%matplotlib inline

Identificación de la edad del usuario

Para identificar el género vamos a tener que usar el feature selection que definimos anteriormente. Para ello hemos creado un archivo .py en el que se realiza esta operación. Probaremos con todas las opciones realizadas y veremos con cual nos quedamos al final.

Puesto que tenemos datos con etiquetas de edad, usaremos modelos supervisados para la edad.

1.- Librerias

In [2]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import time
import timeit
from sklearn import cross validation
from sklearn.feature selection import VarianceThreshold
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.ensemble import ExtraTreesClassifier
from sklearn.externals import joblib
import sklearn.preprocessing as pp
import random
import dateutil
#Hay que istalar esta librería que hace el parseo del user agent
#pip install pyyaml ua-parser user-agents
#Para pintar gráficos vistosos usamos seaborn:
import seaborn as sns
#y creamos la paleta:
sns.set palette("deep", desat=.6)
sns.set context(rc={"figure.figsize": (8, 4)})
```

2.- Descripcion de los datos

DESPUES DE ANONIMIZAR Y SELECCIONAR ÚNICAMENTE LAS VARIABLES QUE QUEREMOS

| num_columna | Nombre | Descripción | Variable |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | ciudad | ciuda de origen del usuario | discreta |
| 2 | email_server | servidor de email del usuario | discreta |
| 3 | edad | edad del usuario (variable objetivo) | discreta |
| 4 | genero | genero del usuario (variable objetivo) | discreta |
| 6 | hora_visita | hora en que el usuario hace la visita | discreta |
| 7 | is_weekend | fin de semana | discreta |
| 8 | nombre_final | nombre del usuario | discreta |
| 9 | os | sistema operativo | discreta |
| 10 | pais | pais en el user agent | discreta |
| 11 | rango horario | momento del día en que se conecta el usuario | discreta |
| 12 | time_zone | zona horaria del usuario | discreta |
| 13 | ua_browser_family | familia del navegador en el user agent | discreta |
| 14 | ua_device | dispositivo que utiliza el usuario segun user agent | |
| 15 | ua_device_family | familia del dispositivo en el user agent | discreta |
| 16 | ua_is_bot | si es un robot | discreta |
| 17 | ua_is_movile | si es un movil | discreta |
| 19 | ua_is_pc | si es un pc | discreta |
| 20 | ua_is_tablet | si es una tablet | discreta |
| 21 | ua_is_tounch_capable | si es táctil | discreta |
| 22 | ua_os_family | familia sistema operativo | discreta |
| 23 | weekday | dia de la semana | discreta |
| 24 | id_hotspots | id del local | discreta |

⁻Faltaría saber si se ha conectado con facebook, google o email (deb ería hacerlo en la recolección de variables), así como rellenar los nulos con un valor ("vacio")

⁻También faltaría la categoría del local en que se ha conectado y ha cer algo con las provincias.

3.- Descripción del DataFrame de resultados

| id | Nombre | Descripción |
|----|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | feature_reduction | Tipo de reducción de características utilizado. Será: |
| 2 | Model | Modelo supervisado utilizado. Será: • Decission_tree • Random_forest • Linear Regression • Logistic Regression • SVM |
| 3 | target | Variable objetivo del modelo. Sera: |
| 4 | resultado | score del modelo con datos de test |
| 5 | parameters | modelo utilizado con sus parámetros |
| 6 | exec_time | tiempo que tarda en predecir el modelo |

En total son 4x5x3 pruebas diferentes = 60 experimentos. Se guardarán en un dataFrame para evaluar al final cual da mejores resultados.

In [265]:

```
#Creo un dataframe donde voy a guardar los resultados de los modelos para u
sarlo al final.
#Los campos que tendrá serán:
    # - ferture reduction, Varianza, ExtraTree, PCA
    # - Model : tree, random_forest, regression ...
# - target : mayor_edad, edad, rango_edad
# - Score
# - Parameters: Parametros que pasamos a la función

Resultados = pd.DataFrame
Feature_Reduction = []
Model = []
Target =[]
Final_Score = []
Parameters = []
Exec_time = []
```

| id | FR | Modelo | Target | Realizado |
|----|------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | Varianza | Decisssion_tree | edad | Si |
| 2 | Varianza | Decisssion_tree | mayor_edad | Si |
| 3 | Varianza | Decisssion_tree | rango_edad | Si |
| 4 | Varianza | Random_forest | edad | Si |
| 5 | Varianza | Random_forest | mayor_edad | Si |
| 6 | Varianza | Random_forest | rango_edad | Si |
| 7 | Varianza | Linear Regression | edad | Si |
| 8 | Varianza | Linear Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 9 | Varianza | Linear Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 10 | Varianza | Logistic Regression | edad | Si |
| 11 | Varianza | Logistic Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 12 | Varianza | Logistic Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 13 | Varianza | SVM | edad | Si |
| 14 | Varianza | SVM | mayor_edad | Si |
| 14 | Varianza | SVM | rango_edad | Si |
| 16 | Extra_tree | Decisssion_tree | edad | Si |
| 17 | Extra_tree | Decisssion_tree | mayor_edad | Si |
| 18 | Extra_tree | Decisssion_tree | rango_edad | Si |
| 19 | Extra_tree | Random_forest | edad | Si |
| 20 | Extra_tree | Random_forest | mayor_edad | Si |
| 21 | Extra_tree | Random_forest | rango_edad | Si |
| 22 | Extra_tree | Linear Regression | edad | Si |
| 23 | Extra_tree | Linear Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 24 | Extra_tree | Linear Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 25 | Extra_tree | Logistic Regression | edad | Si |
| 26 | Extra_tree | Logistic Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 27 | Extra_tree | Logistic Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 28 | Extra_tree | SVM | edad | Si |
| 29 | Extra_tree | SVM | mayor_edad | Si |
| 30 | Extra_tree | SVM | rango_edad | Si |
| 31 | PCA | Decisssion_tree | edad | Si |
| 32 | PCA | Decisssion_tree | mayor_edad | Si |

| 33 | PCA | Decisssion_tree | rango_edad | Si |
|----|----------------------|---------------------|------------|----|
| 34 | PCA | PCA Random_forest | | Si |
| 35 | PCA Random_forest | | mayor_edad | Si |
| 36 | PCA | Random_forest | rango_edad | Si |
| 37 | PCA | Linear Regression | edad | Si |
| 38 | PCA Linear Regressio | | mayor_edad | Si |
| 39 | PCA | Linear Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 40 | PCA | Logistic Regression | edad | Si |
| 41 | PCA | Logistic Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 42 | PCA | Logistic Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 43 | PCA | PCA SVM | | Si |
| 44 | PCA | SVM | mayor_edad | Si |
| 45 | PCA | SVM | rango_edad | Si |
| 46 | Todas | Decisssion_tree | edad | Si |
| 47 | Todas | Decisssion_tree | mayor_edad | Si |
| 48 | Todas | Decisssion_tree | rango_edad | Si |
| 49 | Todas | Random_forest | edad | Si |
| 50 | Todas | Random_forest | mayor_edad | Si |
| 51 | Todas | Random_forest | rango_edad | Si |
| 52 | Todas | Linear Regression | edad | Si |
| 53 | Todas | Linear Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 54 | Todas | Linear Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 55 | Todas | Logistic Regression | edad | Si |
| 56 | Todas | Logistic Regression | mayor_edad | Si |
| 57 | Todas | Logistic Regression | rango_edad | Si |
| 58 | Todas | SVM | edad | Si |
| 59 | Todas | SVM | mayor_edad | Si |
| 60 | Todas | SVM | rango_edad | Si |

4.- Carga de los datos

Cargamos los datos que hemos limpiado anteriormente y guardado en un csv para cargarlos más fácilmente). Al final del ejercicio habría que integrarlo todo en un único proceso para su uso.

```
In [4]:
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('../csv/datos_explorados.csv')
#borro la columna unnamed
df.drop('Unnamed: 0', axis=1,inplace=True)
#y quito ciudad, ua_os_family y ua_device_family, ua_is_pc
df.drop(['ua_os_family','ua_device','ciudad','ua_is_pc'], axis=1,inplace=True)
print df.columns
```

Index([u'email_server', u'edad', u'genero', u'hora_visita', u'idioma', u'i
s_weekend', u'nombre_final', u'os', u'pais', u'rango_horario', u'timezone',
u'ua_browser_family', u'ua_device_family', u'ua_is_bot', u'ua_is_movile',
u'ua_is_tablet', u'ua_is_tounch_capable', u'weekday', u'id_hotspots'], dtyp
e='object')

5.-Feature Reduction

```
#Leemos los fichero que hemos creado con label encode
def label econde(df):
                df features = pd.DataFrame()
                le ciudad = joblib.load('models/le ciudad.pkl')
                le email server = joblib.load('models/le email server.pkl')
                le idioma = joblib.load('models/le idioma.pkl')
                le os = joblib.load('models/le os.pkl')
                le pais = joblib.load('models/le pais.pkl')
                le rango horario = joblib.load('models/le rango horario.pk
1')
                le time zone = joblib.load('models/le time zone.pkl')
                le browser family = joblib.load('models/le browser family.p
kl')
                le rango horario = joblib.load('models/le rango horario.pk
1')
                le device = joblib.load('models/le device.pkl')
                le device family = joblib.load('models/le device family.pk
1')
                le os family = joblib.load('models/le os family.pkl')
                #df features["ciudad"] = le ciudad.transform(df.ciudad)
                df features["email server"] = le email server.transform(d
f.email server)
                df_features["hora_visita"] = df.hora_visita
                df features["idioma"] = le idioma.transform(df.idioma)
                df features["is weekend"] = [1 if x else 0 for x in df.is w
eekend]
                df features["os"] = le os.transform(df.os)
                df_features["pais"] = le_pais.transform(df.pais)
                df features["rango horario"] = le rango horario.transform(d
f.rango horario)
                df features["time zone"] = le time zone.transform(df.timezo
ne)
                df features["browser family"] = le browser family.transfor
m(df.ua browser family)
                #df features["device"] = le device.transform(df.ua device)
                df features["device family"] = le device family.transform(d
f.ua device family)
                df features["is movile"] = [1 if x else 0 for x in df.ua i
s movile]
                #df features["is pc"] = [1 if x else 0 for x in df.ua is p
c]
                df features["is tablet"] = [1 if x else 0 for x in df.ua i
s tablet]
                df_features["is_tounch_capable"] = [1 if x else 0 for x in
df.ua is tounch capable]
                #df_features["os_family"] = le_os_family.transform(df.ua_o
s family)
                df features["weekday"] = df.weekday
                df features["id hotspots"] = df.id hotspots
                return df features
```

```
In [6]:
```

```
df_lb_features = label_econde(df)
```

In [7]:

```
#Separamos los que tienen edad de los que no
X_train = df_lb_features[pd.notnull(df.edad)]
X_predecir= df_lb_features[pd.isnull(df.edad)]
y_train = df[pd.notnull(df.edad)].edad.values
print len(X_train)
print len(X_predecir)
print len(y_train)
```

10895

15183

10895

In [8]:

1.- Varianza

In [9]:

```
sel = VarianceThreshold(threshold=(.8 * (1 - .8)))
X_sel_new = sel.fit_transform(df_lb_features)

print df_lb_features.shape
print sel.get_support()
print X_sel_new.shape

df_features_varianza = df_lb_features[df_lb_features.columns[sel.get_support()]]
print df_features_varianza.columns
```

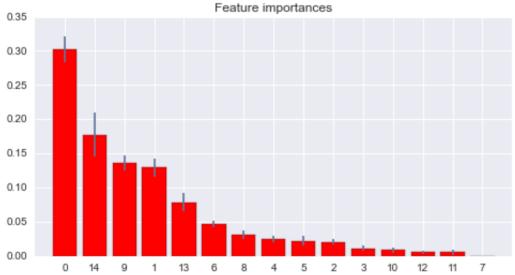
In [10]:

2.- Extra_tree

```
In [11]:
```

```
X = X \text{ train}
y = y train
print X.shape
num features = len(X train.columns)
clf = ExtraTreesClassifier()
X \text{ new = clf.fit}(X, y).transform(X)
print "Features importances:" , clf.feature importances
new num features = X new.shape[1]
print "Features a utilizar:" , new num features
importances = clf.feature importances
std = np.std([tree.feature importances for tree in clf.estimators ],
             axis=0)
indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]
# Print the feature ranking
print("Feature ranking:")
i = 0
indice ET = []
for f in range(num features):
    print("%d. feature %d (%f)" % (f + 1, indices[f], importances[indice
s[f]]))
    if i < new num features:</pre>
        indice ET.append( indices[f])
    i+=1
# Plot the feature importances of the forest
plt.figure()
plt.title("Feature importances")
plt.bar(range(num features), importances[indices],color="r", yerr=std[indic
es], align="center")
plt.xticks(range(num features), indices)
plt.xlim([-1, num_features])
plt.show()
```

```
(10895, 15)
Features importances: [ 0.30191805  0.12910873  0.02038684  0.01143885  0.0
2454446 0.02201085
  0.04726038 0.
                          0.03109689 0.13627838 0.00838815 0.00559224
  0.00563301 0.07879103
                          0.17755212]
Features a utilizar: 5
Feature ranking:
1. feature 0 (0.301918)
2. feature 14 (0.177552)
3. feature 9 (0.136278)
4. feature 1 (0.129109)
5. feature 13 (0.078791)
6. feature 6 (0.047260)
7. feature 8 (0.031097)
8. feature 4 (0.024544)
9. feature 5 (0.022011)
10. feature 2 (0.020387)
11. feature 3 (0.011439)
12. feature 10 (0.008388)
13. feature 12 (0.005633)
14. feature 11 (0.005592)
15. feature 7 (0.000000)
```



In [12]:

```
In [13]:
```

/Users/Ana/anaconda/lib/python2.7/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py:41 5: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead

See the the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy self.obj[item] = s

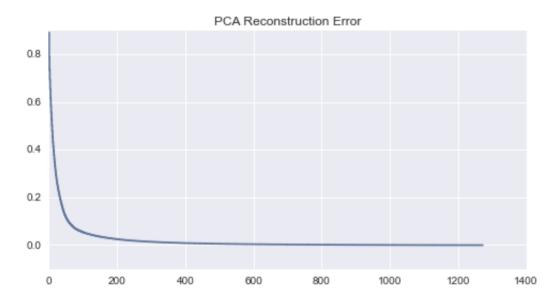
```
# Función binariza que genera las columnas binarizadas
def binariza(dataf, cat bin, cat not bin):
    df binarized genero = pd.DataFrame()
    df binarized = dataf[cat bin]
    #Y ahora añado las binarizadas
    for column in cat not bin:
        #Genero un arrat con las categorías que va a haber
        classes = df[column].unique().tolist()
        #Binarizo las columnas teniendo en cuenta las categorías
        column bin = pp.label binarize(dataf[column], classes)
        #y lo inserto en un dataframe dando nombre a las columnas
        df bin = pd.DataFrame(column bin,columns =
                                         ['is '+ column + " " + str(x).repl
ace(" ","_")
                                          for x in classes])
        #Como las variables binarizadas tienen un index distinto al de las
variables que ya
        #existían, al hacer el concat no se hace bien, por lo que ponemos e
l mismo índice
        #a las variables binarizadas que el que tenían las variables existe
ntes
        df_bin.index = df_binarized.index
        df binarized = pd.concat((df binarized,df bin), axis=1)
    return df binarized
df binarizado = binariza(df nuevo, cat bin, cat not bin)
In [15]:
print df binarizado.shape
(26078, 1273)
In [16]:
n features = df binarizado.columns.size
print "Total number of features for edad: %d" %n_features
```

Total number of features for edad: 1273

In [17]:

```
X PCA = df binarizado[pd.notnull(df.edad)]
X predecir PCA= df binarizado[pd.isnull(df.edad)]
X train PCA, X test PCA, y train PCA, y test PCA = cross validation.train t
est split(X PCA
                                                                      , y_tr
ain
                                                                      , tes
t size=0.4
                                                                      , rand
om state=0)
print X train PCA.shape[1]
n features = X train PCA.shape[1]
pca = PCA(n_components=n_features, whiten=False)
pca.fit(df binarizado)
pca.explained variance ratio [0:].cumsum()
plt.plot(1 - pca.explained variance ratio .cumsum(), drawstyle = 'steps-pos
plt.title('PCA Reconstruction Error');
```

1273



print df binarizado.columns

Index([u'is weekend', u'ua is movile', u'ua is tounch capable', u'ua is tab let', u'is email server msn.com', u'is email server hotmail.com', u'is emai l server naver.com', u'is email server gmail.com', u'is email server live.e s', u'is_email_server_gmail.con', u'is_email_server_centrum.cz', u'is_emai l server vacio', u'is email server gmil.com', u'is email server gg.con', u'is email server heineken.es', u'is email server zadibe.es', u'is email se rver_yahoo.com', u'is_email_server_wp.pl', u'is_email_server_yahoo.es', u'i s email server pepe.com', u'is email server touristinfo.net', u'is email se rver libero.it', u'is_email_server_hotmail.es', u'is_email_server_tiscali.i t', u'is email server outlook.com', u'is email server yahoo.it', u'is emai l server elpuig.org', u'is email server ahora.es', u'is email server alexal caide.com', u'is email server hotmail.it', u'is email server me.com', u'i s email server ritasibarita.com', u'is email server aferrando.com', u'is em ail_server_hotmail.col', u'is_email_server_gamil.com', u'is_email_server_ya hoo.fr', u'is email server mail.ru', u'is email server infonegocio.com', u'is email server colesan.edu.co', u'is email server hotmail.fr', u'is emai l server migue.com', u'is email server net.hr', u'is email server alumnos.u chceu.es', u'is_email_server_Hotmail.com', u'is_email_server_hotmail.co.u k', u'is email server aol.com', u'is email server dse.nl', u'is email serve r home.nl', u'is email server gmail.es', u'is email server iCloud.com', u'i s email server o2.pl', u'is email server factoriasapiens.com', u'is email s erver live.com', u'is email server mermelad.com', u'is email server a.com', u'is_email_server_live.be', u'is_email_server_t-online.de', u'is_email_serv er telefonica.net', u'is email server virgilio.it', u'is email server fff.c o', u'is_email_server_zhaw.ch', u'is_email_server_uv.es', u'is_email_serve r_gmx.com', u'is_email_server_live.it', u'is_email_server_alumni.uv.es', u'is_email_server_btinternet.com', u'is_email_server_wanadoo.es', u'is_emai l_server_postal.uv.es', u'is_email_server_terra.com', u'is_email_server_gm x.ch', u'is email server inmotello.com', u'is email server mail.com', u'i s_email_server_hotail.com', u'is_email_server_web.de', u'is_email_server_so mnomed.com', u'is_email_server_live.fr', u'is_email_server_movistar.es', u'is email server ucm.es', u'is email server kingston.ac.uk', u'is email se rver yahoo.co.uk', u'is email server yahoo.com.br', u'is email server vlccl ubbing.com', u'is_email_server_sbcglobal.net', u'is_email_server_laqueado.c om', u'is_email_server_togni.it', u'is_email_server_hoymail.com', u'is_emai l server gmx.net', u'is email server neuf.fr', u'is email server outloock.c om', u'is_email_server_baoproyectos.com', u'is_email_server_avory.es', u'i s email server gmx.de', u'is email server victorgil.name', u'is email serve r fkfb.com', u'is email server rocketmail.com', u'is email server usc.edu', u'is email server ymail.com', u'is email server live.co.uk', u'is email ser ver outlook.es', u'is email server live.se', ...], dtype='object')

```
In [19]:
```

```
n factors = sum(1-pca.explained variance ratio [0:].cumsum() > 0.10)
print "Number of factors with 10% of reconstruction Error: ", n factors
pca = PCA(n components=n factors)
pca.fit(df binarizado)
print "Explained Variance Ratio"
print sum(pca.explained variance ratio )
trainDS_pca = pca.transform(X train PCA)
X predecir PCA = pca.transform(X predecir PCA)
testDS pca = pca.transform(X test PCA)
Number of factors with 10% of reconstraction Error:
                                                      57
Explained Variance Ratio
0.898230092731
In [20]:
X train PCA = trainDS pca
X test PCA = testDS pca
```

4.- Creacion de nuevas variables objetivo

```
In [21]:
# X_train_varianza, X_test_varianza, X_test_PCA, X_train_PCA, X_test_ET,
X_train_ET
```

Vamos a crear una variable objetivo que sea mayor de edad

```
In [22]:
```

```
y_train_mayor_edad_todas = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_train_todas]
y_test_mayor_edad_todas = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_test_todas]
y_train_mayor_edad = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_train]
y_train_mayor_edad_V = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_train_varianza]
y_test_mayor_edad_V = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_test_varianza]
y_train_mayor_edad_ET = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_train_ET]
y_test_mayor_edad_ET = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_test_ET]
y_train_mayor_edad_PCA = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_train_PCA]
y_test_mayor_edad_PCA = [1 if y >= 18 else 0 for y in y_test_PCA]
```

Y otra variable objetivo que sea rango de eadad

Vamos a crear los siguientes rangos de edad:

* < 18 --> 1
* 18-24 --> 2
* 25-34 --> 3
* 35-44 --> 4
* 45-54 --> 5
* 55-64 --> 6
* 65-74 --> 7

* > 74 --> 8

Para ello le damos un número a cada rango y creamos una variable objetivo con ese número

```
# Creamos un dataframe con el valor del rango por cada edad
edad = np.arange(1,100)
rango = [1 if x <18 else x for x in edad]
rango = [2 \text{ if } (x \ge 18 \text{ and } x < 25) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [3 \text{ if } (x \ge 25 \text{ and } x < 35) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [4 \text{ if } (x \ge 35 \text{ and } x < 45) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [5 \text{ if } (x \ge 45 \text{ and } x < 55) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [6 \text{ if } (x \ge 55 \text{ and } x < 65) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [7 \text{ if } (x \ge 65 \text{ and } x < 75) \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango = [8 \text{ if } x \ge 75 \text{ else } x \text{ for } x \text{ in } rango]
rango edad = ["<18" if x ==1 else x for x in rango]</pre>
rango edad = ["18-24" if x==2 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = ["25-34" if x==3 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = ["35-44" if x==4 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = ["45-54" if x==5 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = ["55-64" if x==6 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = ["65-75" if x==7 else x for x in rango edad]
rango edad = [">75" if x==8 else x for x in rango edad]
df rango edad= pd.DataFrame()
df rango edad["edad"] = edad
df rango edad["rango"] = rango
df rango edad["rango edad"] = rango edad
df rango = df rango edad[["rango", "rango edad"]]
df rango = df rango.drop duplicates(("rango", "rango_edad"), take_last=True)
df rango = df rango.reset index(drop=True)
#Vamos a crear un campo con los rangos de edad:
def devuelve rango(df rango edad, edad):
    #print edad
    rango = []
    for e in edad:
         if e > 0:
              rango.append(df rango edad[df rango edad.edad == e].rango.value
s[0])
              rango.append(0)
    return rango
y rango = devuelve rango(df rango edad,y train)
```

```
In [24]:
```

```
y_train_rango_todas = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_train_todas)
y_test_rango_todas = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_test_todas)
y_train_rango = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_train)
y_train_rango_V = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_train_varianza)
y_test_rango_V = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_test_varianza)
y_train_rango_ET = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_train_ET)
y_test_rango_ET = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_test_ET)
y_train_rango_PCA = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_train_PCA)
y_test_rango_PCA = devuelve_rango(df_rango_edad, y_test_PCA)
```

6.-Decission Trees

In [25]:

```
from sklearn import tree

def Decission_tree (X_train, X_test, y_train,y_test, criterion):
    clt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion=criterion)
    clt.fit(X_train, y_train)
    s = clt.score(X_test, y_test)
    d = clt.tree_.max_depth
    print "Score: " , s
    print "Depth: " , d
    print "Feature importances" , clt.feature_importances_
    return s , d , clt
```

In [26]:

```
def pinta grafico tree(gini measures
                       , ax1 ylim1, ax1 ylim2, ax2 ylim1, ax2 ylim2
                       , criterion="gini", xlabel="Max Depth of Tree"):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=(13, 5) )
    ax1, ax2 = axes.ravel()
    #ax1.figure(figsize=(7,5))
    ax1.plot(gini measures[:,0], gini measures[:,1], label = 'Score in', c
= 'b')
   ax1.legend(loc=4)
    ax1.set ylim(ax1 ylim1,ax1 ylim2)
    ax1.set title("Decision Tree Scores ("+criterion+" criterion)")
    ax1.set xlabel(xlabel)
   ax1.set ylabel("Scores In");
    #ax2.figure(figsize=(7,5))
    ax2.plot(qini measures[:,0], qini measures[:,2], label = 'Score out',
c='q')
    ax2.legend(loc=4)
    ax2.set ylim(ax2 ylim1,ax2 ylim2)
   ax2.set title("Decision Tree Scores ("+criterion+ " criterion)")
    ax2.set xlabel(xlabel)
    ax2.set ylabel("Scores Out");
```

In [28]:

1.-Todas

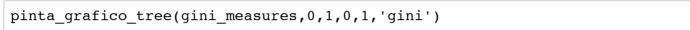
- edad

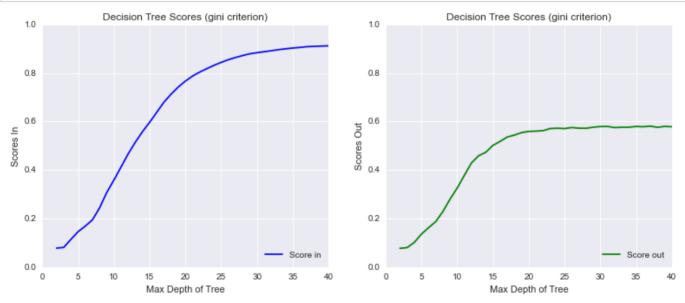
```
In [29]:
```

```
profundidad = 40
```

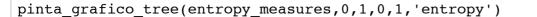
In [30]:

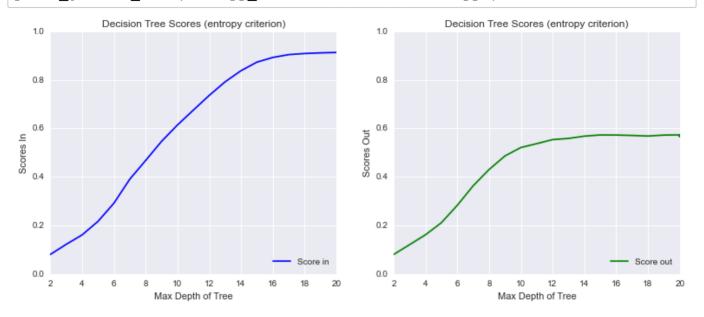
In [31]:





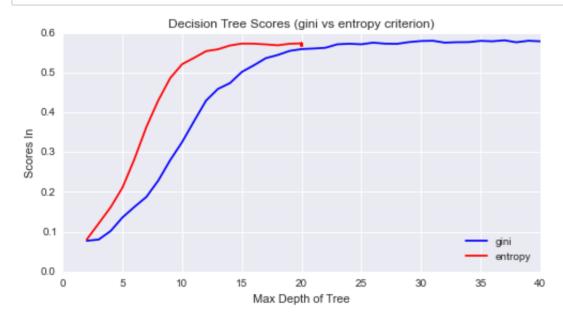
In [32]:





In [33]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Mejor entropy porque corta el árbol antes y la profundidad 15

In [266]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=15)
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_todas)
print "Score:" , score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec time: " , total_time
```

Score: 0.572739788894

Exec time: 0.00132417678833

In [267]:

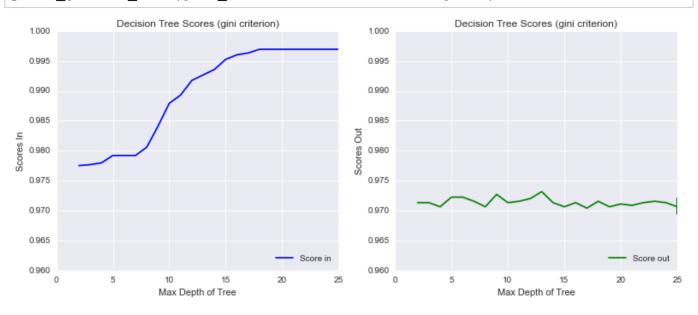
```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor_edad

In [36]:

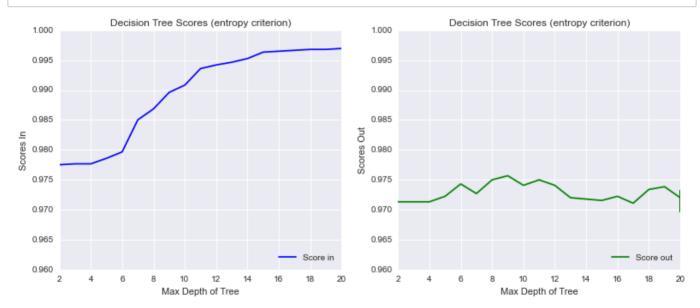
In [37]:

pinta_grafico_tree(gini_measures,0.96,1,0.96,1,'gini')



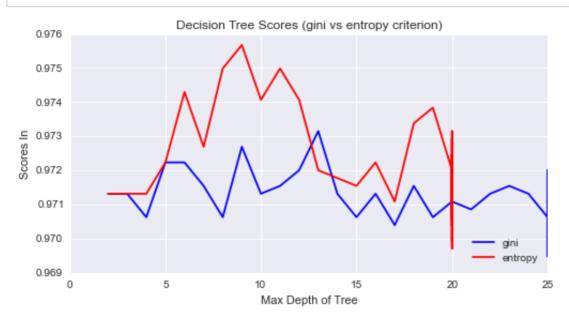
In [38]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0.96,1,0.96,1,'entropy')



In [39]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Mejor resultado entropy con de profundidad 9

In [268]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=9)
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_mayor_edad_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_mayor_edad_todas)
print "Score:", score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.974300137678

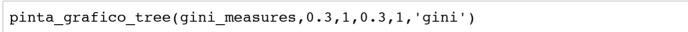
Exec time: 0.00151610374451 s

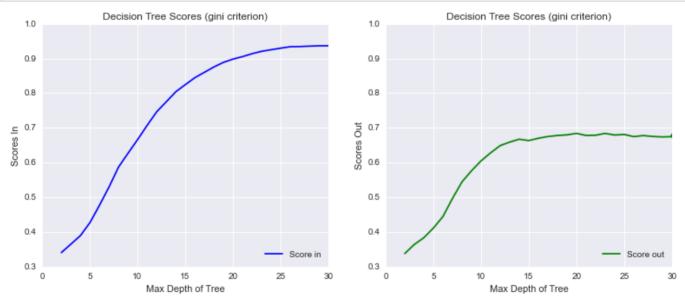
In [269]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_mayor_edad_todas))
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

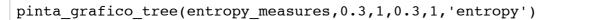
In [42]:

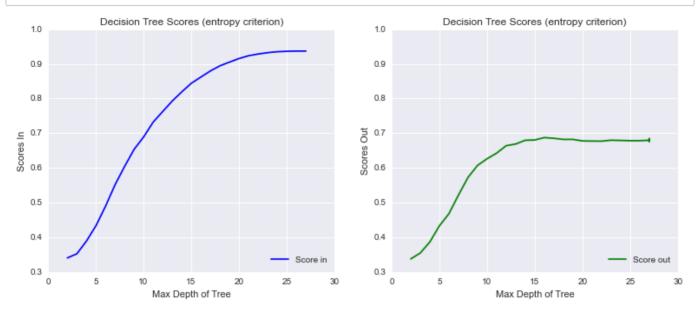
In [43]:





In [44]:





In [45]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Algo mejor entropy con profundidad 16

```
In [270]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=16)
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_rango_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_rango_todas)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.684488297384

Exec_time: 0.00159788131714 s

In [271]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

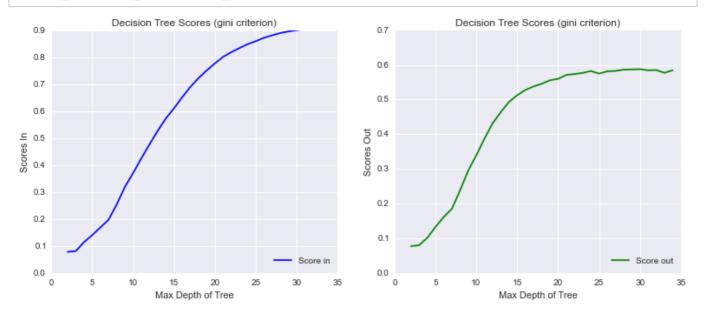
2.-Varianza

- edad

In [48]:

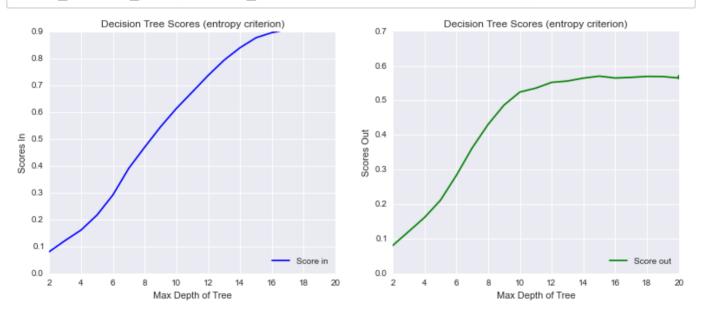
In [49]:

pinta_grafico_tree(gini_measures,0,0.9,0,0.7,'gini')



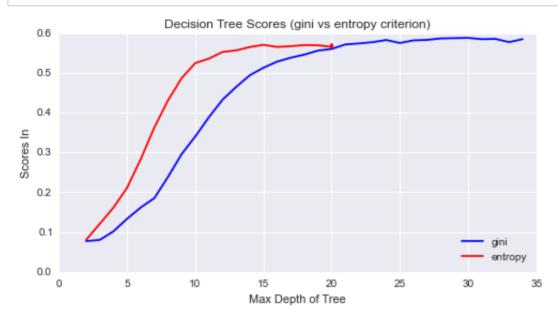
In [50]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0,0.9,0,0.7,'entropy')



In [51]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Mejor con entropía porque corta el árbol antes y profundidad 15

In [272]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=15)
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_varianza)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_varianza)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.572051399725

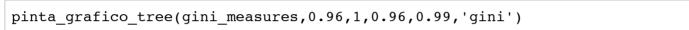
Exec time: 0.00211095809937 s

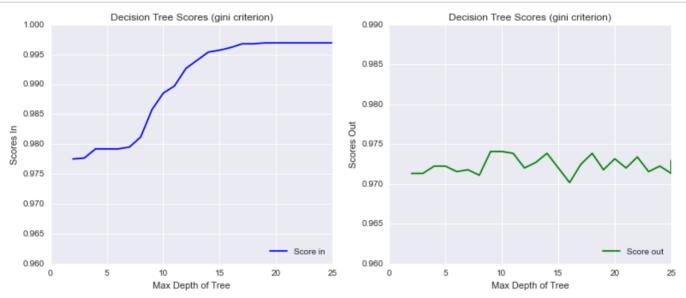
In [273]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

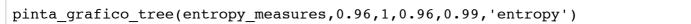
In [54]:

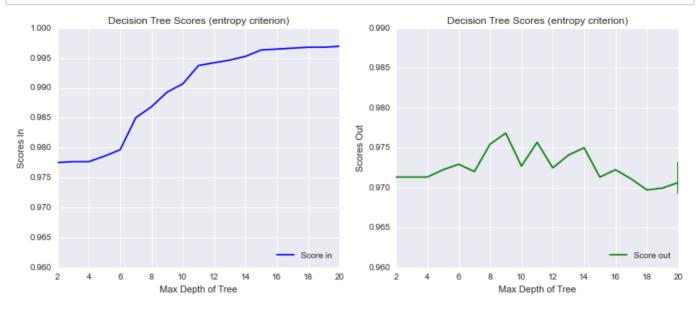
In [55]:





In [56]:





In [57]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



usamos entropy con profundudad 9

```
In [274]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=9)
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_mayor_edad_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_mayor_edad_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.977053694355

Exec_time: 0.00143504142761 s

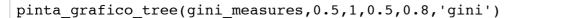
In [275]:

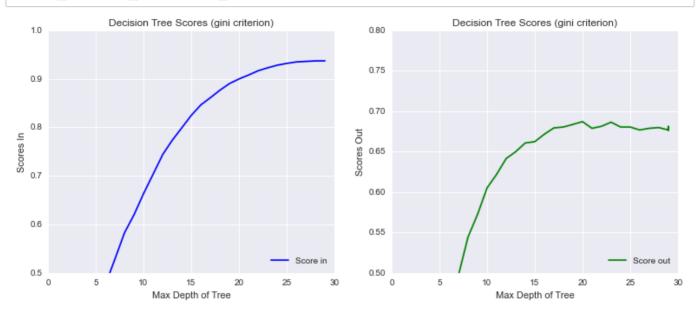
```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango_edad

In [60]:

In [61]:





In [62]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures,'gini vs entrop
y')



Usamos entropy con profundidad 15

```
In [276]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=15)
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_rango_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_rango_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.673703533731

Exec_time: 0.00203585624695 s

In [277]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

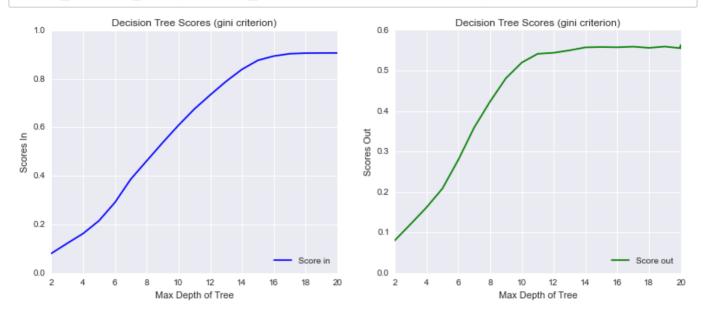
3.-Extra Tree

- edad

In [65]:

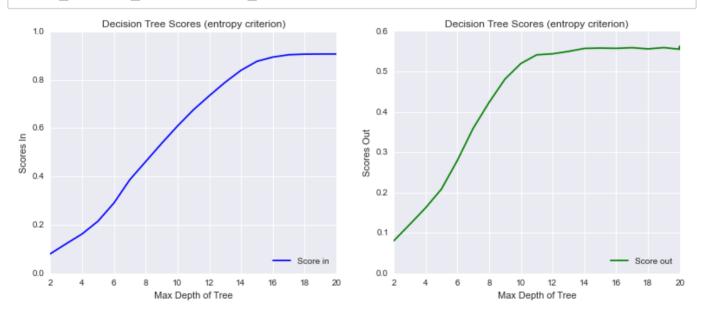
In [66]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0,1,0,0.6,'gini')



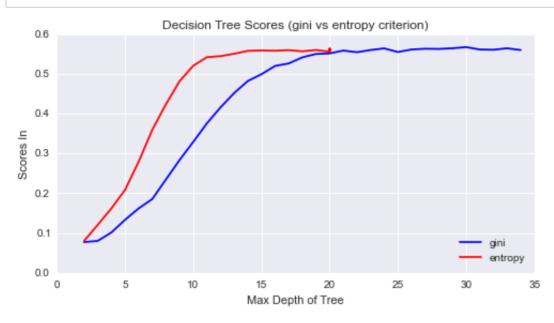
In [67]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0,1,0,0.6,'entropy')



In [68]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Como criterio entropy y cortamos en 15

In [278]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=15)
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.554382744378

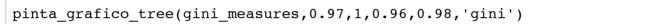
Exec time: 0.00128293037415 s

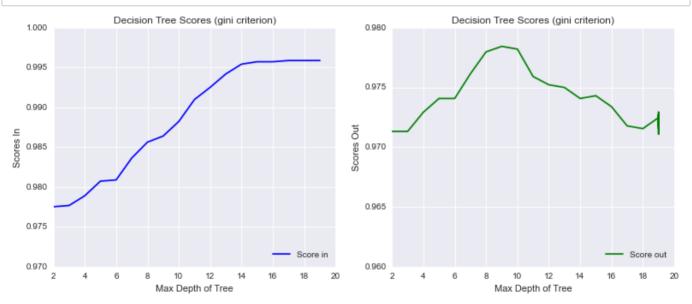
In [279]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

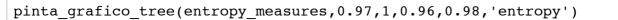
In [71]:

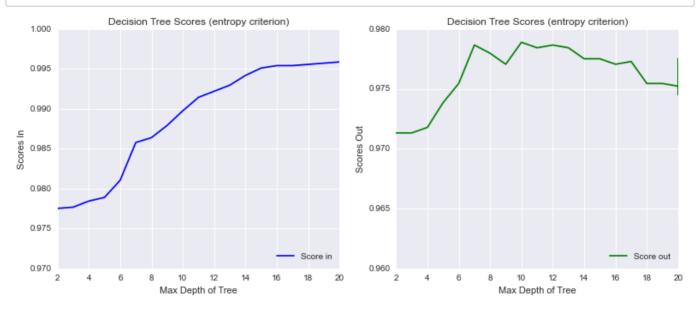
In [72]:





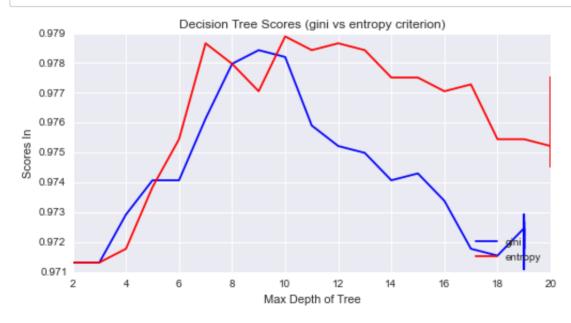
In [73]:





In [74]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



Como criterio entropy y cortamos en 10

```
In [280]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=10)
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_mayor_edad_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_mayor_edad_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.977971546581

Exec_time: 0.000900983810425 s

In [281]:

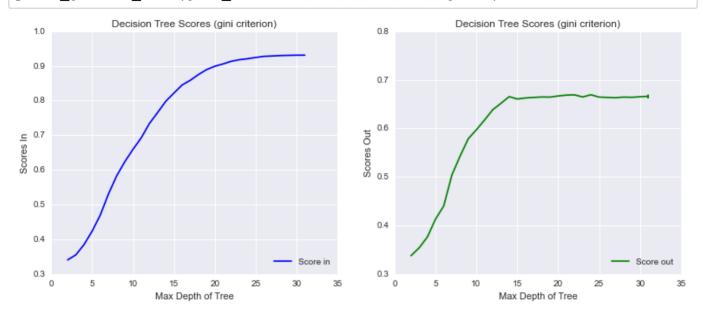
```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango edad

In [77]:

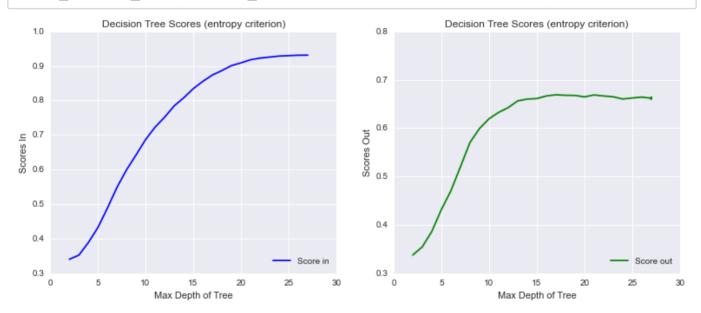
In [78]:

pinta_grafico_tree(gini_measures, 0.3, 1, 0.3, 0.8, 'gini')



In [79]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0.3,1,0.3,0.8,'entropy')



In [80]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



criterio gini y cortamos en 14

In [282]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini', max_depth=14)
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_rango_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_rango_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.66475447453

Exec time: 0.00115895271301 s

In [283]:

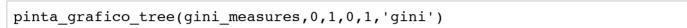
```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

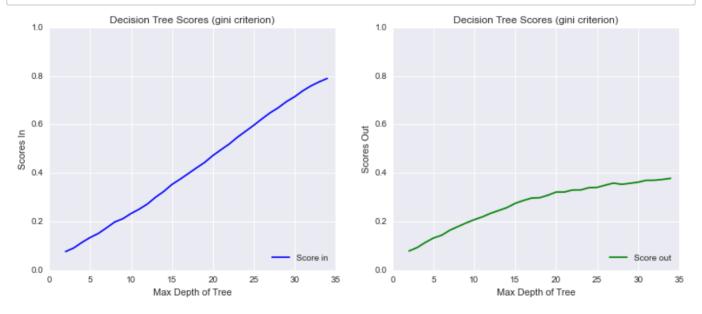
4.-PCA

- edad

In [83]:

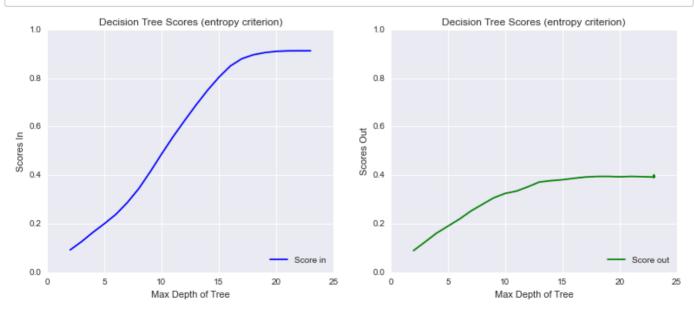
In [84]:





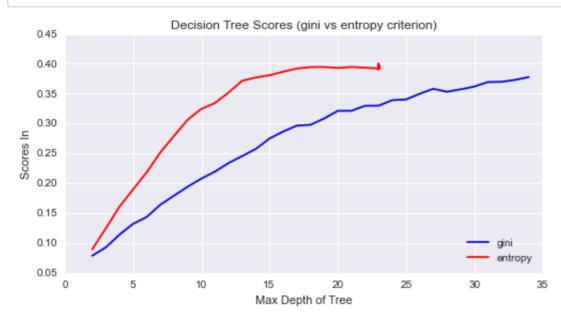
In [85]:

pinta_grafico_tree(entropy_measures,0,1,0,1,'entropy')



In [86]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures,'gini vs entrop
y')



Usaremos como criterio entropy y la profundidad 18

In [284]:

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=18)
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.39536484626

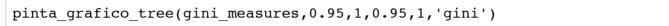
Exec time: 0.00375390052795 s

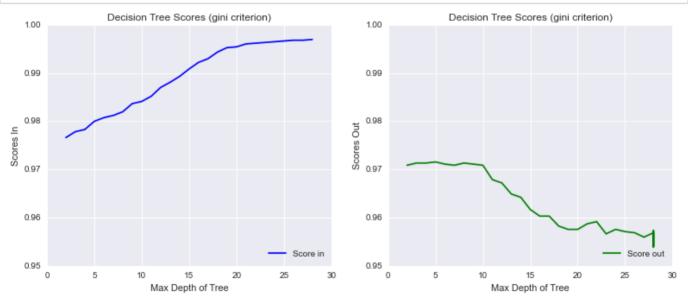
In [285]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

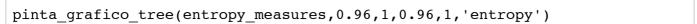
In [89]:

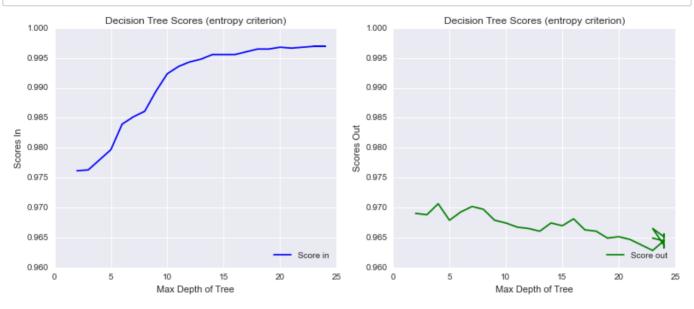
In [90]:





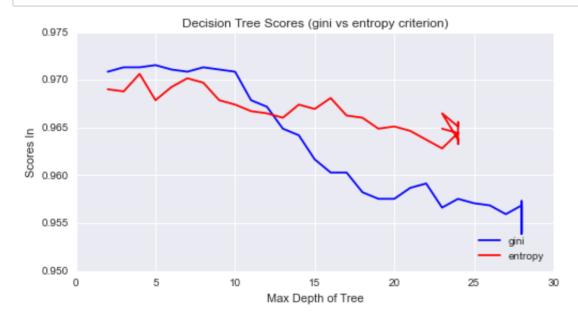
In [91]:





In [92]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures, 'gini vs entrop
y')



usaremos el criterio gini y la profundidad 5

```
In [286]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini', max_depth=5)
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_mayor_edad_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_mayor_edad_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.971776044057

Exec_time: 0.00200700759888 s

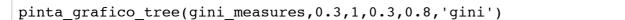
In [287]:

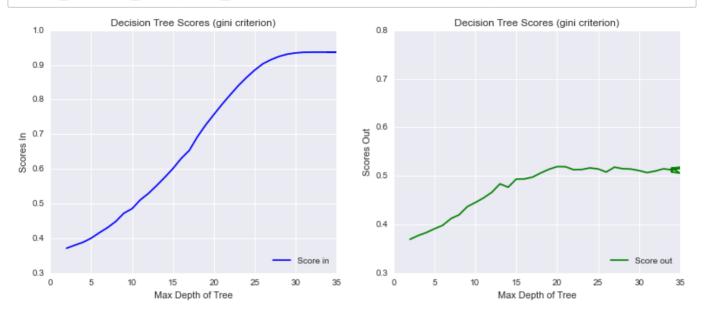
```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_mayor_edad_PCA))
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango_edad

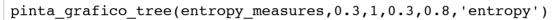
In [95]:

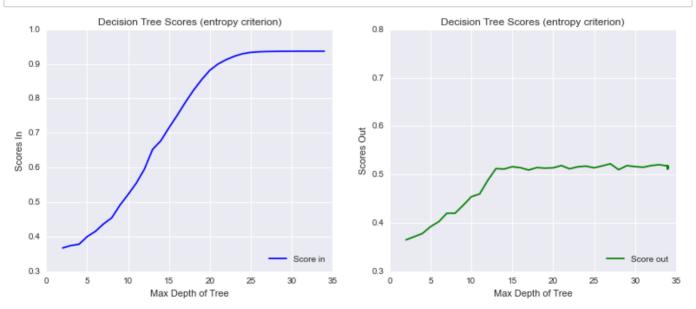
In [96]:





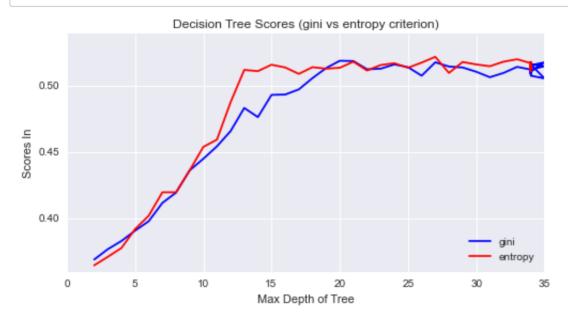
In [97]:





In [98]:

pinta_grafico_tree_compara(gini_measures, entropy_measures,'gini vs entrop
y')



Vamos a selecciona entropy y profundidad 15

```
In [288]:
```

```
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=15)
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_rango_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_rango_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.transform(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.518586507572

Exec time: 0.00411796569824 s

In [289]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Decission_tree")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

7.-Random Forest

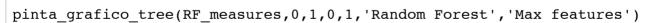
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

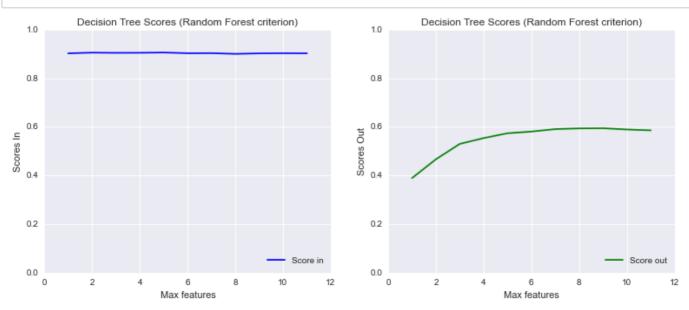
```
In [291]:
```

```
def getRFMesures(min samples leaf = 1, num estimators = 10, max features =
1,
                           train labels = None, train data = None,
                           test label = None, test data = None, variable =
'max features'):
   model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = num estimators,
                                   max features = max features,
                                   min samples leaf= min samples leaf)
   model.fit(train data, train labels)
    if variable == 'max features':
        usa = model.max features
   elif variable == 'min samples leaf':
        usa = model.min samples leaf
    elif variable == 'num estimators':
        usa = model.n estimators
   else:
        usa = model.max features
   return [usa,
            model.score(train data, train labels), #E in
            model.score(test data, test label)] #E out
```

In [296]:

In [297]:

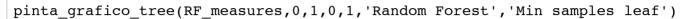


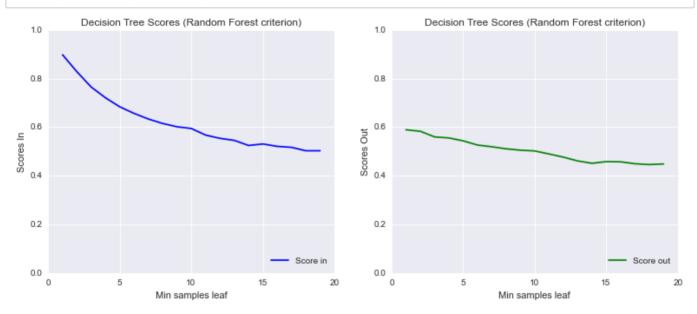


Tomamos 8 max features

In [105]:

In [106]:



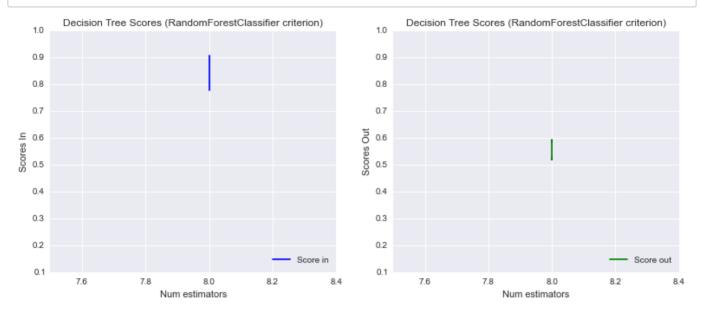


Decrece el resultado así que lo dejamos en 1

In [107]:

In [108]:

pinta_grafico_tree(RF_measures,0.1,1,0.1,1,'RandomForestClassifier','Num es timators')



El mismo que max features, así que dejamos el que hay por defecto

El número de árboles por defecto es 10, dejamos 10

```
* num_estimators = 8
* min_samples_leaf = 1
* max features = 8
```

1.- Todas

- edad

In [299]:

Score: 0.584442404773 Exec time: 0.0042998790741 s

```
In [300]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor edad

In [301]:

Score: 0.980495640202 Exec time: 0.00420784950256 s

In [302]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango_edad

```
In [303]:
```

Score: 0.680816888481 Exec_time: 0.004075050354 s

In [304]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

2.- Varianza

- edad

In [305]:

Score: 0.592244148692 Exec time: 0.00292015075684 s

```
In [306]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor edad

In [307]:

Score: 0.980725103258
Exec time: 0.00255012512207 s

In [308]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango_edad

```
In [309]:
```

Score: 0.686324001836

Exec time: 0.00260186195374 s

In [310]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

3.- Extra Tree

- Edad

In [317]:

Score: 0.570215695273

Exec time: 0.00221610069275 s

In [312]:

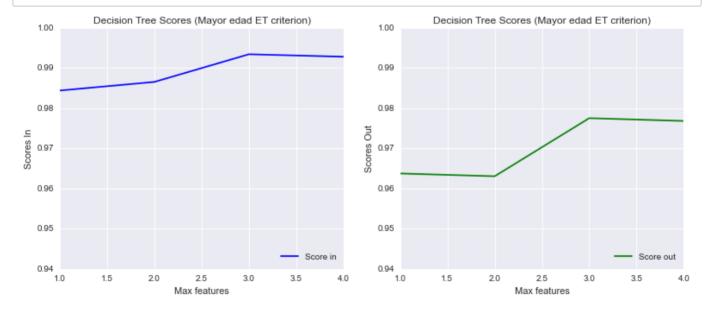
```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_ET))
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- Mayor_Edad

In [313]:

In [124]:

pinta_grafico_tree(RF_measures,0.94,1,0.94,1,'Mayor edad ET','Max feature
s')

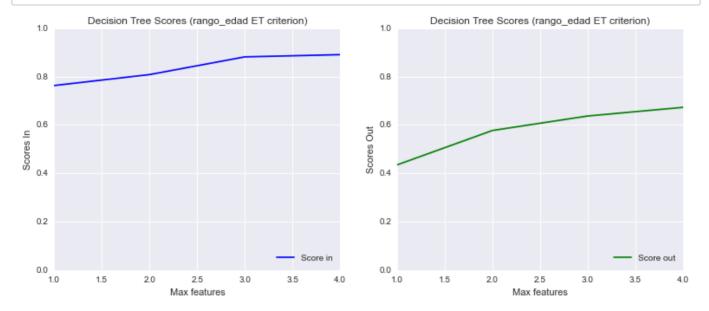


```
In [320]:
```

```
#Ponemos 3
model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = 3,
                                max features = 3,
                                min samples leaf= 1)
model.fit(X train ET, y train mayor edad ET)
score = model.score(X test ET, y test mayor edad ET)
print "Score: ",score
#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start time = time.time()
model.transform(X predecir ET)
end time = time.time()
total time = end time - start time
print "Exec time: ",total time , "s"
Score: 0.974759063791
Exec time: 0.000830888748169 s
In [321]:
Feature Reduction.append("Extra tree")
Model.append("Random forest")
Target.append("mayor edad")
Final Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
   - Rango edad
In [127]:
numero = X test ET.shape[1]
In [128]:
RF measures = np.array([getRFMesures(1, max features, max features,
                                     y train rango ET, X train ET,
                                     y_test_rango_ET, X_test_ET, 'max_featur
es')
                     for max features in range(1, numero, 1)])
```

In [129]:

pinta grafico tree(RF measures,0,1,0,1,'rango edad ET','Max features')



Metemos los 4 en el modelo

In [322]:

Score: 0.66085360257

Exec time: 0.00161910057068 s

In [323]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

4.- PCA

- Edad

```
In [132]:
```

```
numero = trainDS_pca.shape[1]
print numero
```

57

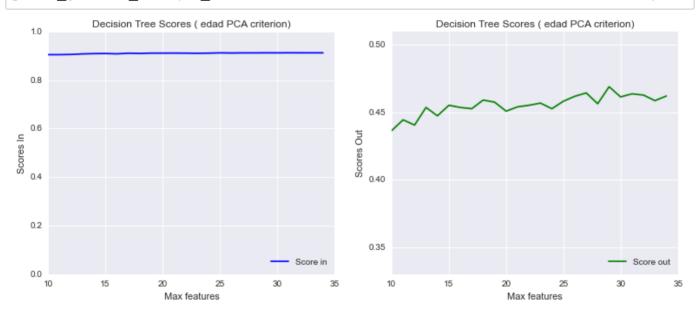
In [133]:

```
numero = 35
```

In [134]:

In [135]:

```
pinta_grafico_tree(RF_measures,0,1,0.33,0.51,' edad PCA','Max features')
```



Cogemos 29

```
In [324]:
```

In [325]:

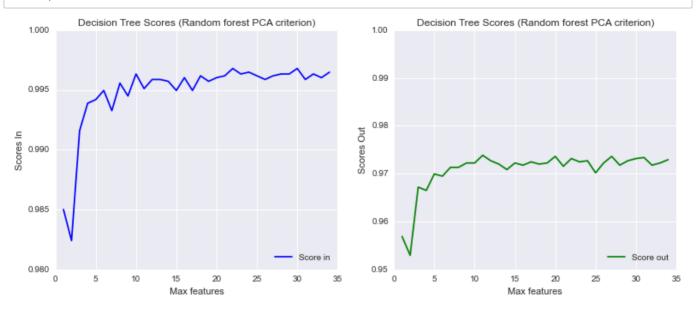
```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor_edad

In [138]:

In [139]:

pinta_grafico_tree(RF_measures,0.98,1,0.95,1,'Random forest PCA','Max featu
res')



Cogemos 11

In [326]:

Score: 0.972693896283

Exec_time: 0.00681114196777 s

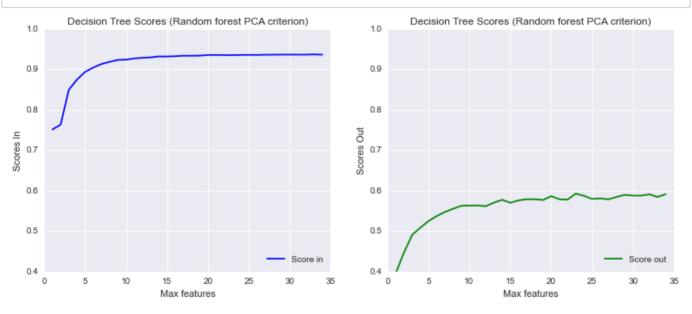
In [327]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [142]:

In [143]:

 $\label{lem:pinta_grafico_tree} $$ (RF_measures, 0.4, 1, 0.4, 1, 'Random forest PCA', 'Max feature s') $$$



In [328]:

Score: 0.582147774208

Exec time: 0.00610303878784 s

```
In [329]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Random_forest")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

8.- Regression

Desde el principo sabemos que este no es un problema de regresión, dado que todas las características son categóricas. En cualquier caso vamos a probar

```
In [146]:
```

```
from sklearn import linear_model
```

In [147]:

In [148]:

```
def pinta Regression(LR measures
                     , ax1 ylim1 = -1
                     , ax1 ylim2 = 1
                     , ax2 ylim1 = -1
                     , ax2 ylim2= 1
                     , tipo="Logistic"
                     , xlabel="Inverse of regularization strength (log)"
                    ):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=(13, 5) )
    ax1, ax2 = axes.ravel()
    ax1.plot(LR_measures[:,0], LR_measures[:,1], label = 'Score in', c =
'b')
    ax1.legend(loc=4)
    ax1.set title(tipo + 'Regresion Scores. Test data')
    ax1.set xscale("log")
    ax1.set xlabel(xlabel)
    ax1.set ylabel("Train")
    ax1.set ylim(ax1 ylim1,ax1 ylim2);
    #ax2.figure(figsize=(7,5))
    ax2.plot(LR_measures[:,0], LR_measures[:,2], label = 'Score out',
c='g')
    ax2.legend(loc=4)
    ax2.set title(tipo + "Regresion Scores. Train data")
    ax2.set xscale("log")
    ax2.set xlabel(xlabel)
    ax2.set ylabel('Test')
    ax2.set ylim(ax2 ylim1,ax2 ylim2);
```

```
In [150]:
```

```
Cs = [1e5, 1e4, 1e3, 1e2, 1e1, 1e0, 1e-1,1e-2,1e-3,1e-4,1e-5]
```

1.- Todas

- edad:

```
In [330]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X train_todas, y_train_todas)
score = model.score(X test todas, y test todas)
print "Score: ",score
#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start time = time.time()
model.predict(X predecir)
end time = time.time()
total time = end time - start time
print "Exec time: ",total time , "s"
Score:
       0.053907981555
Exec time: 0.00143313407898 s
In [331]:
```

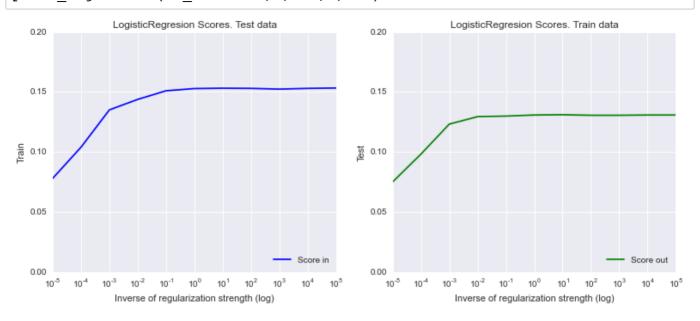
```
Feature Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec time.append(total time)
```

In [153]:

```
#Logistic Regression
LR measures = np.array([getLogisticRMesures(C = c,
                                      train labels=y train todas,
                                      train data = X train todas,
                                      test labels = y test todas,
                                      test data = X test todas)
                        for c in Cs])
```

In [154]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0, 0.2, 0, 0.2)



Usamos como C = 1e-2

In [332]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C = 1e2)
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_todas)

print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.131252868288

Exec time: 0.0222470760345 s

In [333]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [334]:

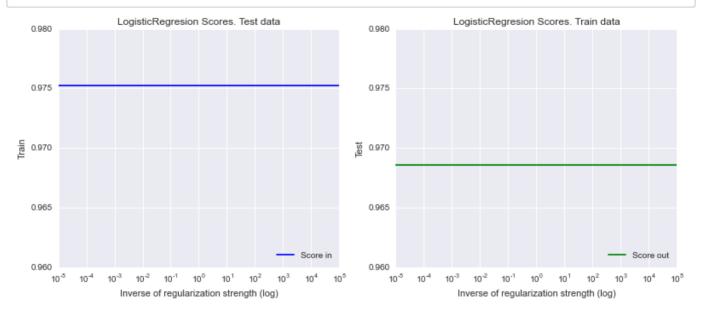
```
#Linear Regression
model = linear model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_mayor_edad_todas)
score = model.score(X test todas, y test mayor edad todas)
print "Score: ",score
#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start time = time.time()
model.predict(X predecir)
end time = time.time()
total time = end time - start time
print "Exec time: ",total time , "s"
Score: 0.0103725752226
Exec time: 0.00117206573486 s
In [335]:
Feature Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
```

In [159]:

Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec time.append(total time)

In [160]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.96, 0.98, 0.96, 0.98)



Da igual el C

In [336]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_mayor_edad_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_mayor_edad_todas)

print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.968563561267

Exec time: 0.00119495391846 s

In [337]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [338]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_rango_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas, y_test_rango_todas)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.050242510922
Exec_time: 0.00133395195007 s

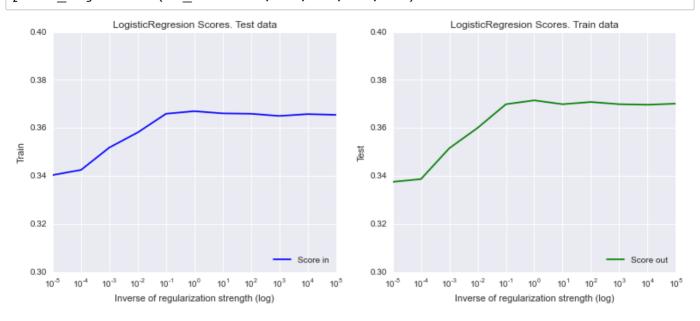
In [339]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [165]:

In [166]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.3, 0.4, 0.3, 0.4)



Usamos C = 1e0

In [340]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e0)
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_rango_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas,y_test_rango_todas)

print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.371500688389

Exec time: 0.00454998016357 s

In [341]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

2.- Varianza

- edad:

```
In [342]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_varianza)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza, y_test_varianza)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.0336905370999

Exec time: 0.00152182579041 s

In [343]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

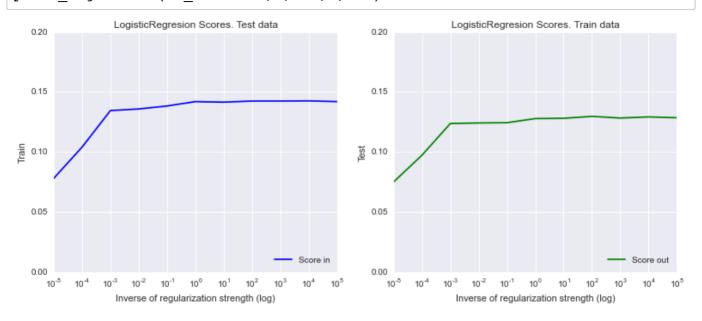
In [171]:

#Logistic Regression

In [172]:

In [173]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0, 0.2, 0, 0.2)



Parece que con C = 1e0 es el mejor modelo (sin muchas diferencias)

In [344]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C = 1e0)
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_varianza)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_varianza)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.128269848554 Exec time: 0.0142920017242 s

In [345]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [346]:

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_mayor_edad_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza, y_test_mayor_edad_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.00807575583076 Exec time: 0.00135207176208 s

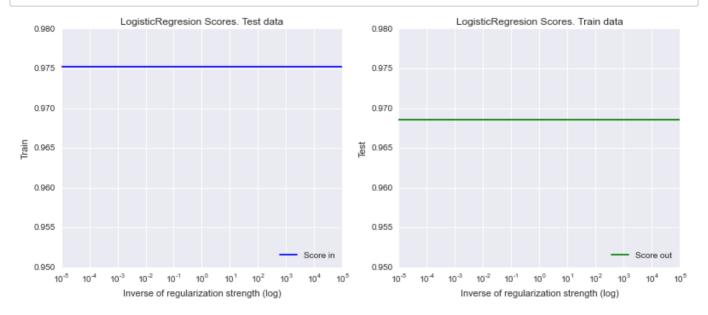
In [347]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [178]:

In [179]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.95, 0.98, 0.95, 0.98)



Da igual el C, dejamos el por defecto

In [348]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_mayor_edad_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_mayor_edad_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.968563561267

Exec time: 0.00114607810974 s

In [349]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [350]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_rango_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza, y_test_rango_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.0282132554302 Exec_time: 0.0013530254364 s

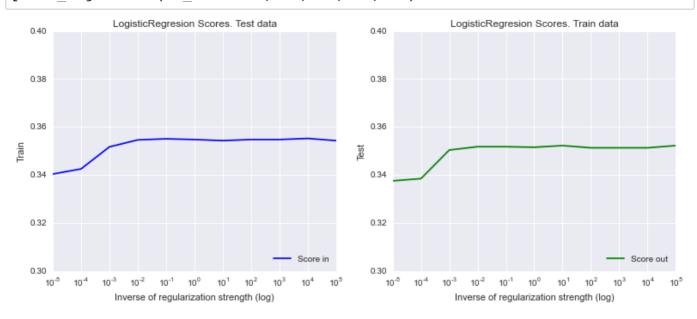
In [351]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [184]:

In [185]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.3, 0.4, 0.3, 0.4)



C = 1e-3

In [352]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e-3)
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_rango_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza,y_test_rango_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.350390087196

Exec_time: 0.00256013870239 s

In [353]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

2.- Extra Tree

- edad:

```
In [354]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"

Score: 0.0175573822323
Exec_time: 0.000890016555786 s
```

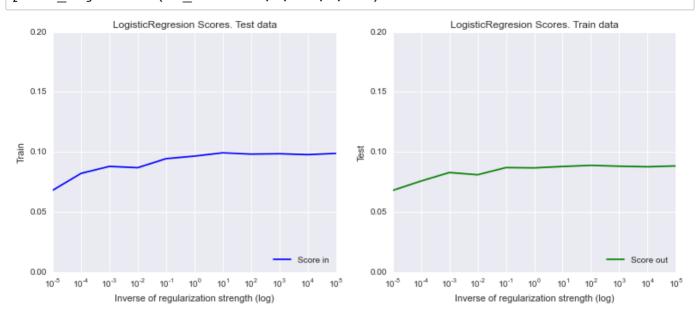
In [355]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [190]:

In [191]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0, 0.2, 0, 0.2)



Cogemos C = 1e-1

In [356]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e-1)
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.0869664983938 Exec time: 0.0113918781281 s

In [357]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [358]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_mayor_edad_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_mayor_edad_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.000575541742781 Exec time: 0.000990152359009 s

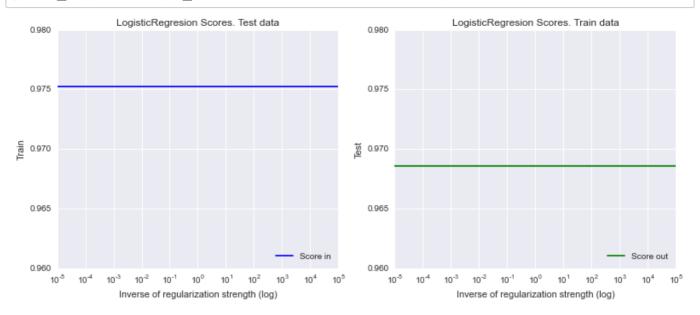
In [359]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [196]:

In [197]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.96, 0.98, 0.96, 0.98)



No hay diferencia en C

In [360]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_mayor_edad_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_mayor_edad_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.968563561267

Exec time: 0.000962018966675 s

In [361]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [362]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_rango_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_rango_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.0147163176909 Exec_time: 0.00104594230652 s

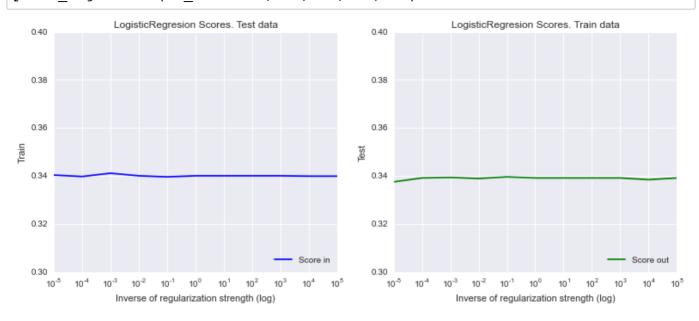
In [363]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [202]:

In [203]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.3, 0.4, 0.3, 0.4)



C= 1e-1

In [364]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e-1)
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_rango_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET,y_test_rango_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.339605323543

Exec time: 0.00224304199219 s

In [365]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

3.- PCA

-edad

```
In [366]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"

Score: 0.0971155586696
Exec_time: 0.00174689292908 s
```

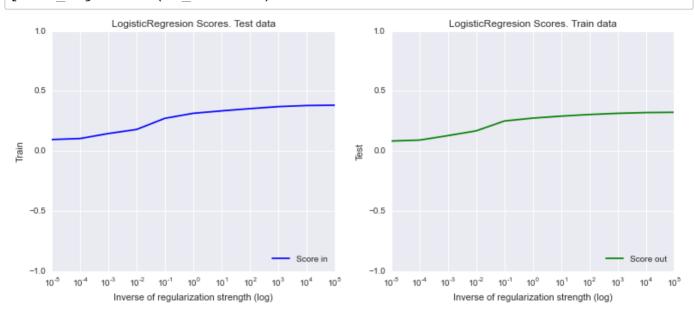
In [367]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [208]:

In [209]:

pinta Regression(LR measures)



c= 1e1

In [368]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e1)
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.29004130335

Exec time: 0.018100976944 s

In [369]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [370]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_mayor_edad_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_mayor_edad_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.0265939243556 Exec time: 0.00161910057068 s

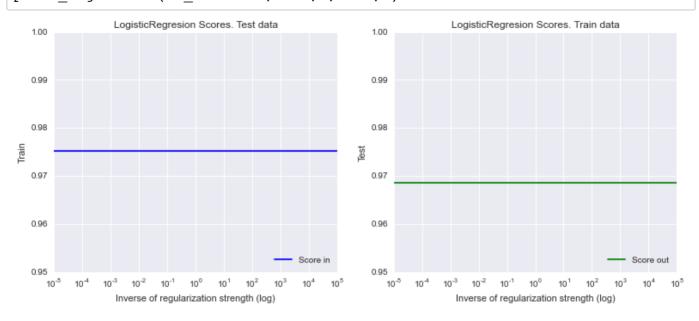
In [371]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [214]:

In [215]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.95, 1, 0.95, 1)



C da igual

In [372]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_mayor_edad_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_mayor_edad_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.968563561267

Exec time: 0.00169491767883 s

In [373]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
In [374]:
```

```
#Linear Regression
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_rango_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_rango_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

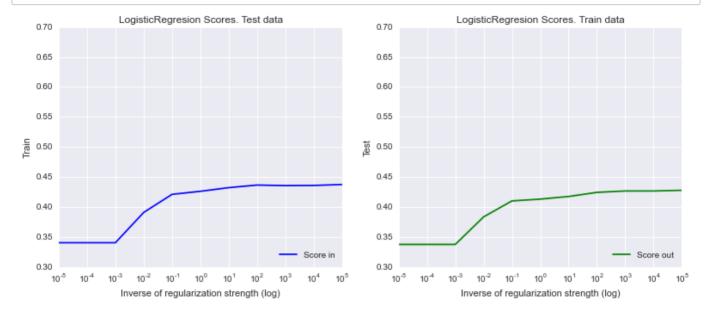
Score: 0.0988269109273 Exec time: 0.00155091285706 s

In [375]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Linear Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [220]:

pinta Regression(LR measures, 0.3, 0.7, 0.3, 0.7)



C = 1e2

In [376]:

```
model = linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e2)
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_rango_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA,y_test_rango_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.424506654429

Exec time: 0.00485491752625 s

In [377]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("Logistic Regression")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

9.- Support Vector Machines

```
In [224]:
```

from sklearn.svm import SVC

In [225]:

from sklearn.cross_validation import StratifiedShuffleSplit

In [226]:

```
def getSVMMesures(C = 1, kernel = 'rbf', max iter = 1e3, tol = 1e-3,
                  train size = None, n experiments = 1,
                  train labels = None, train data = None, gamma = 0.0, degr
ee = 3, order = None):
    model = SVC(C = C, gamma = gamma, kernel = kernel, degree = degree, tol
= tol, max iter = max iter)
    test size = train size * 0.2
    sss = StratifiedShuffleSplit(train labels, n iter = n experiments,
                                 train size = train size,
                                 test size = test size,
                                 random state = np.random.random integer
s(0,100000))
   modelsFitted = [model.fit(train data[train ix, :], train labels[train i
x])
                    for train ix, test ix in sss]
    scores = [(m.score(train data[train ix, :], train labels[train ix]),
              m.score(train data[test ix, :], train labels[test ix]))
              for m, (train ix, test ix) in zip(modelsFitted, sss)]
    meanScores = np.mean(scores, axis = 0)
    \max Scores = np.\max(scores, axis = 0)
    minScores = np.min(scores, axis = 0)
    return [model.C,
            model.kernel,
            model.max iter,
            model.tol,
            train size,
            meanScores[0], # mean E in
            maxScores[0], # max E in
            minScores[0], # min E in
            meanScores[1],# mean E out
            maxScores[1], # max E out
            minScores[1], # min E_out
            order,
            model.gamma,
            model.degree,
            model] #model
```

```
def pintaSVM(SVM Linear measures size):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=(20, 10))
    ax1, ax2 = axes.ravel()
    ax1.plot(SVM Linear measures size[:,4], SVM Linear measures size[:,5],
label = 'mean Score in', c = 'b')
    ax1.plot(SVM Linear measures size[:,4], SVM Linear measures size[:,6],
label = 'max Score in', c = 'g')
    ax1.plot(SVM Linear measures size[:,4], SVM Linear measures size[:,7],
label = 'min Score in', c = 'r')
    ax1.legend(loc = 4)
    ax1.grid()
    ax1.set title('SVM: select the size of training Set (kernel = linear).
E in')
    ax1.set xlabel("% of Train Data Set")
    ax1.set ylabel("Scores In")
    ax1.set ylim(0.65, 0.97);
    ax2.plot(SVM_Linear_measures_size[:,4], SVM_Linear_measures_size[:,8],
label = 'mean Score out', c = 'b')
    ax2.plot(SVM Linear measures size[:,4], SVM Linear measures size[:,9],
label = 'max Score out', c = 'q')
    ax2.plot(SVM Linear measures size[:,4], SVM Linear measures size[:,10],
label = 'min Score out', c = 'r')
    ax2.legend(loc = 4)
    ax2.grid()
    ax2.set title("SVM: select the size of training Set (kernel = linear).
E out")
    ax2.set xlabel("% of Train Data Set")
    ax2.set ylabel("Scores Out")
    ax2.set ylim(0.65, 0.97);
In [228]:
svmModel = SVC()
svmModel.fit(X train PCA, y train mayor edad PCA)
Out[228]:
SVC(C=1.0, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0, degree=3, gamm
a=0.0,
  kernel='rbf', max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=None,
  shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [229]:
svmModel.score(X test PCA, y test mayor edad PCA)
Out[229]:
0.96856356126663612
```

1.- Todas

-edad

```
In [378]:
```

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas, y_test_todas)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.535566773749 Exec time: 11.7063238621 s

In [379]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor edad

In [380]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_mayor_edad_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas, y_test_mayor_edad_todas)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.977512620468 Exec time: 1.54106593132 s

```
In [381]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- Rango Edad

In [382]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_todas, y_train_rango_todas)
score = model.score(X_test_todas, y_test_rango_todas)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.667278568151 Exec time: 3.55187988281 s

In [383]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Todas")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

2.- Varianza

-edad

```
In [384]:
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_varianza)
score = model.score(X test varianza, y test varianza)
print "Score: ",score
#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end time = time.time()
total time = end time - start time
print "Exec time: ",total time , "s"
Score:
        0.52455254704
Exec time: 11.015283823 s
In [385]:
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("edad")
Final Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
```

- mayor_edad

Exec time.append(total time)

In [386]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_mayor_edad_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza, y_test_mayor_edad_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.977283157412
Exec_time: 1.40993118286 s

In [387]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

```
-rango edad
```

```
In [388]:
```

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_varianza, y_train_rango_V)
score = model.score(X_test_varianza, y_test_rango_V)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_varianza)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.663836622304 Exec_time: 3.0750169754 s

In [389]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Varianza")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

3.- Extra Tree

-edad

In [390]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.487150068839 Exec time: 11.675369978 s

```
In [391]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor edad

In [392]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_mayor_edad_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_mayor_edad_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.976365305186 Exec time: 1.17367696762 s

In [393]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

-rango edad

```
In [394]:
```

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_ET, y_train_rango_ET)
score = model.score(X_test_ET, y_test_rango_ET)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_ET)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.644102799449
Exec_time: 2.69380497932 s

In [395]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("Extra_tree")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

4.- PCA

- edad

In [396]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.241395135383 Exec time: 15.7033350468 s

```
In [397]:
```

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- mayor edad

In [398]:

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_mayor_edad_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_mayor_edad_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

Score: 0.968563561267
Exec_time: 0.79682302475 s

In [399]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("mayor_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

- rango_edad

```
In [400]:
```

```
model = SVC()
model.fit(X_train_PCA, y_train_rango_PCA)
score = model.score(X_test_PCA, y_test_rango_PCA)
print "Score: ",score

#Medimos el tiempo que tarda en predecir
start_time = time.time()
model.predict(X_predecir_PCA)
end_time = time.time()
total_time = end_time - start_time
print "Exec_time: ",total_time , "s"
```

```
Score: 0.4056906838
Exec_time: 9.50265407562 s
```

In [401]:

```
Feature_Reduction.append("PCA")
Model.append("SVM")
Target.append("rango_edad")
Final_Score.append(score)
Parameters.append(model)
Exec_time.append(total_time)
```

In [402]:

```
print score
```

0.4056906838

10.- Resultados

In [403]:

```
Resultados = pd.DataFrame()
Resultados["feature_reduction"] = Feature_Reduction
Resultados["model"]= Model
Resultados["taget"] = Target
Resultados["score"] = Final_Score
Resultados["parameters"] = Parameters
Resultados["exec_time"] = Exec_time
```

In [404]:

```
In [405]:
print np.unique(["Todas" if feature reduction=='todas'
                                else feature reduction
                                for feature reduction in Resultados.featur
e reduction])
['Extra tree' 'PCA' 'Todas' 'Varianza']
In [413]:
pinta edad = Resultados[Resultados.taget == "edad"].sort(['score','exec tim
e'], ascending=(0,1)).head(5)
print pinta edad[['feature reduction','model','score','exec time']]
                               model
   feature reduction
                                         score exec time
15
                      Random forest
                                                 0.002920
           Varianza
                                      0.592244
12
               Todas
                      Random forest
                                      0.584442
                                                 0.004300
0
               Todas
                     Decission tree
                                      0.572740
                                                 0.001324
3
            Varianza
                     Decission tree
                                      0.572051
                                                 0.002111
                       Random forest
18
          Extra tree
                                      0.569986
                                                 0.002245
In [414]:
pinta mayor edad = Resultados(Resultados.taget == "mayor edad").sort(['sco
re', 'exec time'], ascending=(0,1)).head(5)
print pinta mayor edad[['feature reduction','model','score','exec time']]
   feature reduction
                               model
                                         score exec time
           Varianza
                       Random forest
                                                 0.002550
16
                                      0.980725
                       Random forest
13
               Todas
                                      0.980496
                                                 0.004208
7
         Extra tree Decission tree
                                                 0.000901
                                      0.977972
49
               Todas
                                 SVM
                                      0.977513
                                                 1.541066
52
           Varianza
                                 SVM
                                      0.977283
                                                 1.409931
In [415]:
pinta rango edad = Resultados[Resultados.taget == "rango edad"].sort(['sco
re','exec time'],ascending=(0,1)).head(5)
print pinta rango edad[['feature reduction','model','score','exec time']]
   feature reduction
                               model
                                                exec time
                                         score
17
           Varianza
                       Random forest
                                      0.686324
                                                 0.002602
               Todas Decission tree
                                                 0.001598
2
                                      0.684488
14
               Todas
                       Random forest
                                      0.680817
                                                 0.004075
```

0.673704

0.667279

SVM

0.002036

3.551880

Varianza Decission tree

Todas

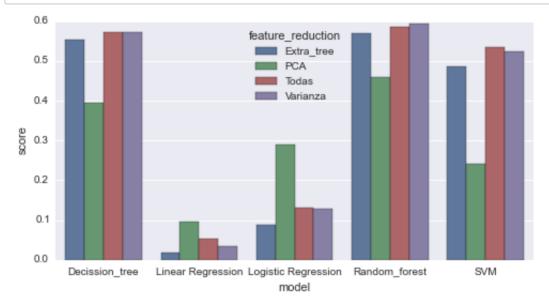
5

50

In [409]:

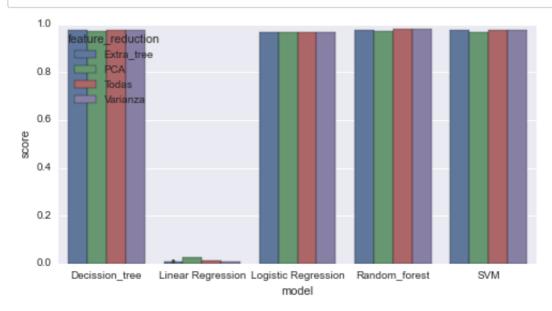
```
# Plot the feature importances of the forest
resul_edad = Resultados[Resultados.taget == "edad"]
resul_edad = resul_edad[resul_edad.score >0]
resul_mayor_edad = Resultados[Resultados.taget == "mayor_edad"]
resul_mayor_edad = resul_mayor_edad[resul_mayor_edad.score >0]
resul_rango_edad = Resultados[Resultados.taget == "rango_edad"]
resul_rango_edad = resul_rango_edad[resul_rango_edad.score>0]

sns.barplot(x="model", y="score", hue="feature_reduction", data=resul_edad);
```



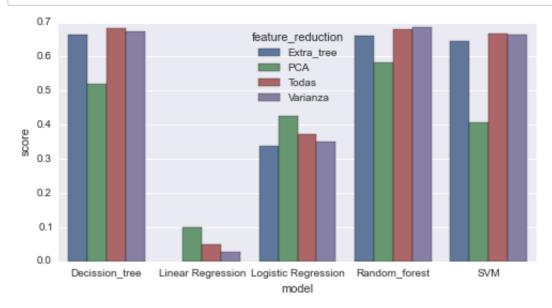
In [412]:

sns.barplot(x="model", y="score", hue="feature_reduction", data=resul_mayo
r edad);



In [411]:

sns.barplot(x="model", y="score", hue="feature_reduction", data=resul_rang
o edad);



In []: