Distributed Methods with Compressed Communication for Solving Variational Inequalities, with Theoretical Guarantees



Aleksandr Beznosikov Innopolis, MIPT, HSE and Yandex



Peter Richtarik **KAUST**



Michael Diskin **HSE** and Yandex



Max Ryabinin Yandex and HSE



Alexander Gasnikov MIPT. HSE and IITP













Find $z^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $\langle F(z^*), z - z^* \rangle \geq 0$, $\forall z \in \mathbb{R}^d$

Find $z^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $\langle F(z^*), z - z^* \rangle \ge 0$, $\forall z \in \mathbb{R}^d$

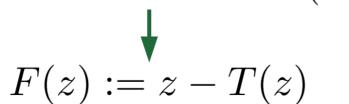
$$\bullet \quad \min_{z \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(z) \longrightarrow F(z) := \nabla f(z)$$

Find $z^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $\langle F(z^*), z - z^* \rangle \geq 0$, $\forall z \in \mathbb{R}^d$

- $\bullet \quad \min_{z \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(z) \longrightarrow F(z) := \nabla f(z)$
- $\bullet \quad \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{d_x}} \max_{y \in \mathbb{R}^{d_y}} g(x, y) \longrightarrow F(z) := \left[\nabla_x g(x, y), -\nabla_y g(x, y) \right]$

Find $z^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $\langle F(z^*), z - z^* \rangle \geq 0$, $\forall z \in \mathbb{R}^d$

- $\bullet \quad \min_{z \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(z) \longrightarrow F(z) := \nabla f(z)$
- $\bullet \quad \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{d_x}} \max_{y \in \mathbb{R}^{d_y}} g(x, y) \longrightarrow F(z) := \left[\nabla_x g(x, y), -\nabla_y g(x, y) \right]$
- Find $z^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $T(z^*) = z^*$



$$F(z) := \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} F_m(z)$$

$$F(z) := \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} F_m(z)$$

 F_m on local devices



$$F(z) := \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} F_m(z)$$

 F_m on local devices

Communication bottleneck!



$$F(z) := \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} F_m(z)$$

 F_m on local devices



Communication bottleneck!

Use compression in communications!

Compression

• Unbiased: $\mathbb{E}Q(z)=z, \quad \mathbb{E}\|Q(z)\|^2 \leq q\|z\|^2$

Examples: random choice of coordinates

Compression

• Unbiased: $\mathbb{E}Q(z)=z, \quad \mathbb{E}\|Q(z)\|^2 \leq q\|z\|^2$

Examples: random choice of coordinates

• Contractive: $\mathbb{E}\|C(z)-z\|^2 \leq (1-1/\delta)\|z\|^2$

Examples: choice of top coordinates, rounding

Algorithm 1 MASHA1

```
Parameters: Stepsize \gamma > 0, parameter \tau \in (0, 1), number of iterations K.
Initialization: Choose z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}.
Devices send F_m(w^0) to server and get F(w^0)
for k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1 do
    for each device m in parallel do
        z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1-\tau)w^k - \gamma F(w^k)
        Sends q_m^k = Q_m^{\text{dev}}(F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - F_m(w^k)) to server
    end for
    for server do
        Sends to devices g^k = Q^{\text{serv}} \left[ \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k \right]
         Sends to devices one bit b_k: 1 with probability 1-\tau, 0 with with probability \tau
    end for
    for each device m in parallel do
        z^{k+1} = z^{k+1/2} - \gamma q^k
        If b_k = 1 then w^{k+1} = z^k, sends F_m(w^{k+1}) to server and gets F(w^{k+1})
        else w^{k+1} = w^k
    end for
end for
```

```
Ideas:
Algorithm 1 MASHA1
  Parameters: Stepsize \gamma > 0, parameter \tau \in (0, 1), number of iterations K.
   Initialization: Choose z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}.
  Devices send F_m(w^0) to server and get F(w^0)
                                                                                                                                Extragradient
  for k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1 do
       for each device m in parallel do z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1-\tau)w^k - \gamma F(w^k)
            Sends g_m^k = Q_m^{\text{dev}}(F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - F_m(w^k)) to server
       end for
       for server do
            Sends to devices g^k = Q^{\text{serv}} \left[ \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k \right]
            Sends to devices one bit b_k: 1 with probability 1-\tau, 0 with with probability \tau
       end for
       for each device m in parallel do z^{k+1} = z^{k+1/2} - \gamma g^k
            If b_k = 1 then w^{k+1} = z^k, sends F_m(w^{k+1}) to server and gets F(w^{k+1})
           else w^{k+1} = w^k
       end for
  end for
```

Ideas: **Algorithm 1 MASHA1 Parameters:** Stepsize $\gamma > 0$, parameter $\tau \in (0, 1)$, number of iterations K. **Initialization:** Choose $z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}$. Devices send $F_m(w^0)$ to server and get $F(w^0)$ Extragradient for $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1$ do for each device m in parallel do $z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1-\tau)w^k$ Sends $g_m^k = Q_m^{\text{dec}}(F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - F_m(w^k))$ to server Negative momentum end for for server do + Sends to devices $g^k = Q^{\text{serv}} \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k \right]$ VR tegnique Sends to devices one bit b_k : 1 with probability $1-\tau$, 0 with with probability $\underline{\tau}$ end for for each device m in parallel do $2^{k+1} = 2^{k+1/2} - 2a^k$ If $b_k = 1$ then $w^{k+1} = z^k$, sends $F_m(w^{k+1})$ to server and gets $F(w^{k+1})$ else $w^{k+1} = w^k$ end for end for

Ideas: **Algorithm 1 MASHA1 Parameters:** Stepsize $\gamma > 0$, parameter $\tau \in (0, 1)$, number of iterations K. **Initialization:** Choose $z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}$. Devices send $F_m(w^0)$ to server and get $F(w^0)$ Extragradient for $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1$ do for each device m in parallel do $z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1 - \tau) w^k - \gamma F(w^k)$ Sends $g_m^k = Q_m^{\text{dev}}(F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - F_m(w^k))$ to server Negative momentum end for for server do + Sends to devices $g^k = Q^{\text{serv}} \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k \right]$ VR tegnique Sends to devices one bit b_k : 1 with probability $1-\tau$, 0 with with probability τ end for for each device m in parallel do $z^{k+1} = z^{k+1/2} - \gamma q^k$ Compression of If $b_k = 1$ then $w^{k+1} = z^k$, sends $F_m(w^{k+1})$ to server and gets $F(w^{k+1})$ difference else $w^{k+1} = w^k$ end for end for

Algorithm 2 MASHA2

```
Parameters: Stepsize \gamma > 0, parameter \tau, number of iterations K.
Initialization: Choose z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}, e_m^0 = 0, e^0 = 0.
Devices send F_m(w^0) to server and get F(w^0)
for k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1 do
    for each device m in parallel do
         z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1-\tau)w^k - \gamma F(w^k)
         Sends g_m^k = C_m^{\text{dev}}(\gamma F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - \gamma F_m(w^k) + e_m^k) to server
        e_m^{k+1} = e_m^k + \gamma F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - \gamma F_m(w^k) - q_m^k
    end for
    for server do
        Sends to devices g^k = C^{\text{serv}} \left[ \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k + e^k \right]
         e^{k+1} = e^k + \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k - g^k
         Sends to devices one bit b_k: 1 with probability 1-\tau, 0 with with probability \tau
    end for
    for each device m in parallel do
         z^{k+1} = z^{k+1/2} - \gamma q^k
         If b_k = 1 then w^{k+1} = z^k, sends F_m(w^{k+1}) to server and gets F(w^{k+1})
         else w^{k+1} = w^k
    end for
end for
```

Algorithm 2 MASHA2

Main difference:

Error feedback

```
Parameters: Stepsize \gamma > 0, parameter \tau, number of iterations K.
Initialization: Choose z^0 = w^0 \in \mathcal{Z}, e_m^0 = 0, e^0 = 0.
Devices send F_m(w^0) to server and get F(w^0)
for k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, K - 1 do
    for each device m in parallel do
        z^{k+1/2} = \tau z^k + (1-\tau)w^k - \gamma F(w^k)
        Sends q_m^k = C_m^{\text{dev}}(\gamma F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - \gamma F_m(w^k) + e_m^k
                                                                       to server
        e_m^{k+1} = e_m^k + \gamma F_m(z^{k+1/2}) - \gamma F_m(w^k) - g_m^k
    ena jor
    for server do
        Sends to devices g^k = C^{\text{serv}} \prod_{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} g_m^k + e^k
        Sends to devices one bit o_k: 1 with probability 1-\tau, 0 with with probability \tau
    end for
    for each device m in parallel do
        z^{k+1} = z^{k+1/2} - \gamma q^k
        If b_k = 1 then w^{k+1} = z^k, sends F_m(w^{k+1}) to server and gets F(w^{k+1})
        else w^{k+1} = w^k
    end for
end for
```

Thank you!