COSC 4780
Principles of Programming Langauges

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Cartesian Product: $A \times B = \{(a,b) | a \in A \text{ and } b \in B\}$

Relations: A relation is a set of tuples all taken from the same Cartesian product. If the relation has two elements, it is known as a binary relation, and we can generalize a binary relation R as aRb instead of $a,b \in R$ even though both notations are correct.

Functions: A function is a special relation where for every element in A, it will asign to a unique element in B. A function can be either partial (where it assigns at most one b value) or total (it yields a value for every argument in its domain).

Properties of an Equivalence Relation: In order to be an equivalence relation, a relation must be reflexive (xRx for $x \in A$), symmetric (xRy - yRx for $x, y \in A$), and transitive ($xRy \wedge yRz - xRz$ for $x, y, z \in A$)