730
                                           17.000872
              M4P
                           5465
                                           21.810273
    1
    2
              M4R.
                           2285
                                           19.187169
    3
              M4S
                           5700
                                           18.534174
    4
              M4T
                           1545
                                           14.953542
    5
              M4V
                           3130
                                           16.240336
    6
              M5N
                           2990
                                           18.509348
    7
              M5P
                           3670
                                           18.543783
    8
              M5R
                           5445
                                           20.784823
```

[8]: # export to CSV for graph making

df.to\_csv("Extra\_Data\_Analysis.csv", index=False)