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Course/Section: CPE31S4	Date Submitted: December 8, 2023
Instructor: Dr. Taylar	Semester and SY: 2023-2024
Activity 15: OpenStack Installation (Neutron, Horizon, Cinder)	

1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (laC).

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

3. Resources

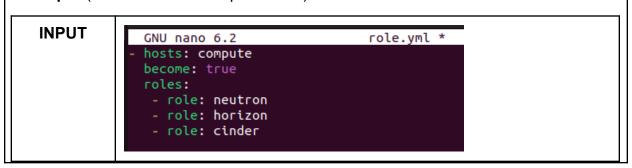
Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)

1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- 2. Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/
 - a. Neutron
 - b. Horizon
 - c. Cinder
 - d. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in the Inventory file.
 - e. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.

5. Output (screenshots and explanations)



```
main.yml *
GNU nano 6.2
name: installing the components for neutron
apt:
  name: neutron-linuxbridge-agent
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configuring RabbitMQ message queue access
  dest: /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
  content:
     [DEFAULT]
     transport_url = rabbit://openstack:1234@controller
name: configuring Identity service access (1)
  dest: /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     auth_strategy = keystone
     [keystone_authtoken]
    www_authenticate_uri = http://controller:5000
auth_url = http://controller:5000
     memcached_servers = controller:11211
     auth_type = password
     project_domain_name = default
     user_domain_name = default
     project_name = service
     username = neutron
     password = 1234
name: configuring the lock path
  dest: /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
     [oslo currency]
     lock_path = /var/lib/neutron/tmp
 name: configuring the lock path
   dest: /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
     [oslo_currency]
     lock_path = /var/lib/neutron/tmp
 name: configuring the access parameters
   dest: /etc/nova/nova.conf
     [neutron]
     auth_url = http://controller:5000
     auth_type = password
project_domain_name = default
     user_domain_name = default
     region_name = RegionOne
     project_name = service
     username = neutron
     password = 1234
name: restarting the compute service
 shell: service nova-compute restart
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

    name: restarting the linux bridge agent

 shell: service neutron-linuxbridge-agent restart
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu
```

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                                   main.vml *
name: Installing the packages for horizon
name: openstack-dashboard
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configuring the dashboard to use Openstack services
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
OPENSTACK_HOST = "controller"
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu'
name: Allowing all hosts to access dashboard
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
    ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['*']
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configure the memcached session storage service
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
    SESSION_ENGINE = 'django.contrib.sessions.backends.cache'
    CACHES =
               'BACKEND': 'django.core.cache.backends.memcached.>
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: enable the identity API version 3
 dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
content: |
name: enable the identity API version 3
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_URL = "http://%s/identity/v3" % OPENSTA> when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: enable support for domains
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
  content:
OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_MULTIDOMAIN_SUPPORT = True when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configure API versions
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
     OPENSTACK_API_VERSIONS = {
          "identity": 3,
"image": 2,
"volume": 3,
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configure default as the default domain for users that y>
   dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
   content: |
OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_DEFAULT_DOMAIN = "Default" when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

```
name: configure user as the default role for users that your c>
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
  content: |
    OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_DEFAULT_ROLE = "user"
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: if you choose network 1, disable support for layer-3 net>
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
     OPENSTACK NEUTRON NETWORK = {
         'enable_router': False,
  'enable_quotas': False,
  'enable_tpv6': False,
  'enable_distributed_router': False,
  'enable_ha_router': False,
  'enable_fip_topology_check': False
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: add the following line if not added yet
  dest: /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.py
     CACHES =
               'BACKEND': 'django.core.cache.backends.memcached.M>
     SESSION_ENGINE = "django.contrib.sessions.backends.cache"
OPENSTACK_HOST = "192.168.56.113"
     OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_URL = "http://%s/identity/v3" % OPENSTA>
     TIME ZONE = "Asia/Tokyo"
```

```
TIME_ZONE = "Asia/Tokyo"
    OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_MULTIDOMAIN_SUPPORT = True
    OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_DEFAULT_DOMAIN = 'Default'
    OPENSTACK_API_VERSIONS = {
        "identity": 3,
"volume": 3,
       "compute": 2,
    WSGIApplicationGroup %{GLOBAL}
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: install apache2
 name: apache2
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: finalize installation by starting the apache2 service
shell: sudo systemctl reload apache2.service
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu'
name: finalize installation by reloading the apache2 service
shell: sudo systemctl reload apache2.service
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                                 main.vml *
name: Install Cinder
 name: cinder-api
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: install cinder scheduler
shell: sudo apt install cinder-scheduler
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu
name: configure database access
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
  content:
    [database]
    connection = mysql+pymysql://cinder:1234@controller/cinder
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu
name: configure RabbitMQ message queue access
 dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
    [DEFAULT]
transport_url = rabbit://openstack:1234@controller
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configure identity services access
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
    [DEFAULT]
    auth_strategy = keystone
    [keystone_authtoken]
    www_authenticate_uri = http://controller:5000
    auth_url = http://controller:5000
    memcached_servers = controller:11211
```

```
GNU nano 6.2
    www_authenticate_uri = http://controller:5000
    auth_url = http://controller:5000
    memcached_servers = controller:11211
    auth_type = password
    project_domain_name = default
    user_domain_name = default
    project_name = service
    username = cinder
    password = 1234
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- name: configure my_ip option to use the management interface IP add of controller node copy:
    dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
    content: |
    [DEFAULT]
    my_ip = 192.168.56.106
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- name: configure the lock path
    copy:
    dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
    content: |
    [oslo_concurrency]
    lock_path = /var/lib/cinder/tmp
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- name: populate the block storage database
    shell: su -s /bin/sh -c "cinder-manage db sync" cinder
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- name: adding the following line for block storage
    copy:
    dest: /etc/nova/nova.conf
    content: |
    [cinder]
```

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                                 main.vml *
name: adding the following line for block storage
  dest: /etc/nova/nova.conf
    [cinder]
os_region_name = RegionOne
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: install nova-api
shell: sudo apt install nova-api
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: restarting the compute API service
shell: service nova-api start
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: restart the block storage services (1)
shell: service cinder-scheduler start
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu
name: restart the block storage services (2)
shell: sudo systemctl start apache2
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu
name: install the supporting utility packages
     - lvm2
- thin-provisioning-tools
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: create the LVM volume group cinder-volume
shell: sudo touch cinder-volumes /dev/sdb
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: install the packages for cinder (2) storage node
name: install the packages for cinder (2) storage node
apt:
      - cinder-volume
      - tgt
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configure the LVM backend with the LVM driver
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
  content:
     [lvm]
     volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMVolumeDriver
     volume_group = cinder-volumes
     target_protocol = iscsi
     target_helper = tgtadm
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: enabling the LVM backend
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     enabled_backends = lvm
when: ansible distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configuring the location of the image service API
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
     [DEFAULT]
glance_api_servers = http://controller:9292
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

```
name: configuring the lock path
 dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
     [oslo_concurrency]
lock_path = /var/lib/cinder/tmp
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: Restarting the block storage volume service including its dependencies (1)
shell: service tgt restart
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: Restarting the block storage volume service including its dependencies (2)
shell: service cinder-volume restart
when: ansible distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: install the packages for cinder (3) backup service
apt:
 name: cinder-backup
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: configuring the backup options
  dest: /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
 content:
   [DEFAULT]
    backup_driver = cinder.backup.drivers.swift.SwiftBackupDriver
backup_swift_url = SWIFT_URL
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: restart the block storage backup service
shell: service cinder-backup start
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

Explanation: The server 1 in linux will install the Neutron, Horizon, and Cinder

```
PROCESS
          lykaandaya@managenode:~/HOA15.1$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pa
          ss role.yml
          BECOME password:
          TASK [Gathering Facts] ********************************
          TASK [neutron: installing the components for neutron] ********
          ok: [192.168.56.113]
          TASK [neutron: configuring RabbitMQ message queue access] *****
          TASK [neutron : configuring Identity service access (1)] *******
          ************************
          TASK [neutron : configuring the access parameters] **********
          TASK [neutron : restarting the compute service] *********
```

```
TASK [neutron : restarting the compute service] ********
TASK [neutron: restarting the linux bridge agent] ***********
TASK [horizon : Installing the packages for horizon] ****
TASK [horizon : configuring the dashboard to use Openstack servic
es] *****
TASK [horizon : Allowing all hosts to access dashboard] *******
*******************
TASK [horizon : configure the memcached session storage service]
**************
TASK [horizon: enable the identity API version 3] ***********
TASK [horizon: enable support for domains] ******************
```

```
TASK [horizon : enable support for domains] ****************
**
TASK [horizon : configure API versions] *********************
TASK [horizon : configure default as the default domain for users
that y>] **********************************
TASK [horizon: configure user as the default role for users that
changed: [192.168.56.113]
TASK [horizon : if you choose network 1, disable support for laye
changed: [192.168.56.113]
TASK [horizon: add the following line if not added yet] *******
TASK [horizon : install apache2] ****************************
*************
TASK [horizon: finalize installation by starting the apache2 ser
```

```
TASK [horizon: finalize installation by starting the apache2 ser
TASK [horizon : finalize installation by reloading the apache2 se
TASK [cinder : Install Cinder] *************************
       ***************
TASK [cinder : configure database access] ******************
TASK [cinder : configure RabbitMQ message queue access] *******
TASK [cinder : configure identity services access] **********
TASK [cinder: configure my_ip option to use the management inter
face IP add of controller node] ***********************
```

```
***********************
TASK [cinder: populate the block storage database] **********
TASK [cinder: adding the following line for block storage] *****
TASK [cinder : install nova-api] ****************************
TASK [cinder: restarting the compute API service] ***********
TASK [cinder: restart the block storage services (1)] ********
TASK [cinder: restart the block storage services (2)] *******
TASK [cinder: install the supporting utility packages] *******
```

```
TASK [cinder : create the LVM volume group cinder-volume] ******
TASK [cinder: install the packages for cinder (2) storage node]
*******************
TASK [cinder : configure the LVM backend with the LVM driver] ***
TASK [cinder : enabling the LVM backend] ********************
TASK [cinder : configuring the location of the image service API]
********************
TASK [cinder: Restarting the block storage volume service includ
TASK [cinder: Restarting the block storage volume service includ
ing its dependencies (2)] ***********************************
```

Explanation: It shows that it executed the tasks that I created in the playbook

OUTPUT

UBUNTU

```
lykaandaya@controlnode2:~$ sudo systemctl status apache2
apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
     Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; enable>
     Active: active (running) since Fri 2023-12-08 23:31:28 PST;>
       Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
   Main PID: 1080 (apache2)
      Tasks: 85 (limit: 1131)
     Memory: 9.0M
        CPU: 1.062s
     CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
               -1080 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
               -1129 "(wsgi:cinder-wsgi" -k start
                -1130 "(wsgi:cinder-wsgi" -k start
                -1137 "(wsgi:cinder-wsgi" -k start
                -1138 "(wsgi:cinder-wsgi" -k start
                -1139 "(wsgi:cinder-wsgi" -k start
                                       " -k start
                -1149 "(wsgi:horizon)
                                        " -k start
               -1150 "(wsgi:horizon)
                                        " -k start
               -1151 "(wsgi:horizon)
               -1152 "(wsgi:keystone-pu" -k start
               -1153 "(wsgi:keystone-pu" -k start
               -1154 "(wsgi:keystone-pu" -k start
               -1155 "(wsgi:keystone-pu" -k start
               -1156 "(wsgi:keystone-pu" -k start
                -1157 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
               -1158 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
               -1159 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
               —1160 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              L1161 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
Dec 08 23:31:27 controlnode2 systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTT>
Dec 08 23:31:28 controlnode2 apachectl[930]: AH00558: apache2: C>
Dec 08 23:31:28 controlnode2 systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP>
lines 1-32/32 (END)
lykaandaya@controlnode2:~$ sudo systemctl status cinder-volume
cinder-volume.service - OpenStack Cinder Volume
    Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/cinder-volume.service; enabled; vendor>
    Active: active (running) since Tue 2023-12-05 05:55:12 PST; 951ms ago
     Docs: man:cinder-volume(1)
  Main PID: 118545 (cinder-volume)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 1131)
    Memory: 29.5M
      CPU: 280ms
    Dec 05 05:55:12 controlnode2 systemd[1]: Stopped OpenStack Cinder Volume.
Dec 05 05:55:12 controlnode2 systemd[1]: cinder-volume.service: Consumed 1.329s>
Dec 05 05:55:12 controlnode2 systemd[1]: Started OpenStack Cinder Volume.
lines 1-14/14 (END)
```

Explanation: In the linux server 1 it shows that the apache2(HTTP, horizon), neutron and cinder are installed and the service is currently active and running.

```
lykaandaya@managenode:~/HOA15.1$ git add *
lykaandaya@managenode:~/HOA15.1$ git commit -m "HOA15"
[main 293fcc5] HOA15
27 files changed, 21130 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 ansible.cfg
create mode 100644 inventory
create mode 100644 role.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/cinder.conf
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/handlers/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/handlers/tasks/configure.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/handlers/tasks/install.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/handlers/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/handlers/tasks/prereq.yml
create mode 100644 roles/cinder/nova.conf
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/handlers/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/handlers/tasks/configure.yml
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/handlers/tasks/install.yml
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/handlers/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/local settings
create mode 100644 roles/horizon/openstack-dashboard.conf
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/dhcp_agent.ini
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/linuxbridge_agent.ini
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/metadata agent.ini
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/ml2 conf.ini
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/neutron.conf
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/nova.conf
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/tasks/configure.yml
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/tasks/install.yml
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/tasks/network1.yml
create mode 100644 roles/neutron/tasks/prereq.yml
lykaandaya@managenode:~/HOA15.1$ git push
Enumerating objects: 38, done.
Counting objects: 100% (38/38), done.
Compressing objects: 100% (37/37), done.
Writing objects: 100% (37/37), 109.64 KiB | 445.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 37 (delta 8), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (8/8), done.
To github.com:andayalyka/HOA15.1.git
   f0f9c45..293fcc5 main -> main
```

Explanation: It add push all the file created and has a commit message HOA15.

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. Describe Neutron, Horizon and Cinder services

Neutron, Horizon, and Cinder play vital roles within OpenStack, a cloud computing platform that operates on open-source principles. Neutron functions as the networking service, delivering on-demand, scalable, and adaptable network resources to other OpenStack services, facilitating communication among various components. Horizon acts as the web-based dashboard interface, providing users with a graphical tool to oversee and control their cloud resources, streamlining intricate tasks for an improved user experience. Simultaneously, Cinder serves as the block storage service, empowering users to connect and manage scalable block storage devices for their virtual machines. This facilitates seamless integration and effective administration of storage resources in the OpenStack environment, accommodating diverse storage backends and configurations. Collectively, Neutron, Horizon, and Cinder contribute to the extensive functionality and user-friendly interface of the OpenStack cloud computing platform.

Conclusions:

In conclusion, implementing a workflow for OpenStack installation using Ansible as the Infrastructure as Code (IaC) solution presents a strategic method for cloud deployment. This approach leverages the robust cloud computing capabilities of OpenStack alongside Ansible's automation proficiency. With IaC, the deployment process becomes more efficient, uniform, and easily replicable. Ansible's role in orchestrating OpenStack installation not only boosts efficiency through task automation but also ensures a standardized and dependable infrastructure. This strategy facilitates smooth management, adaptability, and scalability for future needs. In essence, the adoption of Ansible for OpenStack deployment reflects a dedication to agility, efficiency, and the sustained manageability of cloud infrastructure.