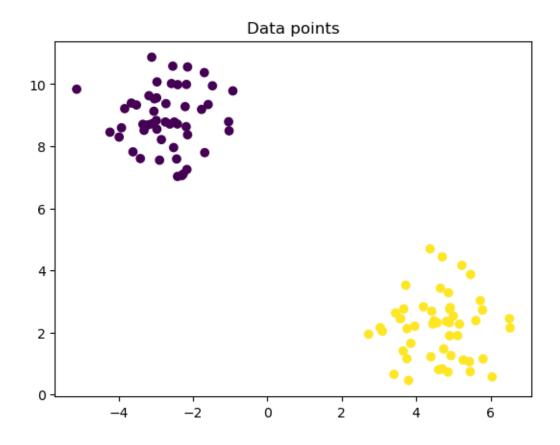
lab 12 sym

October 30, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.datasets import make_blobs
     class SVM:
         def __init__(self, learning_rate=0.01, lambda_param=0.01, n_iters=1000):
             self.learning_rate = learning_rate
             self.lambda_param = lambda_param
             self.n_iters = n_iters
             self.w = None
             self.b = None
         def fit(self, X, y):
             n_samples, n_features = X.shape
             self.w = np.zeros(n_features)
             self.b = 0
             # Convert labels to -1 and 1
             y_{=} = np.where(y \le 0, -1, 1)
             for _ in range(self.n_iters):
                 for idx, x_i in enumerate(X):
                     condition = y_[idx] * (np.dot(x_i, self.w) - self.b) >= 1
                         self.w -= self.learning_rate * (2 * self.lambda_param *_
      ⇔self.w)
                     else:
                         self.w -= self.learning_rate * (2 * self.lambda_param *_
      ⇒self.w - np.dot(x_i, y_[idx]))
                         self.b -= self.learning_rate * y_[idx]
         def predict(self, X):
             linear_output = np.dot(X, self.w) - self.b
             return np.sign(linear_output)
     def plot_decision_boundary(svm, X, y):
         x_{\min}, x_{\max} = X[:, 0].min() - 1, X[:, 0].max() + 1
```

```
y_{min}, y_{max} = X[:, 1].min() - 1, X[:, 1].max() + 1
    xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                         np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
    Z = svm.predict(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
    Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
    plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, alpha=0.8)
    plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y, edgecolors='k')
    plt.title("SVM Decision Boundary")
    plt.show()
# Generate synthetic data
X, y = make_blobs(n_samples=100, centers=2, random_state=42)
y = np.where(y == 0, -1, 1) # Convert labels to -1 and 1
# Visualize the data
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y, cmap='viridis')
plt.title("Data points")
plt.show()
# Train the SVM
svm = SVM()
svm.fit(X, y)
# Make predictions and visualize the results
predictions = svm.predict(X)
plot_decision_boundary(svm, X, y)
```



SVM Decision Boundary

