## 2.1 CSS Inheritance

The mechanism through which the value of certain CSS properties is passed on from parent elements to child elements is called **Inheritance**.

## 2.1.1 Parent Element

If the HTML elements are placed inside the other HTML element, then the outer HTML element is called the parent element of the HTML elements inside it.

From the above Code Snippet, we can say:

- 1. The HTML div element is the parent element of the HTML h1 and p elements.
- 2. The HTML p element is the parent element of the HTML a element.

## 2.1.2 Child Element

An HTML element that is directly inside the parent element is called the child element of that parent element.

From the above Code Snippet, we can say:

- 1. The HTML h1 and p elements are the child elements of the HTML div element.
- 2. The HTML a element is the child element of the HTML p element.

CSS properties can be categorized into two types:

- Inherited properties
- Non-inherited properties

## 2.1.3 Inherited Properties

If the CSS properties applied to the parent element are inherited by the child elements, then they are called Inherited properties.

Some of the CSS Inherited Properties are:-• Text related Properties font-family font-style font-weight text-align • List related Properties list-style-type color property and many more. 2.1.4 Non-inherited Properties If the CSS properties applied to the parent element are not inherited by the child elements, then they are called Non-inherited properties. Some of the CSS Non-inherited properties are: • CSS Box Properties width height margin padding 0 border-style border-width border-color border-radius • CSS Background Properties background-image

background-color

background-size

text-decoration and many more.