

Analysis of Sorting Algorithms

CMSC 142 Lecture 2, Part 2

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ywWBy6J5gz8>

Quick Sort

- One of the most elegant sorting algorithms; prevalent in practice
- Uses **divide-and-conquer approach**, but without merge step
- **Idea:** Pick an element of the array (pivot), and re-arrange the array so that values to the left of the pivot are less than the pivot, while values to the right of the pivot are greater than pivot
- Rearrangement puts the pivot into its correct / rightful position
- Recursively solving smaller subproblems takes care of the rest

Quick Sort

Follow three steps recursively:

- Find the pivot that divides the array into two halves
- Quick sort the left half
- Quick sort the right half

Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start **1**

 for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=1**

 if *A[i]* <= *pivot*:

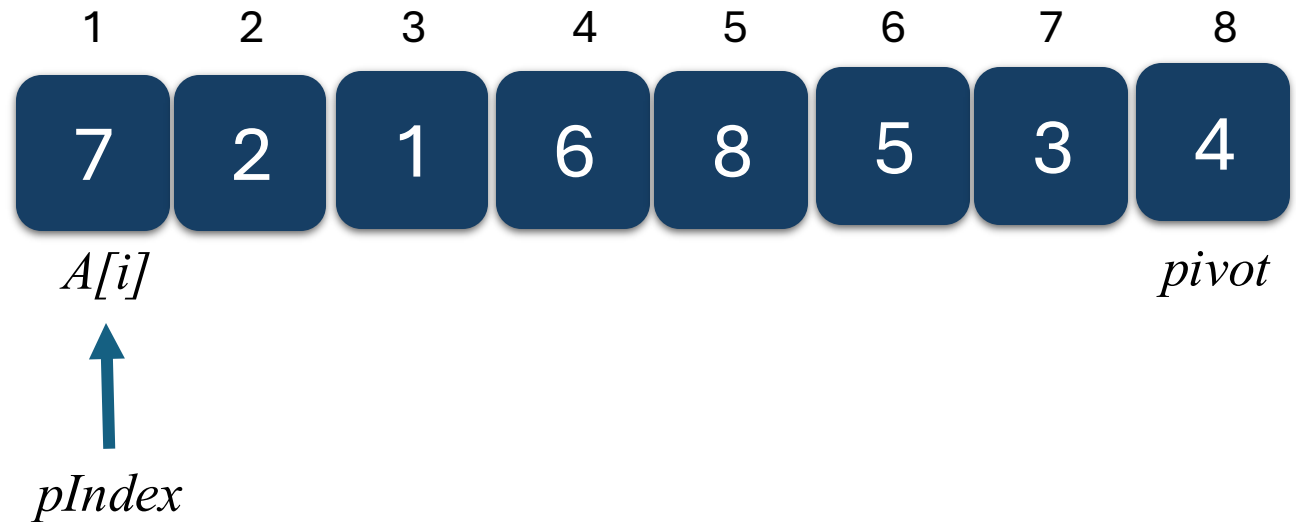
 swap(*A[i]*, *A[pIndex]*)

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

 swap(*A[pIndex]*, *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*

A[i] <= *pivot*? **NO**



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start **1**

 for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=1**

 if *A[i]* <= *pivot*: **F**

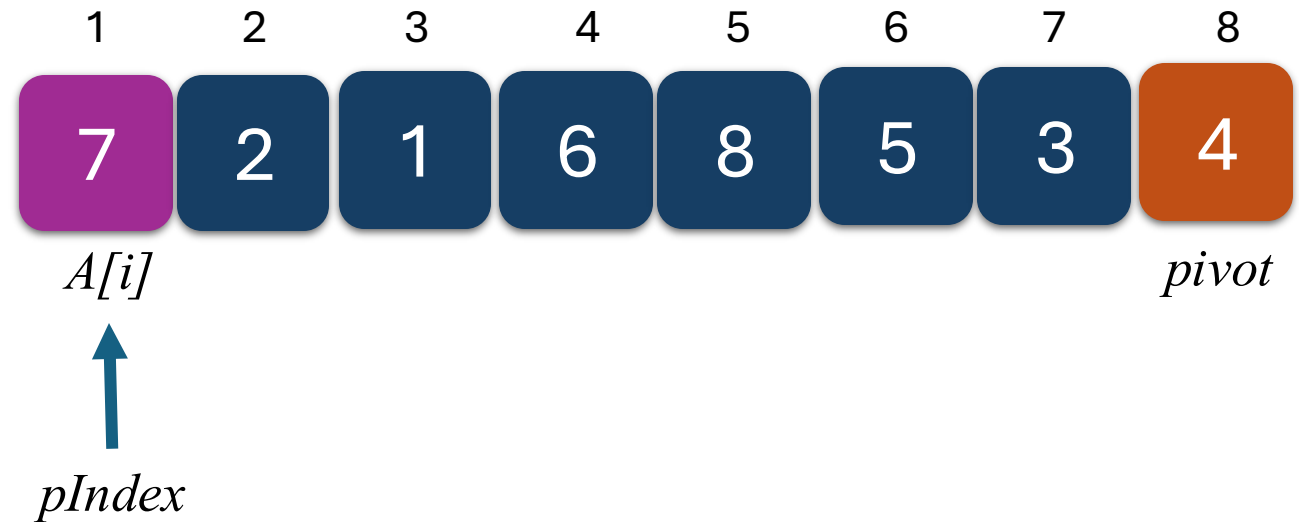
 swap(*A[i]*, *A[pIndex]*)

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

 swap(*A[pIndex]*, *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*

A[i] <= *pivot*? **NO**



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=2**

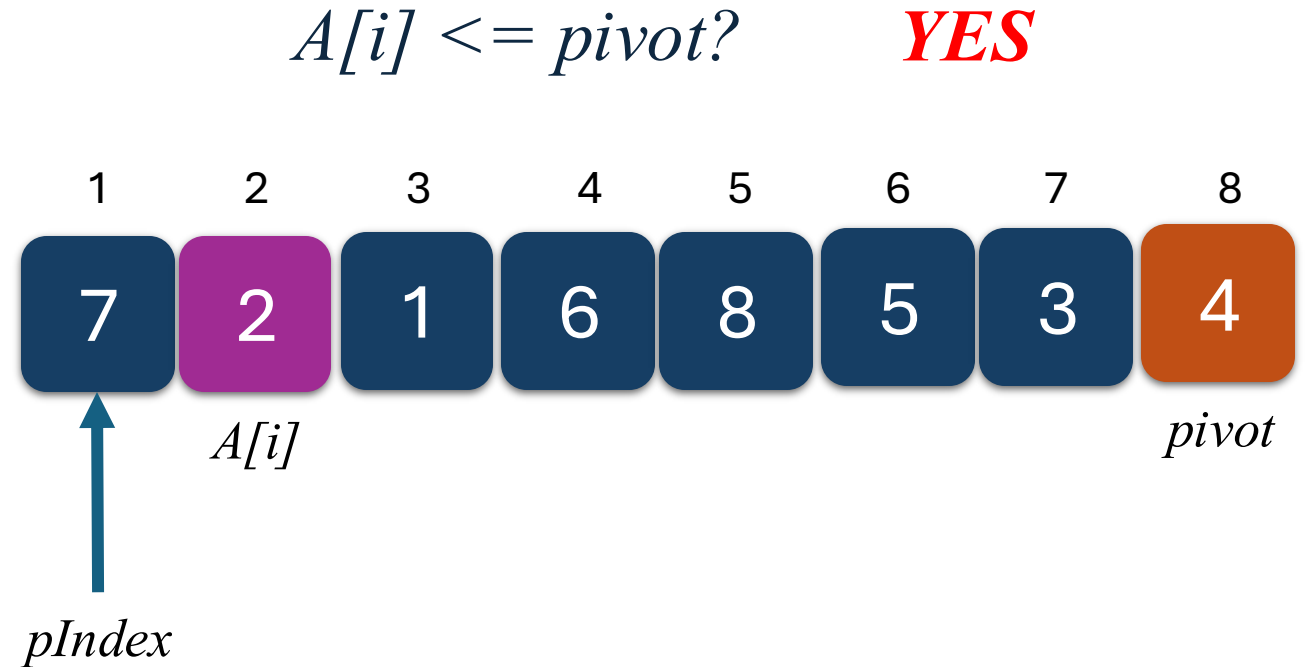
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: **T**

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

 for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=2**

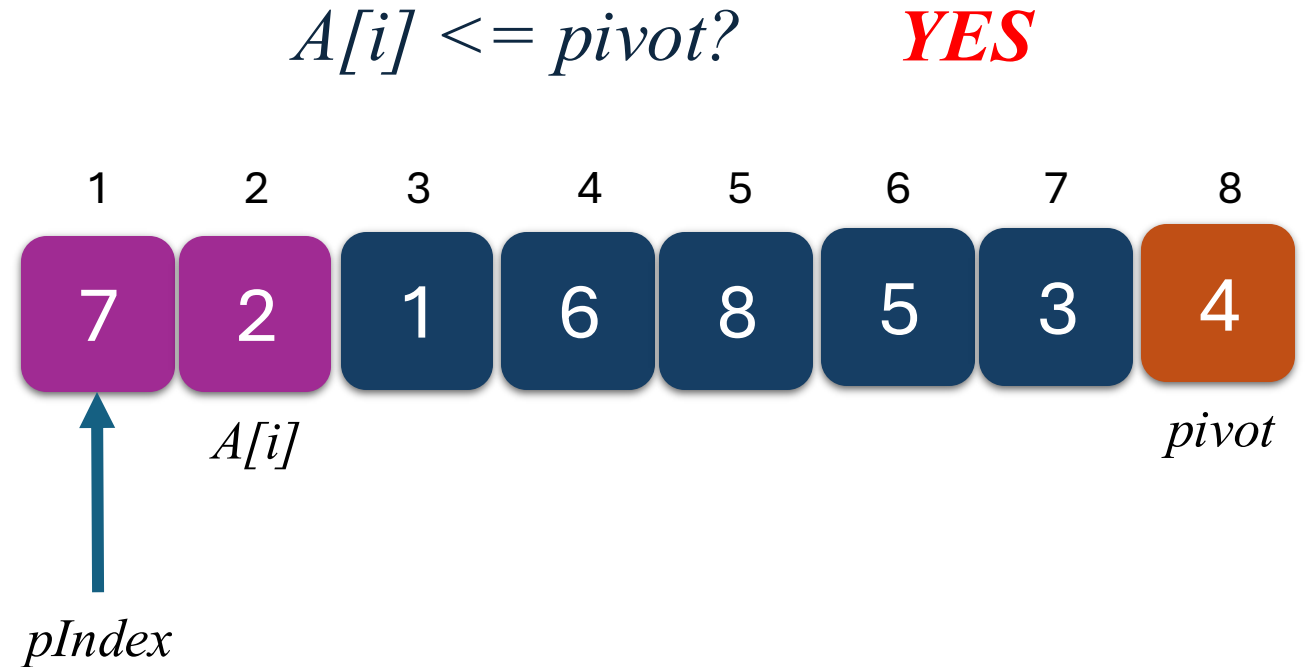
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$:

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

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 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

 for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=2**

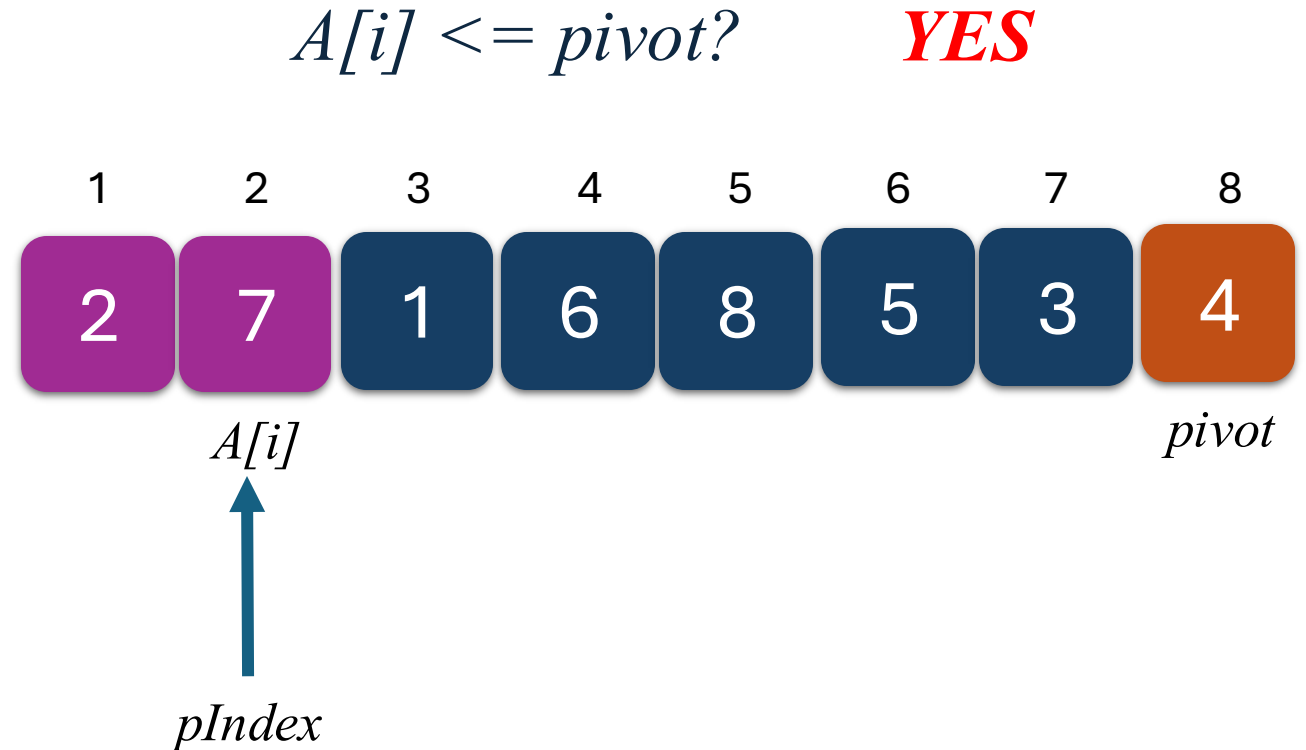
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$:

 swap($A[i]$, $A[pIndex]$)

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **2**

 swap($A[pIndex]$, *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1: **i=3**

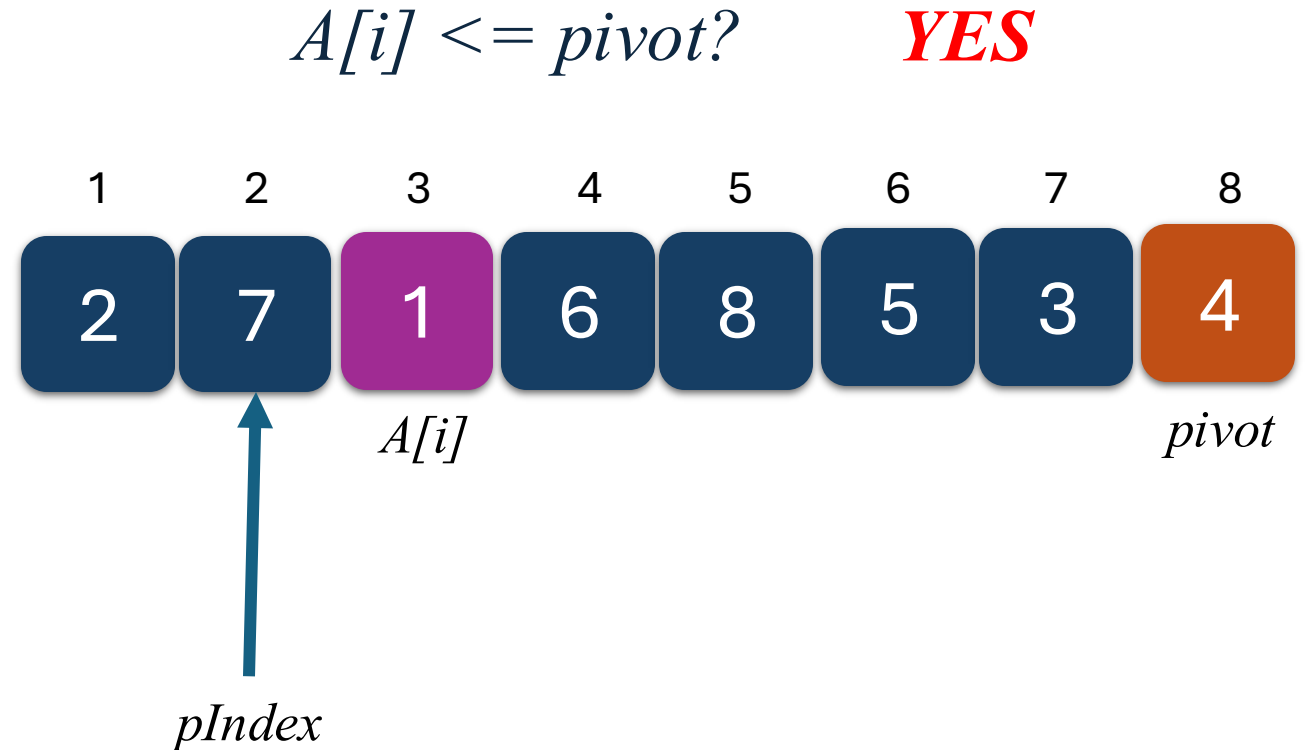
if A[i] <= pivot: **T**

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1 **2**

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1: **i=3**

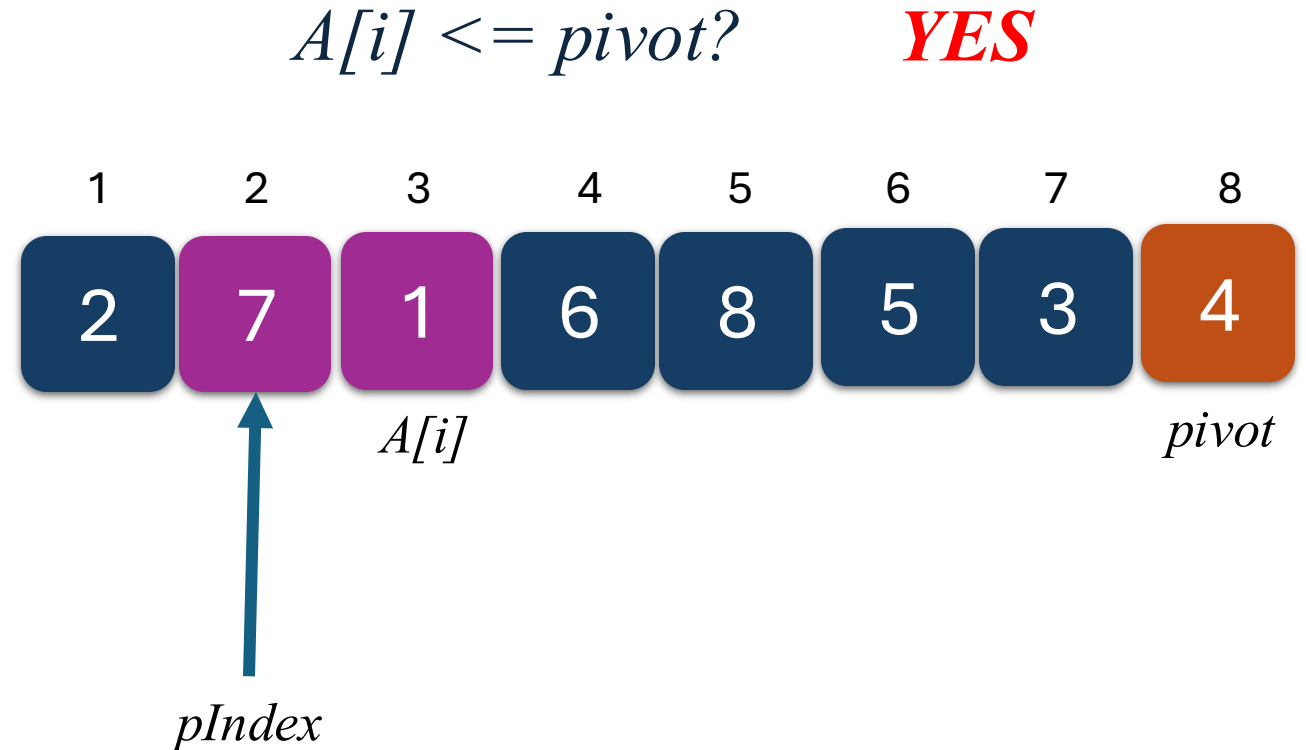
if A[i] <= pivot: **T**

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1 **2**

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

i=3

if A[i] <= pivot:

T

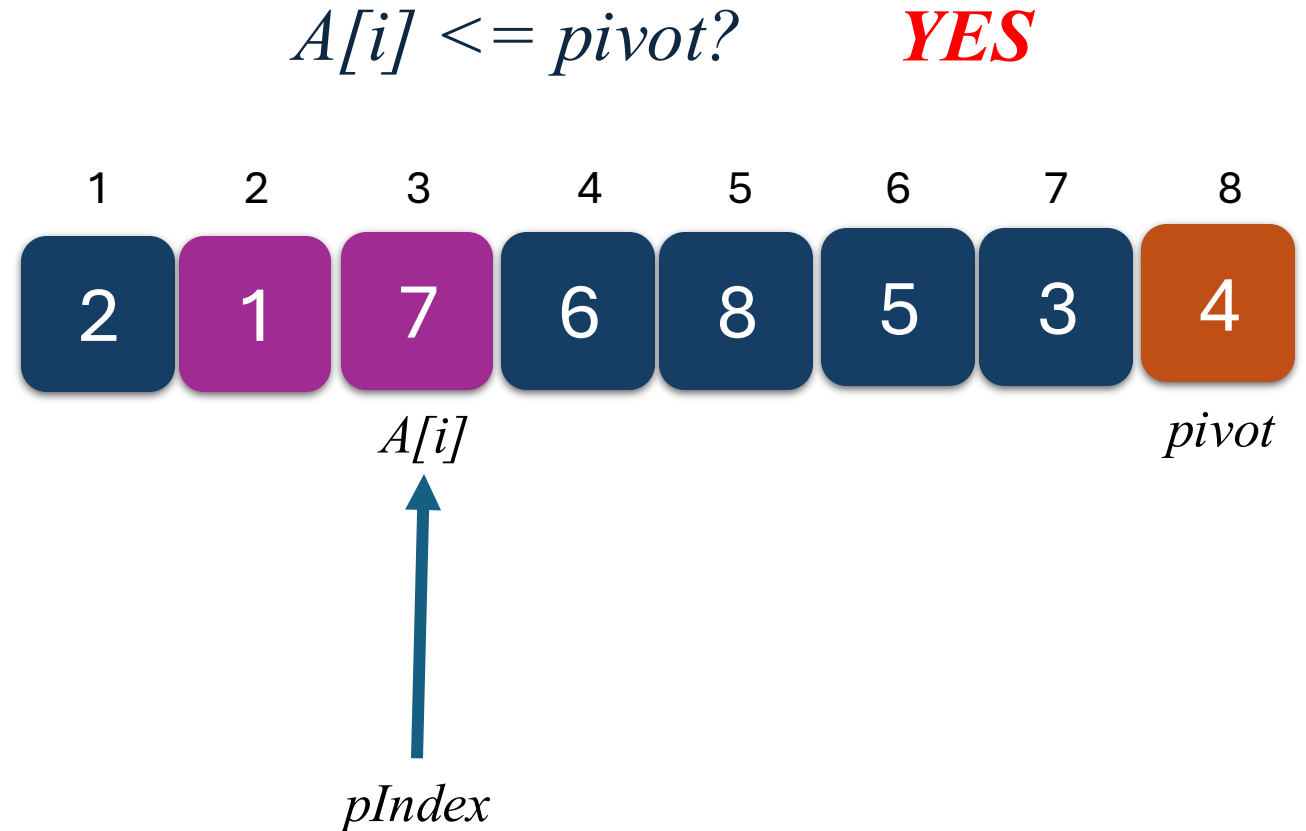
swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

3

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: **i=4**

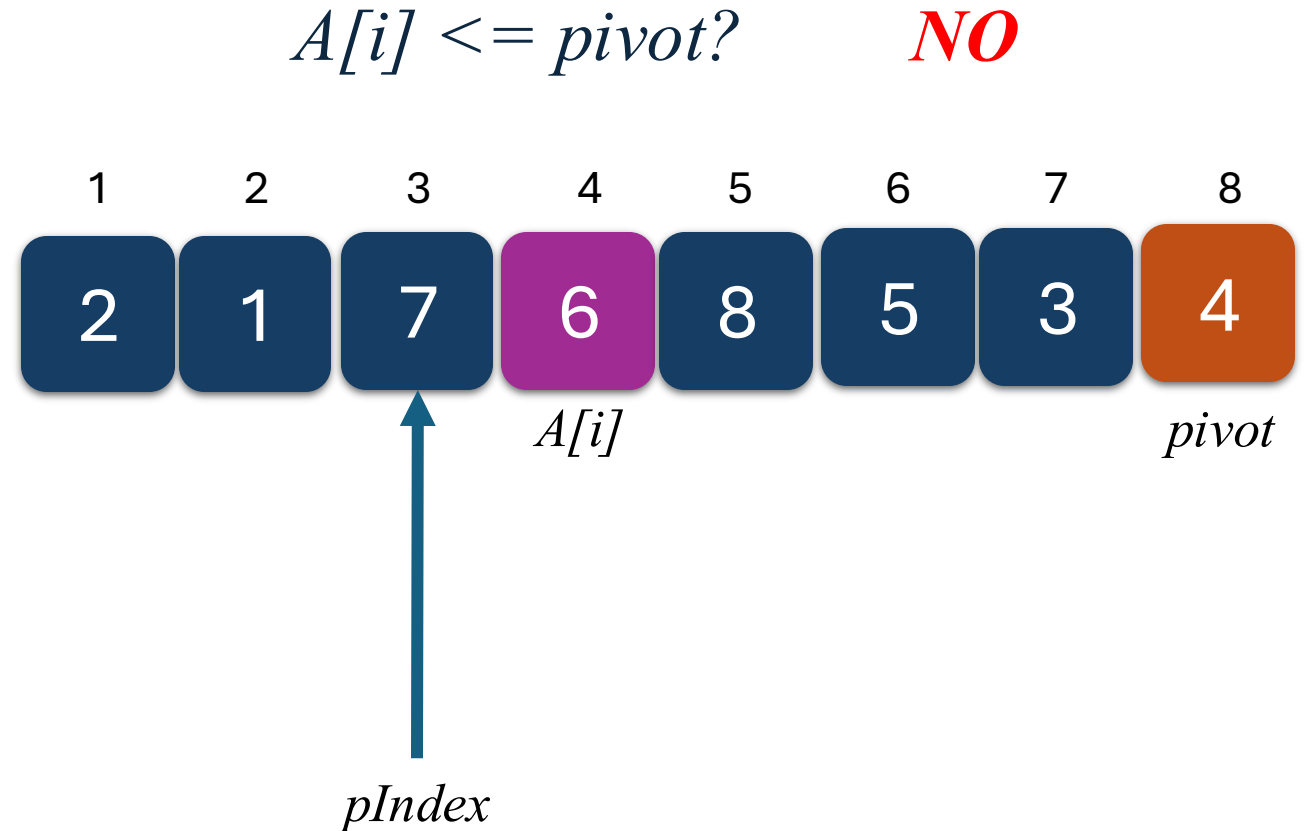
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: **F**

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **3**

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

 for *i*=start to end-1: **i=5**

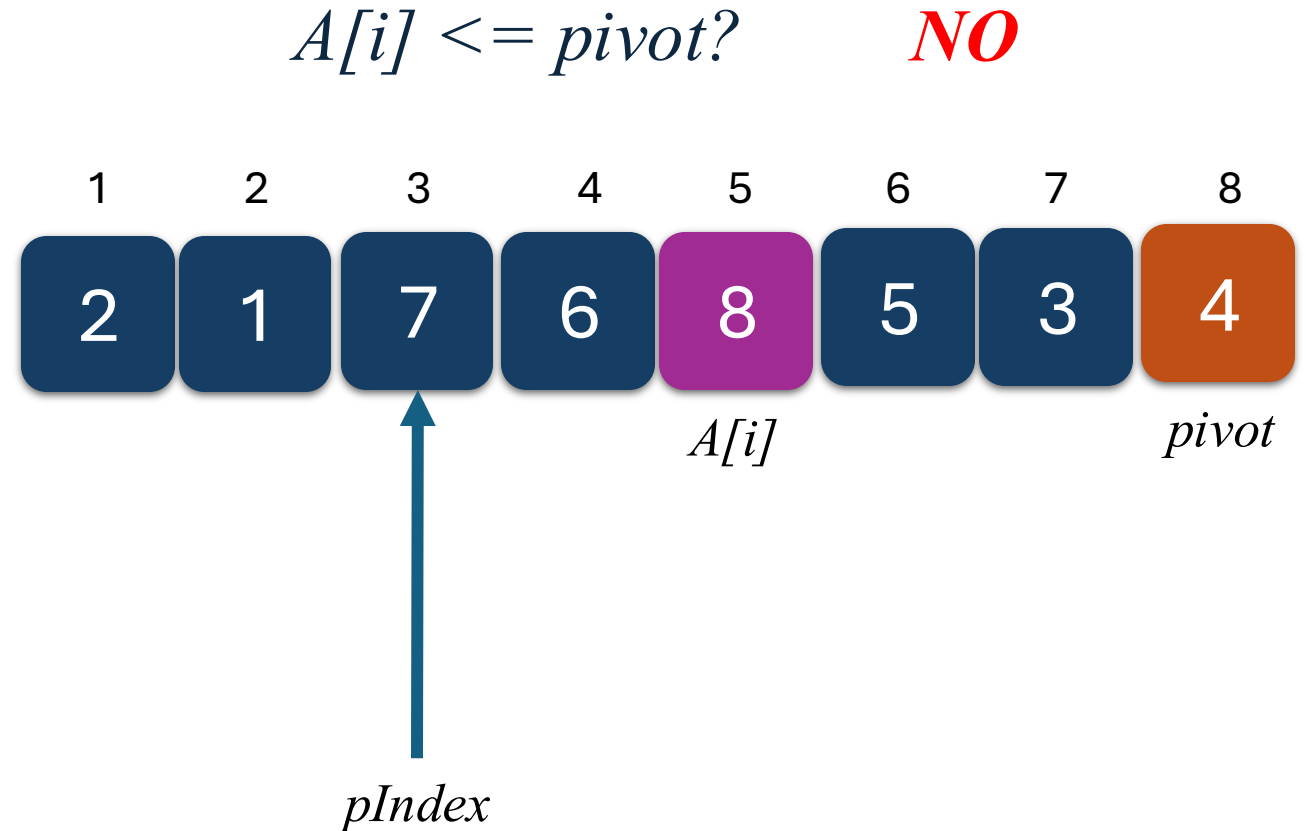
 if A[*i*] <= *pivot*: **F**

 swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **3**

 swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

 for *i*=start to end-1: **i=6**

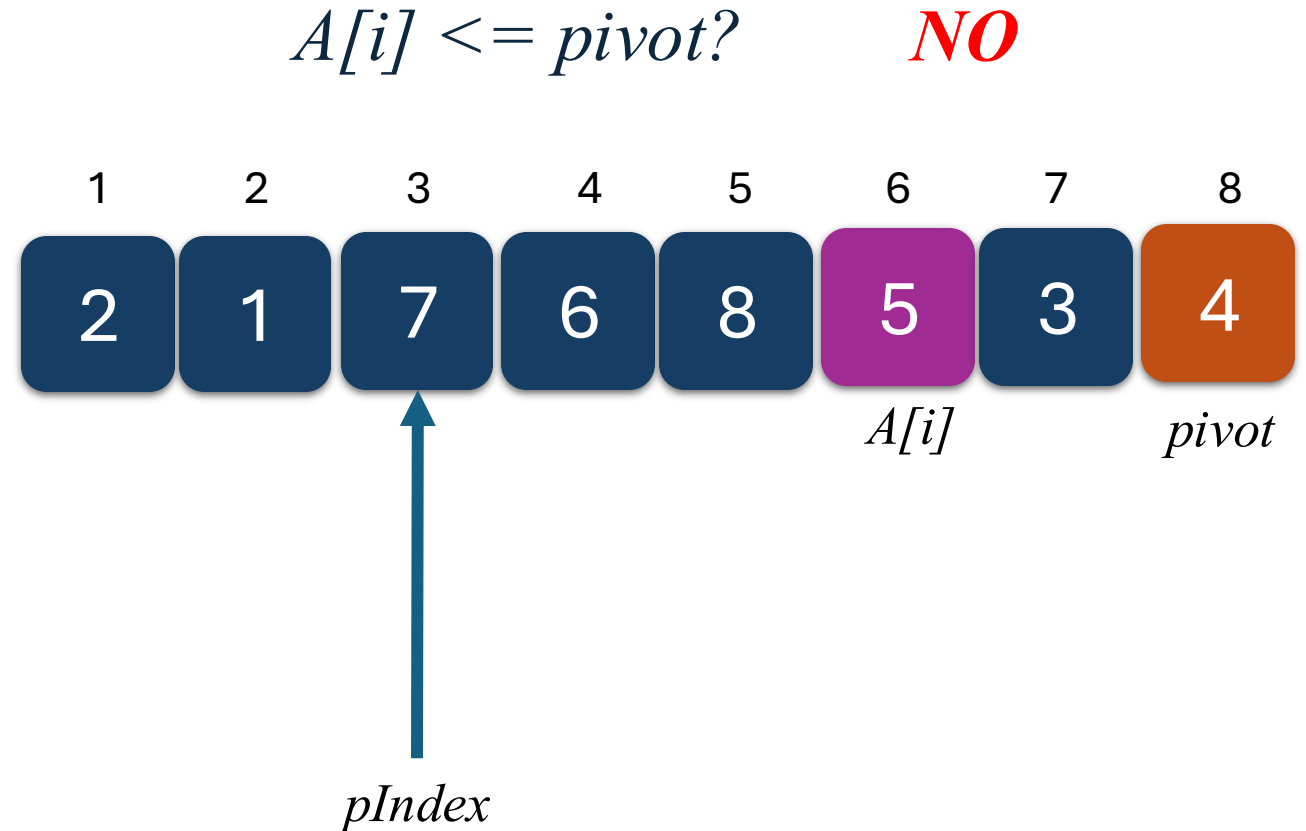
 if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: **F**

 swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **3**

 swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

i=7

if A[i] <= pivot:

T

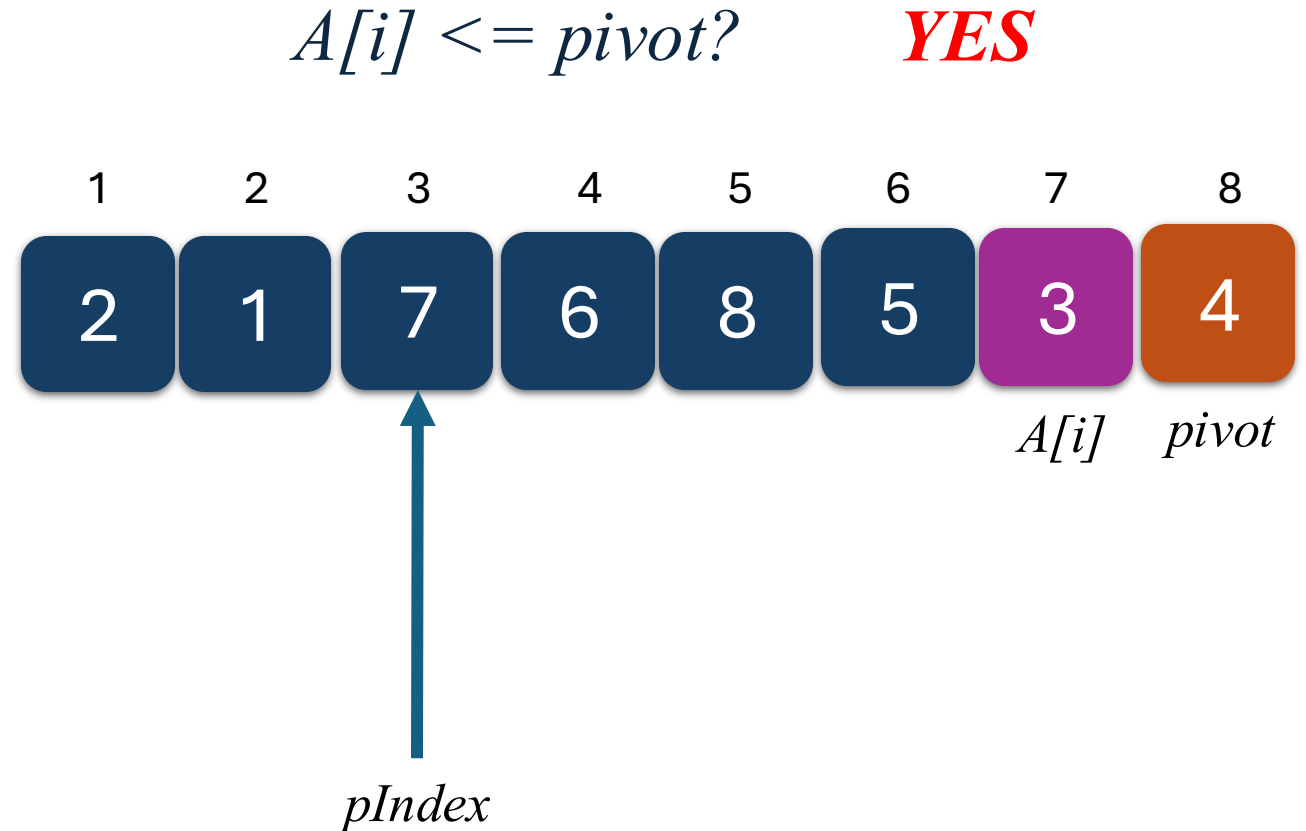
swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

3

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1: **i=7**

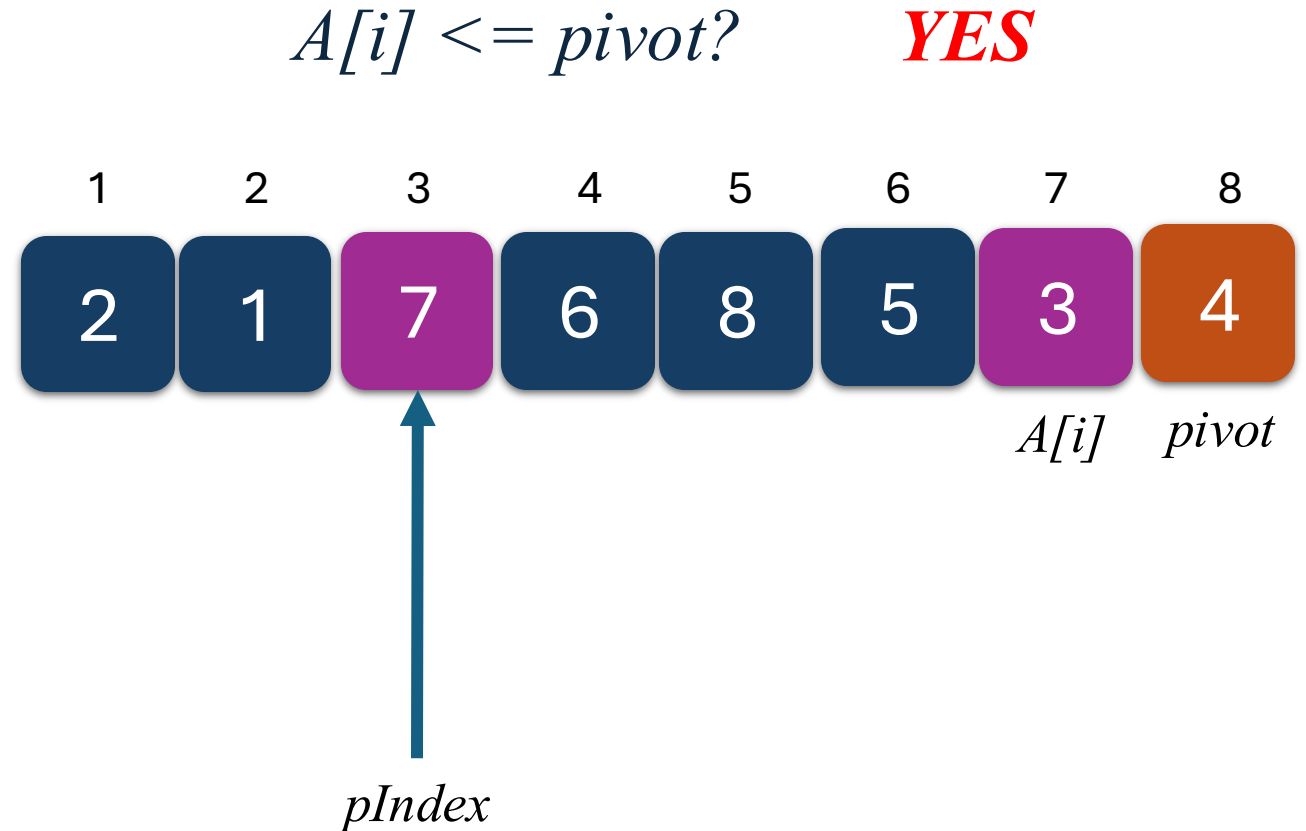
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1 **4**

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1: **i=7**

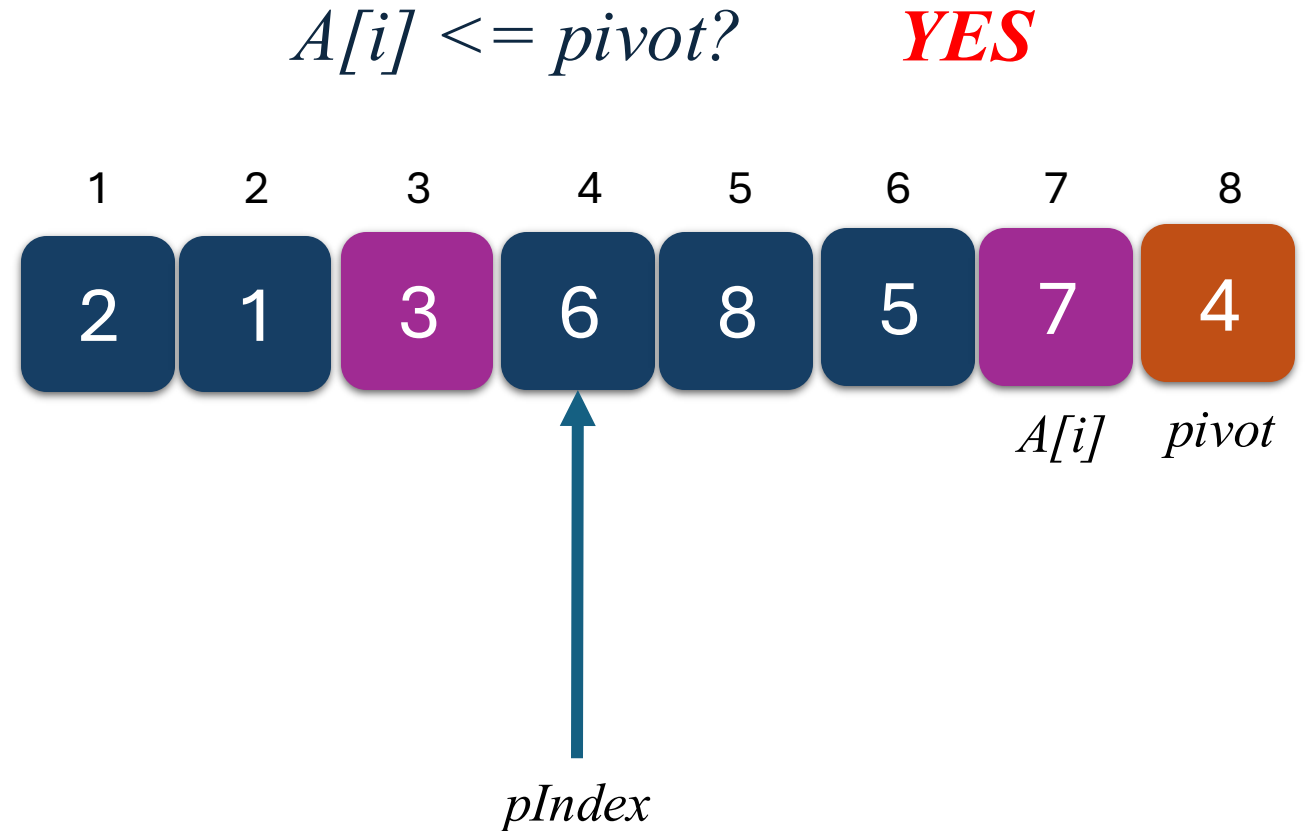
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1 **4**

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

 Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

 Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

pIndex = Partition(A, 1, N)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **4**

pIndex = start

 for *i*=start to end-1:

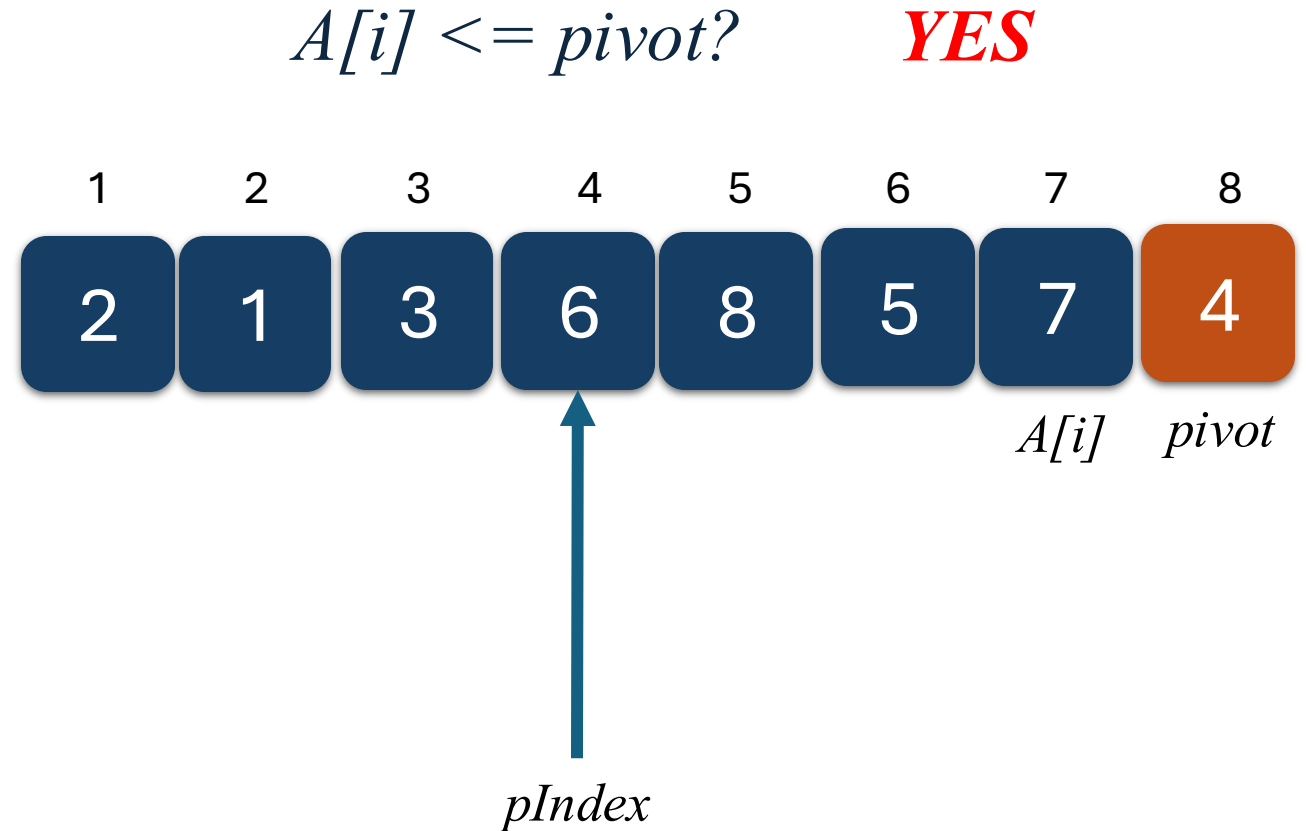
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$:

 swap(*A*[*i*], *A*[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **4**

 swap(*A*[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort*(*A*, 1, *N*)

Quicksort(*A*, *start*, *end*):

if(*start* < *end*):

pIndex = *Partition*(*A*, *start*, *end*)

Quicksort(*A*, *start*, *pIndex*-1)

Quicksort(*A*, *pIndex*+1, *end*)

pIndex = *Partition*(*A*, 1, *N*)

Partition(*A*, *start*, *end*):

pivot = *A*[*end*] 4

pIndex = *start*

 for *i*=*start* to *end*-1:

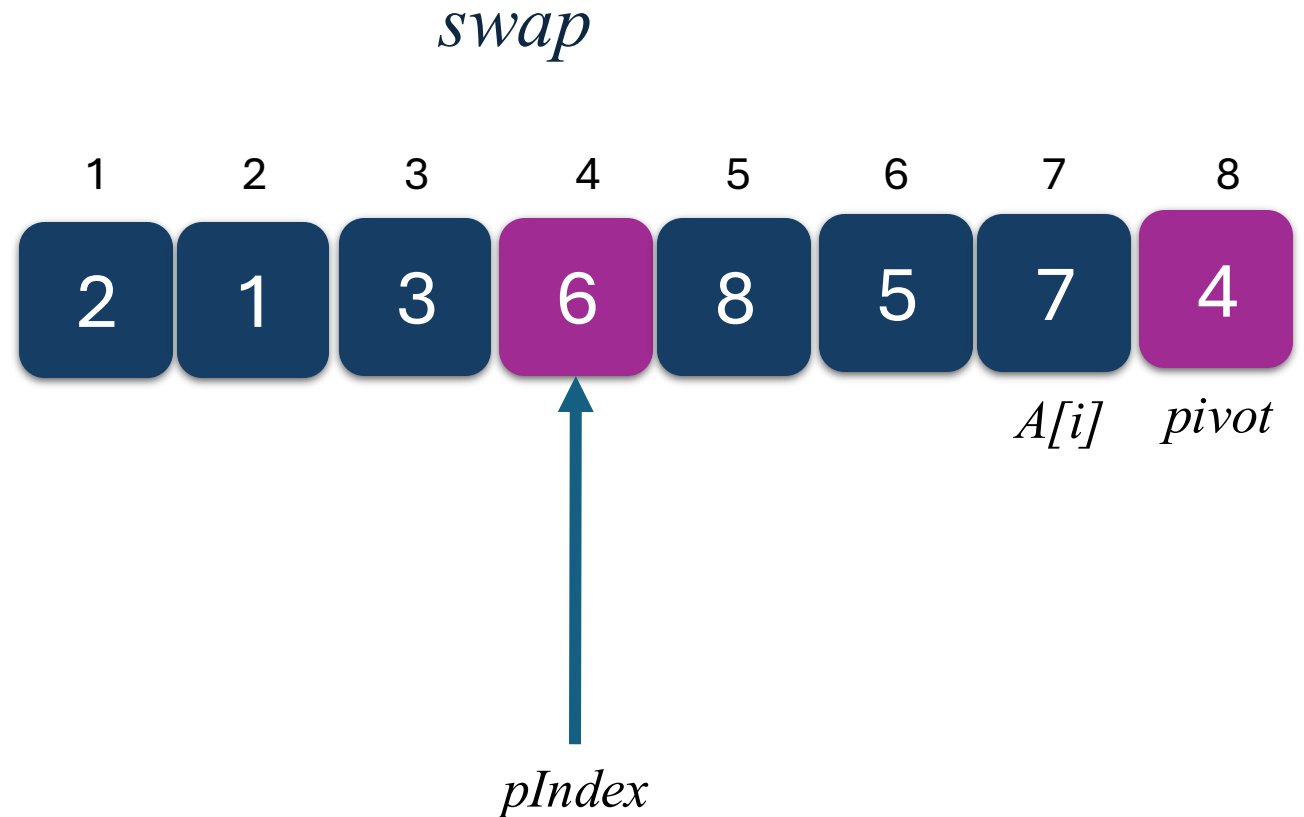
 if *A*[*i*] ≤ *pivot*:

swap(*A*[*i*], *A*[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 4

swap(*A*[*pIndex*], *pivot*) *Swap*(*A*[4], 4)

 return *pIndex*



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i = start to end-1:

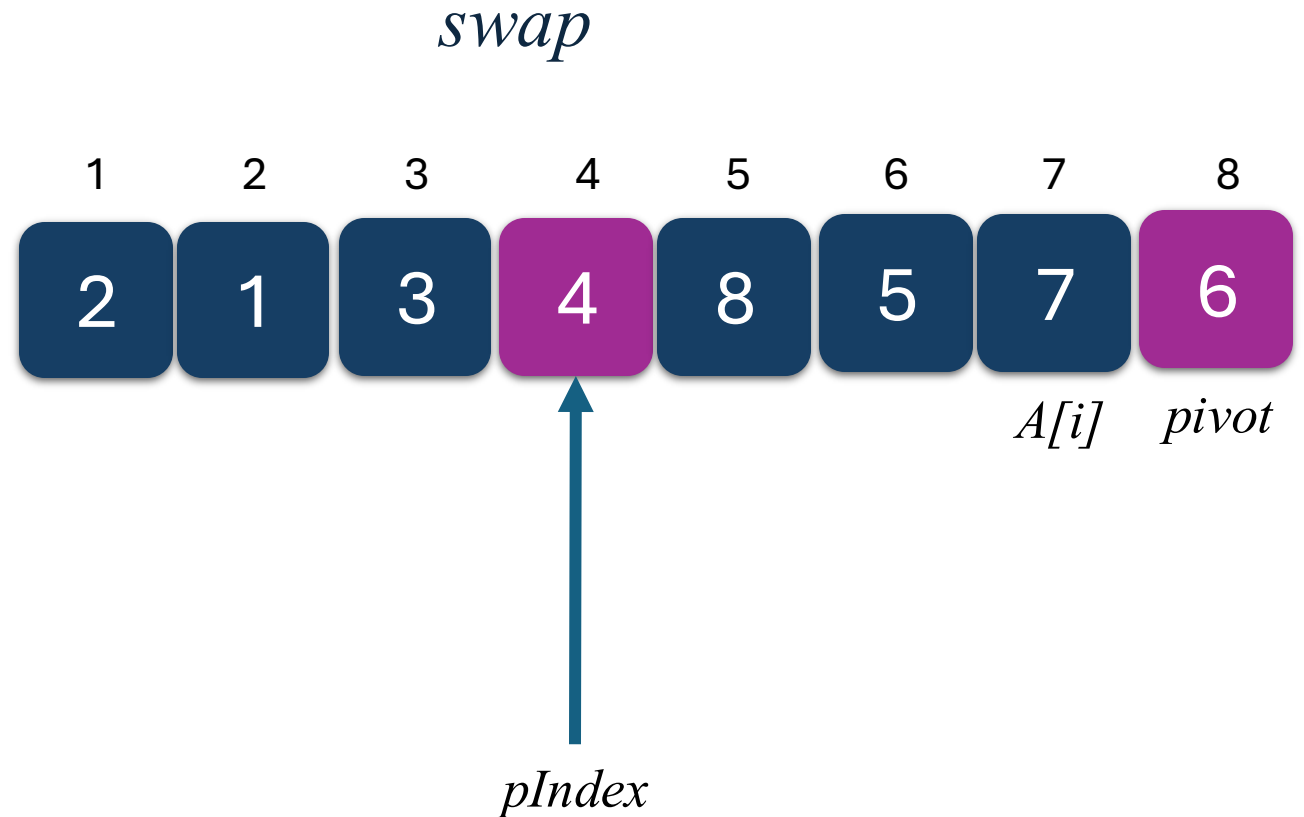
if A[i] ≤ pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = 4 *pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)*

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i = start to end-1:

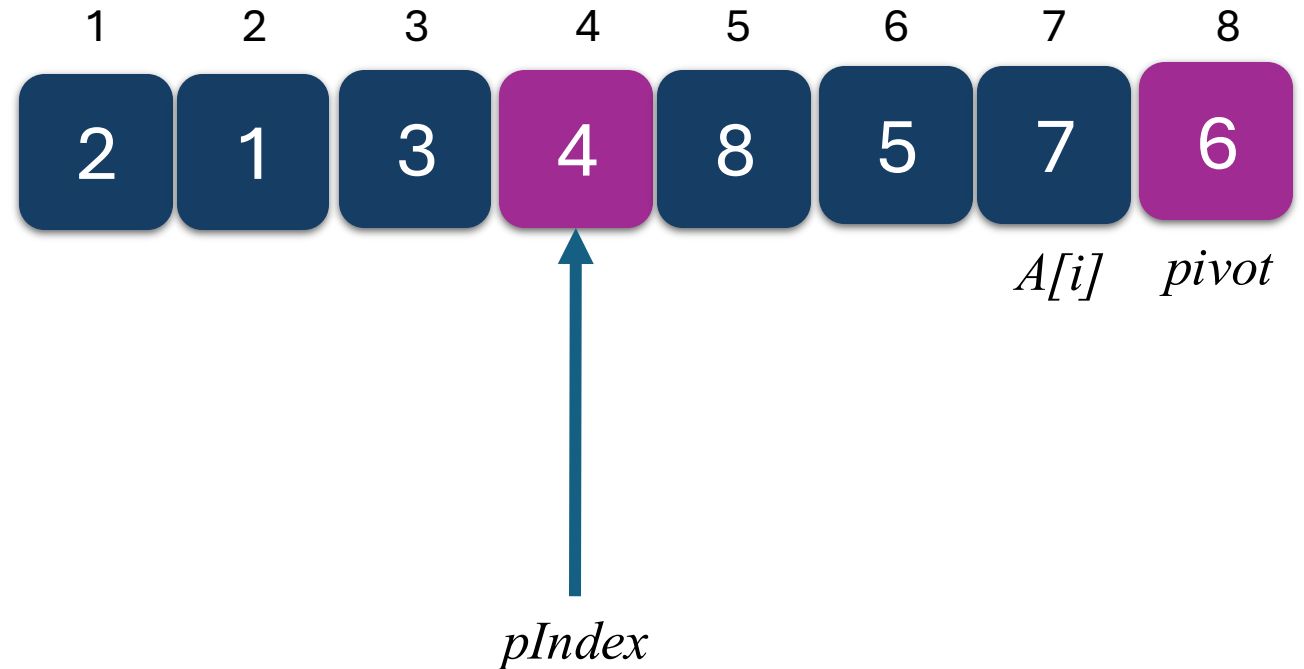
if A[i] ≤ pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Initial call: *quick_sort(A, 1, N)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i = start to end-1:

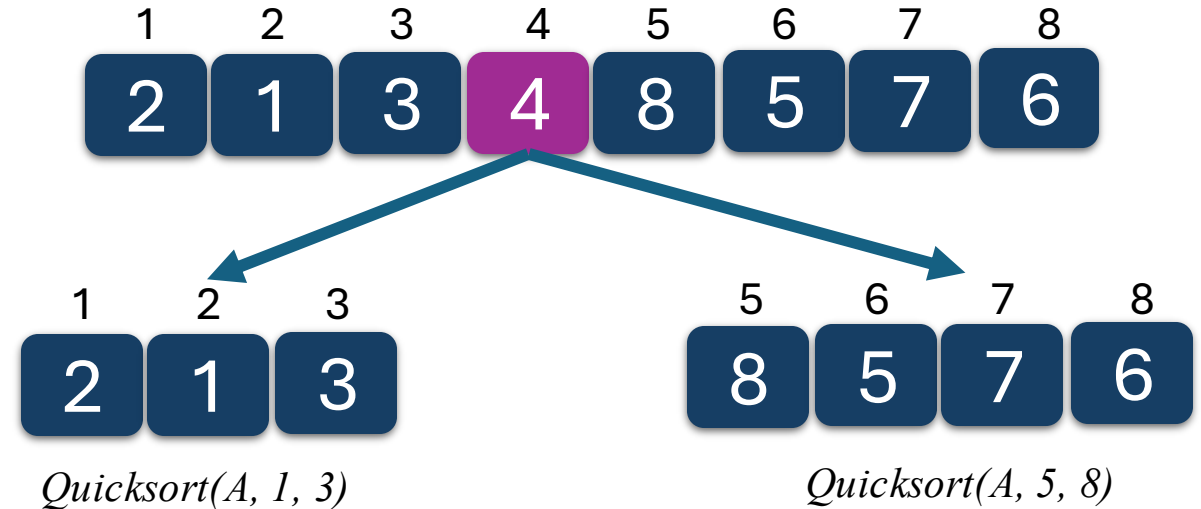
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1) *Quicksort*(A, 1,3)

Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) *Quicksort*(A, 5,8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **3**

pIndex = start **1**

for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=1**

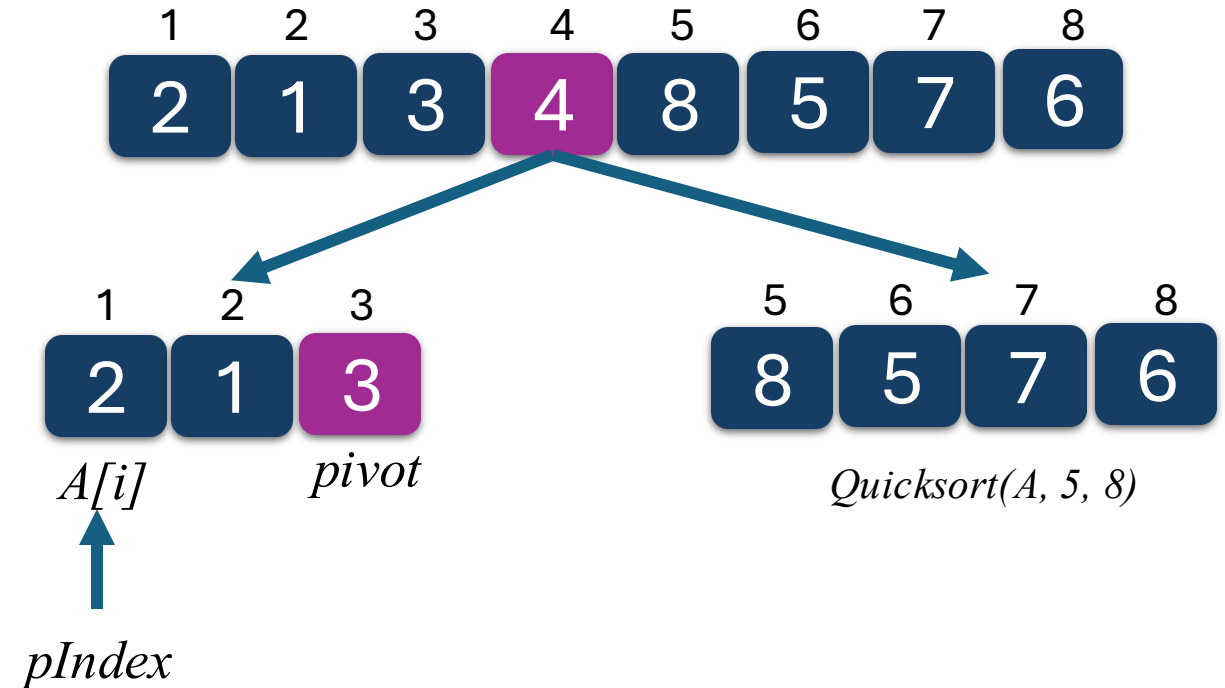
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: ***T***

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 ***T***

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: $\text{quick_sort}(A, 1, 3)$

Quicksort($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$\text{pIndex} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{start}, \text{pIndex}-1)$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 1, 3)$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{pIndex}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 5, 8)$

Partition($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 3

$\text{pIndex} = \text{start}$

for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$: $i=1$

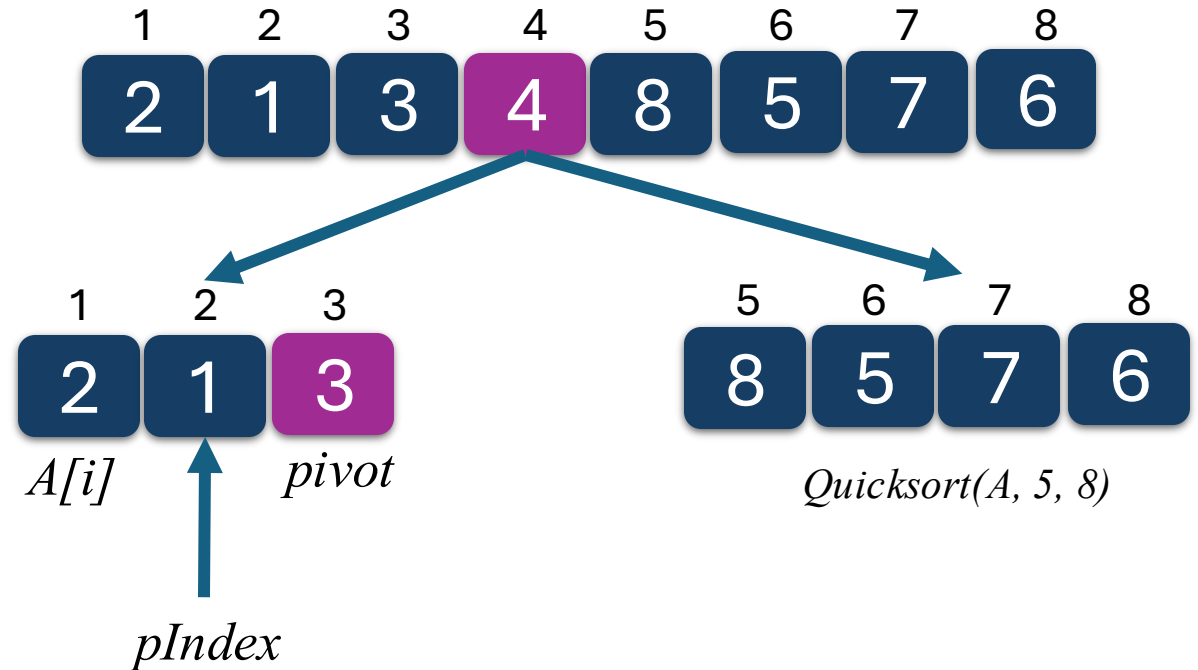
if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$: T

$\text{swap}(A[i], A[\text{pIndex}])$

$\text{pIndex} = \text{pIndex} + 1$ 2

$\text{swap}(A[\text{pIndex}], \text{pivot})$

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1) *Quicksort*(A, 1, 3)

Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) *Quicksort*(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] **3**

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: ***i*=2**

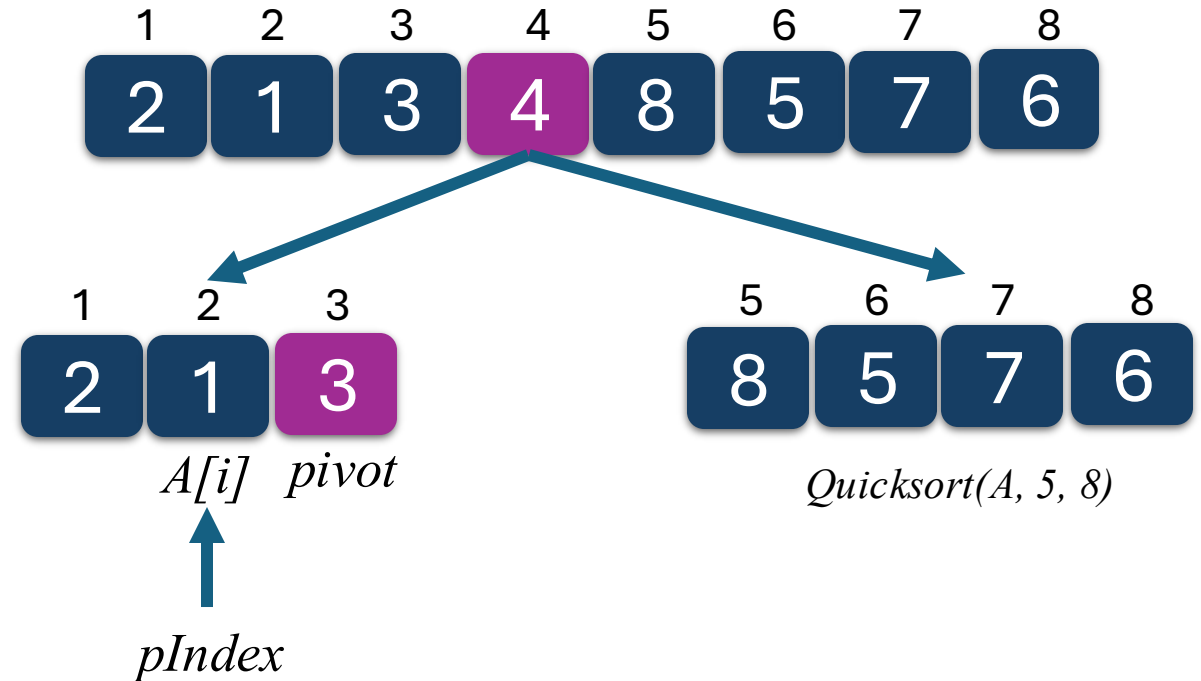
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: ***T***

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 **2**

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: $\text{quick_sort}(A, 1, 3)$

Quicksort($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$\text{pIndex} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{start}, \text{pIndex}-1)$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 1, 3)$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{pIndex}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 5, 8)$

Partition($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 3

$\text{pIndex} = \text{start}$

for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$: $i=2$

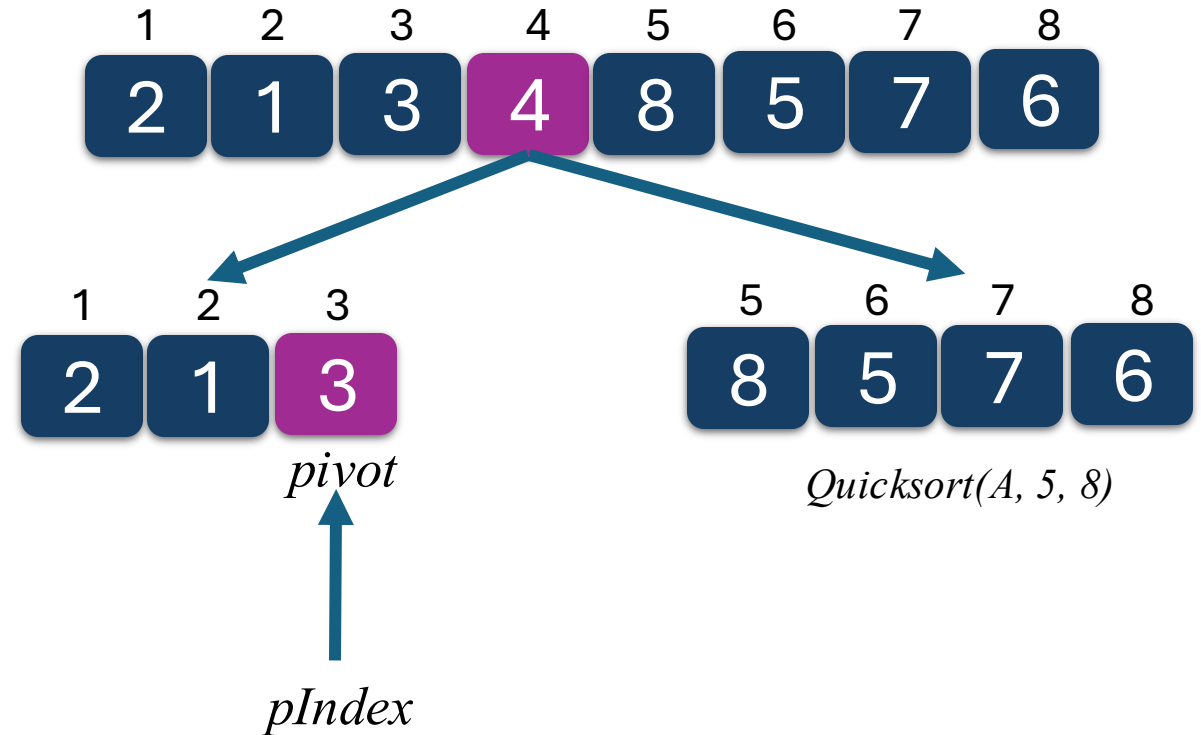
if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$: T

$\text{swap}(A[i], A[\text{pIndex}])$

$\text{pIndex} = \text{pIndex} + 1$ 3

$\text{swap}(A[\text{pIndex}], \text{pivot})$

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

pIndex=3 *Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)* *Quicksort(A, 1, 2)*

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end) *Quicksort(A, 2, 2)* ❌

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

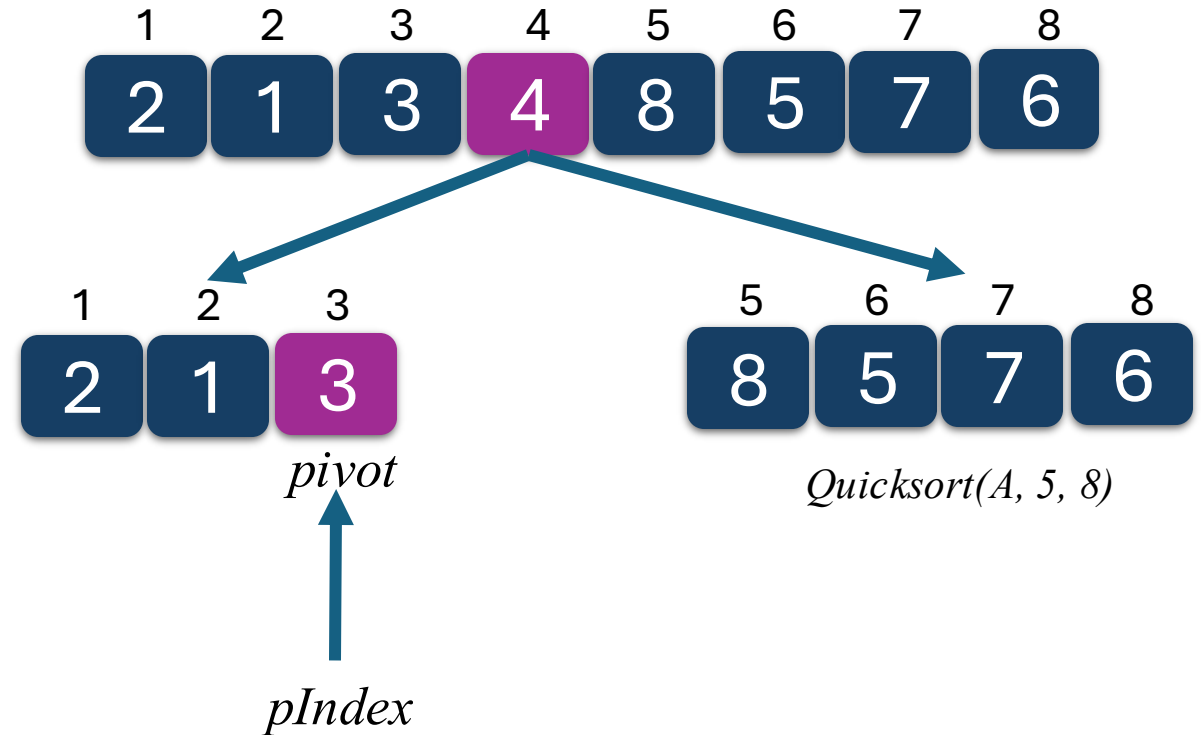
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot) *Swap(3, 3)*

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

pIndex=3 *Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)* *Quicksort(A, 1, 2)*

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end) *Quicksort(A, 2, 2)* ❌

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

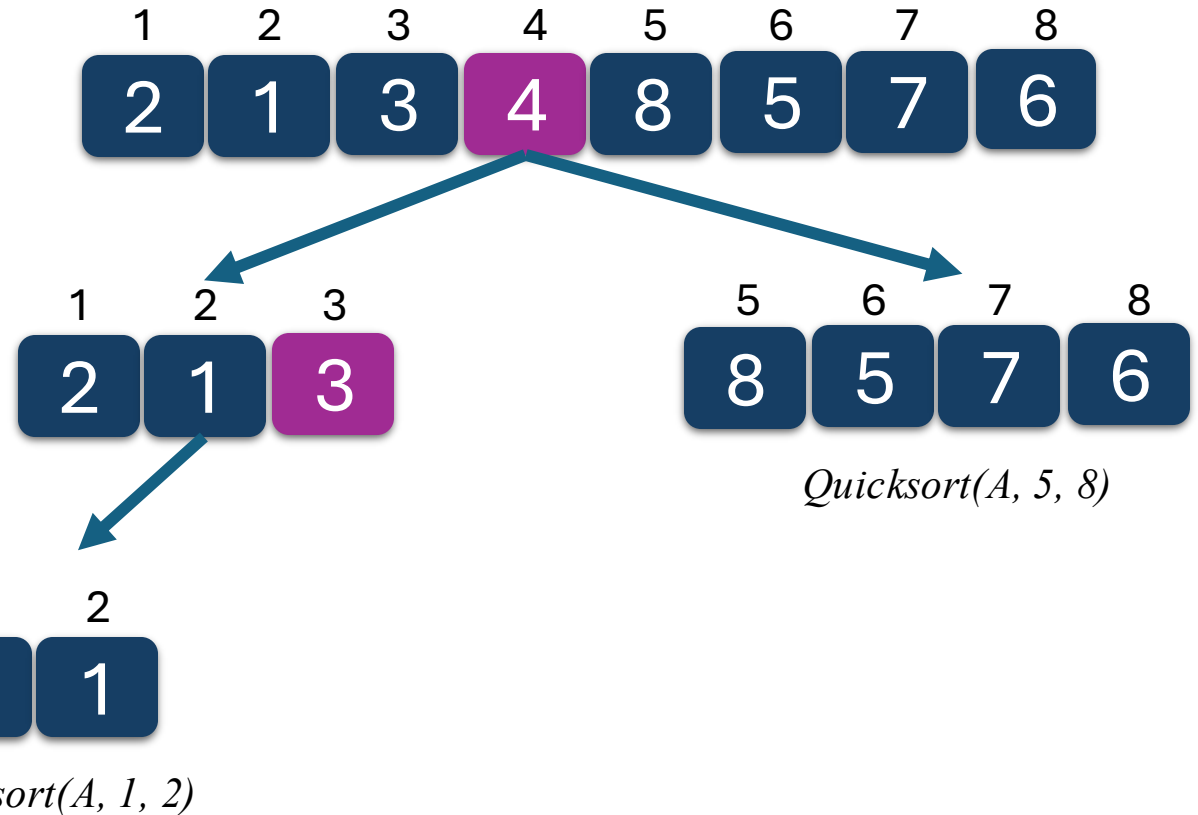
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: $\text{quick_sort}(A, 1, 3)$

Quicksort($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$pIndex = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{start}, pIndex-1)$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 1, 2)$

$\text{Quicksort}(A, pIndex+1, \text{end})$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 2, 2)$ ❌

Partition($A, \text{start}, \text{end}$):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 1

$pIndex = \text{start}$ 1

 for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$: $i=1$

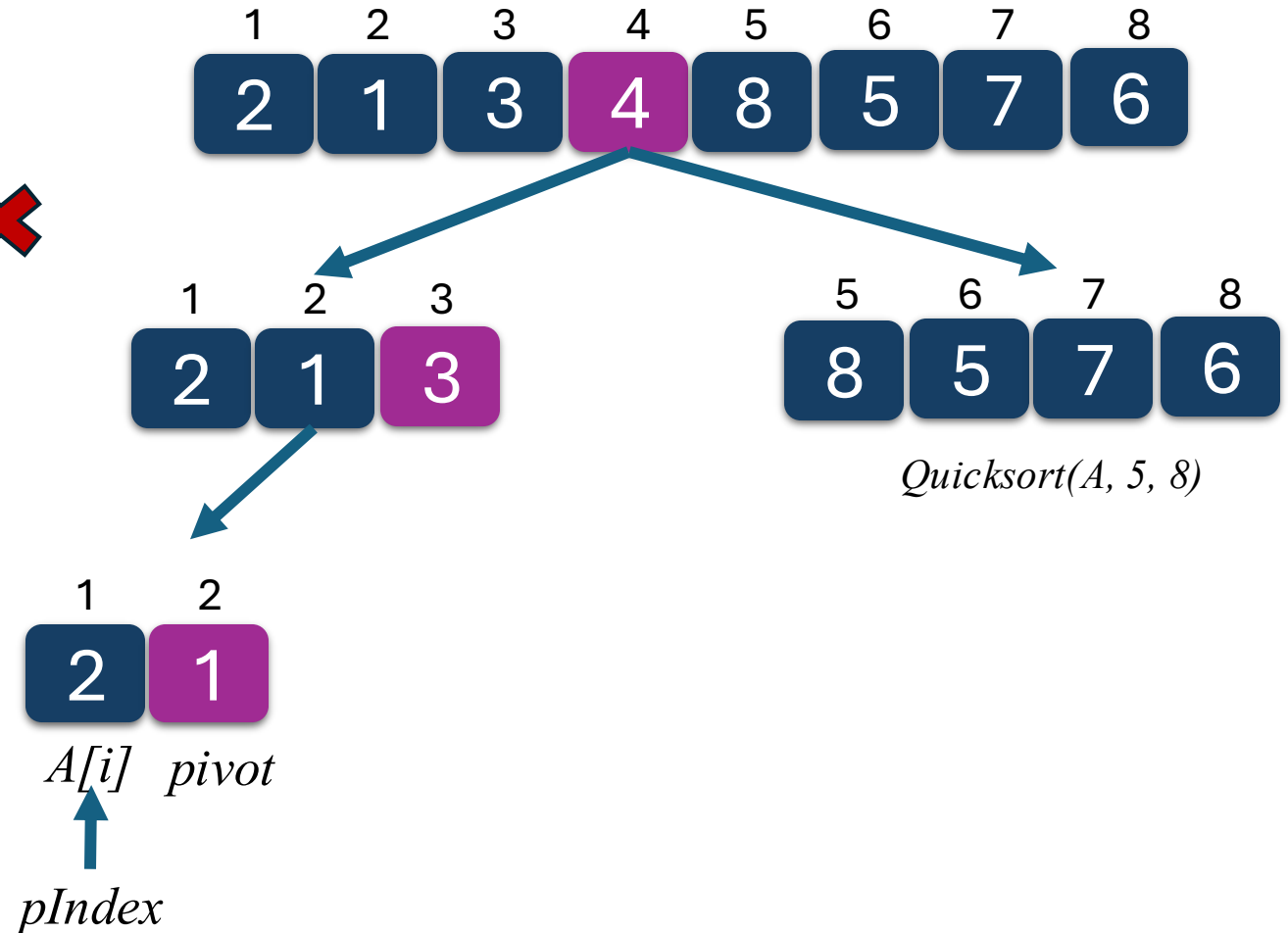
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$: F

$\text{swap}(A[i], A[pIndex])$

$pIndex = pIndex + 1$

$\text{swap}(A[pIndex], \text{pivot})$

 return $pIndex$



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, pIndex-1) *QuickSort(A, pIndex+1, end)*

QuickSort(A, pIndex+1, end)



Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

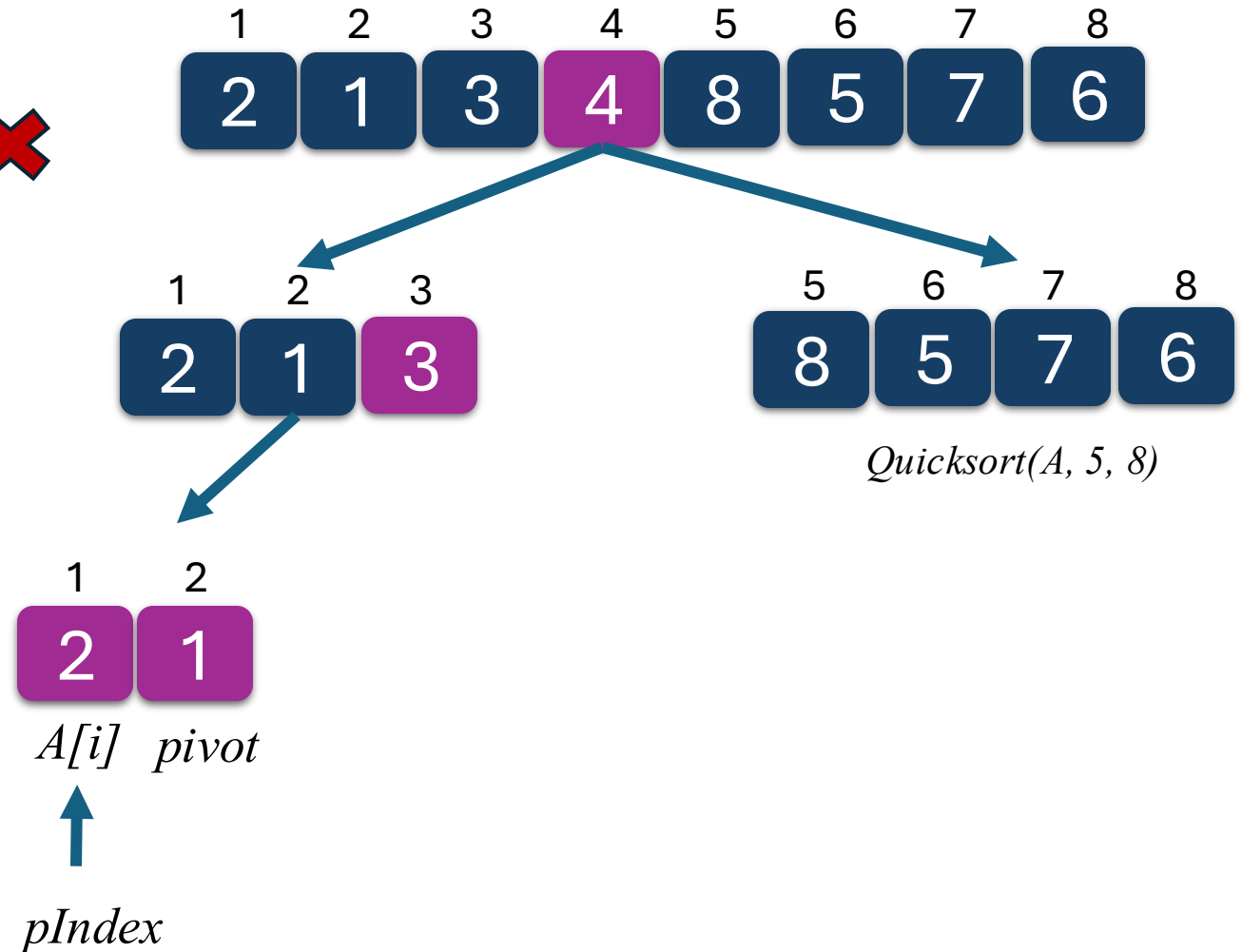
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Call on Left Subarray: quick_sort(A, 1, 3)

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

$$pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)$$

$pIndex=1$ *Quicksort*(*A*, *start*, *pIndex-1*) *Quicksort*(*A*, *l*, 0)

$$\text{Quicksort}(A, pIndex+1, end)$$

Partition(A, start, end):

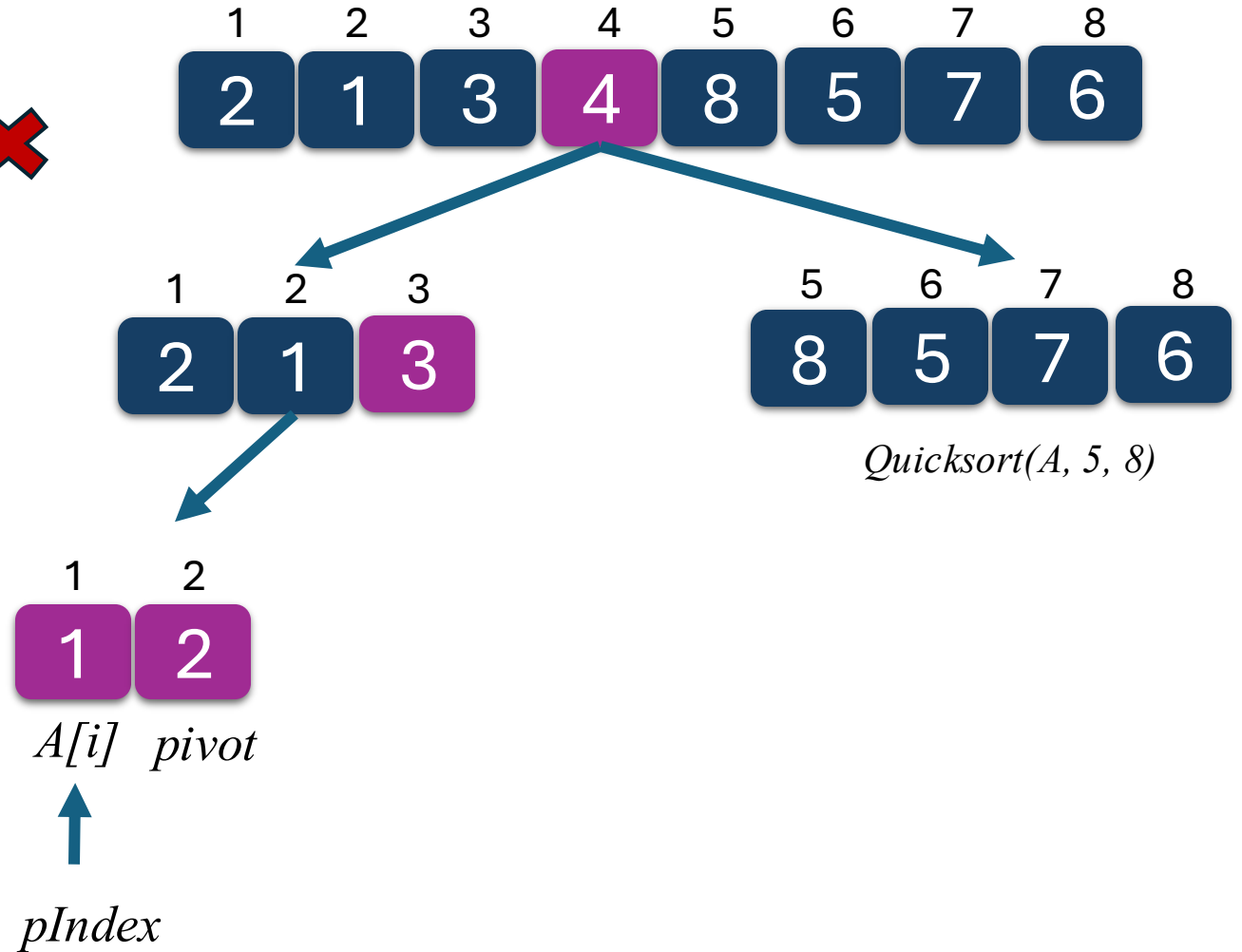
$$pivot = A[end]$$
$$pIndex = start$$

for i=start to end-1:

if $A[i] \leq pivot$:

$$swap(A[i], A[pIndex])$$
$$pIndex = pIndex + 1$$
$$\text{swap}(A[pIndex], \text{pivot})$$

```
return pIndex
```



Call on Left Subarray: *quick_sort(A, 1, 3)*

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, pIndex-1) *QuickSort(A, 1, 0)* ❌

QuickSort(A, pIndex+1, end) *QuickSort(A, 2, 2)* ❌

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

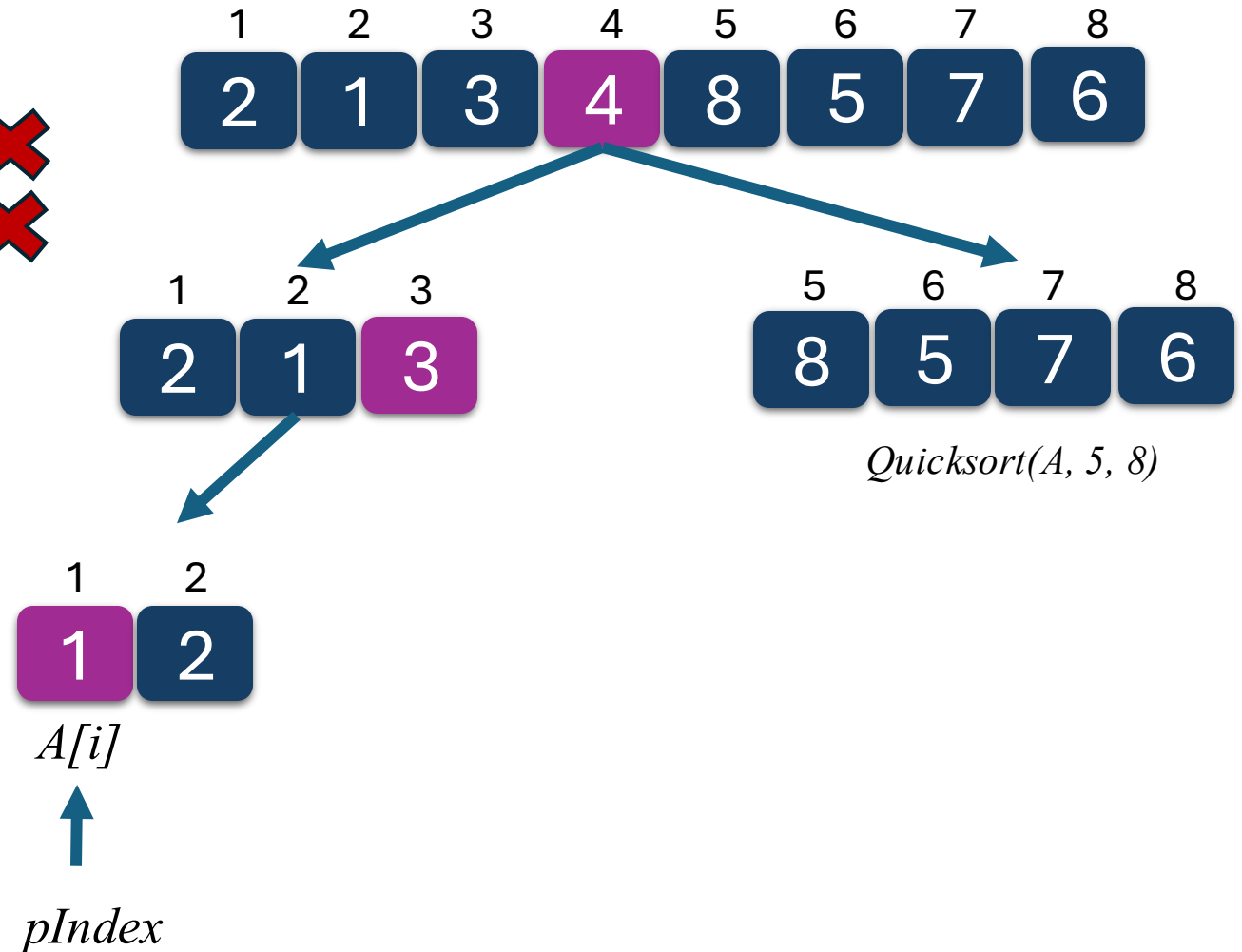
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start 5

for *i*=start to end-1: *i*=5

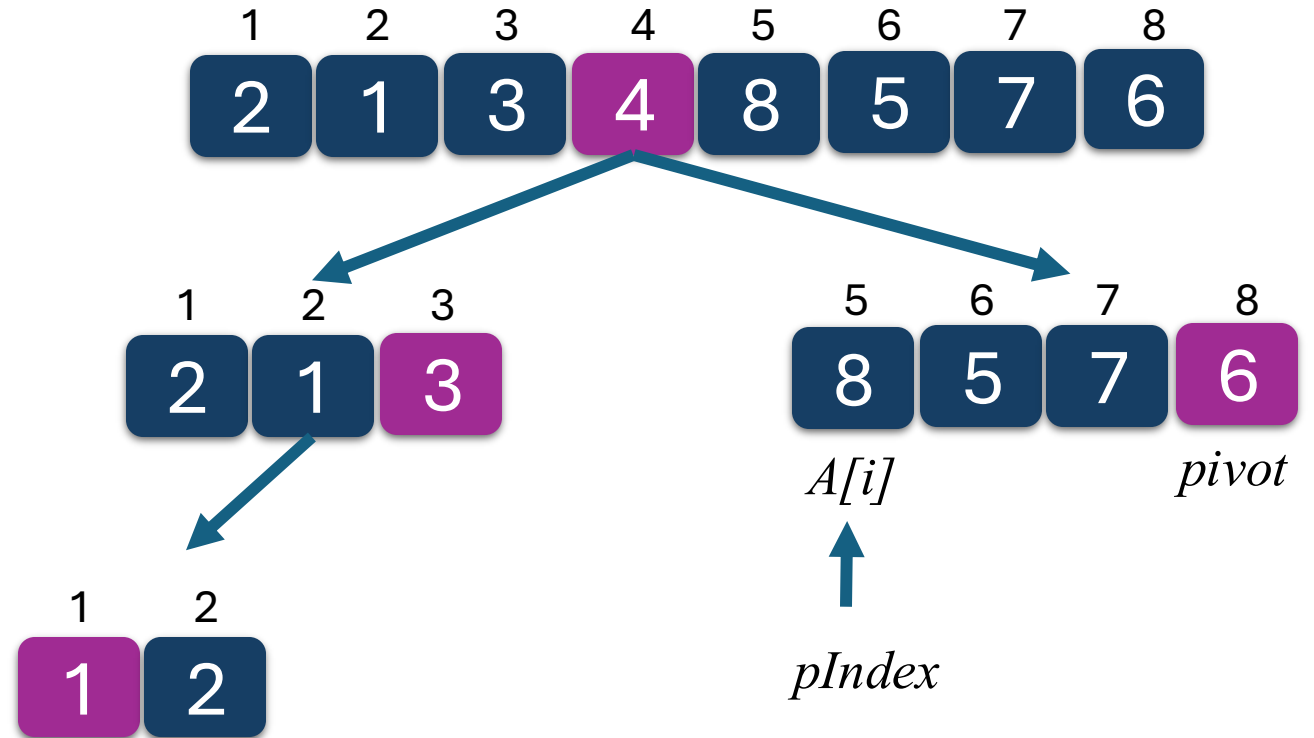
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: F

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: *i*=6

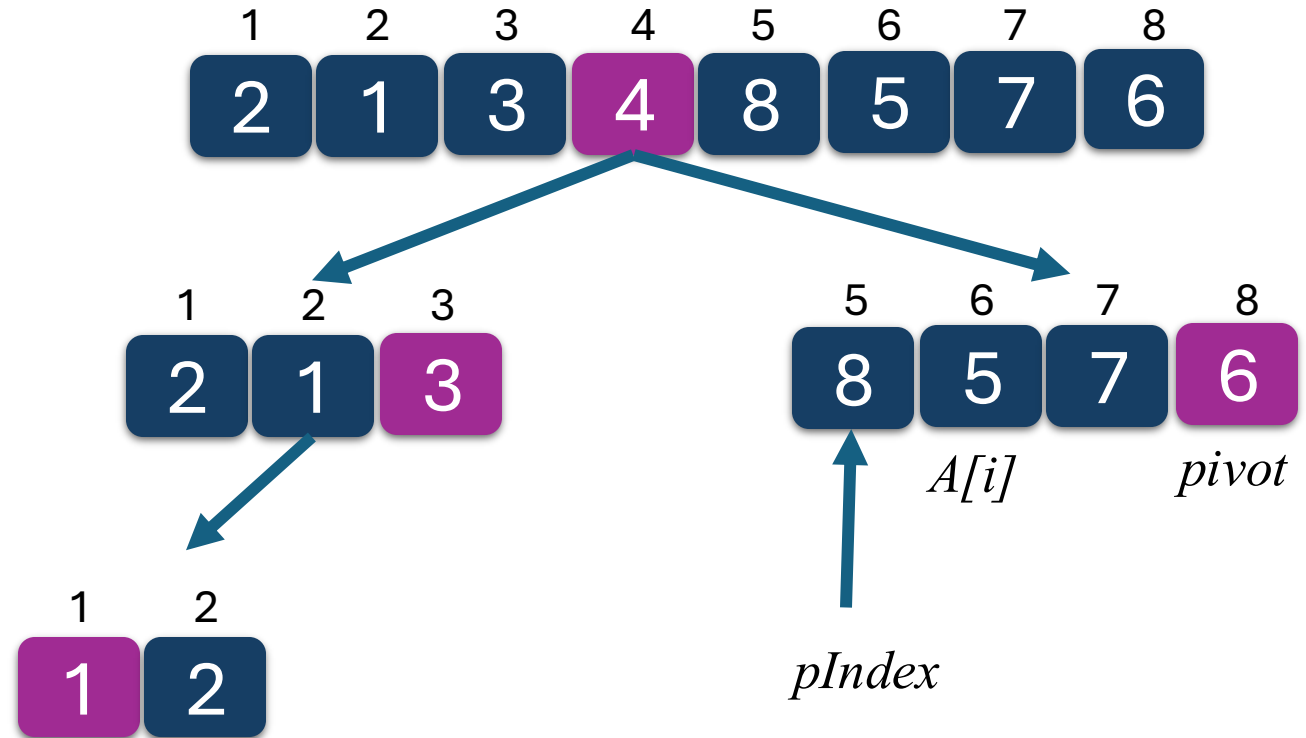
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: T

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: *i*=6

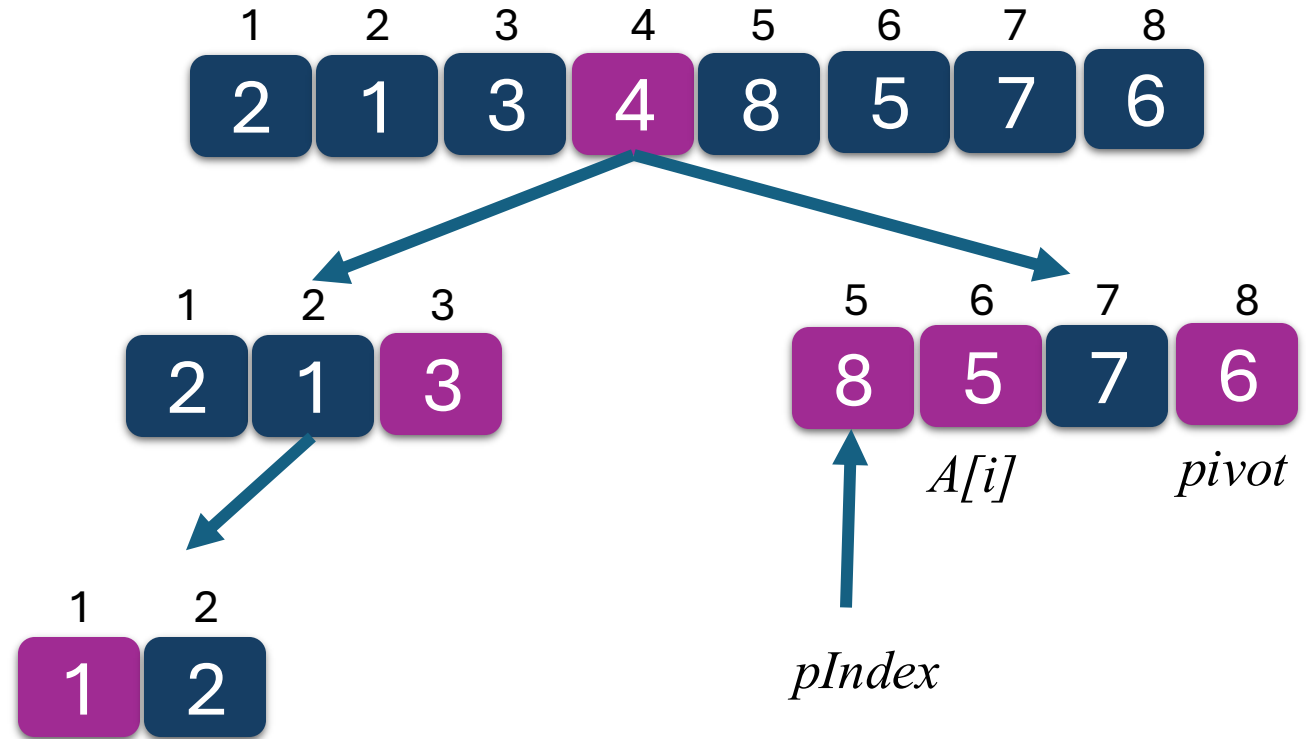
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*:

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: *i*=6

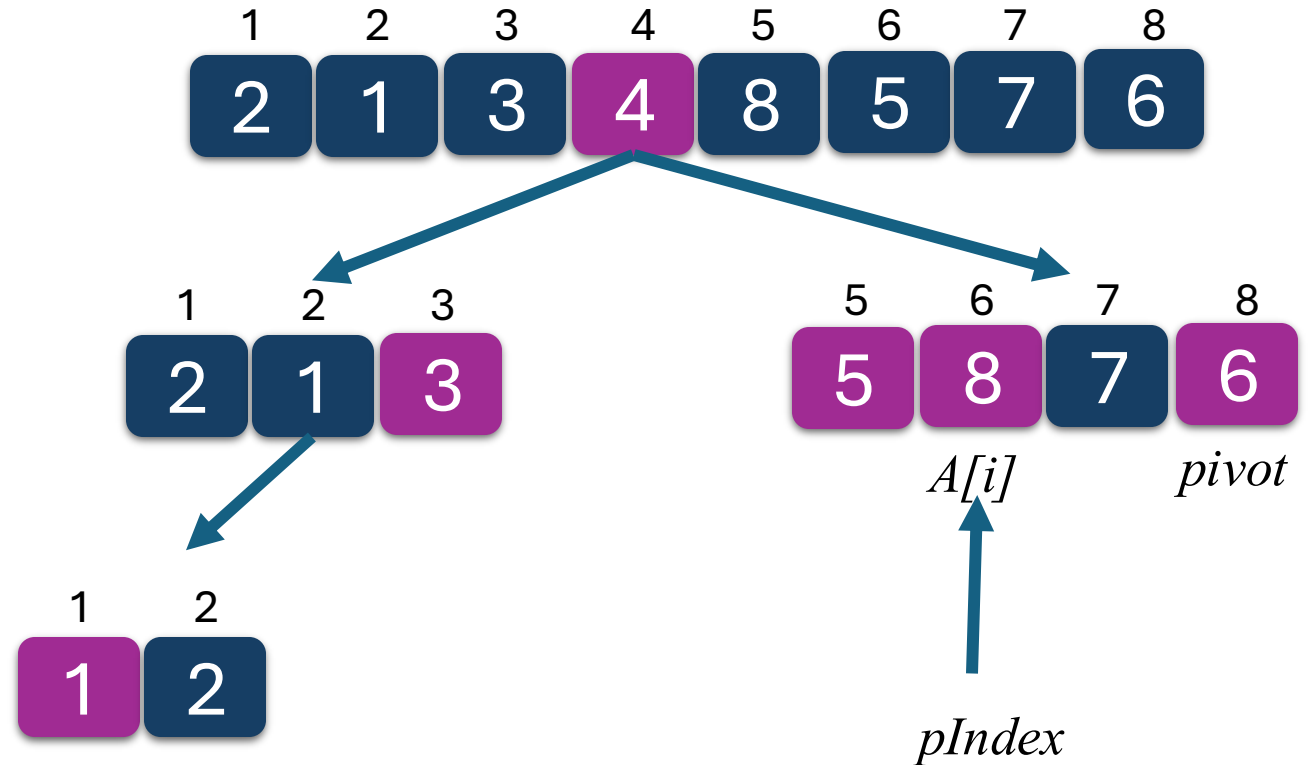
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*:

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 6

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1: i=7

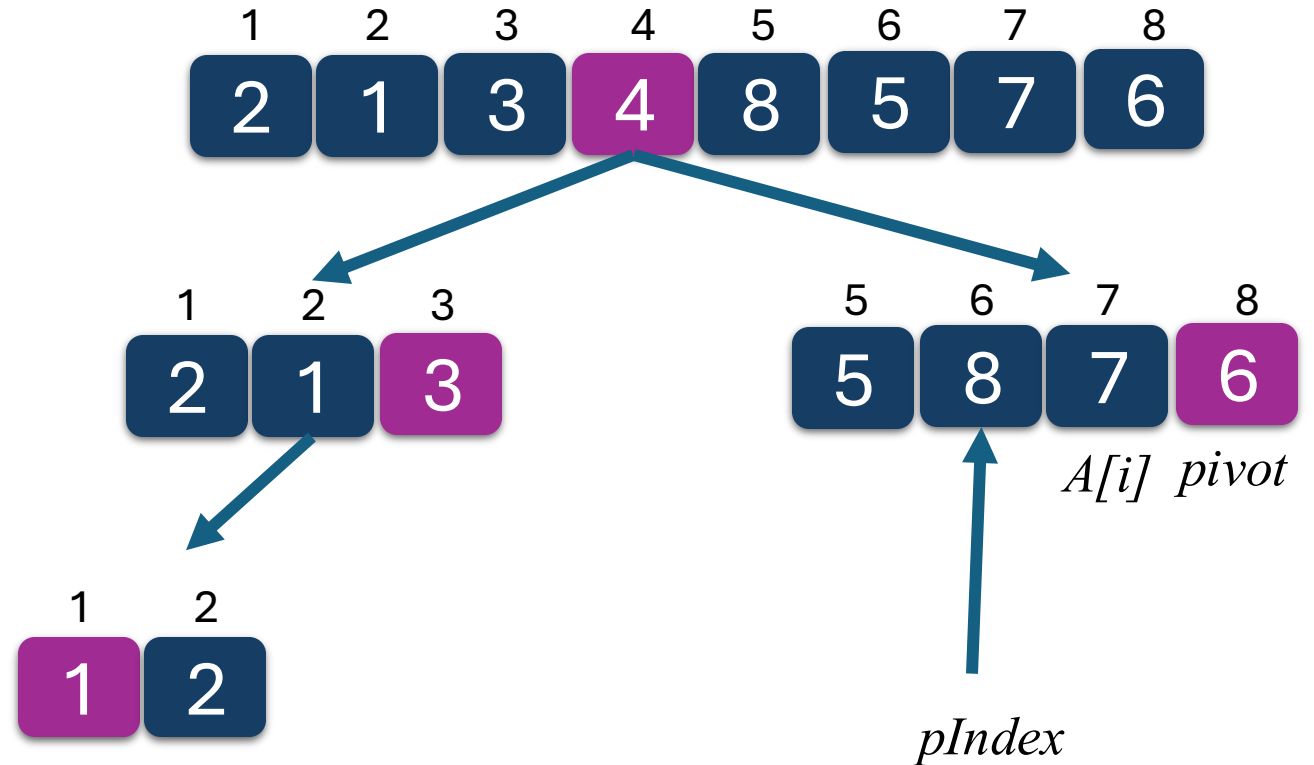
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*: F

swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1 6

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, pIndex-1)

QuickSort(A, pIndex+1, end) QuickSort(A, 5, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

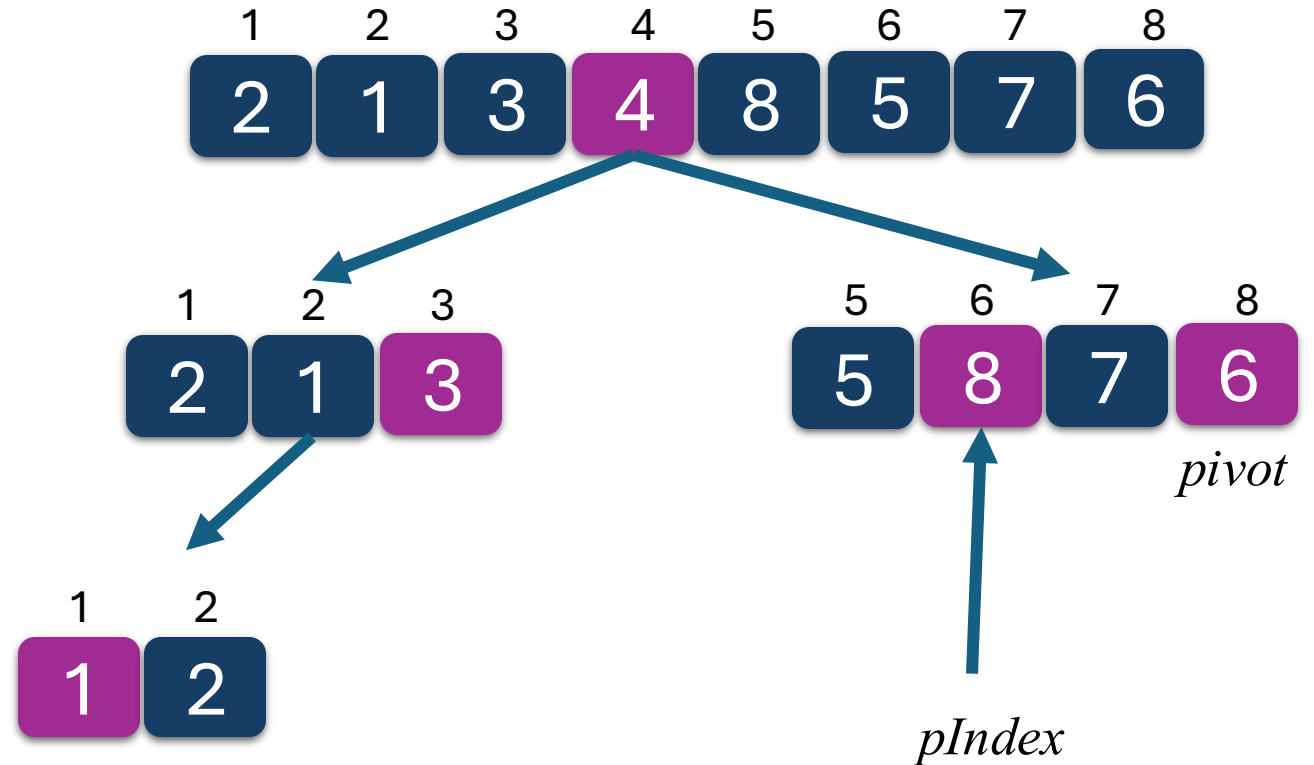
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1 6

swap(A[pIndex], pivot) swap(8, 6)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = 6 *pIndex* = Partition(A, start, end)

QuickSort(A, start, *pIndex*-1) *QuickSort*(A, 5, 5) ❌

QuickSort(A, *pIndex*+1, end) *QuickSort*(A, 7, 8)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end] 8

pIndex = start

for *i* = start to end-1:

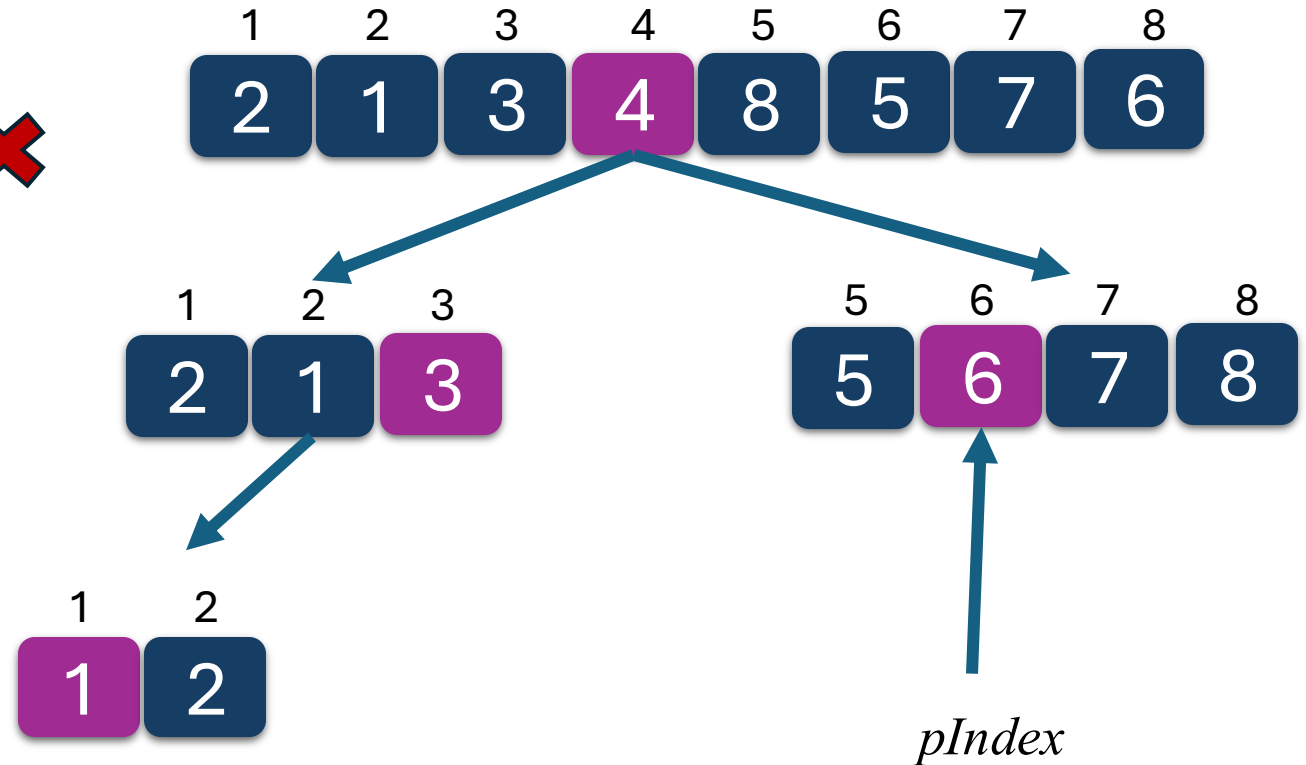
if A[*i*] ≤ *pivot*:

 swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex* + 1 6

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: *QuickSort(A, 5, 8)*

QuickSort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = 6 *pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)*

QuickSort(A, start, pIndex-1) *QuickSort(A, 5, 5)*

QuickSort(A, pIndex+1, end) *QuickSort(A, 7, 8)*



Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i = start to end-1:

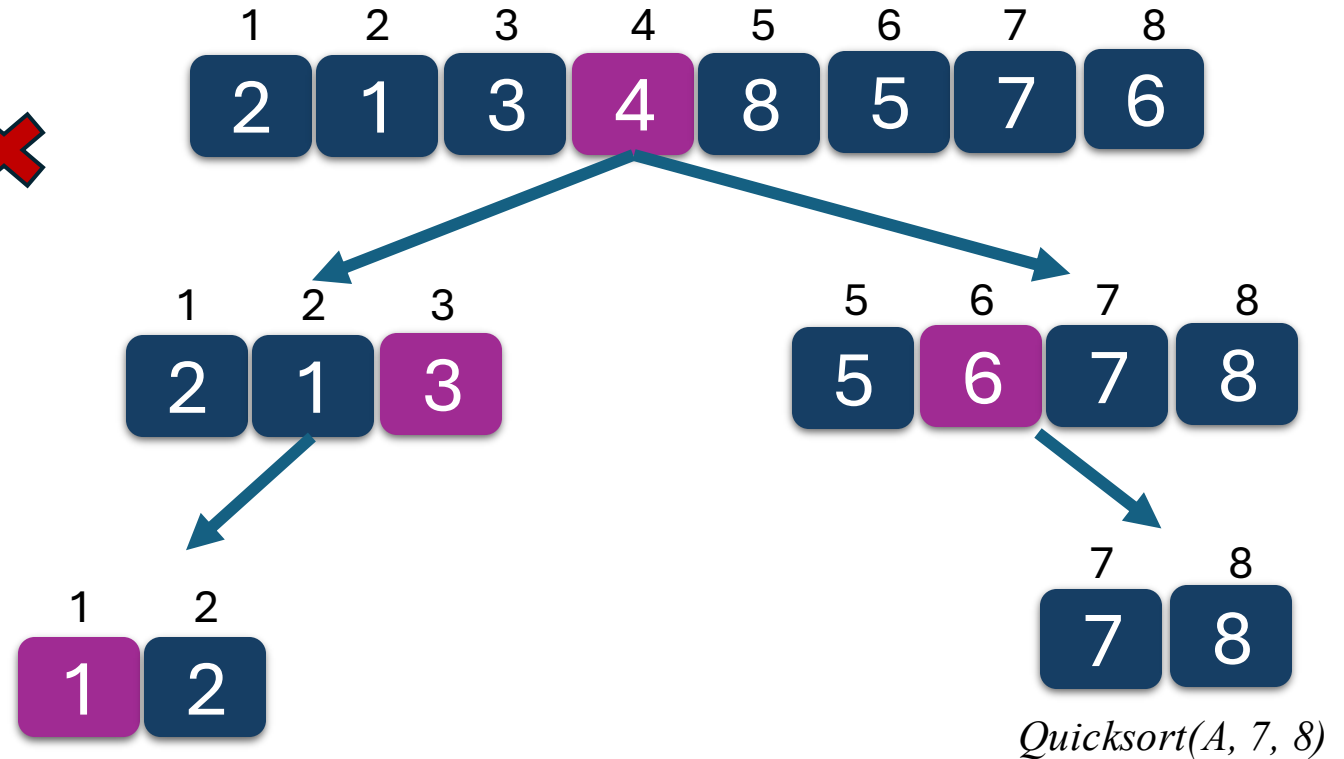
if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)


return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: $\text{QuickSort}(A, 5, 8)$

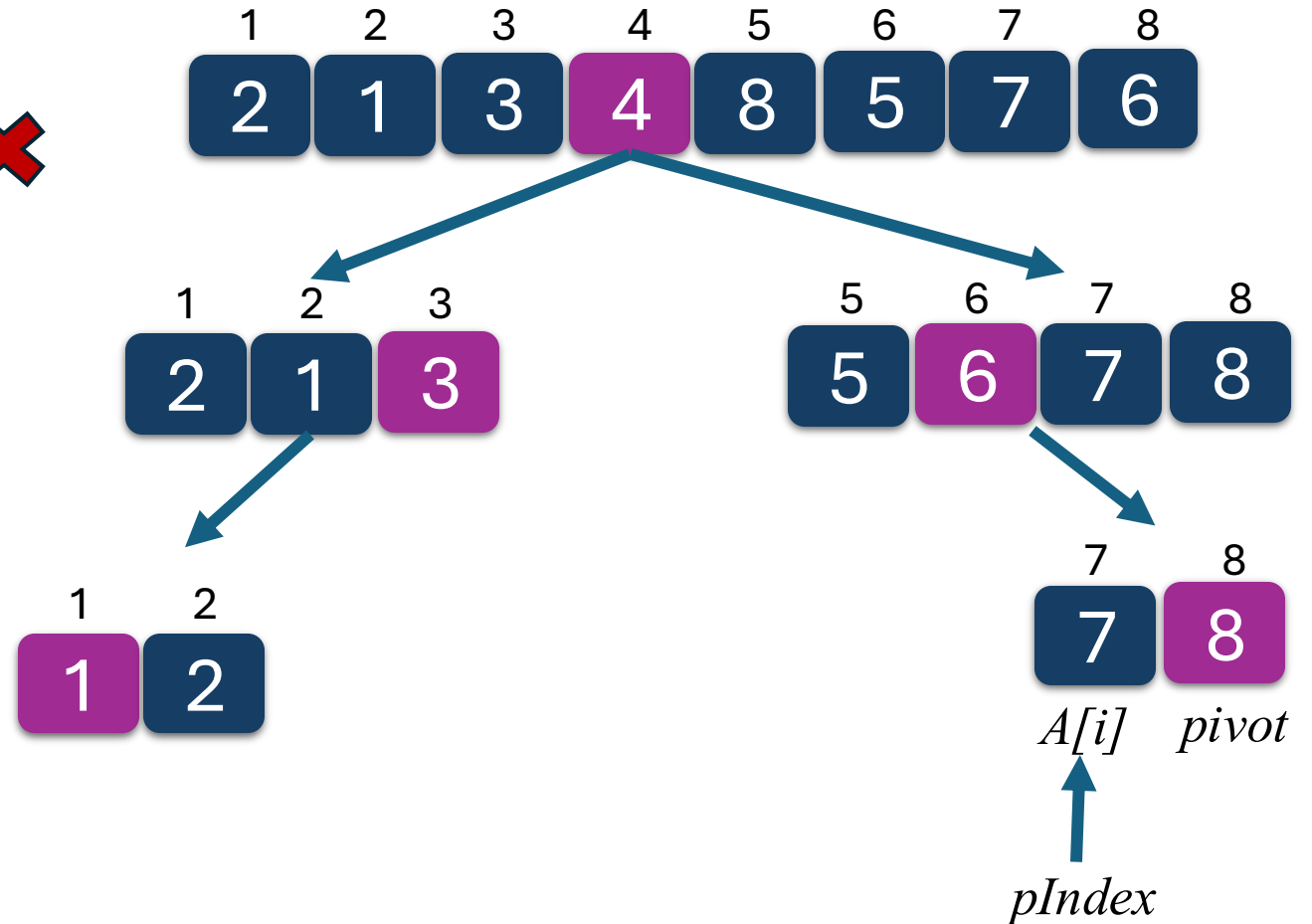
Quicksort(A , start , end):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$p\text{Index} = 6$ $p\text{Index} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$
 $\text{Quicksort}(A, \text{start}, p\text{Index}-1)$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 5, 5)$ 
 $\text{Quicksort}(A, p\text{Index}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{Quicksort}(A, 7, 8)$

Partition(A , start , end):


$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 8
 $p\text{Index} = \text{start}$ 7
for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$: $i=7$
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$: T
 $\text{swap}(A[i], A[p\text{Index}])$
 $p\text{Index} = p\text{Index} + 1$
 $\text{swap}(A[p\text{Index}], \text{pivot})$
return $p\text{Index}$



Call on Right Subarray: $\text{QuickSort}(A, 5, 8)$

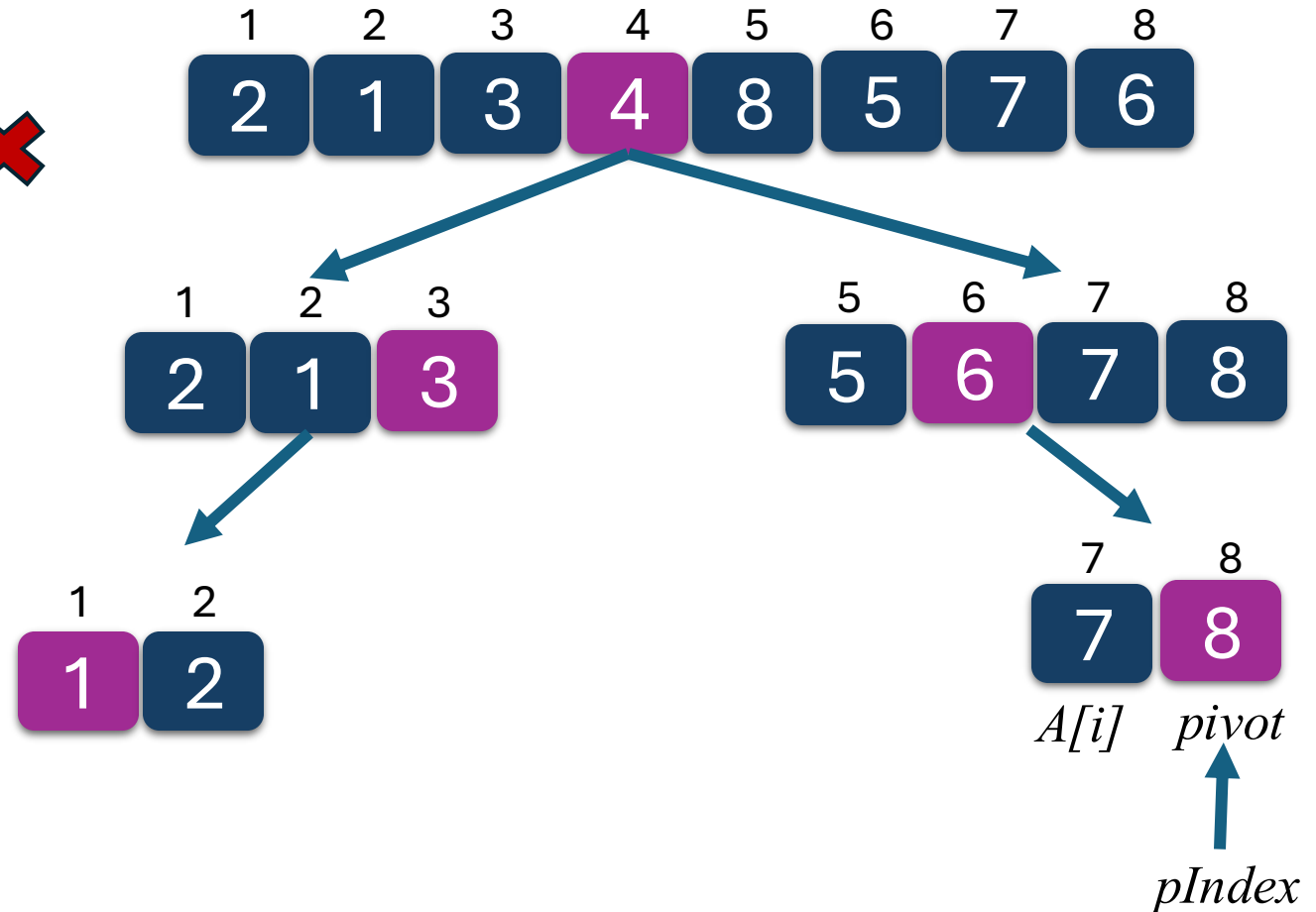
Quicksort(A , start , end):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$\text{pIndex} = 6$ $\text{pIndex} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$
 $\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{start}, \text{pIndex}-1)$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 5, 5)$ 
 $\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{pIndex}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 7, 8)$

Partition(A , start , end):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 8
 $\text{pIndex} = \text{start}$
 for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$: $i=7$
 if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$: T
 $\text{swap}(A[i], A[\text{pIndex}])$
 $\text{pIndex} = \text{pIndex} + 1$ 8
 $\text{swap}(A[\text{pIndex}], \text{pivot})$
 return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: $\text{QuickSort}(A, 5, 8)$

Quicksort(A , start , end):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$\text{pIndex} = 8$ $\text{pIndex} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$

$\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{start}, \text{pIndex}-1)$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 7, 7)$ ❌

$\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{pIndex}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 9, 8)$ ❌

Partition(A , start , end):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 8

$\text{pIndex} = \text{start}$

for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$:

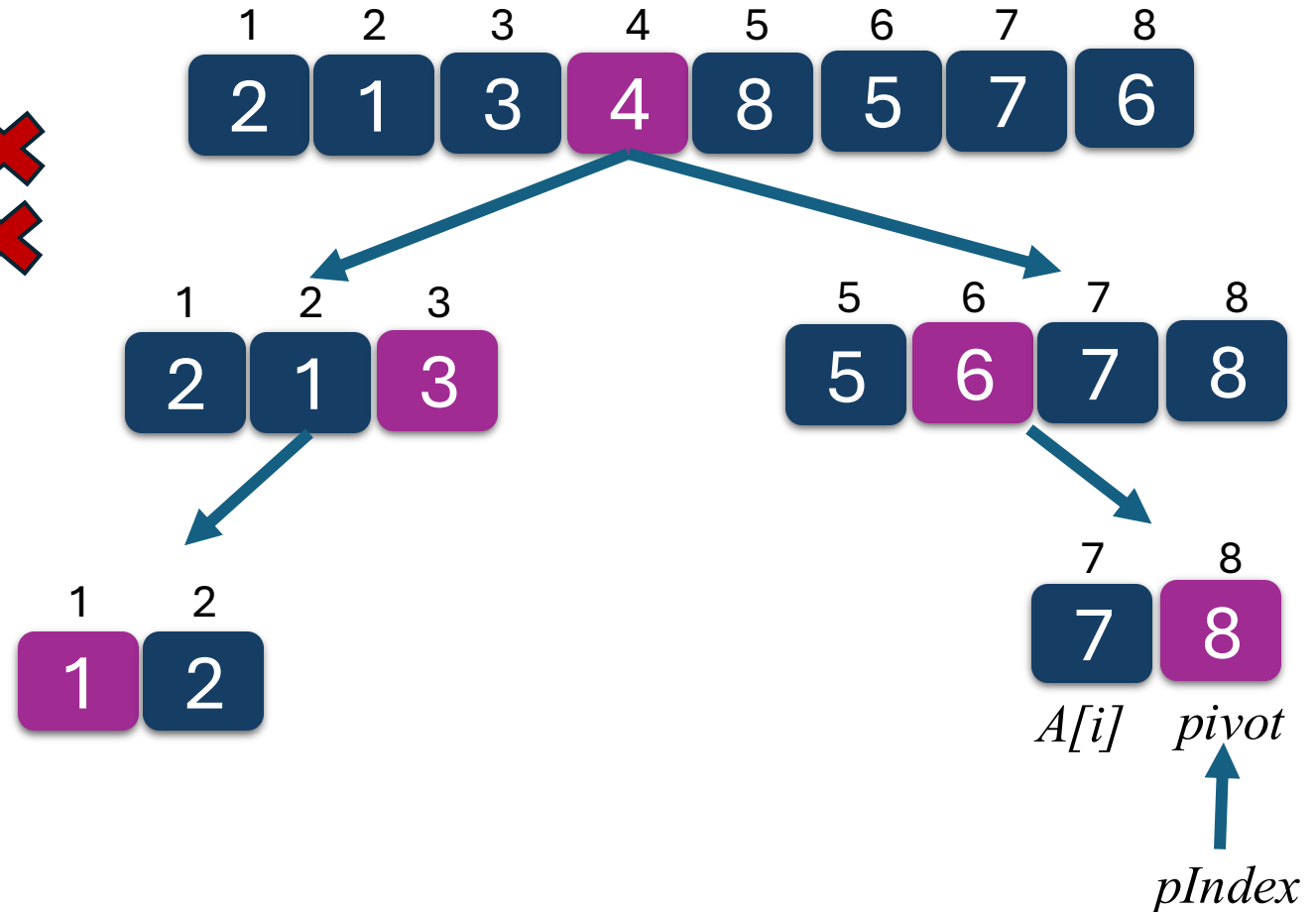
if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$:

swap($A[i]$, $A[\text{pIndex}]$)

$\text{pIndex} = \text{pIndex} + 1$ 8

swap($A[\text{pIndex}]$, pivot) $\text{swap}(8, 8)$

return pIndex



Call on Right Subarray: $\text{QuickSort}(A, 5, 8)$

Quicksort(A , start , end):

if($\text{start} < \text{end}$):

$\text{pIndex} = 8$ $\text{pIndex} = \text{Partition}(A, \text{start}, \text{end})$

$\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{start}, \text{pIndex}-1)$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 7, 7)$ ❌

$\text{QuickSort}(A, \text{pIndex}+1, \text{end})$ $\text{QuickSort}(A, 9, 8)$ ❌

Partition(A , start , end):

$\text{pivot} = A[\text{end}]$ 8

$\text{pIndex} = \text{start}$

for $i = \text{start}$ to $\text{end}-1$:

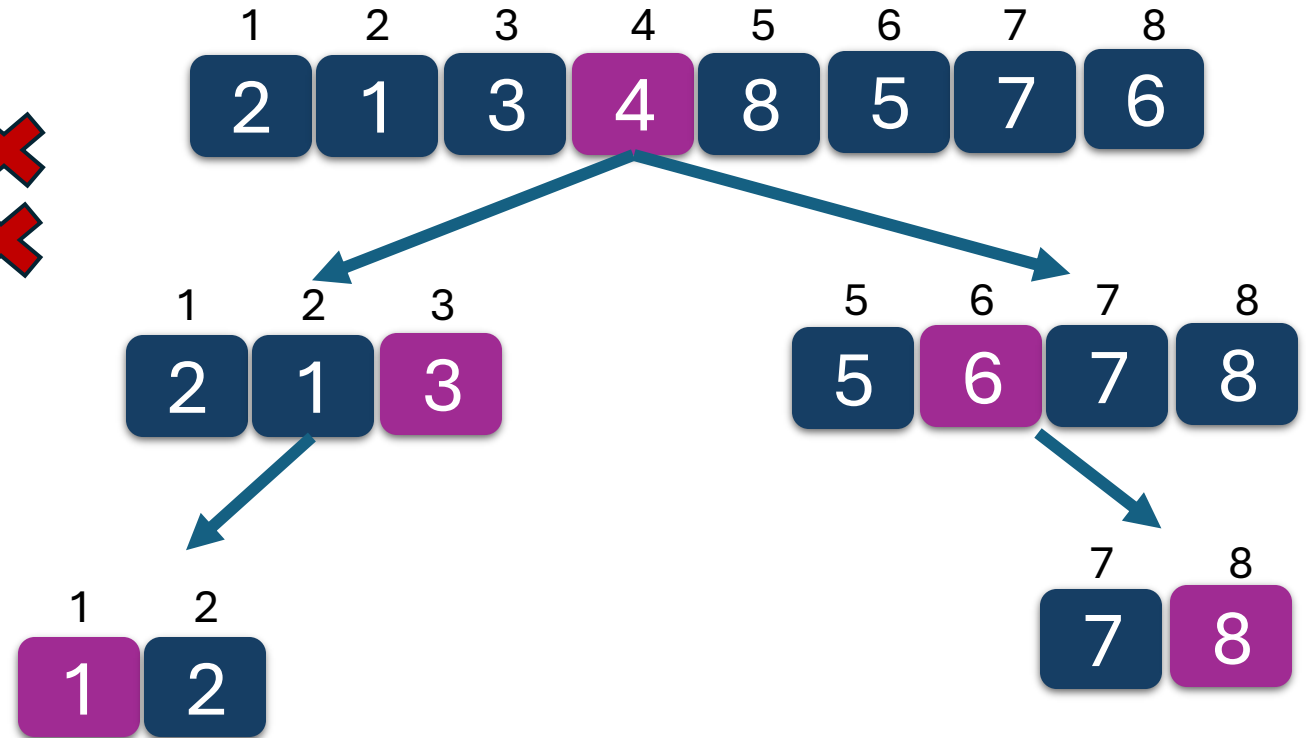
if $A[i] \leq \text{pivot}$:

swap($A[i]$, $A[\text{pIndex}]$)

$\text{pIndex} = \text{pIndex} + 1$ 8

swap($A[\text{pIndex}]$, pivot) swap(8, 8)

return pIndex



Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Best Case?

Worst Case?

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex

Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex

Best Case?

Best-Case / Average-Case RT:

- The pivot **divides the array into two equal halves** at every step.
- The depth of the recursion tree is **$O(\log n)$**
- At each level, all n elements are processed $\rightarrow O(n)$ per level.
- **Total Complexity: $O(n \log n)$**

Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex

Best Case?

Best-Case / Average-Case RT:

- The pivot **divides the array into two equal halves** at every step.
- The depth of the recursion tree is **$O(\log n)$**
- At each level, all n elements are processed $\rightarrow O(n)$ per level.
- **Total Complexity: $O(n \log n)$**

Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(*A*, *start*, *end*):

if(*start* < *end*):

pIndex = *Partition*(*A*, *start*, *end*)

Quicksort(*A*, *start*, *pIndex*-1)

Quicksort(*A*, *pIndex*+1, *end*)

***Partition*(*A*, *start*, *end*):**

pivot = *A*[*end*]

pIndex = *start*

for *i*=*start* *to* *end*-1:

if *A*[*i*] ≤ *pivot*:

swap(*A*[*i*], *A*[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

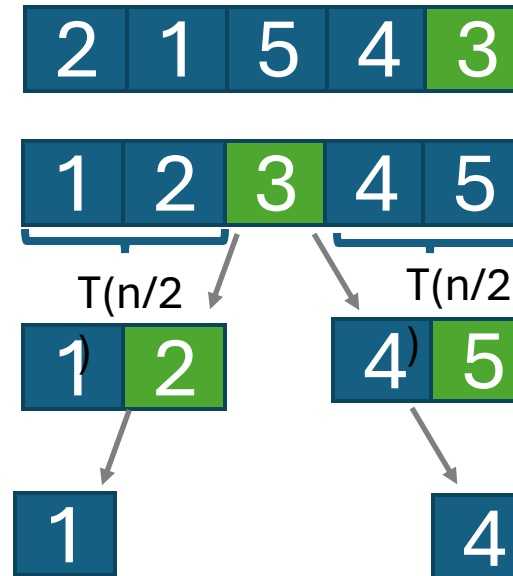
swap(*A*[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return *pIndex*

Best Case?

Best-Case / Average-Case RT:

- The pivot **divides the array into two equal halves** at every step.



Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, *pIndex*-1)

Quicksort(A, *pIndex*+1, end)

$O(1)$

$O(n)$

$$T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + n$$

$$T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + n$$

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for *i*=start to end-1:

if A[*i*] <= *pivot*:

 swap(A[*i*], A[*pIndex*])

pIndex = *pIndex*+1

swap(A[*pIndex*], *pivot*)

return *pIndex*

} runs $O(n)$ times

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = 2\left[2T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{n}{2}\right] + n$$

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + n + n$$

$$T(n) = 4\left[2T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + \frac{n}{4}\right] + 2n$$

$$T(n) = (8T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + n) + 2n$$

$$T(n) = 2^k T\left(\frac{n}{2^k}\right) + kn$$

...

$$T(n) = 2^k T\left(\frac{2^k}{2^k}\right) + kn$$

$$T(n) = 2^k T(1) + kn$$

Stops until $T(1)$ or if the array size=1 or if $\frac{N}{2^k} = 1$

Now, if $n = 2^k$

$$n = 2^k$$
$$k = \log_2 n$$

Quicksort(A, start, end):

<i>if(start < end):</i>	$O(1)$
<i>pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)</i>	$O(n)$
<i>Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)</i>	$T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + n$
<i>Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)</i>	$T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + n$

$$Quick\ Sort = 2^k T\left(\frac{N}{2^k}\right) + k * O(n)$$

Stops until T(1) or if the array size=1 or if $\frac{N}{2^k} = 1$

$$\frac{N}{2^k} = 1$$

$$N = 2^k$$

$$\log_2 N = \log_2 2^k$$

$$\log_2 N = k$$

...

$$Quick\ Sort = 2^k T\left(\frac{N}{2^k}\right) + k * O(n)$$

$$Quick\ Sort = n * T(1) + \log n * O(n)$$

$$Quick\ Sort = n + \log n * O(n) = O(n \log n)$$

Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex + 1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex

Worst Case?

- If the pivot **always picks the smallest or largest element** (bad choice).
- The array is partitioned **very unbalanced** (one subarray has $n-1$ elements, the other has 0).
- The recursion tree has a depth of **$O(n)$** .
- Each level processes $O(n)$ elements.
- **Total Complexity: $O(n^2)$**

Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

$O(1)$

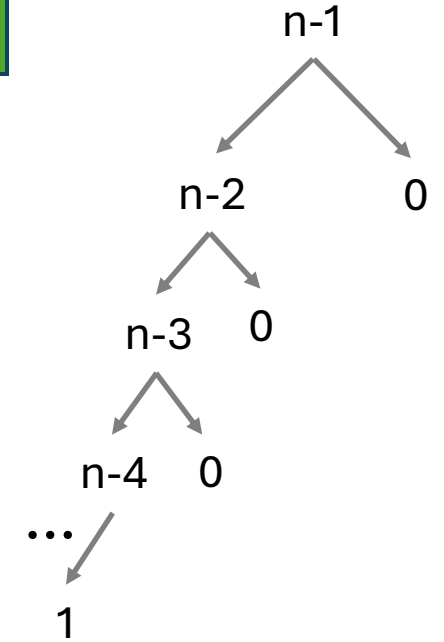
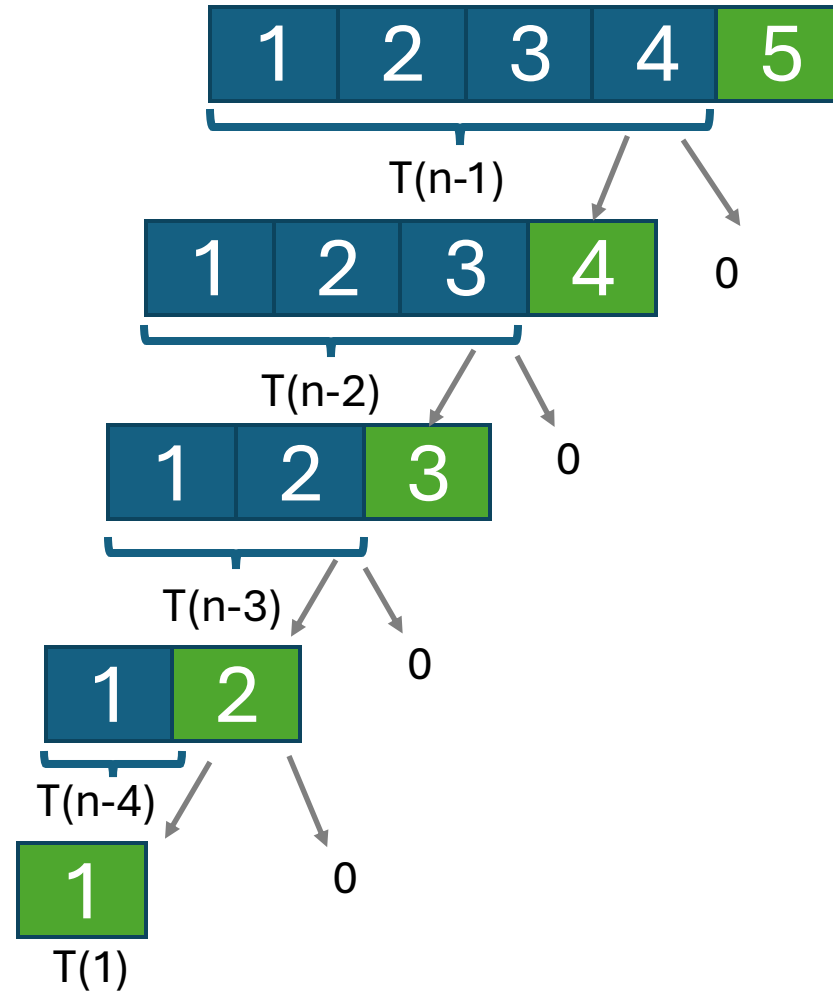
pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

$O(n)$

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

$T(n-1) + n$

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)



Quick Sort Complexity

Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

$O(1)$

$$T(n) = T(n - 1) + n$$

$$T(n) = [T(n - 2) + (n - 1)] + n$$

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

$O(n)$

$$T(n) = [T(n - 3) + n - 2] + (n - 1) + n$$

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

$T(n - 1) + n$

$$T(n) = [T(n - 4) + n - 3] + (n - 2) + (n - 1) + n$$

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

$$T(n) = T(n - k) + [(n - k) \dots + (n - 3) + (n - 2) + (n - 1) + n]$$

Ends if $n - k = 1$

Looks familiar right?
It's a series!

$$T(n) = T(1) + [1 \dots + (n - 3) + (n - 2) + (n - 1) + n]$$

$$T(n) = O(1) + \frac{n(n + 1)}{2}$$

$$T(n) = O(1) + O(n^2)$$

$$T(n) = O(n^2)$$

Quick Sort Complexity: Choosing a Pivot

- Choosing the pivot is important for the performance of quicksort
- **Example:** If we always choose the first element of the array as pivot, given an already sorted array, quicksort will run in $O(N^2)$ → sum of arithmetic series $1 + 2 + \dots + N = N(N+1) / 2 \in O(N^2)$
- **Example:** If we somehow always select the median element of array as pivot (best case), quicksort will run in $O(N \log N)$ → similar to merge sort, divide in half; height of recursion tree is $O(\log_2 N)$, while partition runs in $O(N)$ per level
- **Goal:** Choose pivot that makes two nearly balanced partitions
- **Solution:** Choose pivot randomly; each item has equal chance to be chosen
- Random pivots are pretty good, often enough
- Getting a 25-75 split is usually good enough; half of the array elements give a 25-75 split or better, if used as a pivot
- Running time depends on the quality of pivot

Quick Sort Complexity:

- Memory: $O(1)$ \rightarrow using in-place partition

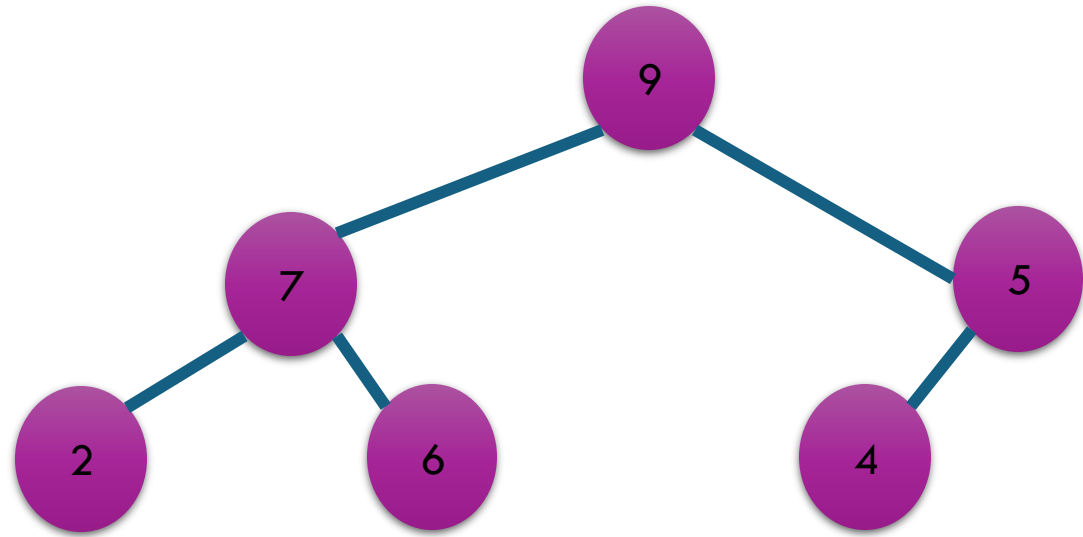
Heap Sort

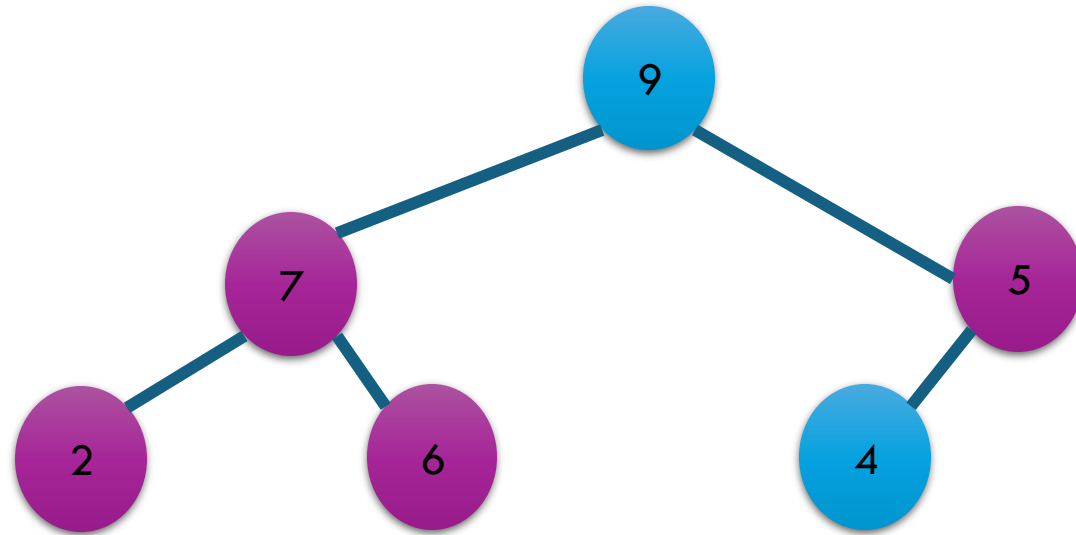
Heap sort

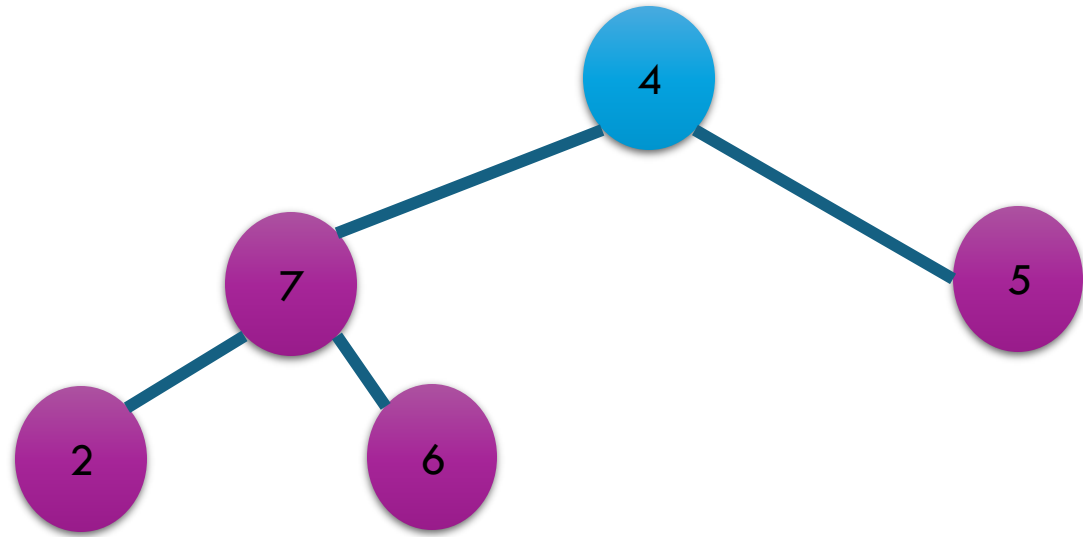
- **heap sort:** an algorithm to sort an array of N elements by turning the array into a heap, then doing a `remove` N times
 - the elements will come out in sorted order!
 - we can put them into a new sorted array
 - what is the runtime?

A max-heap

- the heaps shown have been minimum heaps because the elements come out in ascending order
- a *max-heap* is the same thing, but with the elements in descending order

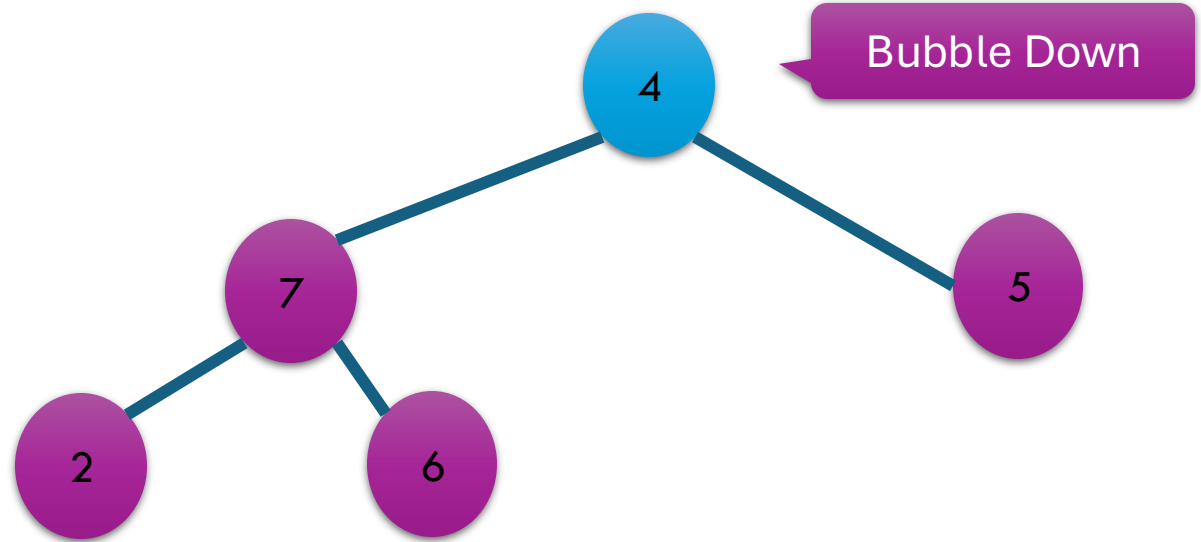






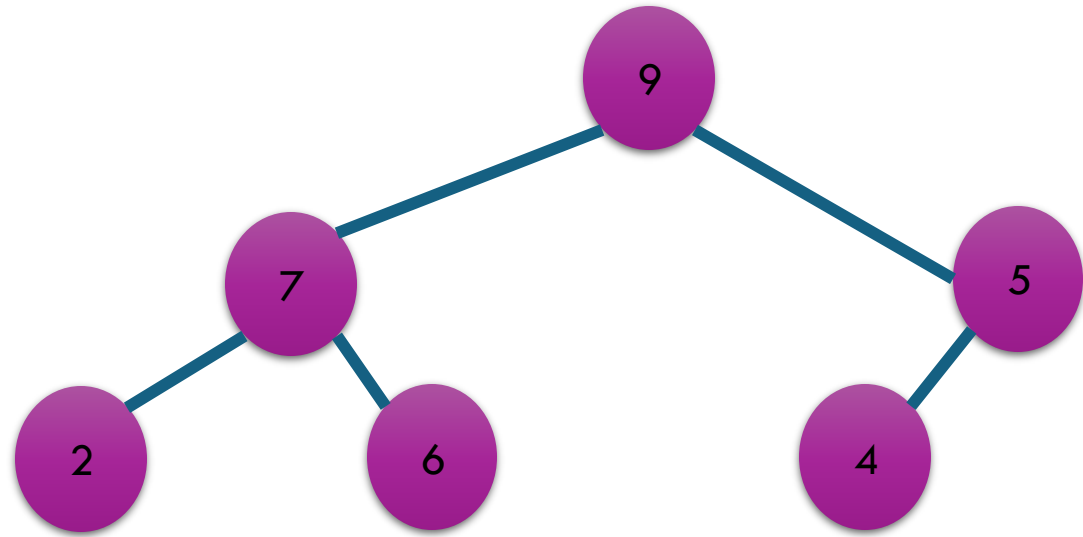


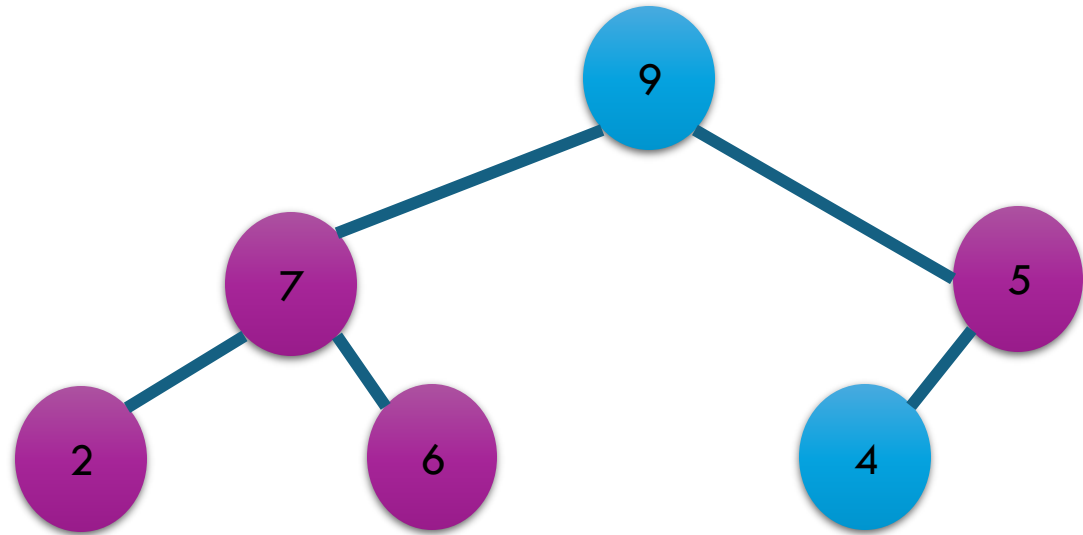
9

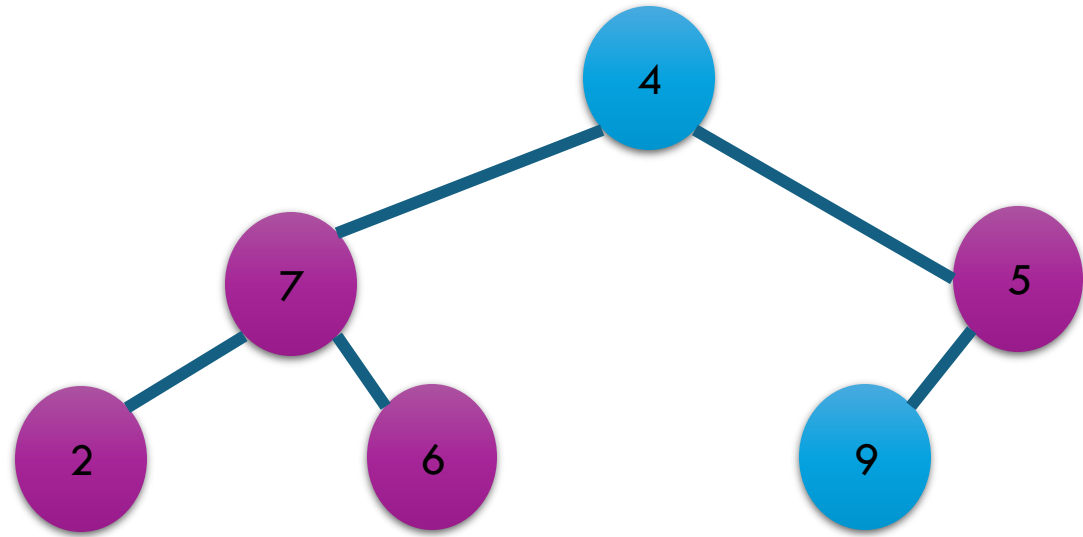


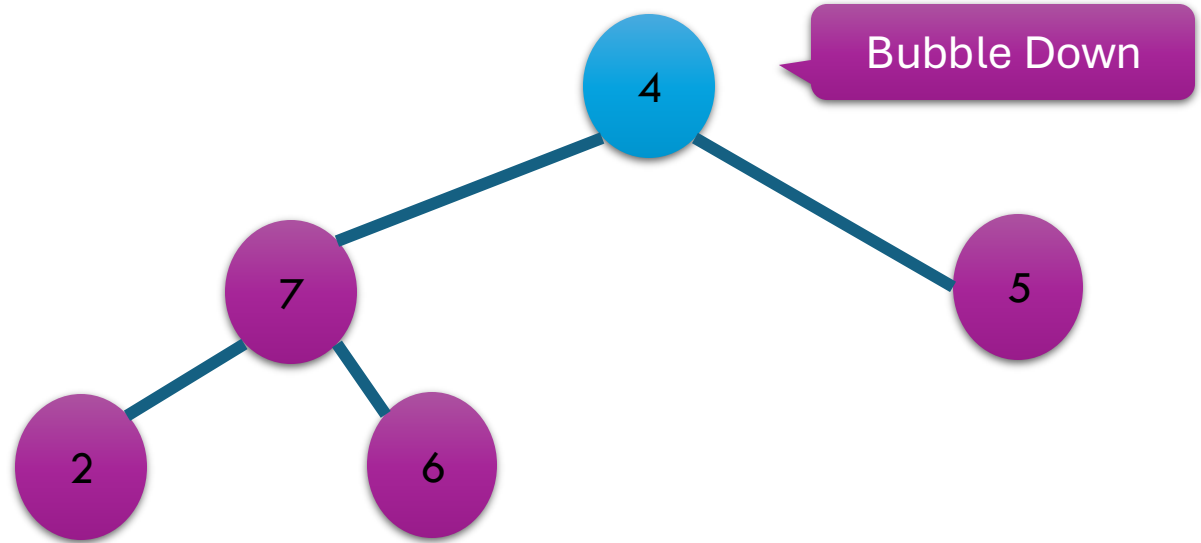
Improved heap sort

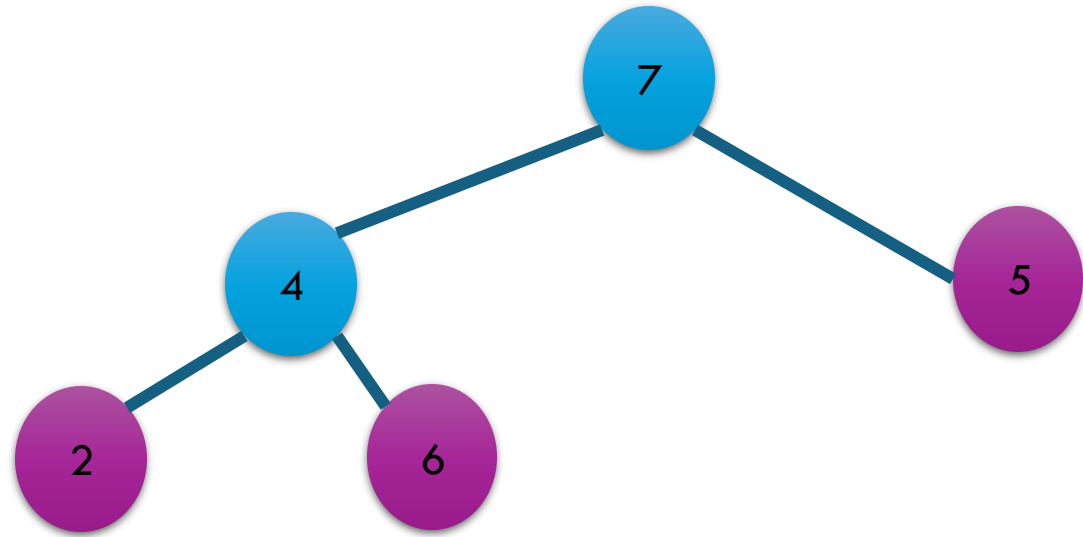
- the heap sort shown requires a second array
- we can use a max-heap to implement an improved version of heap sort that needs no extra storage
 - $O(n \log n)$ runtime
 - no external storage required!
 - useful on low-memory devices
 - elegant

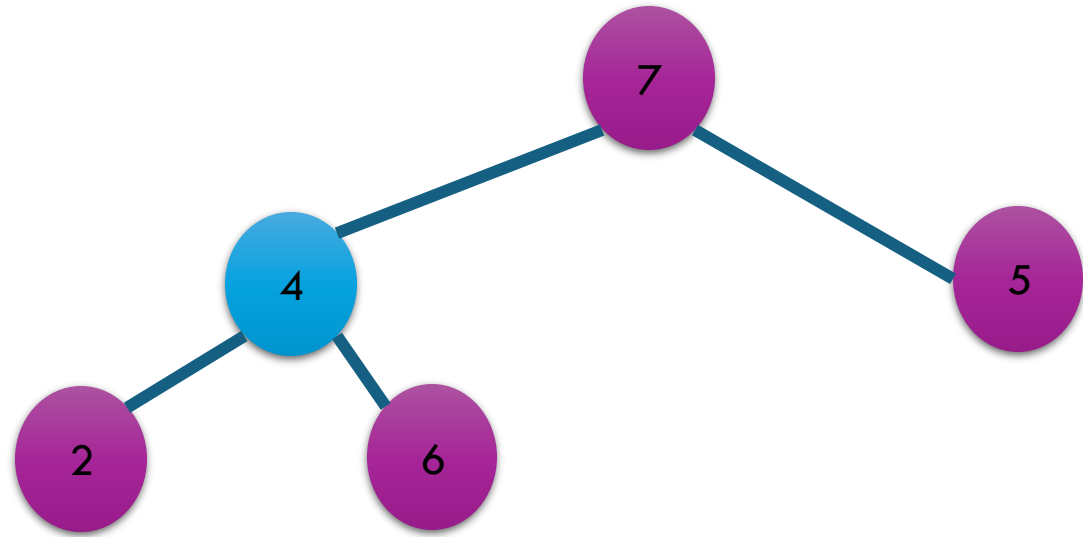


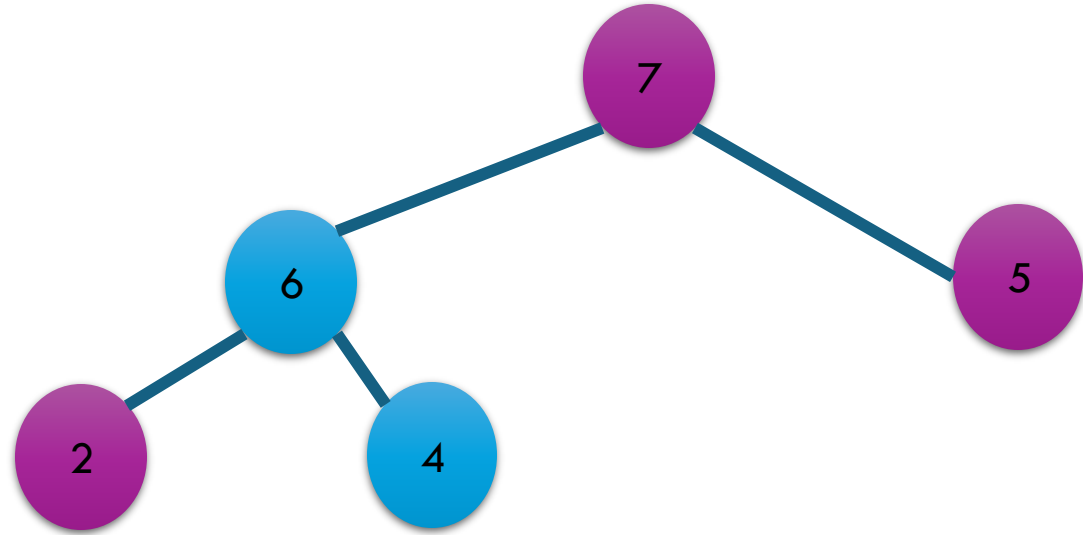


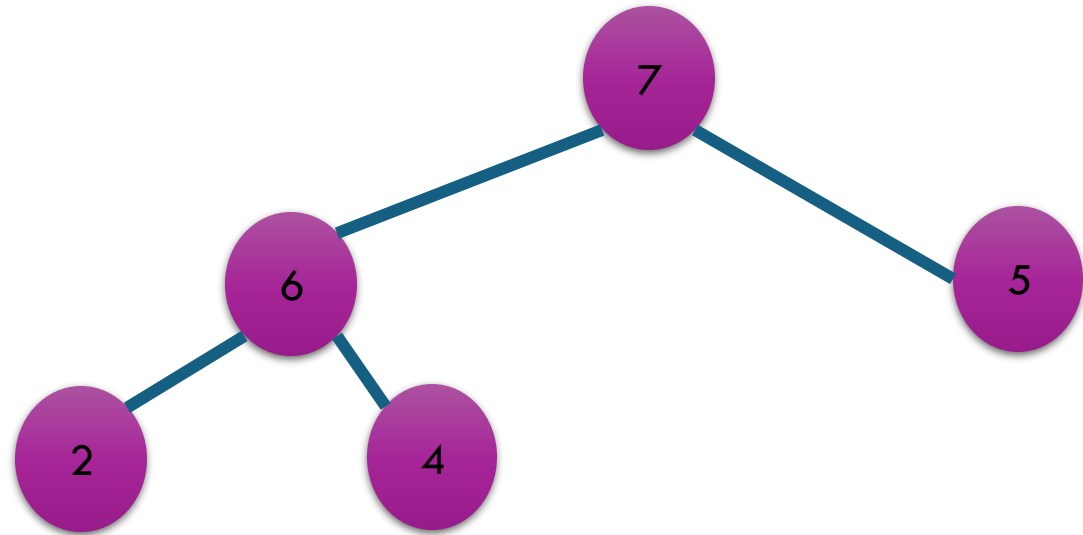


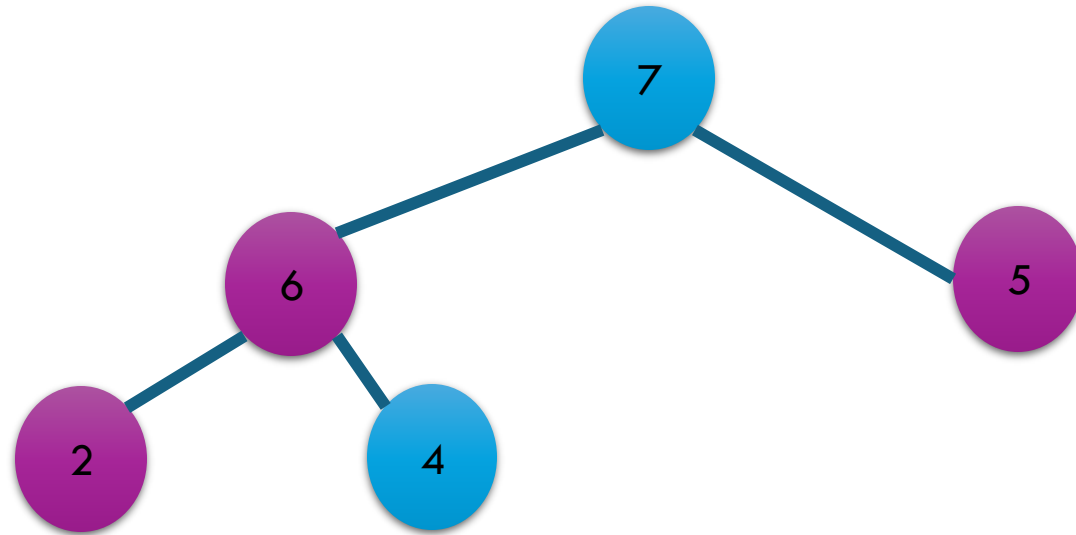


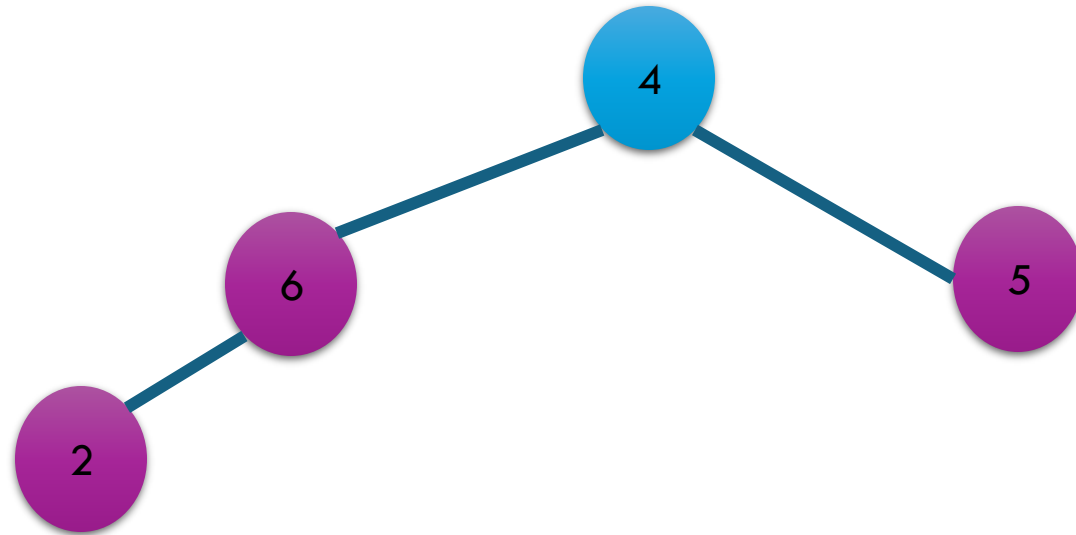


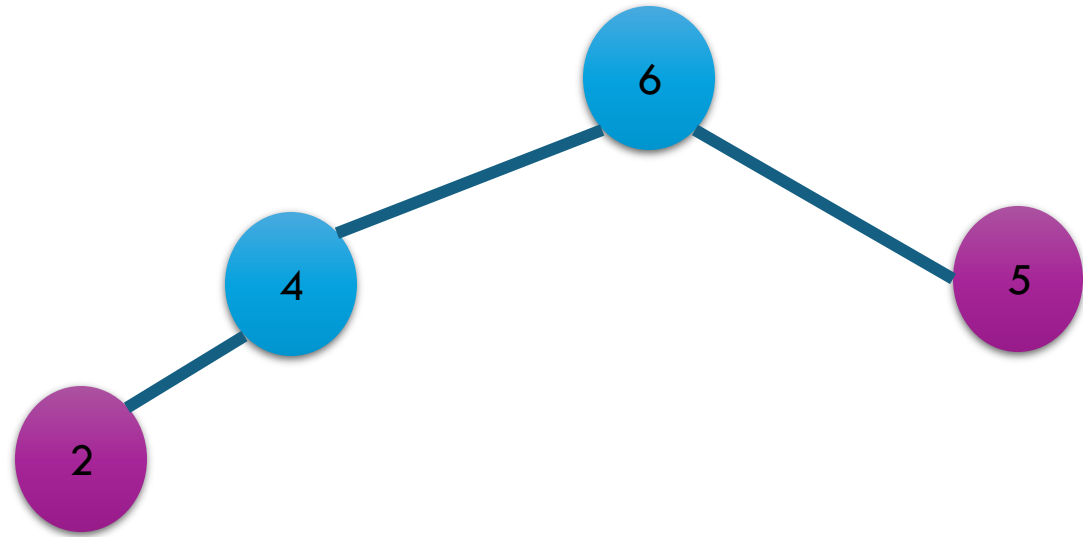


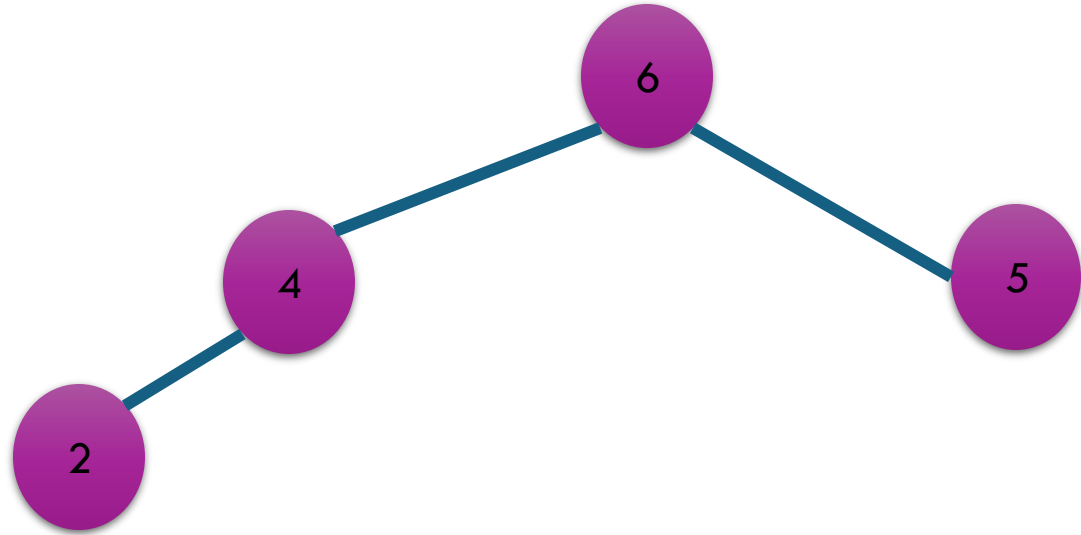


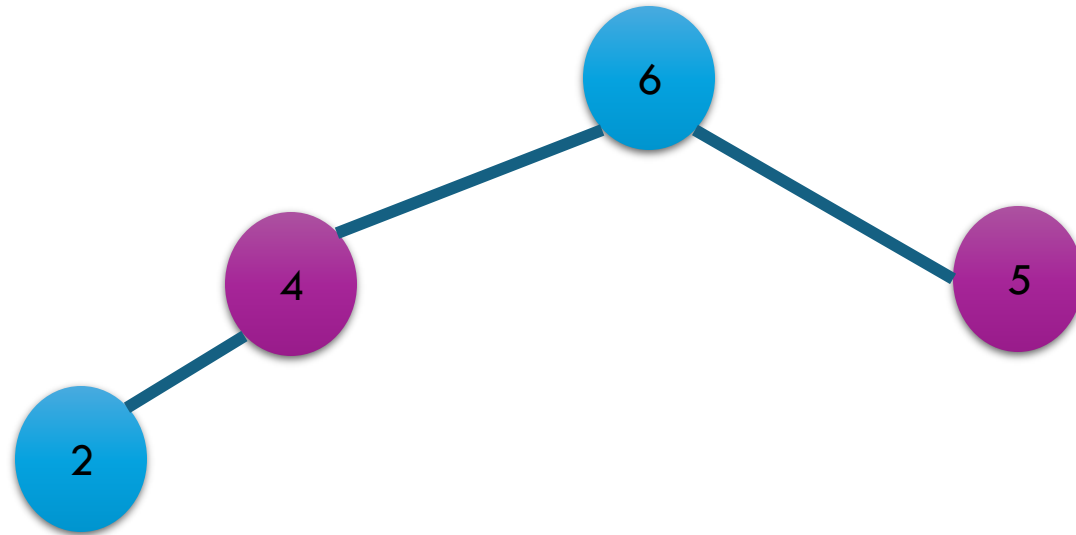


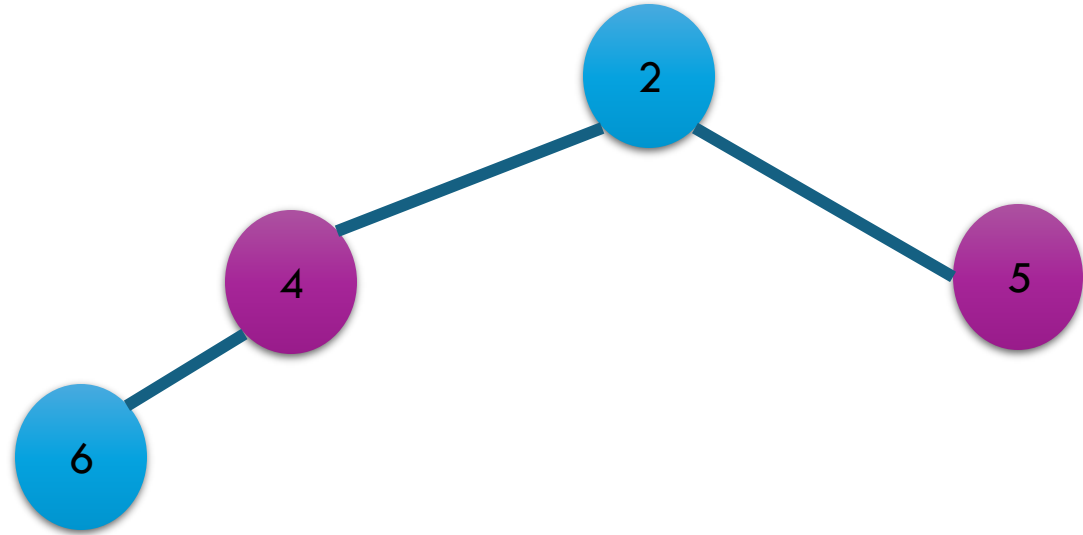


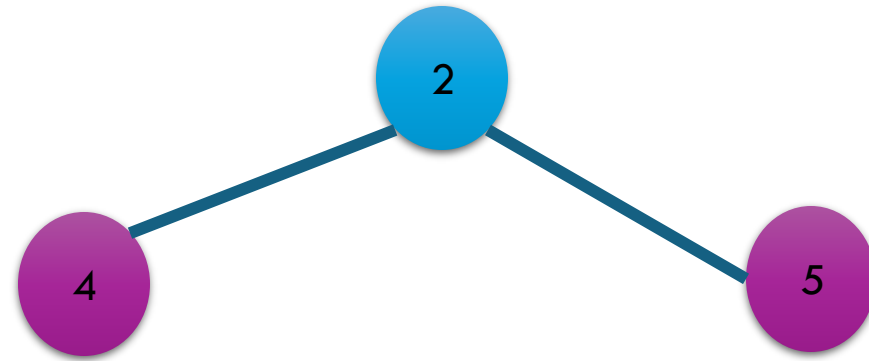


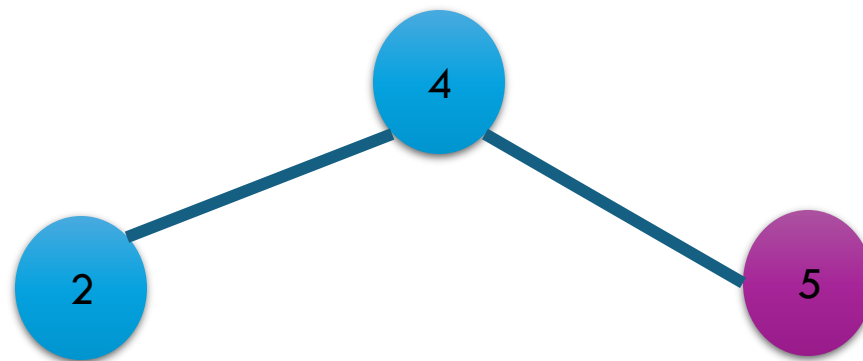


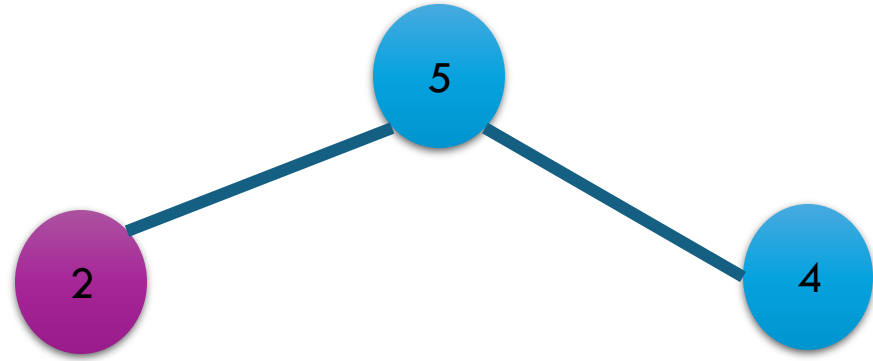


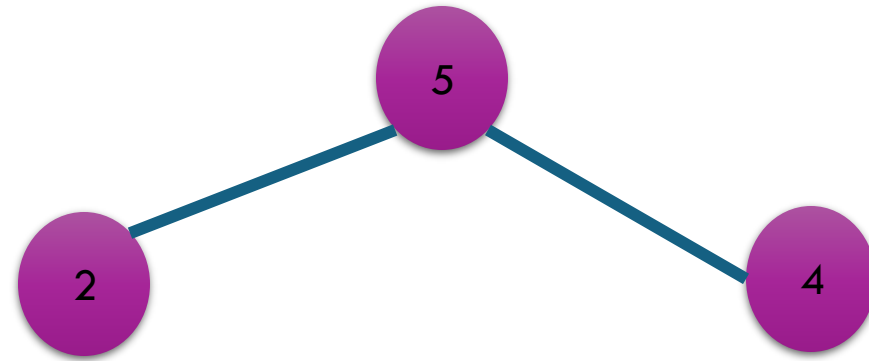
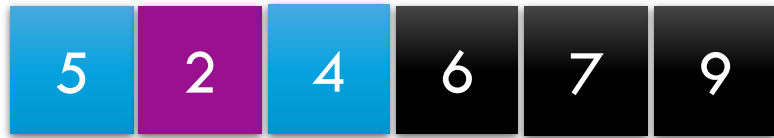


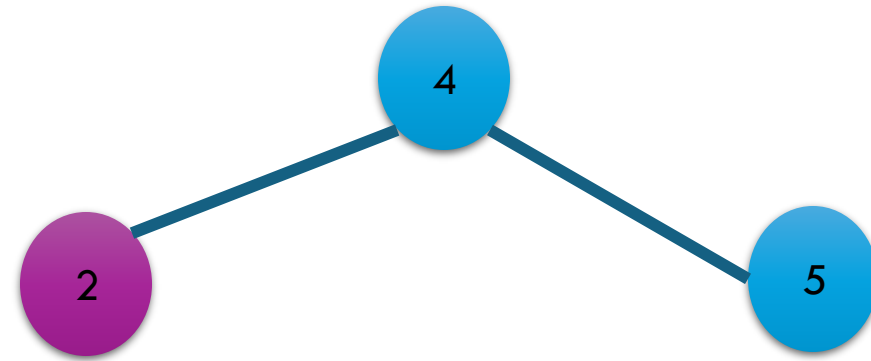


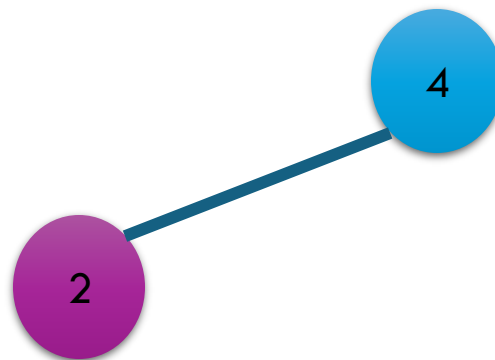
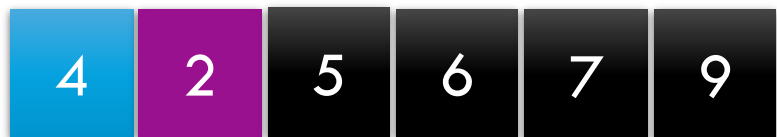


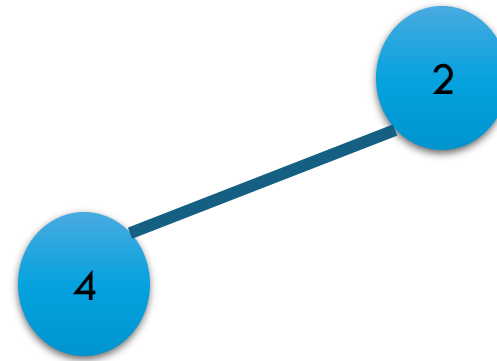














2	4	5	6	7	9
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What's the running time of heapsort?

What's the running time of heapsort?

- Presorting, or building the initial heap would require $O(n)$ time
- Then for the Heapsort, it would require $O(n \log n)$
- Everytime we remove an element (the max element), it performs the downheap operation to maintain the heap ordering, which has a complexity of $O(\log n)$
- For every node n in the heap, removeMin of $\log n$, so $n * \log n$

Quiz

Sort the following using quicksort. Show each step.
Count the total number of timesteps to complete the task.

57	64	70	85	13	22	39	48
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Quicksort(A, start, end):

if(start < end):

pIndex = Partition(A, start, end)

Quicksort(A, start, pIndex-1)

Quicksort(A, pIndex+1, end)

Partition(A, start, end):

pivot = A[end]

pIndex = start

for i=start to end-1:

if A[i] <= pivot:

swap(A[i], A[pIndex])

pIndex = pIndex+1

swap(A[pIndex], pivot)

return pIndex