

Repetition Analysis in Lyrics across languages: A case study on English, Dutch and Italian songs

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Introduction

Music as a by product of language development Repetition in music is a cultural universal [Pinker 1997]

About 94% of musical passages are repeated at some point later in the music [Huron and Ollen 2004]

Repetitive music is more enjoyable and draws our attention [Margulis 2013]

Group	Lyrics #
Italian	548
English	14779
OldDutch	220
ModernDutch	437
OldEnglish	304

Old lyrics

Old English songs obtained from
[Archive.org](http://archive.org)

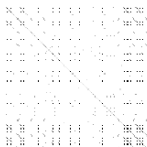
Modern lyrics

Artists selected from different Top 100 lists.

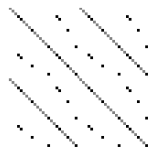
Python scripts to mine the lyrics and process them.

Modern English ones kindly provided by Colin Morris.

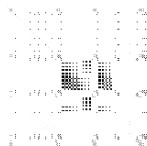
Dot Matrices



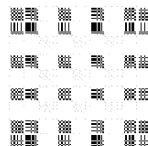
The Killers - Shadowplay



Skrillex - Scary Monsters & Nice Sprites

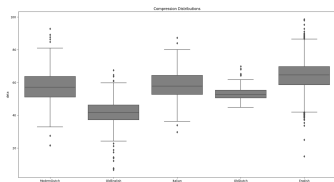
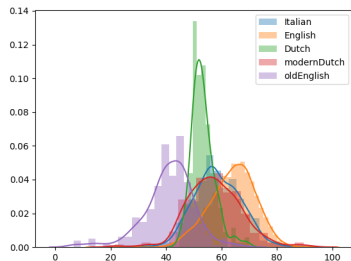


Snap - The Power



The Diamonds - She Say

Compression and Distributions



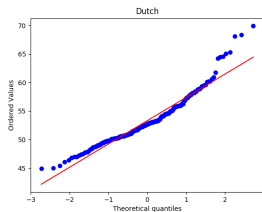
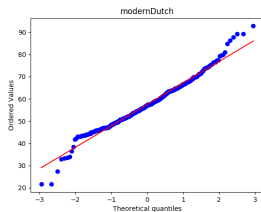
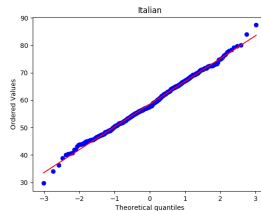
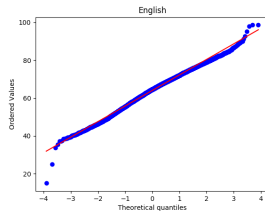
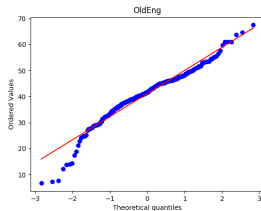
Data processing in 1 simple command

```
gzip -v *txt 2> logfile.log
```

Table: Shapiro Test results

Group	p-value
Italian	0.42
English	< .001
Dutch	< .001
modernDutch	< .001
OldEng	< .001

Compression and Distributions



Compressibility \sim Repetitiveness

Difference across time within languages

H1 compressibility is different between time periods within languages

U-Test assumptions:

- ordinal or continuous vars
- independent samples
- independence of observation

2 Sample K-S assumptions:

- Continuous or ordinal vars
- independent samples
- H_0 : Both samples from same set

Table: *U Test*

<i>Groups</i>	<i>p-value</i>
<i>DUTCH MODDutch</i>	<i>< .001</i>
<i>OLDENG ENG</i>	<i>< .001</i>

Table: *KS 2 Sample Test*

<i>Groups</i>	<i>p-value</i>
<i>DUTCH MODDutch</i>	<i>< .001</i>
<i>OLDENG ENG</i>	<i>< .001</i>

H2 Compressability is different between languages

Table: *U Test*

<i>Groups</i>	<i>p-value</i>
<i>ITA ENG</i>	<i>< .001</i>
<i>ITA MODDutch</i>	<i>0.018</i>
<i>ENG MODDutch</i>	<i>< .001</i>

Table: *KS 2 Sample Test*

<i>Groups</i>	<i>p-value</i>
<i>ITA ENG</i>	<i>< .001</i>
<i>ITA MODDutch</i>	<i>0.06</i>
<i>ENG MODDutch</i>	<i>< .001</i>

Conclusions

There is difference in lyrics compressibility between languages and between time periods.

There seems to be an increasing trend in compressability from the past until now.

Corpus and Computational linguistics can obtain new valuable insights by approaching things from different perspectives. Interdisciplinarity is a key component in this.

References

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