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Guided Exercise: Managing Storage



In this exercise you will partition a new disk, create logical volumes and format them with XFS file systems, and mount them immediately and automatically at boot time on your managed hosts.

Outcomes

You should be able to:

Use the parted module to configure block device partitions.

Use the 1vg module to manage LVM volume groups.

Use the 1vol module to manage LVM logical volumes.

Use the filesystem module to create file systems.

Use the mount module to control and configure mount points in /etc/fstab.

Run the lab system-storage start script from workstation to configure the environment for the exercise. The script creates the system-storage project directory, and downloads the Ansible configuration file and the host inventory file needed for the exercise.

[student@workstation ~]\$ lab system-storage start

Procedure 9.4. Instructions

You are responsible for managing a set of web servers. A recommended practice for web server configuration is to store web server data on a separate partition or logical volume.

You will write a playbook to:

Manage partitions of the /dev/vdb device

Manage a volume group named apache-vg for web server data

 $Create\ two\ logical\ volumes\ named\ content-lv\ and\ logs-lv,\ both\ backed\ by\ the\ apache-vg\ volume\ group$

Create an XFS file system on both logical volumes

Mount the content-1v logical volume at /var/www

Mount the logs-lv logical volume at /var/log/httpd

If the storage requirements for the web server change, update the appropriate playbook variables and re–execute the playbook. The playbook should be idempotent.

As the student user on workstation, change to the /home/student/system-storage working directory.

[student@workstation ~]\$ cd ~/system-storage
[student@workstation system-storage]\$

 $Review \ the \ skeleton \ playbook \ file \ storage \ _vars \ . \ yml \ in \ the \ project \ directory. \ Execute \ the \ playbook.$

2.1. Review the storage.yml playbook.

```
- name: Ensure Apache Storage Configuration
 hosts: webservers
 vars_files:
    - storage_vars.yml
 tasks:
    - name: Correct partitions exist on /\text{dev}/\text{vdb}
     debug:
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ partitions }}"
    - name: Ensure Volume Groups Exist
     debug:
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ volume_groups }}"
    - name: Create each Logical Volume (LV) if needed
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
     when: true
    - name: Ensure XFS Filesystem exists on each LV
     debug:
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
    - name: Ensure the correct capacity for each LV
     debug:
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
    - name: Each Logical Volume is mounted
      debug:
       msg: TODO
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
```

The name of each task acts as an outline of the intended procedure to implement. In later steps, you will update and change these six tasks.

2.2. Review the storage_vars.yml variables file.

```
partitions:
 - number: 1
   start: 1MiB
   end: 257MiB
volume_groups:
  - name: apache-vg
   devices: /dev/vdb1
logical_volumes:
  - name: content-lv
   size: 64M
    vgroup: apache-vg
   mount_path: /var/www
  - name: logs-lv
   size: 128M
    vgroup: apache-vg
    mount_path: /var/log/httpd
```

This file describes the intended structure of partitions, volume groups, and logical volumes on each web server. The first partition begins at an offset of 1 MiB from the beginning of the /dev/vdb device, and ends at an offset of 257 MiB, for a total size of 256 MiB.

Each web server has one volume group, named apache-vg, containing the first partition of the /dev/vdb device.

Each web server has two logical volumes. The first logical volume is named content-1v, with a size of 64 MiB, attached to the apache-vg volume group, and mounted at /var/www. The second logical volume is named logs-1v, with a size of 128 MiB, attached to the apache-vg volume group, and mounted at /var/log/httpd.

NOTE

The apache-vg volume group has a capacity of 256 MiB, because it is backed by the /dev/vdb1 partition. It provides enough capacity for both of the logical volumes.

2.3. Execute the storage.yml playbook.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible-playbook storage.yml
ok: [servera.lab.example.com]
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'start': u'1MiB', u'end': u'257MiB', u'number': 1}) => {
   "msg": "TODO"
...output omitted...
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'64M', u'mount_path': u'/var/www', u'name': u'content-lv'}) =>
{
  "msg": "TODO"
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item=\{u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'128M', u'mount\_path': u'/var/log/httpd', u'name': u'logs-lv'\}) \\
=> {
   "msg": "TODO"
}
servera.lab.example.com
                : ok=7 changed=0
                                unreachable=0
                                           failed=0
```

Change the first task to use the parted module to configure a partition for each loop item. Each item describes an intended partition of the /dev/vdb device on each web server:

number

The partition number. Use this as the value of the number keyword for the parted module.

start

The start of the partition, as an offset from the beginning of the block device. Use this as the value of the part_start keyword for the parted module

end

The end of the partition, as an offset from the beginning of the block device. Use this as the value of the part_end keyword for the parted module.

The content of the first task should be:

```
- name: Correct partitions exist on /dev/vdb
parted:
    device: /dev/vdb
    state: present
    number: "{{ item.number }}"
    part_start: "{{ item.start }}"
    part_end: "{{ item.end }}"
loop: "{{ partitions }}"
```

Change the second task of the play to use the lvg module to configure a volume group for each loop item. Each item of the volume_groups variable describes a volume group that should exist on each web server:

name

The name of the volume group. Use this as the value of the vg keyword for the 1vg module.

devices

A comma-separated list of devices or partitions that form the volume group. Use this as the value of the pvs keyword for the 1vg module.

The content of the second task should be:

```
- name: Ensure Volume Groups Exist
lvg:
    vg: "{{ item.name }}"
    pvs: "{{ item.devices }}"
loop: "{{ volume_groups }}"
```

Change the third task of the play to use the lvol module to create a logical volume for each item. Use the item's keywords to create the new logical volume:

name

The name of the logical volume. Use this as the value of the lv keyword for the lvol module.

varoup

The name of the volume group that provides storage for the logical volume.

size

The size of the logical volume. The value of this keyword is any acceptable value for the -L option of the lvcreate command.

Only execute the task if a logical volume does not already exist. Update the when statement to check that a logical volume does not exist with a name that matches the value of the item's name keyword.

5.1. Change the third task to use the 1vol module. Set the volume group name, logical volume name, and logical volume size using each item's keywords. The content of the third task is now:

```
- name: Create each Logical Volume (LV) if needed
lvol:
   vg: "{{ item.vgroup }}"
   lv: "{{ item.name }}"
   size: "{{ item.size }}"
loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
when: true
```

5.2. The Ansible fact ansible_1vm contains information about Logical Volume Management objects on each hosts. Use an ad hoc command to see the current set of logical volumes on the remote host:

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible all -m setup -a \
    "filter=ansible_lvm"
servera.lab.example.com | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "ansible_lvm": {
            "lvs": {},
            "pvs": {},
            "vgs": {}
        },
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/libexec/platform-python"
    },
    "changed": false
}
```

The value of the lvs keyword indicates that there are no logical volumes on the remote host.

5.3. Execute the playbook to create the logical volumes on the remote host.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible-playbook storage.yml
ok: [servera.lab.example.com]
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
\verb|changed: [servera.lab.example.com]| \Rightarrow (item=\{...output | omitted...\})|
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] \Rightarrow (item={...output omitted...}) \Rightarrow {
  "msg": "TODO"
}
...output omitted...
servera.lab.example.com
             : ok=7
                  changed=3 unreachable=0 failed=0
```

5.4. Execute another ad hoc command to see the structure of the ansible_lvm variable when logical volumes exists on the remote host.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible all -m setup -a \
> "filter=ansible_lvm'
servera.lab.example.com | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "ansible_lvm": {
            "lvs": {
                "content-lv": {
                    "size_g": "0.06",
                    "vg": "apache-vg"
                },
                 "logs-lv": {
                    "size_g": "0.12",
                    "vg": "apache-vg"
                }
            },
            "pvs": {2
                "/dev/vdb1": {
                    "free_g": "0.06",
                    "size_g": "0.25",
                    "vg": "apache-vg"
                }
            }.
             "vgs": {
                "apache-vg": {
                    "free_g": "0.06",
                    "num_lvs": "2",
                    "num_pvs": "1",
                    "size_g": "0.25"
                }
            }
       }
    },
    "changed": false
}
```

- The value of the lvs keyword is a key-value pair data structure. The keys of this structure are the names of any logical volumes on the host. This indicates that both the content-lv and logs-lv logical volumes exist. For each logical volume, the corresponding volume group is provided by the vg keyword.
- The pvs keyword contains information about physical volumes on the host. The information indicates that the /dev/vdb1 partition belongs to the apache-vg volume group.
- 3 The vgs keyword contains information about volume groups on the host.
- 5.5. Update the when statement to check that a logical volume does not exist with a name that matches the value of the item's name keyword. The content of the third task is now:

```
- name: Create each Logical Volume (LV) if needed
lvol:
   vg: "{{ item.vgroup }}"
   lv: "{{ item.name }}"
   size: "{{ item.size }}"
loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
when: item.name not in ansible_lvm["lvs"]
```

Change the fourth task to use the filesystem module. Configure the task to ensure that each logical volume is formatted as an XFS file system. Recall that a logical volume is associated with the logical device /dev/<volume group name>/<logical volume name>.

The content of the fourth task should be:

```
- name: Ensure XFS Filesystem exists on each LV
filesystem:
  dev: "/dev/{{ item.vgroup }}/{{ item.name }}"
  fstype: xfs
loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
```

Configure the fifth task to ensure each logical volume has the correct storage capacity. If the logical volume increases in capacity, be sure to force the expansion of the volume's file system.

WARNING

If a logical volume needs to decrease in capacity, this task will fail because an XFS file system does not support shrinking capacity.

The content of the fifth task should be:

```
- name: Ensure the correct capacity for each LV
lvol:
    vg: "{{ item.vgroup }}"
    lv: "{{ item.name }}"
    size: "{{ item.size }}"
    resizefs: yes
    force: yes
loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
```

Use the mount module in the sixth task to ensure that each logical volume is mounted at the corresponding mount path and persists after a reboot.

The content of the sixth task should be:

```
- name: Each Logical Volume is mounted
mount:
  path: "{{ item.mount_path }}"
  src: "/dev/{{ item.vgroup }}/{{ item.name }}"
  fstype: xfs
  opts: noatime
  state: mounted
loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
```

Review the completed storage.yml playbook. Execute the playbook and verify that each logical volume is mounted.

9.1. Review the playbook:

```
- name: Ensure Apache Storage Configuration
 hosts: webservers
 vars_files:
   storage_vars.yml
    - name: Correct partitions exist on /dev/vdb
     parted:
       device: /dev/vdb
       state: present
       number: "{{ item.number }}"
       part_start: "{{ item.start }}"
       part_end: "{{ item.end }}"
     loop: "{{ partitions }}"
   - name: Ensure Volume Groups Exist
       vg: "{{ item.name }}"
       pvs: "{{ item.devices }}"
     loop: "{{ volume_groups }}"
    - name: Create each Logical Volume (LV) if needed
     lvol:
       vg: "{{ item.vgroup }}"
       lv: "{{ item.name }}'
       size: "{{ item.size }}"
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
     when: item.name not in ansible_lvm["lvs"]
   - name: Ensure XFS Filesystem exists on each LV
       fstype: xfs
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
   - name: Ensure the correct capacity for each \ensuremath{\mathsf{LV}}
     lvol:
       vg: "{{ item.vgroup }}"
       lv: "{{ item.name }}"
       size: "{{ item.size }}"
       resizefs: yes
       force: yes
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
   - name: Each Logical Volume is mounted
       path: "{{ item.mount_path }}"
       src: "/dev/{{ item.vgroup }}/{{ item.name }}"
       fstype: xfs
       opts: noatime
       state: mounted
     loop: "{{ logical_volumes }}"
```

```
[student@workstation\ system-storage] \$\ ansible-playbook\ storage.yml
ok: [servera.lab.example.com]
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
...output omitted...
skipping: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
skipping: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
\verb|changed: [servera.lab.example.com]| \Rightarrow (item=\{...output | omitted...\})|
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
servera.lab.example.com : ok=6 changed=2 unreachable=0 failed=0
       rescued=0 ignored=0
```

A task is skipped during execution because the playbook was previously executed with the same variable values. The logical volumes did not need to be created.

9.3. Use an Ansible ad hoc command to run the lsblk command on the remote host. The output indicates the mount points for the logical volumes.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible all -a lsblk
servera.lab.example.com | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
                        MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
NAME
sr0
                        11:0 1 1024M 0 rom
vda
                        252:0 0 10G 0 disk
└─vda1
                        252:1
                                0 10G 0 part /
                        252:16 0
vdb
                                    1G 0 disk
L-vdb1
                        252:17 0 256M 0 part
   -apache--vg-content--lv 253:0
                                0 64M 0 lvm /var/www
   -apache--vg-logs--lv 253:1 0 128M 0 lvm /var/log/httpd
```

Increase the capacity of the content-1v logical volume to 128 MiB, and the logs-1v logical volume to 256 MiB. This requires increasing the capacity of the apache-vg volume group.

Create a new partition with a capacity of 256 MiB and add it to the apache-vg volume group.

10.1. Edit the partitions variable definition in the storage_vars.yml file to add a second partition to the /dev/vdb device. The content of the partitions variable should be:

```
partitions:
- number: 1
start: 1MiB
end: 257MiB
- number: 2
start: 257MiB
end: 513MiB
```

10.2. Edit the volume_groups variable definition in the storage_vars.yml file. Add the second partition to list of devices backing the volume group. The content of the volume_groups variable should be:

```
volume_groups:
    name: apache-vg
    devices: /dev/vdb1,/dev/vdb2
```

10.3. Double the capacity of each logical volume defined in the storage_vars.yml file. The content of the logical_volumes variable should be:

```
logical_volumes:
- name: content-lv
size: 128M
vgroup: apache-vg
mount_path: /var/www

- name: logs-lv
size: 256M
vgroup: apache-vg
mount_path: /var/log/httpd
```

10.4. Execute the playbook. Verify the new capacity of each logical volume.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible-playbook storage.yml
ok: [servera.lab.example.com]
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'start': u'257MiB', u'end': u'513MiB', u'number': 2})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'name': u'apache-vg', u'devices': u'/dev/vdb1,/dev/vdb2'})
...output omitted...
skipping: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'128M', u'mount_path': u'/var/www', u'name': u'content-l
v'})
skipping: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'256M', u'mount_path': u'/var/log/httpd', u'name': u'log
s-lv'})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'128M', u'mount_path': u'/var/www', u'name': u'content-l
v'})
changed: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={u'vgroup': u'apache-vg', u'size': u'256M', u'mount_path': u'/var/log/httpd', u'name': u'logs
-1v'})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
ok: [servera.lab.example.com] => (item={...output omitted...})
servera.lab.example.com
                : ok=6 changed=3 unreachable=0 failed=0
skipped=1
       rescued=0
               ignored=0
```

The output indicates changes to the partitions and volume group on the remote host, and that both logical volumes were resized.

10.5. Use an Ansible ad hoc command to run the lsblk command on the remote host.

```
[student@workstation system-storage]$ ansible all -a lsblk
servera.lab.example.com | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
NAME
                       MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
                       11:0 1 1024M 0 rom
252:0 0 10G 0 disk
sr0
vda
└─vda1
                       252:1 0 10G 0 part /
vdb
                        252:16 0 1G 0 disk
                        252:17 0 256M 0 part
⊢vdh1
 -apache--vg-content--lv 253:0 0 128M 0 lvm /var/www
  —apache--vg-logs--lv 253:1
                               0 256M 0 lvm /var/log/httpd
└─vdb2
                        252:18 0 256M 0 part
  ├apache--vg-content--lv 253:0 0 128M 0 lvm /var/www
  Lapache--vg-logs--lv 253:1 0 256M 0 lvm /var/log/httpd
```

The output indicates that each logical volume is the correct size and mounted at the correct directory. Two entries exists for each logical volume because files stored on the logical volume may be physically located on either partition (/dev/vdb1 or /dev/vdb2).

Finish

Run the lab system-storage finish command to cleanup the managed host.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ lab system-storage finish
```

This concludes the guided exercise.

← PREVIOUS (/ROL/APP/COURSES/RH294-8.4/PAGES/CH09S07)



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