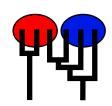
migrate sim

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference Migrate-n version 3.6.4 [2177]

Compiled for a SYMMETRIC MULTIPROCESSORS

Program started at Thu Mar 20 16:43:49 2014 Program finished at Thu Mar 20 16:55:44 2014



Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 967600320

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from the FST-calculation

M values were generated from the FST-calculation

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population 1 2 1 Pop__0 * * 2 Pop__1 * *

Order of parameters:

1	Θ_1	<displayed></displayed>
2	Θ_2	<displayed></displayed>
3	$M_{2->1}$	<displayed></displayed>
4	$M_{1->2}$	<displayed></displayed>

Mutation rate among loci: Mutation rate is constant for all loci

Analysis strategy: Bayesian inference

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Metropolis sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Bins Minimum Mean* Maximum Delta Theta Uniform 0.000000 2.500000 5.000000 0.500000 1500 Uniform 100.000000 M 0.000000 500.000000 1000.000000 1500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains1Recorded steps [a]5000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]1Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]500000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)10000

Print options:

Data file:

Output file:

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

Print data:

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

infile.twopop.20loci

outfile.twoloci.20loci

bayesfile

No

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data Number of loci: 20

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 Pop0	1	20
	2	20
	3	20
	4	20
	5	20
	6	20
	7	20
	8	20
	9	20
	10	20
	11	20
	12	20
	13	20
	14	20
	15	20
	16	20
	17	20
	18	20
	19	20
	20	20
2 Pop1	1	20
	2	20
	3	20
	4	20
	5	20
	6	20
	7	20
	8	20
	9	20
	10	20
	11	20
	12	20
	13	20
	14	20
	15	20
	16	20

			ligrate sim 4
	17	20	
	18	20	
	19	20	
	20	20	
Total of all populations	1	40	
	2	40	
	3	40	
	4	40	
	5	40	
	6	40	
	7	40	
	8	40	
	9	40	
	10	40	
	11	40	
	12	40	
	13	40	
	14	40	
	15	40	
	16	40	
	17	40	
	18	40	
	19	40	
	20	40	

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.04000	0.13333	0.19500	0.26000	0.48667	0.22167	0.24462
1	Θ_2	0.00000	0.10333	0.21833	0.35000	1.82000	0.30500	0.53489
1	M _{2->1}	18.0	37.3	50.3	70.7	105.3	59.0	60.2
1	M _{1->2}	44.0	84.0	111.0	138.0	326.0	124.3	170.4
2	Θ_1	0.00000	0.09000	0.18167	0.29333	1.02333	0.25167	0.36829
2	Θ_2	0.13000	0.28667	0.37833	0.47000	0.69333	0.39833	0.41062
2	M _{2->1}	39.3	185.3	230.3	269.3	412.0	211.7	212.1
2	M _{1->2}	0.0	10.7	21.7	36.0	110.0	47.7	49.5
3	Θ_1	0.07667	0.17000	0.22833	0.29333	0.46333	0.25167	0.26145
3	Θ_2	0.00000	0.07667	0.13500	0.19000	0.34667	0.15167	0.16208
3	M _{2->1}	0.0	0.0	0.3	14.0	64.0	14.3	22.2
3	M _{1->2}	0.0	16.0	35.0	57.3	179.3	49.7	68.0
4	Θ_1	0.09000	0.18333	0.24500	0.30333	0.46000	0.26167	0.26821
4	Θ_2	0.15667	0.26667	0.34167	0.42667	0.64333	0.37167	0.38407
4	M _{2->1}	0.0	0.0	8.3	16.0	45.3	16.3	15.5
4	M _{1->2}	0.0	0.0	0.3	10.0	34.0	10.3	10.6
5	Θ_1	0.07000	0.16333	0.23167	0.30333	0.48333	0.25500	0.26590
5	Θ_2	0.04000	0.12667	0.18500	0.25000	0.41667	0.20833	0.21652
5	M _{2->1}	0.0	0.0	0.3	11.3	68.7	11.7	21.5
5	M _{1->2}	0.0	12.7	24.3	36.7	67.3	29.7	31.1
6	Θ_1	0.02333	0.09667	0.14833	0.19667	0.29000	0.15500	0.15565
6	Θ_2	0.10000	0.21000	0.40500	0.81000	3.32000	0.76167	1.28525
6	M _{2->1}	6.7	24.7	37.0	50.7	76.7	41.0	41.5
6	M _{1->2}	30.7	72.0	98.3	127.3	184.7	104.3	106.5
7	Θ_1	0.00000	0.00000	0.08833	0.87000	2.33667	2.24500	2.27161
7	Θ_2	0.24333	0.34000	0.40833	0.47333	0.62333	0.42500	0.42784
7	M _{2->1}	439.3	796.0	933.7	994.0	1000.0	802.3	768.7
7	M _{1->2}	0.0	4.7	16.3	26.0	53.3	22.3	20.9
8	Θ_1	0.05333	0.15667	0.24167	0.34667	1.07667	0.30500	0.40828

_ocus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
8	Θ_2	0.00000	0.00000	0.10167	0.68667	1.04333	1.03500	1.59134
8	M _{2->1}	189.3	206.7	238.3	302.7	504.7	290.3	317.2
8	M _{1->2}	590.7	657.3	739.7	832.7	995.3	718.3	675.4
9	Θ_1	0.10667	0.18667	0.24167	0.29000	0.40333	0.25167	0.25154
9	Θ_2	0.09667	0.12333	0.30167	0.64667	0.72667	2.47500	2.48653
9	M _{2->1}	128.0	239.3	277.7	294.7	338.7	236.3	235.3
9	M _{1->2}	431.3	611.3	702.3	794.0	994.0	715.0	719.0
10	Θ_1	0.08333	0.17667	0.23833	0.30333	0.43333	0.25500	0.25609
10	Θ_2	0.12333	0.16333	0.36500	1.33000	3.67000	1.52500	1.87703
10	M _{2->1}	62.0	84.0	111.7	142.7	254.0	129.0	142.6
10	M _{1->2}	107.3	140.7	219.7	264.7	388.7	248.3	344.6
11	Θ_1	0.00000	0.00000	0.12500	0.65333	2.52000	0.65500	1.42212
11	Θ_2	0.00000	0.03667	0.09833	0.15333	1.13000	0.12833	0.35242
11	M _{2->1}	338.0	386.7	412.3	466.7	636.0	472.3	487.7
11	M _{1->2}	216.0	328.0	421.0	488.0	712.7	445.7	471.5
12	Θ_1	0.22000	0.36000	0.45167	0.55667	0.95000	0.50167	0.54278
12	Θ_{2}	0.00000	0.02000	0.06500	0.10333	0.29000	0.08833	0.09036
12	M _{2->1}	0.0	2.0	13.7	24.7	60.7	23.0	23.5
12	M _{1->2}	87.3	127.3	162.3	258.0	634.7	279.0	312.2
13	Θ_1	0.03000	0.12333	0.17833	0.23333	0.33667	0.18500	0.18486
13	Θ_{2}	0.04333	0.10667	0.25500	0.70333	2.24000	0.66833	1.32221
13	M _{2->1}	0.0	3.3	19.7	37.3	116.7	35.0	43.5
13	M _{1->2}	44.7	62.0	88.3	134.0	265.3	123.0	139.1
14	Θ_1	0.00000	0.04000	0.08500	0.12333	0.20333	0.09500	0.08858
14	Θ_2	2.17000	4.40333	4.61833	4.79000	4.99000	2.73167	2.67254
14	M _{2->1}	87.3	131.3	158.3	189.3	245.3	164.3	165.7
14	M _{1->2}	110.7	140.0	167.7	200.0	340.0	185.0	203.1
15	Θ_1	0.13000	0.25333	0.34500	0.46000	0.85667	0.40167	0.44238
15	Θ_2	0.02000	0.10667	0.16167	0.22333	0.36333	0.18167	0.18628
15	M _{2->1}	0.0	10.0	21.0	32.0	74.7	25.7	28.5
15	M _{1->2}	0.0	12.0	25.0	40.0	98.7	33.0	38.9
16	Θ_1	0.02000	0.10667	0.16500	0.22000	0.35667	0.18167	0.18595
16	Θ_2	0.02000	0.11333	0.17500	0.24333	0.37333	0.19500	0.19703

_ocus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
16	M _{2->1}	0.0	4.0	19.0	34.0	86.0	31.0	35.4
16	M _{1->2}	0.0	0.0	7.0	14.7	41.3	15.0	14.0
17	Θ_1	0.00000	0.07333	0.11167	0.18000	0.41667	0.20167	0.20097
17	Θ_2	0.02333	0.08333	0.15500	0.29333	0.55000	0.25500	0.27189
17	M _{2->1}	0.0	4.0	17.7	30.0	337.3	27.0	75.9
17	M _{1->2}	0.0	1.3	14.3	26.0	80.0	24.3	29.1
18	Θ_1	0.13333	0.15333	0.39833	1.46333	3.04000	1.95167	2.14098
18	Θ_2	0.15667	0.27000	0.34833	0.45000	0.66333	0.38833	0.39760
18	M _{2->1}	50.7	106.0	139.7	180.0	414.0	159.0	190.8
18	M _{1->2}	11.3	24.0	35.0	47.3	80.0	40.3	42.5
19	Θ_1	0.14000	0.28333	0.36167	0.44333	0.69667	0.38500	0.40751
19	Θ_2	0.00000	0.07000	0.12833	0.19333	0.49000	0.15833	0.18630
19	M _{2->1}	0.0	2.0	14.3	26.7	66.7	25.0	25.5
19	M _{1->2}	0.0	3.3	31.0	76.7	184.0	74.3	223.2
20	Θ_1	0.00000	0.06000	0.10500	0.14667	0.22000	0.11167	0.11001
20	Θ_2	0.02667	0.10000	0.15167	0.20000	0.30667	0.16167	0.16343
20	M _{2->1}	0.0	8.0	21.0	34.7	78.0	29.0	31.6
20	M _{1->2}	0.0	0.0	7.7	16.0	44.0	16.3	16.1
All	Θ_1	0.12333	0.17667	0.21833	0.25333	0.31000	0.22167	65.26533
All	Θ_2	0.12667	0.18667	0.22833	0.26667	0.32667	0.23167	68.61545
All	M _{2->1}	0.0	8.7	16.3	23.3	32.7	17.7	24.8
All	M _{1->2}	5.3	18.0	26.3	34.0	46.0	27.0	39.5

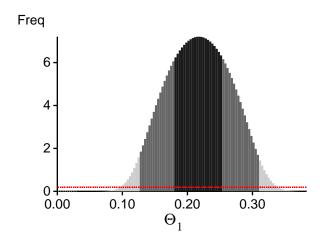
Citation suggestions:

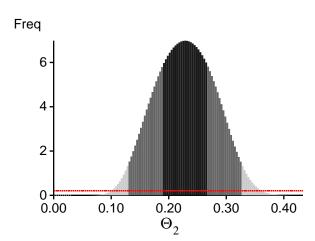
Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

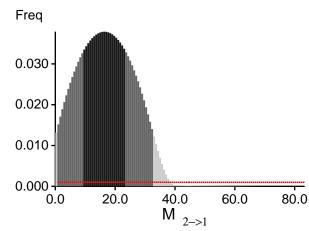
Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968.

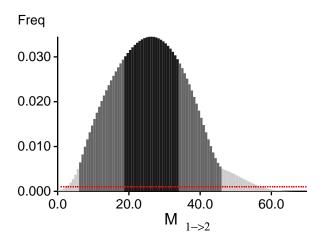
Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution over all loci









Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[In(Prob(D | thisModel) - In(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (In(Prob(D | thisModel) - In(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Locus	Raw thermodynamic score(1a)	Bezier approximation score(1b)	Harmonic mean(2)
1	_	_	-836.95
2	_	_	-970.37
3	_	_	-669.72
4	_	_	-932.91
5	_	_	-847.84
6	_	_	-767.52
7	_	_	-851.12
8	_	_	-852.83
9	_	_	-786.80
10	<u> </u>	_	-933.93
11	_	_	-706.58
12	<u> </u>	_	-872.28
13	<u>—</u>	_	-709.28
14	<u> </u>	_	-661.93
15	<u>—</u>	_	-931.28
16	<u> </u>	_	-757.23
17	<u> </u>	_	-827.46
18	<u> </u>	_	-1062.37
19	_	_	-857.80
20	_	_	-640.78
All			-16418.34

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains [Scaling factor = 58.657125

Citation suggestions:					
Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among					
multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.					

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	556777/1248862	0.44583
Θ_2	696225/1250764	0.55664
$M^2_{2\rightarrow 1}$	452617/1251721	0.36160
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	535936/1250093	0.42872
Genealogies	285872/4998560	0.05719

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.67188	20736.85
Θ_2	0.67187	21130.75
M 2->1	0.91000	4865.63
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	0.93264	3540.20
Ln[Prob(D G)]	0.93957	3119.96

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.

Param 3 (Locus 7): Upper prior boundary seems too low! Param 2 (Locus 14): Upper prior boundary seems too low!