Due: Wednesday, 4 May

Homework #5 Satisfiability Davis-Putnam

FUNCTION DP(E): E is a Boolean expression in clause form IF E =Λ THEN Return(TRUE) E contains an empty clause THEN Return (FALSE) IF E contains a unit clause THEN drop every clause which contains this literal and remove the complement of this literal from every clause Return(DP(modified E)) ELSE pick a variable x and let ET be the new expression formed by dropping each clause containing x and removing ~x from every clause DP(ET) THEN Return(TRUE) ELSE let EF be E with each clause containing "x dropped and with x removed from each clause Return(DP(EF))

- 1. Program the Davis-Putnam procedure in your favorite programming language. Make sure that you have some method for timing your program.
- 2. Run some test data to verify that your program is giving the correct results.
- 3. **NOTE:** This for information only. You do not have to take any action. For 3-SAT on n variables there are 4/3 n(n-1)(n-2) possible different clauses. If an instance contains no clauses then it is satisfiable. While, if an instance contains all of these clauses, it is not satisfiable.
- 4. Set up a method to generate random 3-SAT instances (over n variables) with a specified density, i.e. the number of clauses divided by n.
- 5. Use you procedures to generate data to plot the probability of being satisfiable as a function of the density. You should do this for several values of n and compare these functions as n increases.
- 6. For the same test data as above plot the run time of you DP procedure as a function of density, and figure out some way for comparing this data across various values of n.