ICS143B Project2 Main Memory Manager - Preliminary Document Anbang Xu(35086995)

1. Introduction

Design/implement a main memory manager for variable size partition, including allocating memory and deallocating memory. And using simulation to compare different allocation strategies such as first-fit and best-fit.

2. Data Structure

a. PackableMemory

+----+

| size |

+----+

| memory |

+----+

The PackableMemory is a structure having an integer - "size" and a byte array - "memory" for storage. It's used to pack/unpack an integer to/from a byte array. We can treat it as an integer array.

b. Main Memory Manager(MMManager)

+-----

| size |

+----+

| memory |

+----+

| firstHole |

+----+

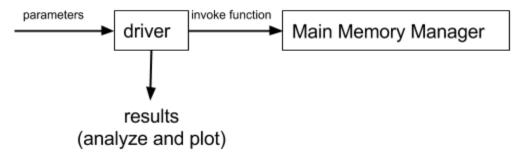
| lastHole |

+----+

The MMManager is a structure having size, memory, firstHole and lastHole. "size" indicates the total size of the initial word-addressable memory block. "memory" is a PackableMemory(an integer array) of size "size". "firstHole" is the index of first hole and "lastHole" is the index of last hole. If there is no hole, those indices are -1.

3. System Architecture

a. Overall Organization



What to vary?

- the total initial size
- distribution of request size

- steps of simulation
- allocation strategy selection

What to measure?

- average memory utilization Occupied Block Size / Total Memory Block Size
- average search time # holes examined / total # holes
- (1). The user invokes driver, a. **generates streams of requests and releases** using parameters, b. repeatedly invokes request/release function, c. **gather statistics** in files for each request
- (2). The driver repeats for different parameters and different allocation strategies
- (3). Analyze, plot and describe results
- b. Important function in MMManager:
- (1). Initiate Memory Block

input: void, output: void

- Describe:
 - A. create a PackableMemory of input size
 - B. initiate the left tag and right tag
 - C. set previous and next reference
 - D. make firstHole/lastHole reference to start index of this memory block 0
- What data structures may be changed? MMManager.size, MMManager.memory, MMManager.firstHole, MMManager.lastHole
- (2). Allocate Memory

input: request size, output: start index of allocated block

- Describe:
 - A. choose the allocation strategy
 - B. find the suitable empty hole using chosen strategy
 - C. compute the start index of allocated block and initiate it
 - D. update the old hole, including size, tag and reference
 - E. return the start index of new allocated block
- What data structures may be changed? MMManager.size, MMManager.memory, MMManager.firstHole, MMManager.lastHole
- (3). Release Memory

input: release size, output: void

- Describe:
 - A. check left, right tag if neighbor is occupied
 - B. based on checking result, update
 - a. both are occupied
 - update tags
 - add the release hole to the end of empty holes
 - b. left is occupied but right is not merge with right hole
 - update tags
 - move right hole reference to the current hole
 - c. right is occupied but left is not merge with left hole
 - update tags
 - d. both are empty holes merge with left and right hole
 - update tags

- remove right hole
- What data structures may be changed? MMManager.size, MMManager.memory, MMManager.firstHole, MMManager.lastHole
- c. Important function in Driver:
- (1). Generate Next Request Size

input: mean, deviation, maximum, output: randomized request size

- Describe:
 - A. apply Gaussian distribution
 - B. discard values outside of valid memory sizes
- What data structures may be changed? MMManager
- (2). Record Memory Utilization

Input: void, Output: void

- Describe:
 - A. add up block sizes, divide by total memory size at each iteration
 - B. compute average from each release for all iterations
- (3). Record Average Search Time

Input: void, Output: void

- Describe:
 - A. compute (# holes examined) / (total # holes)
 - B. compute average from each request for all iterations
- (4). Select release Block

input: allocatedBlocks, output: index of release block in allocatedBlocks

- Describe:
 - A. get the size k of allocated blocks
 - B. choose a random number p between 1 and k
 - C. release block recorded at position p of allocatedBlocks
- What data structures may be changed? MMManager

4. Test Cases

(1). Initiate Memory Block and Request Memory

Input:

```
init(100);
int n = 10;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
request(10);
```

Result:

Init 100 in [0,400]

Request 10 in [352,400], and the block start index is: 356 Request 10 in [304,352], and the block start index is: 308 Request 10 in [256,304], and the block start index is: 260 Request 10 in [208,256], and the block start index is: 212 Request 10 in [160,208], and the block start index is: 164 Request 10 in [112,160], and the block start index is: 116 Request 10 in [64,112], and the block start index is: 68

```
Request 10, but insufficient memory
        Request 10, but insufficient memory
(2). Release Memory
    A. both left and right are occupied:
        Input:
                init(100);
                request(10);
                 request(10);
                 request(10);
                request(10);
                 release(B);
        Result:
                 Init 100 in [0,400]
                 Request 10 in [352,400], and the block start index is: 356
                 Request 10 in [304,352], and the block start index is: 308
                 Request 10 in [256,304], and the block start index is: 260
                 Request 10 in [208,256], and the block start index is: 212
                 Release 10 in [304,352]
    B. left is occupied but right is not:
        Input:
                init(100);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                 request(10);
                 release(A);
                 release(B);
        Result:
                 Init 100 in [0,400]
                 Request 10 in [352,400], and the block start index is: 356
                 Request 10 in [304,352], and the block start index is: 308
                 Request 10 in [256,304], and the block start index is: 260
                 Request 10 in [208,256], and the block start index is: 212
                 Release 10 in [352,400]
                 Release 10 in [304,400]
    C. right is occupied but left is not:
        Input:
                init(100);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                 request(10);
                release(C);
                 release(B);
        Result:
                 Init 100 in [0,400]
```

Request 10 in [16,64], and the block start index is: 20

```
Request 10 in [352,400], and the block start index is: 356
                Request 10 in [304,352], and the block start index is: 308
                Request 10 in [256,304], and the block start index is: 260
                Request 10 in [208,256], and the block start index is: 212
                Release 10 in [256,304]
                Release 10 in [256,352]
    D. both are empty holes
        Input:
                init(100);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                request(10);
                release(A);
                release(C);
                release(B);
        Result:
                Init 100 in [0,400]
                Request 10 in [352,400], and the block start index is: 356
                Request 10 in [304,352], and the block start index is: 308
                Request 10 in [256,304], and the block start index is: 260
                Request 10 in [208,256], and the block start index is: 212
                Release 10 in [352,400]
                Release 10 in [256,304]
                Release 10 in [256,400]
5. Pseudo Code
a. Driver.main(){
        for(i = 0; i < sim_step; i++){
                do{
                         get size n of next request;
                         mmmanager.request(n);
                } while(request successful);
        record memory utilization;
        select block p to be released;
        mmmanager.release(p);
b. Driver.generateNextRequestSize(int a, int d, int totalSize){
        int size = (int) getGaussian(a, d);
         while (size < 2 || size > totalSize) {
                 size = (int) getGaussian(a, d);
         }
         return size;
c. Driver.selectReleasedBlock(ArrayList<Integer> allocatedBlocks){
        int k = allocatedBlocks.size();
```

}

}

```
int p = random.nextInt(k);
        mmmanager.release(allocatedBlocks.get(p));
}
d. MMManager.init(int size){
        // 1. create a memory block with a specific size
         totalByteSize = INTEGER_SIZE * totalSize;
         memoryBlock = new PackableMemory(totalByteSize);
         // 2. create and init the hole, then return the block start index
         createAndInitHole(0, false, totalSize
                         - DIFF_BETWEEN_HOLESIZE_AND_BLOCKSIZE, -1, -1);
}
e. MMManager.createAndInitHole(int holeStartIdx, boolean occupied,
                 int blockSize, int prev, int next) {
         int tag = occupied ? blockSize : -blockSize;
         // 1. set the tag
         // left tag
         memoryBlock.pack(tag, holeStartIdx);
         // right tag
         int rightTagOffset = INTEGER_SIZE * (TAG_SIZE + blockSize);
         memoryBlock.pack(tag, holeStartIdx + rightTagOffset);
         // 2. set reference
         // prev
         memoryBlock.pack(prev, holeStartIdx + INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
         memoryBlock.pack(next, holeStartIdx + INTEGER_SIZE
                         * (TAG_SIZE + PREV_INDEX_SIZE));
         // 3. set firstHole/lastHole
         firstHole = 0;
         lastHole = 0;
}
f. MMManager.request(int size) {
         // 1. run algorithm to find suitable memory block
         int holeStartIdx = bestFit(size);
         if (holeStartIdx == -1) {
                 System.out.println("Request " + size + ", but insufficient memory");
                 return -1;
         }
         // keep track of prev/next hole for future update
         int prevHole = getPrevHole(holeStartIdx);
         int nextHole = getNextHole(holeStartIdx);
```

```
// 2. compute the startIdx of new hole
        int newHoleEndIdx = getHoleEndFromHoleStart(holeStartIdx);
        int newHoleStartIdx = newHoleEndIdx - INTEGER_SIZE
                        * (getHoleSizeFromBlockSize(size));
        // 3. init the new block - blockSize
        memoryBlock.pack(size, newHoleStartIdx);
        memoryBlock.pack(size, newHoleEndIdx - INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
        // 4. update the old hole
        int remainHoleSize = (newHoleStartIdx - holeStartIdx) / 4;
        int remainBlockSize = remainHoleSize
                        - DIFF_BETWEEN_HOLESIZE_AND_BLOCKSIZE;
        // 4.1. if hole become too small
        if (remainBlockSize < 2) {
                memoryBlock.pack(size + remainHoleSize, holeStartIdx);
                memoryBlock.pack(size + remainHoleSize, newHoleEndIdx
                                - INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
                newHoleStartIdx = holeStartIdx:
                // remove hole
                if (prevHole != -1)
                        setNextHole(prevHole, nextHole);
                if (nextHole != -1)
                        setPrevHole(nextHole, prevHole);
                if (holeStartIdx == firstHole) {
                        firstHole = nextHole;
                }
                if (holeStartIdx == lastHole) {
                        lastHole = prevHole;
                        setNextHole(lastHole, -1);
                }
        } else { // 4.2. otherwise
                memoryBlock.pack(-remainBlockSize, holeStartIdx);
                memoryBlock.pack(-remainBlockSize, newHoleStartIdx - INTEGER_SIZE
                                * TAG_SIZE);
        }
        // return start index of new block
        return newHoleStartIdx + INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE;
g. MMManager.release(int blockldx) {
        // 1. compute left, right if occupied
        int curHoleStart = blockldx - INTEGER SIZE * TAG SIZE;
        int curHoleEnd = getHoleEndFromHoleStart(curHoleStart);
```

}

// if has sufficient memory, create a memory with input size

```
int blockSize = getBlockSize(curHoleStart);
int left:
if (curHoleStart - INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE < 0)
        left = 1;
else
        left = memoryBlock.unpack(curHoleStart - INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
int right;
if (curHoleEnd + INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE > totalByteSize)
        right = 1;
else
        right = memoryBlock.unpack(curHoleEnd);
// 2. check
if (left >= 0 \&\& right >= 0) {
        // 2.1. both are occupied
        // (1). update tag
        memoryBlock.pack(-blockSize, curHoleStart);
        memoryBlock.pack(-blockSize, curHoleEnd - INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
        // (2). add it to the lastHole
        if (lastHole == -1) {
                setPrevHole(curHoleStart, -1);
                setNextHole(curHoleStart, -1);
                lastHole = curHoleStart;
                firstHole = lastHole;
        } else {
                setPrevHole(curHoleStart, lastHole);
                setNextHole(lastHole, curHoleStart);
                lastHole = curHoleStart;
        }
        setNextHole(lastHole, -1);
        System.out.println("Release " + blockSize + " in [" + curHoleStart
                        + "," + curHoleEnd + "]");
        return curHoleStart;
} else if (left >= 0 && right < 0) {
        // 2.2. left is occupid but right is not - merge with right hole
        // rightHoleStart == curHoleEnd
        // (1). update tag - size
        int newBlockSize = blockSize + Math.abs(right) + 2 * TAG_SIZE;
        memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, curHoleStart);
        int rightHoleEnd = getHoleEndFromHoleStart(curHoleEnd);
        memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, rightHoleEnd - INTEGER_SIZE
                        * TAG SIZE);
        // (2). move right hole reference to cur
        // update reference from cur perspective
        setPrevHole(curHoleStart, getPrevHole(curHoleEnd));
        setNextHole(curHoleStart, getNextHole(curHoleEnd));
        // update reference from prev/next perspective
```

```
setPrevHole(getNextHole(curHoleEnd), curHoleStart);
                 if (curHoleEnd == firstHole)
                         firstHole = curHoleStart;
                 if (curHoleEnd == lastHole)
                         lastHole = curHoleStart;
                 System.out.println("Release " + blockSize + " in [" + curHoleStart
                                  + "," + rightHoleEnd + "]");
                 return curHoleStart;
         } else if (left < 0 \&\& right >= 0) {
                 // 2.3. left is not occupid but right is - merge with left hole
                 // leftHoleEnd == curHoleStart
                 // (1). update tag - size
                 int newBlockSize = blockSize + Math.abs(left) + 2 * TAG_SIZE;
                 int leftHoleStart = getHoleStartFromHoleEnd(curHoleStart);
                 memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, leftHoleStart);
                 memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, curHoleEnd - INTEGER SIZE
                                  * TAG_SIZE);
                 System.out.println("Release " + blockSize + " in [" + leftHoleStart
                                  + "," + curHoleEnd + "]");
                 return leftHoleStart;
         } else {
                 // 2.4. both are not occupied - merge with left and right holes
                 // (1). update tag - size
                 int newBlockSize = blockSize + Math.abs(left) + Math.abs(right) + 4
                                  * TAG SIZE;
                 int leftHoleStart = getHoleStartFromHoleEnd(curHoleStart);
                 int rightHoleEnd = getHoleEndFromHoleStart(curHoleEnd);
                 memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, leftHoleStart);
                 memoryBlock.pack(-newBlockSize, rightHoleEnd - INTEGER_SIZE
                                  * TAG SIZE);
                 // (2). remove right hole
                 removeHole(curHoleEnd);
                 System.out.println("Release " + blockSize + " in [" + leftHoleStart
                                  + "," + rightHoleEnd + "]");
                 return leftHoleStart;
         }
}
h. MMManager.firstFit(int requestSize) {
         numHoleExamined = 0;
         int curHole = firstHole;
         while (curHole >= 0) {
                 numHoleExamined++;
```

setNextHole(getPrevHole(curHoleEnd), curHoleStart);

```
if (requestSize < getBlockSize(curHole))</pre>
                         return curHole;
                 curHole = getNextHole(curHole);
         }
         return -1;
}
i. MMManager.bestFit(int requestSize) {
         numHoleExamined = 0;
         int curHole = firstHole;
         int minDiff = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
         int returnHole = -1;
         while (curHole >= 0) {
                 int blockSize = getBlockSize(curHole);
                 numHoleExamined++;
                 if (blockSize >= requestSize && (blockSize - requestSize) < minDiff) {
                         minDiff = blockSize - requestSize;
                         returnHole = curHole;
                 }
                 curHole = getNextHole(curHole);
         }
         return returnHole >= 0 ? returnHole : -1;
  }
j. Help functions in MMManager:
public void removeHole(int curHole) {
         int prevHole = getPrevHole(curHole);
         int nextHole = getNextHole(curHole);
         if (prevHole != -1)
                 setNextHole(prevHole, nextHole);
         if (nextHole != -1)
                 setPrevHole(nextHole, prevHole);
         if (curHole == firstHole) {
                 firstHole = nextHole;
         }
         if (curHole == lastHole) {
                 lastHole = prevHole;
                 setNextHole(lastHole, -1);
         }
  }
  public int getBlockSize(int startIdx) {
         return Math.abs(memoryBlock.unpack(startIdx));
  }
  public int getHoleStartFromHoleEnd(int endIdx) {
         int blockSize = Math.abs(memoryBlock.unpack(endldx - INTEGER_SIZE
```

```
* TAG SIZE));
      return endldx - INTEGER SIZE
                     * (DIFF_BETWEEN_HOLESIZE_AND_BLOCKSIZE + blockSize);
}
public int getHoleEndFromHoleStart(int startIdx) {
      int blockSize = getBlockSize(startIdx);
      return startIdx + INTEGER_SIZE
                     * (blockSize + DIFF_BETWEEN_HOLESIZE_AND_BLOCKSIZE);
}
public int getHoleSizeFromBlockSize(int blockSize) {
      return blockSize + DIFF_BETWEEN_HOLESIZE_AND_BLOCKSIZE;
}
public int getPrevHole(int curHole) {
      return memoryBlock.unpack(curHole + INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE);
}
public int getNextHole(int curHole) {
      return memoryBlock.unpack(curHole + INTEGER_SIZE
                     * (TAG_SIZE + PREV_INDEX_SIZE));
}
public void setPrevHole(int curHole, int prevHole) {
      if (curHole < 0)
              return;
      int curPreReferIdx = curHole + INTEGER_SIZE * TAG_SIZE;
      memoryBlock.pack(prevHole, curPreReferIdx);
}
public void setNextHole(int curHole, int nextHole) {
      if (curHole < 0)
              return;
      int curNextReferIdx = curHole + INTEGER_SIZE
                     * (TAG SIZE + PREV INDEX SIZE);
      memoryBlock.pack(nextHole, curNextReferIdx);
}
public int getBlockStartIdx(int startIdx) {
      return startIdx + INTEGER_SIZE
                     * (TAG_SIZE + PREV_INDEX_SIZE + NEXT_INDEX_SIZE);
}
```