Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)

A formalized framework describing activities and steps to develop/build software.

- Includes **6 steps/phases** steps to plan, design, develop, and test high quality software:
- 1. Requirement Gathering
- 2. Design
- 3. Development/Coding
- 4. Testina
- 5. Production (Deployment/Release)
- 6. Maintenance

Requirement

A **requirement** is a specification of a business need that can include functions, behaviors, and qualities of a product, service, process, or practice.

The client/stakeholders provide requirements.

In agile, requirements are the user stories.

Software Testing

Process of verifying that a program functions properly, Evaluate the quality of the application by comparing expected and the actual result.

- Expected result is matching actual result. Compare actual results against SRS document
- Process to assure the quality of a software
- The goal is to prevent & identify any bugs in the app
- Verify if the actual software meets the client's expected requirements

Manual Testing

In Manual Testing, Testers manually execute test cases using manual testing tools.

- Manually testing software for defects;
- Tester plays the role of an end-user;
- Test all features to ensure the correct behavior.

When to conduct the Manual Testing?

- Expensive to do automation;
- Need for human judgment;
- Ongoing needs for human intervention;
- Starting a project newly.

Verification (Static Testing)

Human-based checking/testing of **documents**. Does **NOT** involve code or project E.g.: verify SRS doc, design doc, etc ...

Static Testing includes 2 steps:

- 1. Requariment Gathering
- 2. Design

How to test documents?

- Review
- Walk through
- Inspection

Validation (Dynamic Testing)

Process of verifying the software and its features
Actual **code and software** execution
Computer-based testing the application (Automation)
Also, involve human-based testing the application

Dynamic Testing includes 2 steps:

- 3. Development/Coding
- **4.** Testing

How to test code and app?
White Box Testing / Black Box Testing / Grey Box Test

Software Environment (Env)

Environments are the **different versions of the software**, and each env has a different purpose to use.

Example:

Dev Envhttp://dev.restaurant.comTest Envhttp://qa.restaurant.comStaging Envhttp://stg.restaurant.comProductionhttps://restaurant.com

Dev Environment (Developer's workstation)

Changes are made in this environment (new feature, bug fix, etc);

Unit & Integration testings are performed;

After the tests are passed, the items are deployed/moved to one or more test environments.

Example:

http://dev.amazon.com

QA Environment (Testers's workstation)

Tester's environment to **test Functional & non-Functional** parts of the app;

Smoke testing was also performed in the QA Env;

Regression testing - it depends. in QA Env or Stg Env.

Example:

http://qa.amazon.com

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SDLC	Requirement	Software Testing
Manual Testing	Verification	Validation
Software Environment	Dev Environment	QA Environment

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