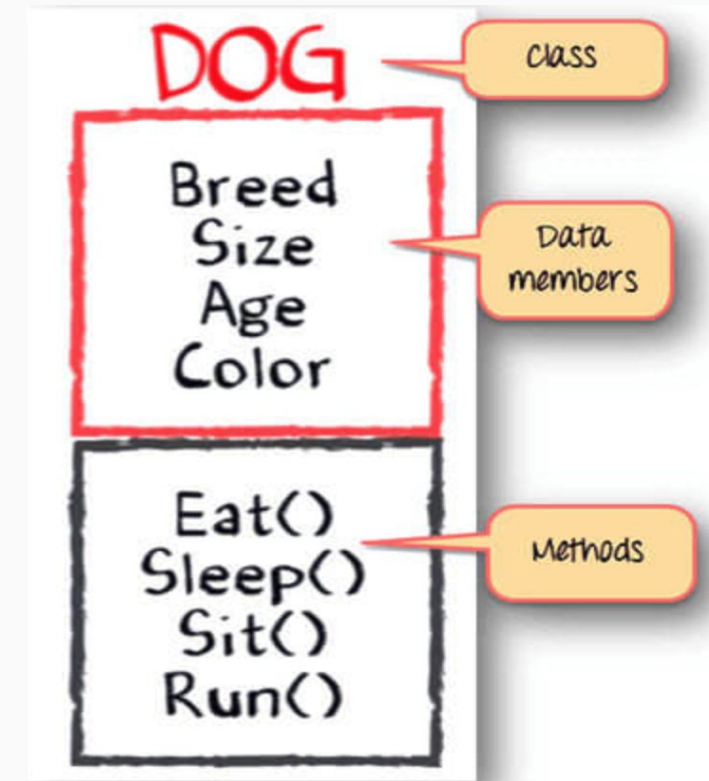




Custom Class: Class & Object

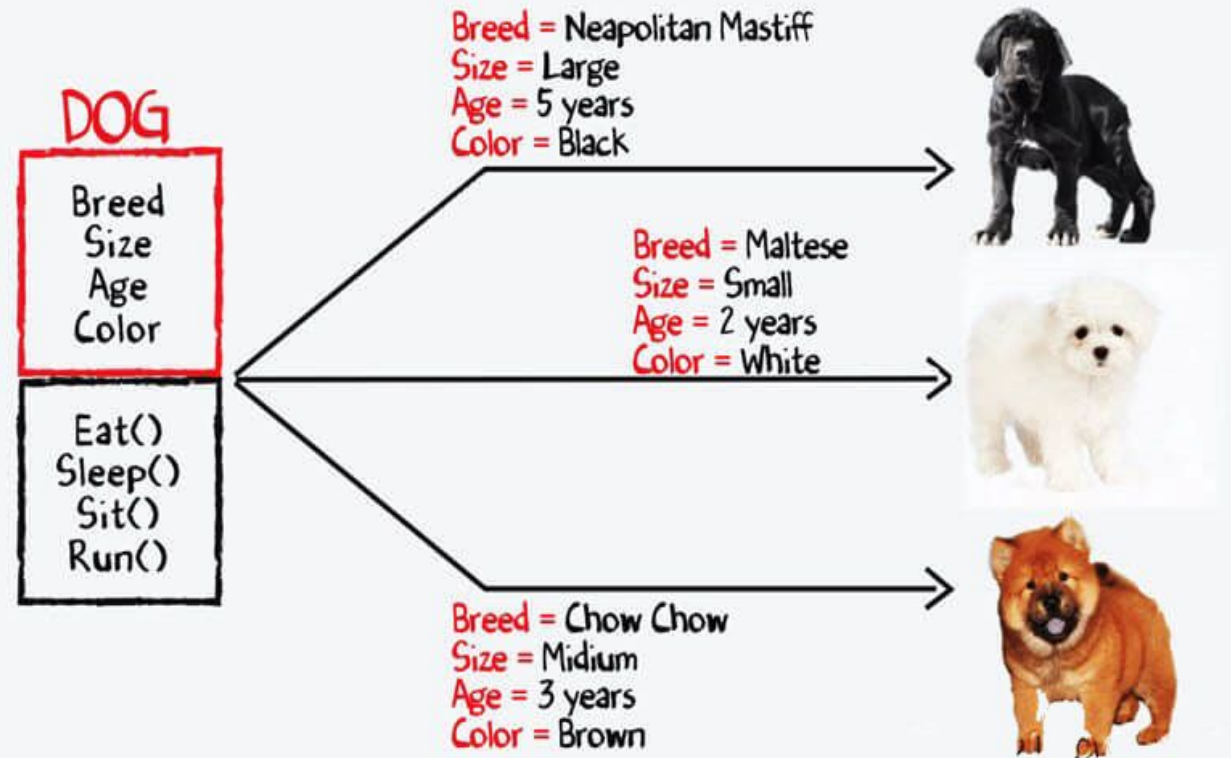
Class

- Where Objects came from
- An entity that determines how an object will behave and what the object will contain
- A **blueprint** or set of instruction to build a specific type of Object

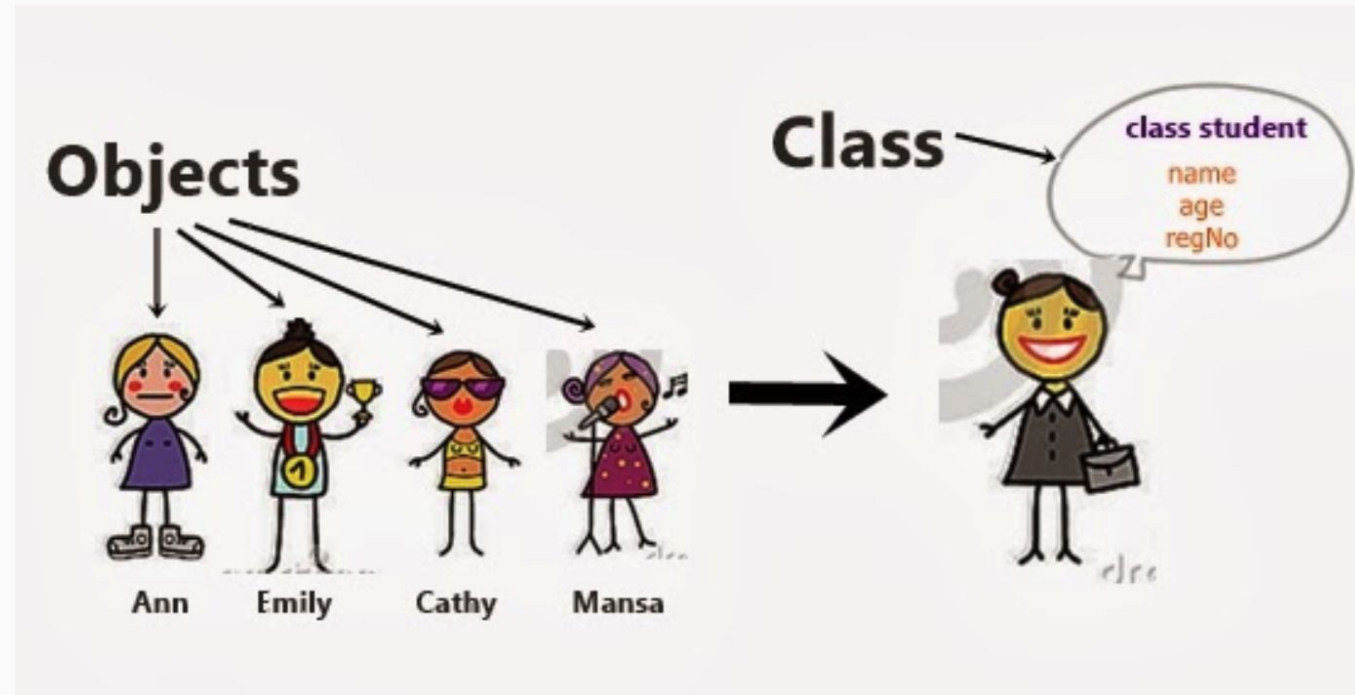
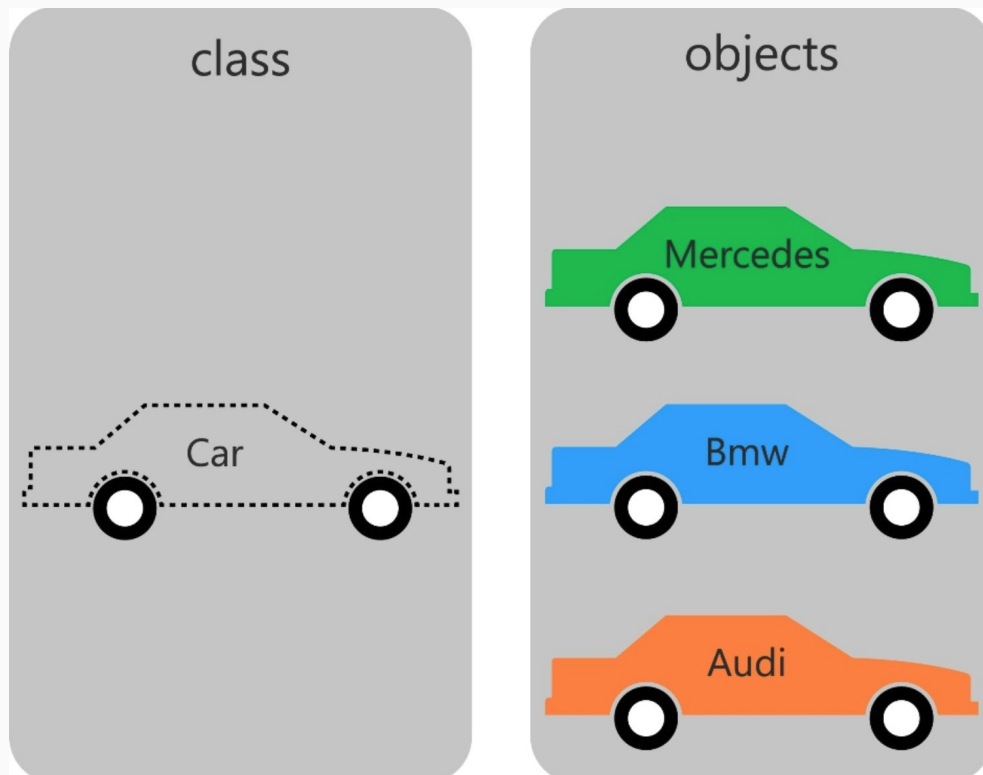


Object

- Instance of a class
- An object can store data
- The data stored in an object are called **fields**
- Multiple objects can be created from a class



Class & Object Examples



Writing a Custom Class

Class Name	Dog
Fields (Attributes)	name breed size age color ...
Methods (Actions)	eat() drink() play() ...

Access
Modifier

keyword

Class
Name

```
public class Dog{  
  
    public String name;  
    public String breed;  
    public String size;  
    public int age;  
    public String color;  
  
    public void eat(){  
        System.out.println(name+" is eating dog food");  
    }  
  
    public void drinking(){  
        System.out.println(name+" is drinking water");  
    }  
  
    public void play(){  
        System.out.println(name+" is playing");  
    }  
  
}
```

Instance Variables

- Declared inside the class and outside any methods/blocks
- Belongs to the object, and each object has its own memory
- Each Object has a **separate** copy of the instance variable

```
public class Dog{  
  
    public String name;  
    public String breed;  
    public String size;  
    public int age;  
    public String color;  
  
}
```

Instance Methods

- Does not have **static** keyword
- Belongs to the object
- Each Object has a **separate** copy of the instance methods

```
public void eat(){
    System.out.println(name+" is eating dog food")
}

public void drink(){
    System.out.println(name+" is drinking water")
}

public void play(){
    System.out.println(name+" is playing")
}
```

Creating an Object/Instance

- The **new** keyword is used to create an instance of a class

```
Dog dog1 = new Dog();
```

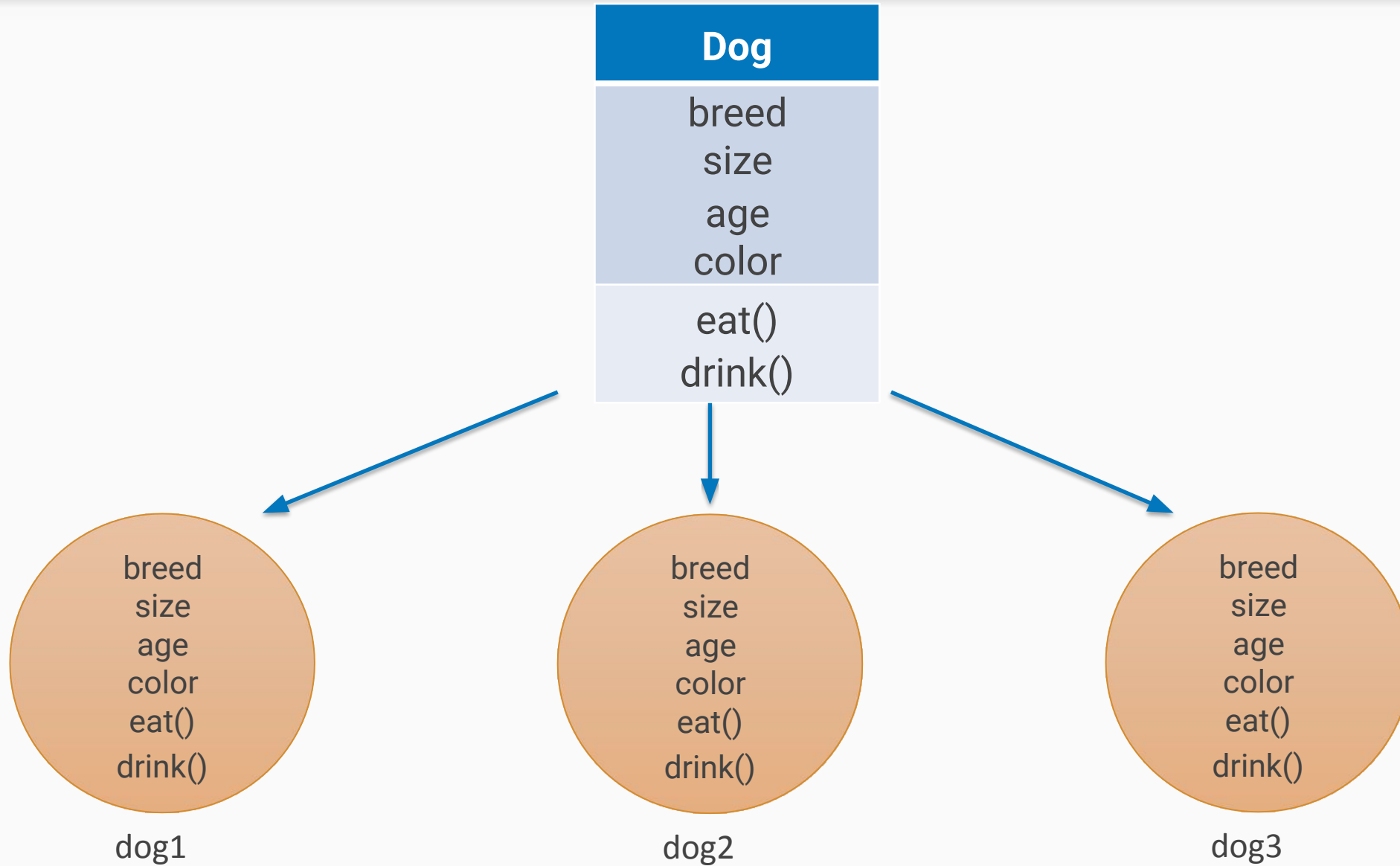
Class Name

Object Name

Keyword

Constructor

Instances



Accessing an object's Data and Methods

- An Object's members refer to its data fields and methods. After object is created its data can be accessed and its methods can be invoked using the **dot operator (.)**

```
dog1.breed = "Maltese";  
dog1.size = "Small";  
dog1.age = 2;  
dog1.color = "white";  
  
dog1.eat();  
dog1.play();
```

Class vs Object

Class	Object
Class is a collection of similar objects	Object is an instance of a class
Class is conceptual (is a template)	Object is real
No memory is allocated for a class	Each object has its own memory
Class can exist without any objects	Objects can not exist without a class