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2017-12-08	4.3.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	Added: A note has been added in Section 8.1 of EFX specification to provide clarity in usage of mnemonic for Boolean data types. Modified: The data type for Boolean has been updated in the UML of SWS_Efx_00355.	
			 Inclusion of Pointer to Constant (P2CONST) for SWS_Efx_00355, SWS_Efx_00309, SWS_Efx_00307 & SWS_Efx_00193 and proper categorization of Parameters as InOut for SWS_Efx_00376. 	



	Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description	
2016-11-30	4.3.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Updated the correct reference to SRS_BSW_General (SRS_BSW_00437) & (SRS_BSW_00448) for SWS_Efx_00810 & SWS_Efx_00822 requirements. Updated EFX document to support MISRA 2012 standard. (Removed redundant statements in SWS_Efx_00809 which already exist in SWS_BSW document and SWS_SRS document) Updated SWS_Efx_00275 & SWS_Efx_00276 to provide more clarity on resolution of parameters. Updated SWS_Efx_00278 & SWS_Efx_00279 to provide more clarity on rounding and minimum value of Param_cpcst->SlopeXXX_u32 * dT_s32. Provided the correct IT number. Updated the section 8.5.3.1 for Structure definitions for controller routines. 	



	Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description	
			 Updated SWS_Efx_00240, SWS_Efx_00243, SWS_Efx_00246, SWS_Efx_00250, SWS_Efx_00253 & SWS_Efx_00256 to correct the case sensitivity for the function name. Section 2 has been revisited to update Default Error Tracer instead of Development Error tracer. 	
			 Removed: Removal of Efx_ISetParam from BSW uml model which is obsolete. Removed the duplicated trace environments for SWS_Efx_00520 & SWS_Efx_00525. Removed the requirements that are marked as Deprecated. (8.5.1.2 Second computation, SWS_Efx_00009 - SWS_Efx_00011, SWS_Efx_00041 - SWS_Efx_00043, SWS_Efx_00295 - SWS_Efx_00354, SWS_Efx_00354, SWS_Efx_00345, SWS_Efx_003460, SWS_Efx_00461 & 8.5.14 	
2015-07-31	4.2.2	AUTOSAR	Efx_DeadTime) Modified:	
2013-07-31	7.2.2	Release Management	 Updated the requirement ID for SWS_Efx_00033 as per the convention Updated requirement ID SWS_Efx_00436 (UML) for OutTypeMn as per the standard convention Updated SWS_Efx_00001 for naming convention under Section 5.1, File Structure Updated SWS_Efx_00365 to correct the data type of input parameters 	



Document Change History			
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Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
			 Service ID[hex] for SWS_Efx_00405, SWS_Efx_00410 & SWS_Efx_00412 Input & Output range has been modified for SWS_Efx_00187 Statement on rounding was updated for SWS_Efx_00441 Comment for structure element "n" has been updated for SWS_Efx_00204 & SWS_Efx_00836. Data type of "n" has been modified for SWS_Efx_00204.
2014-03-31	4.1.3	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Modified: Rounding mechanism was updated for HpFilter, Average, Array_Average & MovingAverage functions. Added: A note below SWS_Efx_00307 for Efx_RampGetSwitchPos function.
2013-10-31	4.1.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Deprecated: Efx_DeadTime function Removed: Requirements for Efx_SlewRate, Efx_RampCalc and Efx_RampCalcJump functions Added: SWS_Efx_00837 for Efx_RampCalc function Modified: Descriptions of Efx_RampCalc and



Document Change History			
Release	Changed by	Change Description	
4.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Added 8-bit and 16-bit variants for Hysteresis functions Formulae modified for Hypotenuse functions Second computation First-order low-pass filter functions are deprecated Inequalities are corrected for Efx_HystLeftRight, Efx_HystDeltaRight, Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta functions Description and requirements are modified for Efx_Div, Efx_Debounce, Efx_HystLeftDelta, Efx_SortAscend, Efx_SortDescend, Efx_EdgeBipol, Efx_Hysteresis, Efx_MovingAverage functions Description of the in-parameter corrected for Efx_DebounceSetParam, Efx_Debounce functions Physical range of 'fac' parameter is modified in LpFilter First computation Renamed RS_FlipFlop function for removing the post-fixes Added SWS_Efx_00823 for Integral promotion Modified syntax for Efx_Gt, Efx_Debounce functions Corrected for 'DependencyOnArtifact' 	
	Release	Release Changed by 4.1.1 AUTOSAR	



	Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description	
2011-12-22	4.0.3	AUTOSAR Administration	 Initialization functionality introduced for 'Counter Routines' Interface for Efx_CtrlSetLimit corrected Efx_MovingAverage routine interface corrected Efx_RampCalcSwitch routine definition and requirements updated for correct behavior Interface for Efx_Debounce_u8_u8 routine updated Updated parameter sequences for DT1 and PI controller routines. Name revised for Efx_PCalc routine Description correct for Efx_DebounceParam_Type and Efx_DebounceParam_Type and Efx_DebounceState_Type Interface table corrected for Efx_Div routine Interface table corrected for Efx_MedianSort routine Error classification support and definition removed as DET call not supported by library Configuration parameter description / support removed for XXX_GetVersionInfo routine name corrected. 	
2010-09-30	3.1.5	AUTOSAR Administration	 Introduction of additional LIMITED Functions for controllers Ramp functions optimised for effective usage Separation of DT1 Type 1 and Type 2 Controller functions Introduction of additional approximative function for calculation of TeQ 	



Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
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		Administration	



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1 Introduction and functional overview

AUTOSAR Library routines are the part of system services in AUTOSAR architecture and below figure shows position of AUTOSAR library in layered architecture.

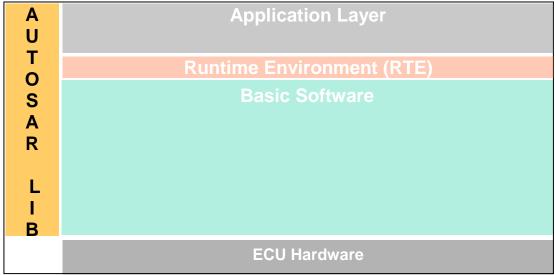


Figure: Layered architecture

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR library dedicated to extended mathematical functions for fixed-point values.

This extended mathematical library (Efx) contains the following routines:

- Moving average
- First order high pass filter
- First order low-pass filter
- Controller routines
- Square root
- Exponential
- Average
- Array Average
- Moving Average
- Hypotenuse
- Trigonometric functions
- Rate limiter functions
- Ramp routines
- Hysteresis function
- Dead Time
- Debounce
- Ascending Sort Routine
- Descending Sort Routine
- Median Sort
- Edge detection routines
- Interval routines
- Counter routines





- Flip-Flop routine
- Limiter routines
- 64 bit functions

All routines are re-entrant and can be used by multiple runnables at the same time.



2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations, which have a local scope and therefore are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary, must appear in a local glossary.

Abbreviation /	Description:
Acronym:	
Arcsin	Inverse Sine
Arccos	Inverse Cosine
BSW	Basic Software
Cos	Cosine
DET	Default Error Tracer
EFX	Extended Mathematical library – Fixed point
Hypot	Hypotenuse
HpFilter	High pass filter
LpFilterFac1	Low pass filter with a factor of 1 (included in [0, 1])
LpFilter	Low pass filter
Mn	Mnemonic
Lib	Library
Sqrt	Square root
Sin	Sine
SWS	Software Specification
SRS	Software Requirement Specification
u8	Mnemonic for the uint8, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
u16	Mnemonic for the uint16, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
u32	Mnemonic for the uint32, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
s8	Mnemonic for the sint8, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
s16	Mnemonic for the sint16, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
s32	Mnemonic for the sint32, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
s64	Mnemonic for the sint64, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes
u64	Mnemonic for the uint64, specified in AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules, AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture, AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules, AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Specification of ECU Configuration, AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [5] Basic Software Module Description Template, AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [6] Specification of Platform Types, AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes.pdf
- [7] Specification of Standard Types, AUTOSAR SWS StandardTypes.pdf
- [8] Requirement on Libraries, AUTOSAR_SRS_Libraries.pdf
- [9] Specification of Memory Mapping, AUTOSAR_SWS_MemoryMapping.pdf

3.2 Related standards and norms

[10] ISO/IEC 9899:1990 Programming Language - C



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

No limitations.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.



5 Dependencies to other modules

5.1 File structure

[SWS_Efx_00001] [The Efx module shall provide the following files:

- C files, Efx_<name>.c used to implement the library. All C files shall be prefixed with 'Efx_'.
- Header file Efx.h provides all public function prototypes and types defined by the Efx library specification | (SRS_LIBS_00005)

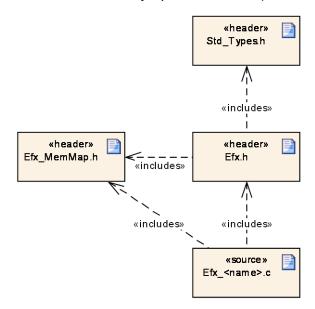


Figure: File structure

Implementation & grouping of routines with respect to C files is recommended as per below options and there is no restriction to follow the same.

Option 1 : <Name> can be function name providing one C file per function, eg.: Efx_Pt1_s32.c etc.

Option 2 : <Name> can have common name of group of functions:

- 2.1 Group by object family:
- eg.:Efx_Pt1.c, Efx_Dt1.c, Efx_Pid.c
- 2.2 Group by routine family:
- eg.: Efx_Filter.c, Efx_Controller.c, Efx_Average.c etc.
- 2.3 Group by method family:
- eg.: Efx Sin.c, Efx Exp.c, Efx Arcsin.c, etc.
- 2.4 Group by architecture:
- eg.: Efx Slewrate16.c, Efx Slewrate32.c
- 2.5 Group by other methods: (individual grouping allowed)

Option 3 : <Name> can be removed so that single C file shall contain all Efx functions, eg.: Efx.c.

Using above options gives certain flexibility of choosing suitable granularity with reduced number of C files. Linking only on-demand is also possible in case of some options.



6 Requirements traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
SRS_BSW_00003	All software modules shall provide version and identification information	SWS_Efx_00815
SRS_BSW_00007	All Basic SW Modules written in C language shall conform to the MISRA C 2012 Standard.	SWS_Efx_00809
SRS_BSW_00304	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall use the following data types instead of native C data types	SWS_Efx_00812
SRS_BSW_00306	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent	SWS_Efx_00813
SRS_BSW_00318	Each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module file shall provide version numbers in the header file	SWS_Efx_00815
SRS_BSW_00321	The version numbers of AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be enumerated according specific rules	SWS_Efx_00815
SRS_BSW_00348	All AUTOSAR standard types and constants shall be placed and organized in a standard type header file	SWS_Efx_00811
SRS_BSW_00374	All Basic Software Modules shall provide a readable module vendor identification	SWS_Efx_00814
SRS_BSW_00378	AUTOSAR shall provide a boolean type	SWS_Efx_00812
SRS_BSW_00379	All software modules shall provide a module identifier in the header file and in the module XML description file.	SWS_Efx_00814
SRS_BSW_00402	Each module shall provide version information	SWS_Efx_00814
SRS_BSW_00407	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	SWS_Efx_00815, SWS_Efx_00816
SRS_BSW_00411	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall apply a naming rule for enabling/disabling the existence of the API	SWS_Efx_00816
SRS_BSW_00437	Memory mapping shall provide the possibility to define RAM segments which are not to be initialized during startup	SWS_Efx_00810
SRS_BSW_00448	Module SWS shall not contain requirements from Other Modules	SWS_Efx_00822
SRS_LIBS_00001	The functional behavior of each library functions shall not be configurable	SWS_Efx_00818
SRS_LIBS_00002	A library shall be operational before all BSW modules and application SW-Cs	SWS_Efx_00800
SRS_LIBS_00003	A library shall be operational until the shutdown	SWS_Efx_00801
SRS_LIBS_00005	Each library shall provide one header file with its public interface	SWS_Efx_00001
SRS_LIBS_00013	The error cases, resulting in the check at runtime of the value of input parameters, shall be listed in SWS	SWS_Efx_00817, SWS_Efx_00819
SRS_LIBS_00015	It shall be possible to configure the microcontroller so that the library code is shared between all callers	SWS_Efx_00806
SRS_LIBS_00017	Usage of macros should be avoided	SWS_Efx_00807



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SRS LIBS 00018	A library function may only call library functions	SWS_Efx_00808



7 Functional specification

7.1 Error classification

[SWS_Efx_00821] [No error classification definition as DET call not supported by library

] ()

7.2 Error Detection

[SWS_Efx_00819] [Error detection: Function should check at runtime (both in production and development code) the value of input parameters, especially cases where erroneous value can bring to fatal error or unpredictable result, if they have the values allowed by the function specification. All the error cases shall be listed in SWS and the function should return a specified value (in SWS) that is not configurable. This value is dependant of the function and the error case so it is determined case by case.

If values passed to the routines are not valid and out of the function specification, then such error are not detected.

E.g. If passed value > 32 for a bit-position or a negative number of samples of an axis distribution is passed to a routine. J (SRS_LIBS_00013)

7.3 Error notification

[SWS_Efx_00817] [The functions shall not call the DET for error notification.] (SRS LIBS 00013)

7.4 Initialization and shutdown

[SWS_Efx_00800] [Efx library shall not require initialization phase. A Library function may be called at the very first step of ECU initialization, e.g. even by the OS or EcuM, thus the library shall be ready. | (SRS_LIBS_00002)

[SWS_Efx_00801] [Efx library shall not require a shutdown operation phase.] (SRS_LIBS_00003)

7.5 Using Library API

Efx API can be directly called from BSW modules or SWC. No port definition is required. It is a pure function call.

The statement 'Efx.h' shall be placed by the developer or an application code generator but not by the RTE generator

Using a library should be documented. if a BSW module or a SWC uses a Library, the developer should add an Implementation-DependencyOnArtifact in the BSW/SWC template.

minVersion and maxVersion parameters correspond to the supplier version. In case of AUTOSAR library, these parameters may be left empty because a SWC or BSW module may rely on a library behaviour, not on a supplier implementation. However, the SWC or BSW modules shall be compatible with the AUTOSAR platform where they are integrated.



7.6 library implementation

[SWS_Efx_00806] [The Efx library shall be implemented in a way that the code can be shared among callers in different memory partitions.] (SRS_LIBS_00015)

[SWS_Efx_00807] [Usage of macros should be avoided. The function should be declared as function or inline function. Macro #define should not be used.] (SRS_LIBS_00017)

[SWS_Efx_00808] [A library function shall not call any BSW modules functions, e.g. the DET. A library function can call other library functions. Because a library function shall be re-entrant. But other BSW modules functions may not be re-entrant.] (SRS_LIBS_00018)

[SWS_Efx_00809] [The library, written in C programming language, should conform to the MISRA C Standard.

Please refer to SWS_BSW_00115 for more details. J (SRS_BSW_00007)

[SWS_Efx_00810] [Each AUTOSAR library Module implementation library>*.c and library>*.h shall map their code to memory sections using the AUTOSAR memory mapping mechanism.] (SRS_BSW_00437)

[SWS_Efx_00811] [Each AUTOSAR library Module implementation library>*.c, that uses AUTOSAR integer data types and/or the standard return, shall include the header file Std_Types.h.] (SRS_BSW_00348)

[SWS_Efx_00812] [All AUTOSAR library Modules should use the AUTOSAR data types (integers, boolean) instead of native C data types, unless this library is clearly identified to be compliant only with a platform.] (SRS_BSW_00304, SRS_BSW_00378)

[SWS_Efx_00813] [All AUTOSAR library Modules should avoid direct use of compiler and platform specific keyword, unless this library is clearly identified to be compliant only with a platform. eq. #pragma, typeof etc. | (SRS_BSW_00306)

[SWS_Efx_00823] [Integral promotion has to be adhered to when implementing Efx services. Thus, to obtain maximal precision, intermediate results shall not be limited.]()



8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter, all types included from the following files are listed:

Header file	Imported Type
Std_Types.h	boolean, sint8, uint8, sint16, uint16, sint32, uint32

It is observed that since the sizes of the integer types provided by the C language are implementation-defined, the range of values that may be represented within each of the integer types will vary between implementations.

Thus, in order to improve the portability of the software, these types are defined in PlatformTypes.h [6]. The following mnemonic are used in the library routine names.

Size	Platform Type	Mnemonic	Range
unsigned 8-Bit	boolean	u8	[TRUE, FALSE]
signed 8-Bit	sint8	s8	[-128, 127]
signed 16-Bit	sint16	s16	[-32768, 32767]
signed 32-Bit	sint32	s32	[-2147483648, 2147483647]
signed 64-Bit	sint64	s64	[-9223372036854775808,
			9223372036854775807]
unsigned 8-Bit	uint8	u8	[0, 255]
unsigned 16-Bit	uint16	u16	[0, 65535]
unsigned 32-Bit	uint32	u32	[0, 4294967295]
unsigned 64-Bit	uint64	u64	[0, 18446744073709551615]

Table 1: Base Types

As a convention in the rest of the document:

- mnemonics will be used in the name of the routines (using <InTypeMn1> that means Type Mnemonic for Input 1)
- the real type will be used in the description of the prototypes of the routines (using <InTypeMn1> or <OutType>).

Note:

The naming convention for the api's with boolean return type/parameter type is given as _u8 which shall be interpreted as _b. (Boolean)

If there is no boolean data type present in the return type/parameter type then _u8 shall be interpreted as _u8 only.

8.2 Type definitions

None

8.3 Comment about rounding

Two types of rounding can be applied:

Results are 'rounded off', it means:

0 <= X < 0.5 rounded to 0
 0.5 <= X < 1 rounded to 1
 -0.5 < X <= 0 rounded to 0
 -1 < X <= -0.5 rounded to -1

Results are rounded towards zero.

• 0 <= X < 1 rounded to 0



• -1 < X <= 0 rounded to 0

8.4 Comment about routines optimized for target

The routines described in this library may be realized as regular routines or inline functions. For ROM optimization purposes, it is recommended that the c routines be realized as individual source files so they may be linked in on an as-needed basis.

For example, depending on the target, two types of optimization can be done:

- Some routines can be replaced by another routine using integer promotion
- Some routines can be replaced by the combination of a limiting routine and a routine with a different signature.

8.5 Mathematical functions definitions

This table describes the meaning of used symbols in below sections.

Symbols	Description	
Yn	Actual output to calculate	
Yn-1	Output value, one time step before	
Xn	ctual input, given from the input	
Xn-1	nput, one time step before	
a, b0, b1	ilter dependent constants	

8.5.1 First-order low-pass filter

We consider a recursive first-order low-pass filter with a transfer function :

$$H(z) = \frac{b_1}{1 + a * z^{-1}}$$

The new return value (Yn) at any point of time can be calculated given the previous value (Yn-1), the current value (Xn) and a known constant (K). The formula to calculate the same is as follows:

$$Yn = Yn-1 + (Xn - Yn-1) * K$$

Where $b_1 = K$ and $a = K - 1$

The filter is a convergent low-pass filter only if the average value K is included in [0,1]

8.5.1.1 First computation

[SWS Efx 00005] [

Service name:	Efx_LpFilterFac1_ <intypemn><intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<outtype:< th=""><th>></th></outtype:<>	>	
	Efx_LpFi	lterFac1_ <intypemn><intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></intypemn>	
	<int< th=""><th>ype> Yn-1,</th></int<>	ype> Yn-1,	
	<int< th=""><th>ype> Xn,</th></int<>	ype> Xn,	
	<int;< th=""><th colspan="2"><intype> fac</intype></th></int;<>	<intype> fac</intype>	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x01 to 0x08		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Yn-1	Old output value	



	Xn	Current measured value
		Factor value that represents the physical range [-1, 1) if signed and [0, 1) if unsigned.
		Only physical value [0 , 1] shall be used if the filter shall converge.
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Result (Yn) of the calculation
Description:	This service	e computes the output of a first order low-pass filter

I()

[SWS_Efx_00006][

Yn = Yn-1 + (((Xn - Yn-1) * fac) >> n)

Where 'n' is a shift that depends on the types used by the functions for the factor I()

[SWS_Efx_00007][

In order to converge all the time, the result is corrected for value saturation using the following logic:

If (Yn == Yn-1)
If (((Xn - Yn-1) * fac) > 0)
Yn ++
Else If (((Xn - Yn-1) * fac) < 0)
Yn -End If
Endif
I()

[SWS_Efx_00008] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	Associated shift
0x01	sint16 Efx_LpFilterFac1_s16s16s16_s16 (sint16, sint16, sint16)	15
0x02	sint16 Efx_LpFilterFac1_s16s16u16_s16 (sint16, sint16, uint16)	16
0x03	sint32 Efx_LpFilterFac1_s32s32u16_s32 (sint32, sint32, uint16)	16
0x04	uint16 Efx_LpFilterFac1_u16u16s16_u16(uint16, uint16, sint16)	15
0x05	uint16 Efx_LpFilterFac1_u16u16u16_u16 (uint16, uint16, uint16)	16
0x06	uint8 Efx_LpFilterFac1_u8u8u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8)	8
0x07	uint32 Efx_LpFilterFac1_u32u32u32_u32 (uint32, uint32, uint32)	32
0x08	uint32 Efx_LpFilterFac1_u32u32u16_u32 (uint32, uint32, uint16)	16

]()

8.5.1.2 Third computation

[SWS_Efx_00012] [

Service name:	Efx_LpFilter_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_LpFilter_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>
	<intype> input,</intype>
	<pre><intype> old output,</intype></pre>
	uint32 tau const,
	uint16 recurrence,
	uint8 reset,

	<intype> init_val, uint8* started</intype>	
Comico Dilinosia	000	<u></u>
Service ID[hex]:	0x0D and 0x0	<u>E</u>
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	input	Input signal
	old_output	Previous value of the output value (filtered signal)
Parameters (in):	tau_const	Parameter Tau of the filter : the time constant (second)
rai ailletei 5 (III).	recurrence	Delta time between two executions of the function
	reset	Flag to reset the filtered signal
	init_val	Initial value of the filter
Parameters	started	Pointer to the flag to detect the first call of the function
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return value of the filter
Description:	This service computes the first one order discrete filter	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00013][

If (tau_const==0), then output = input |()

[SWS_Efx_00014][

If (*started==0), then output = init_val

This flag is used to indicate the filter state. *Started = 0, indicates that current function call is the first call of the function to trigger initialisation. |()

[SWS_Efx_00015][

This service computes the first one order discrete filter:

$$output = old _output + (input - old _output) * \left(1 - \exp\left(\frac{-recurrence}{tau _const}\right)\right)$$

$$output = old _output * \exp\left(\frac{-recurrence}{tau _const}\right) + input * \left(1 - \exp\left(\frac{-recurrence}{tau _const}\right)\right)$$

Formula 1

I()

Remark: the exponential functions can be computed with interpolations

[SWS_Efx_00016][

if ((reset == 1) or (*started == 0)), then output = init_val |()

[SWS_Efx_00017][

if (*started == 0), then *started=1
|()



[SWS_Efx_00018] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x0D	uint32 Efx_LpFilter_u32_u32 (uint32, uint32, uint32, uint16, uint8, uint32, uint8*)
0x0E	sint32 Efx_LpFilter_s32_s32 (sint32, sint32, uint32, uint16, uint8, sint32, uint8 *)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00020] [input, old_output, and init_val must have the same resolution and the same physical unit.] ()

[SWS_Efx_00021] [tau_const and recurrence must have the same resolution and the same physical unit] ()

It is not recommended to call Efx_LpFilter_<InTypeMn>_<OutTypeMn> under any condition. It must be called at each recurrence, even if it is not used, If the conditions are not fulfilled then output shall be frozen to the previous value all the time.

The parameter started has to be declared as private variable by the caller and shall be initialized to 0 (default init), because the function uses the previous values of this output (so the stack mustn't be used).

8.5.2 First-order High-pass filter

We consider a recursive first-order high-pass filter with a transfer function:

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 * z + b_1}{z + a}$$

The new return value (Yn) at any point of time can be calculated given the previous value (Yn-1), the current input (Xn), the previous input (Xn-1) and a known constant (K). The formula to calculate the same is as follows:

$$Yn = Yn-1 - K * Yn-1 + (Xn - Xn-1)$$

Where $b_0 = 1$, $b_1 = -1$ and a = K -1

The filter is a convergent high-pass filter only if the factor value m is included in [0,1]

[SWS_Efx_00022] [

Service name:	Efx_HpFilter_u8_s16		
Syntax:	sint16 Efx_HpFilter_u8_s16(
	sint16 Yn-1,		
	uint8 Xn,		
	uint8 Xn-1,		
	uint16 K		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x10		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Yn-1 Previous sint16 output		
Parameters (in):	Physical range: [-256 , 255.9921875]		
	Physical range: [-256 , 255.9921875] Resolution: 1/2 ⁷		



	Xn Present uint8 input Physical range: [0,255] Resolution: 1		
	Xn-1 Previous uint8 input Physical range: [0,255] Resolution: 1		
		Constant uint16 multiplying factor Physical range: [0,0.99998] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:		sint16 Yn : Result of the calculation Physical range: [-256 , 255.9921875] Resolution: 1/2 ⁷	
Description:	This service	computes the output of a first order high-Pass filter	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00023][:

 $Y_n = Y_{n-1} - (K * Y_{n-1} / 2^{16}) + (X_n - X_{n-1})^* 2^7$ The result is rounded towards zero.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00024][

Return value shall be saturated to boundary values in the event of negative or positive overflow.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00025][

A saturation correction for converging output to zero is applied to the result : If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 > 0)) decrement Yn by one If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 < 0)) increment Yn by one J()

[SWS_Efx_00026] [

Service name:	Efx_HpFilter_s8_s16		
Syntax:	<pre>sint16 Efx_HpFilter_s8_s16(sint16 Yn-1, sint8 Xn, sint8 Xn-1, uint16 K</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x11		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Yn-1 Previous sint16 output Physical range: [-256 , 255.9921875] Resolution: 1/2 ⁷		
Parameters (in):	Xn Present sint8 input Physical range: [-128 , 127] Resolution: 1		
	Xn-1 Previous sint8 input		



		Physical range: [-128 , 127] Resolution: 1
		Constant uint16 multiplying factor Physical range: [0,0.99998] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Yn : Result of the calculation Physical range: [-256 , 255.9921875] Resolution: 1/2 ⁷
Description:	This service	computes the output of a first order high-Pass filter

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00027][

Yn = Yn-1 - (K* Yn-1 /2¹⁶) + (Xn - Xn-1)*2⁷ The result is rounded towards zero. J()

[SWS_Efx_00028][

Return value shall be saturated to boundary values in the event of negative or positive overflow.

(()

[SWS_Efx_00029][

A saturation correction for converging output to zero is applied to the result : If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 > 0)) decrement Yn by one If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 < 0)) increment Yn by one]()

[SWS_Efx_00030] [

Service name:	Efx_HpFilter_u16_s32		
Syntax:	<pre>sint32 Efx_HpFilter_u16_s32(sint32 Yn-1, uint16 Xn, uint16 Xn-1, uint16 K</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x12		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Yn-1 Previous sint32 output Physical range: [-65536 , 65535.99996] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁵		
Parameters (in):	Kn Present uint16 input Physical range: [0,65535] Resolution: 1		
	Xn-1 Previous uint16 input Physical range: [0,65535] Resolution: 1		
	K Constant uint16 multiplying factor Physical range: [0,0.99998]		



		Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:		Yn : Result of the calculation Physical range: [-65536 , 65535.99996] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁵	
Description:	This service	This service computes the output of a first order high-Pass filter	

I()

[SWS_Efx_00031][

Yn = Yn-1 - (K* Yn-1 $/2^{16}$) + (Xn - Xn-1)*2¹⁵ The result is rounded towards zero. I()

[SWS_Efx_00032][

Return value shall be saturated to boundary values in the event of negative or positive overflow.

|()|

[SWS_Efx_00033][

A saturation correction for converging output to zero is applied to the result : If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 > 0)) decrement Yn by one If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1 < 0)) increment Yn by one J()

[SWS_Efx_00035] [

	<u>'1 </u>				
Service name:	Efx_HpFilte	er_s16_s32			
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_HpFilter_s16_s32(
	sint32 Yn-1,				
	sint16 Xn,				
	sint	16 Xn-1,			
	uint	16 K			
)				
Service ID[hex]:	0x13				
Sync/Async:	Synchrono	us			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant				
	Yn-1	Previous sint32 output			
		Physical range: [-65536 , 65535.99996] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁵			
		Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁵			
	Xn	Present sint16 input			
		Physical range: [-32768,32767]			
Davamatava (in).		Resolution: 1			
Parameters (in):	Xn-1	Previous sint16 input			
		Physical range: [-32768,32767]			
		Resolution: 1			
	K	Constant uint16 multiplying factor			
		Physical range: [0,0.99998] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶			
Parameters	None				
(inout):					
Parameters (out):	None				
Return value:	sint32	Yn : Result of the calculation			



	Physical range: [-65536 , 65535.99996] Resolution: 1/2 ³¹	
Description:	This service computes the output of a first order high-Pass filter	

| ()

[SWS_Efx_00036][

Yn = Yn-1- (K* Yn-1/2¹⁶) + (Xn- Xn-1)*2¹⁵ The result is rounded towards zero. I()

[SWS_Efx_00037][

Return value shall be saturated to boundary values in the event of negative or positive overflow.

|()

[SWS_Efx_00038][

A saturation correction for converging output to zero is applied to the result : If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1> 0)) decrement Ynby one If ((Yn equals Yn-1) and (Yn-1< 0)) increment Yn by one J()

8.5.3 Controller routines

Controller routines includes P, PT1, DT1, PD, I, PI, PID governors used in control system applications. For these controllers, the required parameters are derived using Laplace-Z transformation. The following parameters are required to calculate the new controller output yn and can be represented in the following equation.

In the equation, the following symbols are used

Symbols	Description		
Yn	Actual output to calculate		
Yn-1	Output value, one time step before		
Xn	Actual input, given from the input		
Xn-1	Input, one time step before		
Xn-2	Input, two time steps before		
X1	Input, n-1 time steps before		
X0	Input, n time steps before		
a1, b0, b1, b2, bn-	1, Controller dependent proportional parameters are used to describe the weight of		
bn	the states.		

8.5.3.1 Structure definitions for controller routines

System parameters are separated from time or time equivalent parameters. The parameters are grouped controller dependent system in structures Efx_Param<controller>_Type, whereas the time (equivalent) parameters are assigned directly. Systems states are grouped in а structure



Efx_State<controller>_Type except the actual input value Xn which is assigned directly.

The System parameters, used in the equations are given by:

K : Amplification factor, The amplification factor K shall have a resolution of 1/2^16.

T1 : Decay time constant. T1 is expressed in us (micro seconds) and shall have a resolution of 1/10^6.

Tv : Lead time. Physical unit [sec] describes the Lead time.

Tv is expressed in us (micro seconds) and shall have a resolution of $1/(2^8 * 10^6)$

Tv range = [0.003906 us, 8388607 us] dT, with respect to $[\text{Tv_min}, \text{Tv max}]$

Tn : Follow-up time. Physical unit [sec] describes the Follow-up time.

Tn is expressed in us and have a resolution of 1/10⁶.

Tn is given by a reciprocal value (Tnrec) to avoid a division in the implementation.

Three is scaled by the factor 2³².

Three is given by the equation: 2³² / (10⁶ * Tn).

The time and time equivalent parameters in the equation / implementation are given by:

dT : Time step = sampling interval. dT is expressed in us (micro seconds) and shall have a resolution of 1/10⁶.

Analogous to the abbreviations above, the following abbreviations are used in the implementation:

K_<size>, K_C : Amplification factor

T1rec_<size> : Reciprocal delay time constant = 1/T1.

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

Tv <size>, Tv C : Lead time

Threc _<size>, Threc_C : Reciprocal follow-up time = 1/Th.

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

 dT_{size} : Time step = sampling interval [10^{-6} seconds per

increment of 1 data representation unit]

TeQ $\langle size \rangle$: Time equivalent, TeQ = $\exp(-dT/T1)$.

Herein "<size>" denotes the size of the variable, e.g _s32 stand for a sint32 bit variable.

Note:

- 1. Tv & Tn cannot be negative
- 2. Dt should always be greater than zero.

Following C-structures are specially defined for the controller routines.

[SWS_Efx_00040] [

Name:	Efx_StatePT1_Type			
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	



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			10	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:		System State Structure for PT1 controller routine		
() [SWS_Efx				
Name:		Efx_StateDT1Typ1_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	
	sint32	X2	Input value, two time steps before	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:		Structure for D11	-Type1 controller routine	
() [SWS_Efx				
Name:		T1Typ2_Type		
Туре:	Structure	•		
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State	Structure for DT1	-Type2 controller routine	
()				
[SWS_Efx_00)826] <u>[</u>			
Name:	Efx_StateP	D_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State	Structure for PD	controller routine	
()				
[SWS_Efx_00)827] [
Name:	Efx_ParamP	D_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	K_C	Amplification factor	
	sint32	Tv_C	Lead time	
Description:	System and T	ime equivalent pa	arameter Structure for PD controller routine	
() [SWS_Efx	_00828] [
Name:	Efx_StateI	_Туре		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State	Structure for I co	ntroller routine	
() [SWS_Efx	_00829] [
Name:	Efx_StateP	I_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	X1	Input value, one time step before	
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before	
Description:	System State	Structure for PI a	dditive (<i>Type1 and Type 2</i>) controller routine	
() [SWS_Efx	_00830] [
Name:	Efx_ParamP	I_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Element:	sint32	K_C	Amplification factor	
	sint32	Tnrec_C	Reciprocal follow up time (1/Tn)	
Description:			arameter Structure for PI additive (Type1 and Type	
	2) controller r	outine		
() [SWS_Efx	<u>008</u> 31] [
Name:	Efx_StateP	ID_Type		
Туре:	Structure			
Clause 4.	ain+33	v1	Land and the state of the state	

Element:

sint32

Input value, one time step before

Х1



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	sint32	X2	Input value, two time step before
	sint32	Y1	Output value, one time step before
Description:	System State Structu	ure for PID additive (Type1 and Type 2) controller routine

] () [SWS_Efx_00832] [

Name:	Efx_ParamP	Efx_ParamPID_Type		
Type:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint32 K_C Amplification factor			
	sint32	Tv_C	Lead time	
	sint32	Tnrec_C	Reciprocal follow up time (1/Tn)	
Description:	System and T	System and Time equivalent parameter Structure for PID additive (Type1 and		
	Type 2) controller routine			

() [SWS_Efx_00833]

Name:	Efx_Limits	Efx_Limits_Type		
Туре:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint32	Min_C	Minimum limit value	
	sint32	Max_C	Maximum limit value	
Description:	Controller limi	Controller limit value structure		

]()

8.5.3.2 Proportional Controller

Proportional component calculates Y(x) = Kp * X.

8.5.3.2.1 'P' Controller

[SWS_Efx_00525] [

Service name:	Efx_PCalc	
Syntax:	void Efx_PCalc(sint32 X_s32, sint32* P_ps32, sint32 K_s32	
Service ID[hex]:	0x14	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	 X_s32 input value K_s32 Amplification factor (Quantized with 1/2¹⁶ per increment of 1 data representation unit) 	
Parameters (inout):	P_ps32 Pointer to the calculated state	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This routine computes differential equation	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00526][

Calculated value $\overset{*}{P}_ps32 = (K_s32 * X_s32) >> 16$]()



[SWS_Efx_00527][

Amplification factor is quantized with 1/2¹⁶ per increment of 1 data representation unit]()

8.5.3.2.2 Set 'P' State

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00044] [

	,- '	
Service name:	Efx_PSetState	
Syntax:	void Efx PSetState(
	sint32* P s32,	
	sint16 Y s16	
) –	
Service ID[hex]:	0x21	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Y_s16	Input value
Parameters	P_s32	Pointer to the calculated state
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	The routine sets the internal state variables of a P element.	

1 ()

[SWS Efx 00045][

Output value *P_s32 = Y_s16 << 16]()

[SWS_Efx_00046][

The internal state of the P element is stored as (Y_s16 << 16) **(**()

8.5.3.2.3 Get 'P' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS Efx 00047] [

Service name:	Efx_POut_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_POut_<outtypemn>(const sint32* P ps32</outtypemn></outtype></pre>		
)	_	
Service ID[hex]:	0x22 to 0x23		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	P_ps32	Pointer to the calculated state	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'P' controller output value	
Description:	This routine returns 'P' controllers output value.		
_	-		()



[SWS_Efx_00048][

Output value = *P_ps32 >> 16 J()

[SWS_Efx_00049][

Return value shall be saturated to boundary values of the return data type in case of negative or positive overflow.

(()

[SWS_Efx_00050] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	
0x22	sint16 Efx_POut_s16(const sint32 *)	
0x23	sint8 Efx_POut_s8(const sint32 *)	

]()

8.5.3.3 Proportional controller with first order time constant

This routine calculates proportional element with first order time constant

8.5.3.3.1 'PT1' Controller

[SWS_Efx_00051] [

[0110 _E1X_0000	· <u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_PT1Calc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PT1Calc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePT1_Type* State_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 TeQ_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2A	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_s32	Input value for the PT1 element
Parameters (in):	K_s32	Amplification factor
	TeQ_s32	Time equivalent
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to PT1 state structure
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void No return value	
Description:	This routine computes PT1 controller output value using below difference equation Yn = exp(-dT/T1) * Yn-1+ K(1 - exp(-dT/T1)) * Xn-1	

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00052][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = (TeQ_s32 * State_cpst->Y1) + K_s32 * (1 - TeQ_s32) * State_cpst->X1

where $TeQ_s32 = exp(-dT/T1)$

]()



[SWS_Efx_00053][

Efx_CalcTeQ_s32 shall be used for calculation of time equivalent parameter TeQ_s32 only if T1 > 0. I()

Note: If T1 = 0, a PT1 controller behaves like a P controller. In this case, usage of Efx_CalcTeq_s32 should be avoided and Teq value should be passed as 0.

[SWS_Efx_00054][

If (Teq = 0) then PT1 controller follows Input value, State_cpst->Y1 = k_s32 * State_cpst->X1 I()

[SWS_Efx_00055][

calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

State_cpst->X1 = X_s32

8.5.3.3.2 'PT1' Set State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00056] [

[<u>3772] EIX_0003</u>	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_PT1SetState	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PT1SetState(Efx_StatePT1_Type* State_cpst, sint32 X1_s32, sint16 Y1_s16)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Doromotoro (in)	X1_s32	Initial value for input state
Parameters (in):	Y1_s16	Initial value for output state
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to PT1 state structure
Return value:	void No return value	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PT1 element.	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00057][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16

1()

[SWS_Efx_00058][

The internal state of the PT1 element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16) I()



[SWS_Efx_00059][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 I()

8.5.3.3.3 Calculate time equivalent Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

ISWS Efx 000601

[3442_EIX_00000	<u>'] </u>	
Service name:	Efx_CalcTe	eQ_s32
Syntax:	sint32 E	fx_CalcTeQ_s32(
	sint	32 T1rec_s32,
	sint	32 dT_s32
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x2C	
Sync/Async:	Synchrono	us
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Doromotoro (in):	T1rec_s32 Reciprocal delay time	
Parameters (in):	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32	Time Equivalent TeQ
Description:	This routine	e calculates time equivalent factor

[SWS_Efx_00061][

 $TeQ = exp(-T1rec_s32 * dT_s32)$ J()

[SWS_Efx_00062][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit J()

8.5.3.3.4 Calculate an approximate time equivalent Value

This routine calculates approximate time equivalent and can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00450] [

Service name:	Efx_CalcTeQApp_s32
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_CalcTeQApp_s32(
	sint32 T1rec_s32,
	sint32 dT_s32
Service ID[hex]:	0x29
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Paramatara (in)	T1rec_s32 Reciprocal delay time
Parameters (in):	dT_s32 Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters	None
(inout):	



Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32	Time Equivalent TeQ (Approximate)
Description:	This routine calculates time equivalent factor	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00451][

 $TeQApp = 1 - (T1rec_s32 * dT_s32)$

TeQApp is factorised by 2^16

This approximation is valid only when the product of the physical values of

T1rec_s32 and dt_s32 is less than 1. i.e, (T1rec_s32 * dT_s32) < 1

(()

[SWS_Efx_00452][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]()

8.5.3.3.5 Get 'PT1' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00063] [

<u>[0110_2:x_0000</u>		
Service name:	Efx_PT1Out_ <outty< th=""><th>peMn></th></outty<>	peMn>
Syntax:		PlOut_ <outtypemn>(LatePT1_Type* State_cpst</outtypemn>
Service ID[hex]:	0x2D to 0x2E	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpst	Pointer to constant state structure
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'PT1' controller output value
Description:	This routine returns 'F	PT1' controllers output value.

I()

[SWS Efx 00064][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1_s32 >> 16

l()

[SWS_Efx_00065][

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable.

I()

[SWS Efx 00066][

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00067] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x2D	sint16 Efx_PT1Out_s16(const Efx_StatePT1_Type *)



0x2E sint8 Efx_PT1Out_s8(const Efx_StatePT1_Type *)		
	I 0x2E	Isint8 Etx PT1Out s8(const Etx StatePT1 Type *)

]()

8.5.3.4 Differential component with time delay: DT1

This routine calculates differential element with first order time constant. Routine Efx_CalcTeQ_s32, given in 8.5.3.3.3, shall be used for Efx_DT1_s32 function to calculate the time equivalent TeQ.

8.5.3.4.1 'DT1' Controller - Type1

[SWS_Efx_00070] [

[0110 _E1X_0007	<u> </u>		
Service name:	Efx_DT1Ty	Efx_DT1Typ1Calc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_DT1Typ1Calc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StateDT1Typ1_Type* State_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 TeQ_s32, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x30		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant	
	X_s32	Input value for the DT1 controller	
Parameters (in):	K_s32 Amplification factor		
r ai ailletei 3 (III).		Time equivalent	
	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]	
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	void	No return value	
Description:		This routine computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation, Yn= exp(-dT/T1) * Yn-1+ K * (1- exp(-dT/T1)) * ((Xn-1 - Xn-2) / dT)	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00071][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = (TeQ * State_cpst->Y1) + K_s32 * (1 - TeQ) * ((State_cpst->X1 - State_cpst->X2) / dT)

where TeQ = exp(-dT/T1)

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

|()|

[SWS_Efx_00072][

Efx_CalcTeQ_s32 shall be used for calculation of time equivalent parameter TeQ_s32 only if T1 > 0.

Note: If T1 = 0, a DT1 controller behaves like a D controller. In this case, usage of Efx_CalcTeq_s32 should be avoided and Teq value should be passed as 0.

[SWS_Efx_00073][



If (Teq = 0), then DT1 controller follows Input value,
Output_value = k_s32 * (State_cpst->X1 - State_cpst->X2) / dT.
|()

[SWS_Efx_00074][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_Efx_00075][

Old input value State->cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2. State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS_Efx_00076][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.4.2 'DT1' Controller - Type2

[SWS_Efx_00501] [

O110_L1X_0000				
Service name:	Efx_DT1Ty	/p2Calc		
Syntax:	void Efx	void Efx DT1Typ2Calc(
	sint	sint32 X_s32,		
	Efx	StateDT1Typ2_Type* State_cpst,		
		sint32 K s32,		
	sint	sint32 TeQ s32,		
	sint	32 dT s32		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x2F			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the DT1 controller		
Parameters (in):	K_s32 Amplification factor			
rarameters (m).	TeQ_s32	Time equivalent		
dT_s32 Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1		Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]		
Parameters	State_cpst	State_cpst Pointer to state structure		
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	void No return value			
Description:	This routine computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation,			
		IT/T1) * Yn-1+ K * (1- exp(-dT/T1)) * ((Xn - Xn-1) / dT)		
()				

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00502][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = (TeQ * State_cpst->Y1) + K_s32 * (1 - TeQ) * ((X_s32 - State_cpst-



```
>X1) / dT)
where TeQ = exp(-dT/T1)
The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.
J()
```

[SWS_Efx_00503][

Efx_CalcTeQ_s32 shall be used for calculation of time equivalent parameter TeQ_s32.

1()

[SWS_Efx_00504][

```
If (Teq = 0), then DT1 controller follows Input value,
Output_value = k_s32 * (X_s32 - State_cpst->X1) / dT
I()
```

[SWS_Efx_00505][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value J()

[SWS_Efx_00506][

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32]()

[SWS_Efx_00507][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]()

8.5.3.4.3 Set 'DT1' State Value - Type1

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS Efx 00077] [

<u>[0110_E1X_00011</u>	4 1	
Service name:	Efx_DT1Typ1SetState	
Syntax:	void Efx_DT1Typ1S Efx_StateDT1T sint32 X1_s32 sint32 X2_s32 sint16 Y1_s16	<pre>yp1_Type* State_cpst, , ,</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0x31	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X1_s32	Initial value for the input state X1
Parameters (in):	X2_s32	Initial value for the input state X2
	Y1_s16	Initial value for the output state
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	The routine initialises in	nternal state variables of a DT1 element.



1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00078][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16 I()

[SWS_Efx_00079][

The internal state of the DT1 element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16) I()

[SWS_Efx_00080][

Initialisation of input state variables X1 and X2. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 State_cpst->X2 = X2_s32 |()

8.5.3.4.4 Set 'DT1' State Value - Type2

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00510] [

[<u>3W3_LIX_00310</u>	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_DT1Typ2SetState	e
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_DT1Typ2 Efx_StateDT1 sint32 X1_s3 sint16 Y1_s1)</pre>	Typ2_Type* State_cpst, 2,
Service ID[hex]:	0x32	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	X1_s32	Initial value for the input state
rarameters (m).	Y1_s16	Initial value for the output state
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	The routine initialises	internal state variables of a DT1 element.

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00511][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16 |()

[SWS_Efx_00512][

The internal state of the DT1 element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16)]()

[SWS_Efx_00513][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 I()



8.5.3.4.5 Get 'DT1' output - Type1

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00081] [

Service name:	Efx_DT1Typ1Out_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_DT1Typ1Out_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype>
Service ID[hex]:	0x33 to 0x34
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure
Parameters (inout):	None
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	<outtype> Return 'DT1' controller output value</outtype>
Description:	This routine returns 'DT1' controller's output value.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00082][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16 J()

[SWS_Efx_00083][

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable. I()

[SWS_Efx_00084][

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type. I()

[SWS_Efx_00085] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x33	sint16 Efx_DT1Typ1Out_s16(const Efx_StateDT1Typ1_Type *)
0x34	sint8 Efx_DT1Typ1Out_s8(const Efx_StateDT1Typ1_Type *)

]()

8.5.3.4.6 Get 'DT1' output - Type2

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00515] [

Service name:	Efx_DT1Typ2Out_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_DT1Typ2Out_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype>
Service ID[hex]:	0x35 to 0x36
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to state structure
Parameters	None



(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'DT1' controller output value
Description:	This routine returns '[OT1' controller's output value.
		()

[SWS_Efx_00516][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16 I()

[SWS_Efx_00517][

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable. I()

[SWS_Efx_00518][

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type. I()

[SWS_Efx_00519] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x35	sint16 Efx_DT1Typ2Out_s16(const Efx_StateDT1Typ2_Type *)
0x36	sint8 Efx_DT1Typ2Out_s8(const Efx_StateDT1Typ2_Type *)

]()

8.5.3.5 Proportional and Differential controller

This routine is a combination of proportional and differential controller.

8.5.3.5.1 PD Controller

[SWS_Efx_00090] [

Service name:	Efx_PDCalc			
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PDCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePD_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPD_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x3A			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the PD controller		
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst Pointer to parameter structure			
r arameters (m).		Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]		
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure		
Parameters (out):	None			



Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	This routine computes proportional plus derivative controller output value using	
	differential equation:	
	Yn= K(1+Tv/dT) * Xn - K(Tv/dT) * Xn-1	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00091][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = (Param_cpst->K_C * (1+ Param_cpst->Tv_C/dT_s32) * X_s32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (Param_cpst->Tv_C/dT_s32) * State_cpst->X1)

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

1()

[SWS_Efx_00092][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

I()

[SWS_Efx_00093][

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1.

 $State_cpst->X1 = X_s32$

|()

[SWS_Efx_00094][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.5.2 PD Set State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00095] [

Service name:	Efx_PDSetState			
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PDSetState(Efx_StatePD_Type* State_cpst, sint32 X1_s32, sint16 Y1_s16)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x3B			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Paramatara (in)	X1_s32	Initial value for input state		
Parameters (in):	Y1_s16	Initial value for output state		
Parameters (inout):	None			
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure		
Return value:	void	No return value		
Description:	The routine initia	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PD element.		
			()	

[SWS_Efx_00096][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1.

State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16



|()

[SWS_Efx_00097][

The internal state of the PD element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16) |()

[SWS_Efx_00098][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 J()

8.5.3.5.3 Set 'PD' Parameters

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00100] [

5110_E1X_0010011			
Service name:	Efx_PDSetParam		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PDSetParam(Efx_ParamPD_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 Tv_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x3C		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Devementary (in)	K_s32	Amplification factor	
Parameters (in):	Tv_s32	Lead time	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst	Pointer to internal parameter structure	
Return value:	void	No return value	
Description:	The routine sets the	parameter structure of a PD element.	

[SWS_Efx_00101][

Initialisation of amplification factor.

Param_cpst->K_C = K_s32

[SWS_Efx_00102][

Initialisation of lead time state variable Param_cpst->Tv_C = Tv_s32 J()

8.5.3.5.4 Get 'PD' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00103] [

Service name:	Efx_PDOut_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>	
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_PDOut_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype>	
	const Efx_StatePD_Type* State_cpcst	

]()

()



Service ID[hex]:	0x3D to 0x3E	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpcst	Pointer to constant state structure
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'PD' controller output value
Description:	This routine returns 'P	D' controllers output value.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00104][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16]()

[SWS_Efx_00105][

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable. I()

[SWS_Efx_00106][

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type. I()

[SWS_Efx_00107] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x3D	sint16 Efx_PDOut_s16(const Efx_StatePD_Type *)
0x3E	sint8 Efx_PDOut_s8(const Efx_StatePD_Type *)

]()

8.5.3.6 Integral component

This routine calculates Integration element.

8.5.3.6.1 'I' Controller

[SWS_Efx_00110] [

Service name:	Efx_ICalc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_ICalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StateI_Type* State_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x40		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the 'I' controller	
Parameters (in):	K_s32 Amplification factor		
	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]	



Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to state variable.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
	This routine computes 'I' controller output value using differential equation, Yn = Yn-1 + K * dT * Xn-1	

| ()

[SWS_Efx_00111][

This equation derives implementation :
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + K_s32 * dT_s32 * State_cpst->X1 J()

[SWS_Efx_00112][

Calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

State_cpst->Y1 = X s32

State_cpst->X1 = X_s32

(()

[SWS_Efx_00113][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.6.2 'I' Controller with limitation

[SWS_Efx_00455] [

[0110 _=1X_00 100				
Service name:	Efx_ILimCa	Efx_ILimCalc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_ILimCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StateI_Type* State_cpst, sint32 K_s32, const Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x3F			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
	X_s32	Input value for the 'I' controller		
Parameters (in):	K_s32	Amplification factor		
Parameters (m).	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure		
	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]		
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst Pointer to state variable			
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	void No return value			
Description:		e computes DT1 controller output value using differential equation, + K * dT * Xn-1		

I()

[SWS_Efx_00456][



This equation derives implementation :
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + K_s32 * dT_s32 * State_cpst->X1 |()

[SWS_Efx_00457][

Limit output value with minimum and maximum controller limits. If (Output value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then, Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C If (Output value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then, Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C J()

[SWS_Efx_00458][

Calculated Output_value and current input value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1 and State_cpst->X1 respectively.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 J()

[SWS Efx 00459][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.6.3 Set limits for controllers

[SWS_Efx_00523] [

<u> </u>			
Service name:	Efx_CtrlSetLimits		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_CtrlSetLimits(Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 Min_s32, sint32 Max_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x97		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Min_s32	Minimum limit	
rarameters (m).	Max_s32	Maximum limit	
Parameters (inout):	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Update limit structure		

I()

[SWS_Efx_00524][

Update limit structure Limit_cpst->Min_C = Min_s32 Limit_cpst->Max_C = Max_s32 J()



8.5.3.6.4 Set 'I' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00114] [

Service name:	Efx_ISetState		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_ISetState(Efx_StateI_Type* State_cpst, sint32 X1_s32, sint16 Y1_s16)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x41		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X1_s32	Initial value for input state	
rarameters (m).	Y1_s16	Initial value for output state	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	void	No return value	
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of an I element.		

 $\overline{()}$

[SWS_Efx_00115][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16 I()

[SWS_Efx_00116] [

The internal state of the DT1 element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00117] [

Initialisation of input state variable X1.

 $State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32$

]()

8.5.3.6.5 Get 'I' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00118] [

Service name:	Efx_IOut_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>		
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx IOut <outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype>		
	const Efx_StateI_Type* State_cpst		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x43 to 0x44		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to constant state structure		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		



Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'I' controller output value
Description:	This routine returns 'I' controller's output value.	

I()

[SWS_Efx_00119][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16 I()

[SWS_Efx_00120] [

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00121] [

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00122] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x43	sint16 Efx_IOut_s16(const Efx_StateI_Type*)
0x44	sint8 Efx_IOut_s8(const Efx_StateI_Type *)

]()

8.5.3.7 Proportional and Integral controller

This routine is a combination of proportional and integral controller. Routine Efx_CtrlSetLimits shall be used to set limits for this controller in case of limited functionality.

8.5.3.7.1 'PI' Controller - Type1 (Implicit type)

[SWS_Efx_00125] [

	4 1		
Service name:	Efx_PITyp1Calc		
Syntax:	void Efx_PI		
	sint32	X s32,	
	Efx Sta	tePI Type* State cpst,	
	const E	Efx ParamPI Type* Param cpst,	
	sint32	dT s32	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x45		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the 'PI' controller	
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
i arameters (iii).	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation	
		unit]	



Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn= Yn-1+ K * Xn - K * (1 - dT/Tn) * Xn-1	

I()

[SWS_Efx_00126][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * X_s32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_s32) * State_cpst->X1)
]()

[SWS_Efx_00127][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_Efx_00128][

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS_Efx_00129][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.7.2 'PI' Controller – Type1 with limitation (Implicit type)

[SWS_Efx_00465] [

Service name:	Efx_PITyp1Lin	nCalc	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PITyp1LimCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, const Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x35		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the 'PI' controller	
	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
Parameters (in):	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure	
	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]	
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	void	No return value	



	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn = Yn-1+ K * Xn - K * (1 - dT/Tn) * Xn-1
--	---

]()

[SWS_Efx_00466][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * X_s32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_s32) * State_cpst->X1)
|()

[SWS_Efx_00467][

Limit output value with minimum and maximum controller limits.

If (Output value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C

If (Output value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

1()

[SWS_Efx_00468][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_Efx_00469][

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS_Efx_00470][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.7.3 'PI' Controller – Type2 (Explicit type)

[SWS_Efx_00130] [

Service name:	Efx_PITyp2Calc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PITyp2Calc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x46		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X_s32	Input value for the 'PI' controller	
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure	
r ai ainietei 3 (III).	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]	
Parameters	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure.	



(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	void	No return value	
•	value using diff	This routine computes Proportional plus integral controller (explicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn= Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn) * Xn - K * Xn-1	

| ()

[SWS_Efx_00131][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_s32) * X_s32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * State_cpst->X1)
]()

[SWS_Efx_00132] [

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

]()

[SWS_Efx_00133] [

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State cpst->X1 = X s32

|()

[SWS_Efx_00134] [

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit

8.5.3.7.4 'PI' Controller – Type2 with limitation (Explicit type)

[SWS_Efx_00475] [

Service name:	Efx_PITyp2Lim	nCalc
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PITyp2LimCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, const Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x36	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_s32	Input value for the 'PI' controller
	Param_cpst	Pointer to parameter structure
Parameters (in):	Limit_cpst	Pointer to limit structure
	dT_s32	Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure
Parameters (out):	None	



Return value:	void	No return value
•	value using diff	mputes Proportional plus integral controller (explicit type) output ferential equation: * (1 + dT/Tn) * Xn - K * Xn-1

]()

[SWS_Efx_00476][

This equation derives implementation:

Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + (Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + Param_cpst->Tnrec_C * dT_s32) * X_s32) - (Param_cpst->K_C * State_cpst->X1) |()

[SWS_Efx_00477][

Limit output value with minimum and maximum controller limits.

If (Output value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C

If (Output value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

I()

[SWS_Efx_00478][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

]()

[SWS_Efx_00479][

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1.

State cpst->X1 = X s32

I()

[SWS Efx 00480][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.7.5 Set 'PI' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00135] [

Service name:	Efx_PISetState		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PISetState(Efx_StatePI_Type* State_cpst, sint32 X1_s32, sint16 Y1_s16)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x47		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X1_s32	Initial value for input state	
Parameters (m).	Y1_s16	Initial value for output state	
Parameters (inout):	None		



Parameters (out):	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PI element.	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00136][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16]()

[SWS_Efx_00137][

The internal state of the PD element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16) I()

[SWS_Efx_00138][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 I()

8.5.3.7.6 Set 'PI' Parameters

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00139] [

Service name:	Efx_PISetParam			
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PISetParam(Efx_ParamPI_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 Threc)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x48			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Doromotoro (in)	K_s32	Amplification factor		
Parameters (in):	Tnrec	Reciprocal follow-up time		
Parameters (inout):	None			
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst	Pointer to internal parameter structure		
Return value:	void	No return value		
Description:	The routine sets the parameter structure of a PI element.			
•			()	

[SWS_Efx_00140][

Initialisation of amplification factor. Param_cpst->K_C = K_s32 I()

[SWS_Efx_00141][

Initialisation of reciprocal follow up time state variable Param_cpst->Tnrec_C = Tnrec_s32]()



8.5.3.7.7 Get 'PI' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00142] [

Service name:	Efx_PIOut_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>			
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_PIOut_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype>			
	const Efx	z_StatePI_Type* State_cpst		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x49 to 0x4A			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	State_cpst	Pointer to constant state structure		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return 'PI' controller output value		
Description:	This routine retur	ns 'PI' controllers output value.		
	-		()	

[SWS_Efx_00143][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16 |()

[SWS_Efx_00144][

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable. |()

[SWS Efx 00145][

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type. I()

[SWS_Efx_00146] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x49	sint16 Efx_PIOut_s16(const Efx_StatePI_Type *)
0x4A	sint8 Efx_PIOut_s8(const Efx_StatePI_Type *)

|()

8.5.3.8 Proportional, Integral and Differential controller

This routine is a combination of Proportional, integral and differential controller. Routine Efx_CtrlSetLimits shall be used to set limits for this controller in case of limited functionality.

8.5.3.8.1 'PID' Controller – Type1 (Implicit type)

[SWS Efx 00150] [

<u> </u>	4
Service name:	Efx_PIDTyp1Calc



Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PIDTyp1Calc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x4B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_s32	Input value for the 'PID' controller
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst	Parameter structure
rarameters (m).		Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn=Yn-1+ K * (1 + Tv/dT) * Xn- K *(1 - dT/Tn + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1 + K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2	

I()

[SWS_Efx_00151] [

This equation derives implementation:

calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + t_val) * X_s32

calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - dT_s32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + 2 * t_val) *

State_cpst->X1

calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2

Output value = State cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3

Where t val = Param cpst->Tv C / dT s32

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00152][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1.

State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value

|()|

[SWS Efx 00153][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS Efx 00154][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]()



8.5.3.8.2 'PID' Controller – Type1 with limitation (Implicit type)

[SWS_Efx_00485] [

Service name:	Efx_PIDTyp1Lir	mCalc
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PIDTyp1LimCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, const Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x37	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	X_s32 Param_cpst Limit_cpst dT_s32	Input value for the 'PID' controller Pointer to parameter structure Pointer to limit structure Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (implicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn=Yn-1+ K * (1 + Tv/dT) * Xn- K *(1 - dT/Tn + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1 + K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00486][

This equation derives implementation:

calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + t_val) * X_s32

calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 - dT_s32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + 2 * t_val) *

State_cpst->X1

calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2

Output value = State cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3

Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_s32

(()

[SWS Efx 00487][

Limit output value with minimum and maximum controller limits.

If (Output value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Min_C

If (Output value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then,

Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C

I()

[SWS_Efx_00488][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS Efx 00489][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State cpst->X2 = State cpst->X1



Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. $State_cpst->X1 = X_s32$ I()

[SWS Efx 00490][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit

8.5.3.8.3 'PID' Controller – Type2

ISWS Efx 001551

[<u>ᢒ₩ᢒ_</u> ⊑៲ᠷ_00158	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_PIDTyp2Ca	ılc
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PIDTyp2Calc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x4C	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst dT_s32	Input value for the 'PID' controller Parameter structure Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure.
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (explicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn = Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn+ Tv/dT) * Xn- K *(1 + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1+ K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2	

I()

[SWS Efx 00156][

This equation derives implementation:

calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + dT_s32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + t_val) * X_s32 calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + 2 * t_val) * State_cpst->X1 calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2

Output value = State cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3

Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_s32

The result shall be Rounded towards Zero.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00157][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_Efx_00158][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2



State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS_Efx_00159][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit J()

8.5.3.8.4 'PID' Controller - Type2 with limitation

[SWS Efx 00495] [

<u>[3442_ETX_00493</u>	<u> [2</u>	
Service name:	Efx_PIDTyp2Lir	mCalc
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PIDTyp2LimCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, const Efx_Limits_Type* Limit_cpst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x4F	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Param_cpst Limit_cpst dT_s32	Input value for the 'PID' controller Pointer to parameter structure Pointer to limit structure Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to the internal state structure
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
Description:	This routine computes Proportional plus integral plus derivative controller (explicit type) output value using differential equation: Yn = Yn-1 + K * (1 + dT/Tn+ Tv/dT) * Xn- K *(1 + 2Tv/dT) * Xn-1+ K * (Tv/dT) * Xn-2	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00496][

This equation derives implementation:

calc1 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + dT_s32 * Param_cpst->Tnrec_C + t_val) * X_s32
calc2 = Param_cpst->K_C * (1 + 2 * t_val) * State_cpst->X1
calc3 = Param_cpst->K_C * t_val * State_cpst->X2
Output_value = State_cpst->Y1 + calc1 - calc2 + calc3
Where t_val = Param_cpst->Tv_C / dT_s32
]()

[SWS Efx 00497][

Limit output value with minimum and maximum controller limits.

If (Output value < Limit_cpst->Min_C) Then,

Output value = Limit cpst->Min C



If (Output value > Limit_cpst->Max_C) Then, Output_value = Limit_cpst->Max_C I()

[SWS_Efx_00498][

Calculated Output_value shall be stored to State_cpst->Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Output_value |()

[SWS_Efx_00499][

Old input value State_cpst->X1 shall be stored to State_cpst->X2 State_cpst->X2 = State_cpst->X1

Current input value X_s32 shall be stored to State_cpst->X1. State_cpst->X1 = X_s32 |()

[SWS_Efx_00500][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit I()

8.5.3.8.5 Set 'PID' State Value

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS Efx 00160] [

<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Service name:	Efx_PIDSetState		
Syntax:	void Efx_PIDSetState(Efx_StatePID_Type* State_cpst, sint32 X1_s32, sint32 X2_s32, sint16 Y1_s16)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x4D		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	X1_s32	Initial value for input state	
Parameters (in):	X2_s32	Initial value for input state	
	Y1_s16	Initial value for output state	
Parameters (inout):	None		
	State_cpst	Pointer to internal state structure	
Return value:	void No return value		
Description:	The routine initialises internal state variables of a PID element.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00161][

Initialisation of output state variable Y1. State_cpst->Y1 = Y1_s16 << 16]()



[SWS_Efx_00162][

The internal state of the PD element is stored as (Y1_s16 << 16) J()

[SWS_Efx_00163][

Initialisation of input state variable X1. State_cpst->X1 = X1_s32 Initialisation of input state variable X2. State_cpst->X2 = X2_s32 |()

8.5.3.8.6 Set 'PID' Parameters

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00164] [

3443_FIX_0010+1			
Service name:	Efx_PIDSetParam		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_PIDSetParam(Efx_ParamPID_Type* Param_cpst, sint32 K_s32, sint32 Tv_s32, sint32 Tnrec_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x4E		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	K_s32	Amplification factor	
Parameters (in):	Tv_s32	Lead Time	
	Tnrec_s32	Reciprocal follow-up timer	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst Pointer to internal parameter structure		
Return value:	void No return value		
Description:	The routine sets the	The routine sets the parameter structure of a PID element.	
		<u> </u>	

]()

[SWS_Efx_00165][

Initialisation of amplification factor. Param_cpst->K_C = K_s32 I()

[SWS_Efx_00166] [

Initialisation of lead time state variable Param_cpst->Tv_C = Tv_s32

[SWS Efx 00167] [

Initialisation of reciprocal follow up time state variable Param_cpst->Tnrec_C = Tnrec_s32

]()

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8.5.3.8.7 Get 'PID' output

This routine can be realised using inline function.

[SWS_Efx_00168] [

Service name:	Efx_PIDOut_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>			
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx PIDOut <outtypemn>(</outtypemn></outtype></pre>			
	const Efx_St	atePID_Type* State_cpst		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x50 to 0x51			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to constant state structure			
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	<outtype> Return 'PID' controller output value</outtype>			
Description:	This routine returns 'PID' controllers output value.			

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00169][

Output value = State_cpst->Y1 >> 16

]()

[SWS_Efx_00170] [

Output value shall be normalized by 16 bit right shift of internal state variable.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00171] [

Return value shall be limited by boundary values of the return data type.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00172] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x50	sint16 Efx_PIDOut_s16(const Efx_StatePID_Type *)
0x51	sint8 Efx_PIDOut_s8(const Efx_StatePID_Type *)

]()

8.5.4 Square root

[SWS_Efx_00175] [

Service name:	Efx_Sqrt_u32_u32	
Syntax:	uint32 Efx_Sqrt_u32_u32(
	uint32 x_v	value
Service ID[hex]:	0x52	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		Argument Physical range: [0, 1]



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		Resolution: 1/2 ³²
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ³²
Description:	This service computes the square root of a value	

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00176][

Result = square_root (x_value)

1()

[SWS_Efx_00177][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00178] [

<u> 0110_2ix_0011</u>	- 4	
Service name:	Efx_Sqrt_u16_u16	
Syntax:	uint16 Efx Sqrt u16 u16(
	uint16 x_	value
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x53	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	uint16	Return value of the function Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶
Description:	This service comp	utes the square root of a value

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00179][

Result = square_root (x_value)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00180][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00181] [

	4 1	
Service name:	Efx_Sqrt_u8_u8	
Syntax:	uint8 Efx_Sqrt_u8_r uint8 x_value)	18 (
Service ID[hex]:	0x54	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value Argum	nent



Specification of Extended Fixed Point Routines AUTOSAR CP Release 4.3.1

		Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ⁸
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ⁸
Description:	This service computes the square root of a value	

I()

[SWS_Efx_00182][

Result = square_root (x_value) |()

[SWS_Efx_00183][

The result is rounded off.

8.5.5 Exponential

[SWS_Efx_00185] [

<u></u>			
Service name:	Efx_Exp_s32_s32		
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_Exp_s32_s32(sint32 Value1		
Service ID[hex]:	0x55		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Value1 Input value		
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	sint32 Return value of the function		
Description:	The routine returns exponential value of an input value.		

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00186][

Output = e^{-x} where x = Value1 I()

[SWS_Efx_00187][

Output is quantized by 2^16
Output Range = ([0.00004539....22026.4657948] * 2^16) = [2....1443526462]
Input Range = ([-10....10] * 2^16) = [0xFFF60000....0x000A0000]
J()

8.5.6 Average

[SWS_Efx_00190] [

Service name:	Efx_Average_s32_s32
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_Average_s32_s32(
	sint32 value1,
	sint32 value2



)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x5A	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	value1	Input value1
Parameters (m).	value2	Input value2
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32 Return value of the function	
Description:	The routine return	s average value.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00191][

Output = (Value1 + Value2) / 2 I()

[SWS_Efx_00192] [

The result is rounded towards zero.

]()

8.5.7 Array Average

[SWS_Efx_00193] [

Service name:	Efx_Array_Average_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_Array_Average_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(const <intype>* Array, uint16 Count)</intype></outtypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x60 and 0x61		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Doromotoro (in)	Array	Pointer to an array	
Parameters (in):	Count	Number of array elements	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return value of the function	
Description:	The routine returns average value of an array.		
-	•	()	

[SWS_Efx_00194][

Output = (Array[0] + Array[1] + ... + Array[N-1]) / Count J()

[SWS_Efx_00195] [

The result is rounded towards zero.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00196] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.



Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x60	sint32 Efx_Array_Average_s32_s32(sint32*, uint16)
0x61	sint16 Efx_Array_Average_s16_s16(sint16*, uint16)

]()

8.5.8 Moving Average

[SWS_Efx_00197] [

<u> 0110_2:x_0010</u>	.4		
Service name:	Efx_MovingAverage_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_MovingAverage_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x6A to 0x6B		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	value Input value		
Parameters (inout):	state	Pointer to sliding average structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	<outtype> Return value of the function</outtype>		
Description:	The routine returns sliding average value of n - 1 last subsequent values of an array plus one new value.		

]()

[SWS_Efx_00198][

state ->p_beg pointer holds start address of an array state ->p_end pointer holds end address of an array state ->p_act pointer holds address of an oldest entry of an array |()

[SWS_Efx_00199] [

state ->sum shall store total sum including 'value' & excluding oldest entry state ->sum = state ->sum - *(state ->p_act) + value | ()

J ()

[SWS_Efx_00200] [

In every routine call state ->p_act shall be incremented with wrap around. This increment ensures that oldest entry gets replaced with new entry.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00201] [

Output_value = state->sum / state->n

]()

[SWS Efx 00202] [

If state ->n = 0 the result shall be zero by definition.

]()



[SWS_Efx_00203] [

The result is rounded towards zero.

]()

Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_Efx_00204] [

<u>.01101X_0</u>				
Name:	Efx_MovingA	Efx_MovingAvrgS16_Type		
Туре:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint32	sum	Sum of array elements	
	sint16	n	Size of an array (only positive values)	
	sint16	*p_beg	Pointer to the first array element	
	sint16	*p_end	Pointer to the last array element	
	sint16	*p_act	Pointer to the oldest entry array element	
Description:	Structure defir	Structure definition for sliding average routine for sint16 input value		

() [SWS_Efx_00836] [

Name:	Efx_MovingA	Efx_MovingAvrgS32_Type		
Туре:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint64	sum	Sum of array elements	
	sint32	n	Size of an array (only positive values)	
	sint32	*p_beg	Pointer to the first array element	
	sint32	*p_end	Pointer to the last array element	
	sint32	*p_act	Pointer to the oldest entry array element	
Description:	Structure defir	Structure definition for sliding average routine for sint32 input value		

 $\overline{()}$

[SWS_Efx_00205] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x6A	sint16 Efx_MovingAverage_s16_s16(Efx_MovingAvrgS16_Type*, sint16)
0x6B	sint32 Efx_MovingAverage_s32_s32(Efx_MovingAvrgS32_Type*, sint32)

()

8.5.9 Hypotenuse

The formula used for calculation in the below hypotenuse requirements is, sqrt(x_value * x_value/2 + y_value * y_value/2).

This is to achieve the specified resolution in the result.

<u>Warning:</u> Hypotenuse functions shall not be used directly for distance computation because the result has not the same resolution than the inputs.

[SWS_Efx_00210] [

Service name:	Efx_Hypot_u32u32_u32		
Syntax:	uint32 Efx_Hypot_u32u32_u32(
	uint32 x_value,		
	uint32 y_value		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x70		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	x_value First argument		
	Physical range: [0, 1]		



Specification of Extended Fixed Point Routines AUTOSAR CP Release 4.3.1

		Resolution: 1/2 ³²
	y_value	Second argument
		Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ³²
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
	uint32	Return value of the function
Return value:		Physical range: [0, sqrt(2)] Resolution: sqrt(2)/2 ³²
		Resolution: sqrt(2)/2 ³²
Description:	This service computes the length of a vector	

]()

[SWS_Efx_00211] [

Result = sqrt(x_value * x_value/2 + y_value * y_value/2)

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00212] [

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00213] [

Service name:	Efx_Hypot_u16u16_	<u>u</u> 16
Syntax:	<pre>uint16 Efx_Hypot_u16u16_u16(uint16 x_value, uint16 y_value)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x71	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		First argument Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶
	y_value	Second argument Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ¹⁶
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [0, sqrt(2)] Resolution: sqrt(2)/2 ¹⁶
Description:	This service computes the length of a vector	

]()

[SWS_Efx_00214] [

Result = sqrt(x_value * x_value/2 + y_value * y_value/2)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00215] [

The result is rounded off.

]()

70 of 110



[SWS_Efx_00216] [

	, d	
Service name:	Efx_Hypot_u8u8_u	J 8
Syntax:	uint8 Efx_Hypo uint8 x_va	
	uint8 y_va)	alue
Service ID[hex]:	0x72	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	First argument Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ⁸
	y_value	Second argument Physical range: [0, 1] Resolution: 1/2 ⁸
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	uint8	Return value of the function Physical range: [0, sqrt(2)] Resolution: sqrt(2)/2 ⁸
Description:	This service computes the length of a vector	

<u>()</u>

[SWS_Efx_00217] [

Result = sqrt(x_value * x_value/2 + y_value * y_value/2)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00218] [

The result is rounded off.

]()

8.5.10 Trigonometric functions

8.5.10.1 Sine function

[SWS_Efx_00220] [

Service name:	Efx_Sin_s32_s32	
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_Sin	s32_s32(
	sint32 x_v	alue
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x75	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		Argument Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2 ³²
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	



Specification of Extended Fixed Point Routines **AUTOSAR CP Release 4.3.1**

Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ³¹)-1)
Description:	This service computes the sine of an angle.	

]()

[SWS_Efx_00222] [The result is rounded off.

]()

ISWS Efx 002231 [

[3W3_EIX_00223]			
Service name:	Efx_Sin_s16_s16		
Syntax:	sint16 Efx_Sin_s16_s16(
	sint16 x_value		
Service ID[hex]:	0x76		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	x_value Argument Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2 ¹⁶		
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	sint16 Return value of the function Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ¹⁵)-1)		
Description:	This service computes the sine of an angle.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00225] [

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00226] [

Service name:	Efx_Sin_s8_s8		
Syntax:	sint8 Efx Sin s8 s8(
	sint8 x value		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x77		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	⁻	Argument Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2^8	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	ļ F	Return value of the function Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2^7)-1)	
Description:	This service computes the sine of an angle.		

] ()



[SWS_Efx_00228] [

The result is rounded off.

]()

8.5.10.2 Cosine function

[SWS_Efx_00229] [

[3443_LIX_00223	<u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_Cos_s32_s32	
Syntax:	sint32 Efx_Cos	s_s32_s32(
	sint32 x_v	value
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x7A	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	x_value	Argument
Parameters (in):		Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2 ³²
		Resolution: 2*PI/2 ³²
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
	sint32	Return value of the function
Return value:		Physical range: [-1, 1]
		Resolution: 1/((2 ³¹)-1)
Description:	This service comp	utes the cosine of an angle.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00231][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS Efx 00232] [

<u>.0110_21X_0020</u>	- 1	
Service name:	Efx_Cos_s16_s16	6
Syntax:	sint16 Efx Cos s16 s16(
	sint16 x	value
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x7B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2 ¹⁶
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint16	Return value of the function Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ¹⁵)-1)
Description:	This service comp	outes the cosine of an angle.

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00234][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00235] [



Service name:	Efx_Cos_s8_s8	
Syntax:	sint8 Efx_Cos_	s8_s8(
	sint8 x_va	lue
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x7C	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		Argument Physical range: [-PI, PI] Resolution: 2*PI/2 ⁸
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ⁷)-1)
Description:	This service comp	utes the cosine of an angle.

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00237][

The result is rounded off.

|()|

8.5.10.3 Inverse Sine function

[SWS_Efx_00240] [

Service name:	Efx_ArcSin_s32_s	s32
Syntax:	sint32 Efx ArcSin s32 s32(
	sint32 x_	value
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x80	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ³¹)-1)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32	Return value of the function Physical range: $[-PI/2, PI/2]$ Resolution: $PI/((2^{32})-1)$
Description:	This service comp	outes the inverse sine of a value.

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00242][

The result is rounded off.

1()

[SWS Efx 00243] [

<u> </u>	~1
Service name:	Efx_ArcSin_s16_s16
Syntax:	sint16 Efx_ArcSin_s16_s16(sint16 x_value)
Service ID[hex]:	0x81



Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ¹⁵)-1)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [-PI/2 , PI/2] Resolution: PI/((2 ¹⁶)-1)
Description:	This service computes the inverse sine of a value.	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00245][

The result is rounded off.

|()|

[SWS_Efx_00246] [

<u> </u>		
Service name:	Efx_ArcSin_s8_s8	
Syntax:	sint8 Efx_Arcs	Sin_s8_s8(
	sint8 x_va	alue
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x82	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ⁷)-1)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint8	Return value of the function Physical range: [-PI/2, PI/2] Resolution: PI/((2 ⁸)-1)
Description:	This service comp	utes the inverse sine of a value.

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00248][

The result is rounded off.

|()|

8.5.10.4 Inverse cosine function

[SWS_Efx_00250] [

	· 4	
Service name:	Efx_ArcCos_s32_u	u32
Syntax:	uint32 Efx_ArcCos_s32_u32(sint32 x value	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x85	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):		Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ³¹)-1)





Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:		Return value of the function Physical range: [0 , PI] Resolution: PI/((2 ³²)-1)
Description:	This service comp	utes the inverse cosine of a value.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00252][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00253] [

[O110_E1X_00200	~ 1	
Service name:	Efx_ArcCos_s16_u16	
Syntax:	<pre>uint16 Efx_ArcCos_s16_u16(sint16 x_value)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x86	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ¹⁵)-1)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	uint16	Return value of the function Physical range: [0 , PI] Resolution: PI/((2 ¹⁶)-1)
Description:	This service comp	utes the inverse cosine of a value.

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00255][

The result is rounded off.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00256] [

<u> </u>	~1	
Service name:	Efx_ArcCos_s8_u	8
Syntax:	uint8 Efx Arc	Cos s8 u8(
	sint8 x_va	alue
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x87	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	Argument Physical range: [-1, 1] Resolution: 1/((2 ⁷)-1)
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	uint8	Return value of the function Physical range: [0 , PI] Resolution: PI/((2 ⁸)-1)
Description:	This service computes the inverse cosine of a value.	



[SWS_Efx_00258][

The result is rounded off.

]()

8.5.11 Rate limiter

[SWS_Efx_00261] [

Service name:		te_ <intypemn></intypemn>
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_SlewRate_<intypemn>(</intypemn></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x8B to 0x8B	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	8
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	limit_pos	positive slope
Parameters (in):	input Input signal	
	limit_neg negative slope	
Parameters	output Output signal	
(inout):	init Pointer on a flag used to detect the first call of the API	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void No return value	
Description:	The routine limits the increase and the decrease of the Input entry by using tunable slopes.	

 $\overline{()}$

[SWS_Efx_00262][

If *init==0, *output=input

]()

[SWS_Efx_00264][

Input, limit_pos, limit_neg and output must have the same resolution and the same physical unit.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00265][

If the result of the Efx_SlewRate is only computed when some conditions are fulfilled, do not call the slew rate under the condition, but systematically! The slew rate must be called at each recurrence, even if it is not used, because otherwise, the output will be frozen to the previous value all the time, if conditions are not fulfilled.]()

[SWS_Efx_00266][

The parameters given for output and init, for which we receive the addresses, must be declared by the caller as private variables and will be initialized at 0, because the function uses the previous values of these outputs (so the stack must not be used). I()

[SWS_Efx_00267][

Physical values of limit_pos and limit_neg are positive. Internally limit_pos is added



to output value and limit_neg is substracted from output value to get upper and lower limit band within which output value is limited. ()

[SWS_Efx_00268][

At first step, when *init==0, output takes the value of input and *init will be put at 1. I()

[SWS_Efx_00269][

limit_pos is added to the output and it becomes the maximum value of the new output

limit_neg is deducted from the output and it becomes the minimum value of the new output.

If input is outside this range, output is limited to these values, in the other case, output takes the value of input

I()

[SWS_Efx_00270][

Values of limit_pos and limit_neg shall be adapted to the frequency of the call of the service.

|()|

[SWS Efx 00271] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	
0x8B	void Efx_SlewRate_u16 (uint16, uint16, uint16, uint16 *, uint8 *)	
0x8C	void Efx_SlewRate_s16 (uint16, sint16, uint16, sint16 *, uint8 *)	
0x8D	void Efx_SlewRate_u32 (uint32, uint32, uint32, uint32 *, uint8 *)	
0x8E	void Efx_SlewRate_s32 (uint32, sint32, uint32, sint32 *, uint8 *)	

()

8.5.12 Ramp routines

In case of a change of the input value, the ramp output value follows the input value with a specified limited slope.

Efx_ParamRamp_Type and Efx_StateRamp_Type are the data types for storing ramp parameters. Usage of Switch-Routine and Jump-Routine is optional based on the functionality requirement. Usage of Switch-Routine, Jump-Routine, Calc-Routine and Out-Method have the following precondition concerning the sequence of the calls.

- Efx RampCalcSwitch
- Efx RampCalcJump
- Efx RampCalc
- Efx RampOut S32

Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_Efx_00275] [

Name:	Efx_ParamRa	Efx_ParamRamp_Type		
Type:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	uint32	SlopePos_u32	Positive slope for ramp in absolute value. The resolution of SlopePos u32	





			shall be 1/2^16.
	uint32	SlopeNeg_u32	Negative slope for ramp in absolute value. The resolution of SlopeNeg_u32 shall be 1/2^16.
Description:	Structure definition	for Ramp routine	

() [SWS_Efx_00834]

Name:	Efx_StateRa	Efx_StateRamp_Type		
Туре:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint32	sint32 State_s32 State of the ramp		
	sint8	Dir_s8	Ramp direction	
	sint8	Switch_s8	Position of switch	
Description:	Structure defir	Structure definition for Ramp routine		

]()

8.5.12.1 Ramp routine

ISWS Efx 002761

[3773_LIX_0027	-		
Service name:	Efx_RampCalc		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_RampCalc(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst, const Efx_ParamRamp_Type* Param_cpcst, sint32 dT_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x90		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	X_s32 Param_cpcst dT_s32	Target value for the ramp to reach Pointer to parameter structure Sample Time [10 ⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]. dT_s32 shall be > 0.	
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to state structure	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The ramp output value increases or decreases a value with slope * dT_s32 depending if (State_cpst->State_s32 < X_s32) or (State_cpst->State_s32 > X_s32).		

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00837][

If the ramp state State_cpst->State_s32 has reached or crossed the target value X_s32 while the direction of the ramp had been RISING/FALLING, then set State_cpst->State_s32 = X_s32]()

[SWS_Efx_00278][

If ramp direction is rising then ramp increases a value with slope * dT_s32 if (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == RISING)

State_cpst->State_s32 = State_cpst->State_s32 + (Param_cpcst->SlopePos_u32 * dT_s32)



The minimum value of Param_cpcst->SlopePos_u32 * dT_s32 shall be 1, when Param->SlopePos > 0.

The intermediate results shall be rounded off.

Ex: minimum increment of Param_cpcst->SlopePos_u32 * dT_s32 = 1/(2^16*10^6) |()

[SWS_Efx_00279][

If ramp direction is falling then ramp decreases a value with slope * dT_s32 if (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == FALLING)

State_cpst->State_s32 = State_cpst->State_s32 - (Param_cpcst->SlopeNeg_u32 * dT s32)

The minimum value of Param_cpcst->SlopeNeg_u32 * dT_s32 shall be 1, when Param->SlopeNeg > 0.

The intermediate results shall be rounded off.

Ex: minimum decrement of Param_cpcst->SlopeNeg_u32 * dT_s32 = 1/(2^16*10^6) |()

[SWS_Efx_00280][

Direction of the ramp is stored so that a change of the target can be recognized and the output will follow immediately to the new target value.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 states are: RISING, FALLING, END. I()

[SWS_Efx_00281][

Comparison of State and Target decides ramp direction

If(State_cpst->State_s32 > X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = FALLING

If(State_cpst->State_s32 < X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = RISING

If(State_cpst->State_s32 == X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END

I()

[SWS_Efx_00284][

Resolution of dT_s32 is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit]()

8.5.12.2 Ramp Initialisation

[SWS_Efx_00285] [

<u>, </u>			
Service name:	Efx_RampInitState		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_RampInitState(Efx_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst, sint32 Val_s32)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x91		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Val_s32 Initial value for state variable		
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst Pointer to the state structure		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		



Description:	Initializes the state, direction and switch parameters for the ramp.

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00286][

Ramp direction is initialised with END value. User has no possibility to change or modify ramp direction.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END

E.g. of ramp direction states: RISING = 1, FALLING = -1, END = 0]()

[SWS_Efx_00442][

Initialisation of state variable State_cpst->State_s32 = Val_s32 I()

[SWS_Efx_00443][

Initialisation of switch variable. User has no possibility to change or modify switch initialization value.

State_cpst->Switch_s8 = OFF

E.g. of switch states: TARGET_A = 1, TARGET_B = -1, OFF = 0 |()

8.5.12.3 Ramp Set Slope

[SWS_Efx_00287] [

[OVO_LIX_0020	- 4		
Service name:	Efx_RampSetParam		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_RampSetParam(Efx_ParamRamp_Type* Param_cpst, uint32 SlopePosVal_u32, uint32 SlopeNegVal_u32</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x92		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Paramatara (in)	SlopePosVal_u32	Positive slope value	
Parameters (in):	SlopeNegVal_u32	Negative slope value	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	Param_cpst Pointer to parameter structure		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Sets the slope parameter for the ramp provided by the structure Efx_ParamRamp_Type.		

I()

[SWS_Efx_00288][

Sets positive and negative ramp slopes.

Param_cpst->SlopePos_u32 = SlopePosVal_u32

Param_cpst ->SlopeNeg_u32 = SlopeNegVal_u32

I()



8.5.12.4 Ramp out routines

[SWS_Efx_00289] [

Service name:	Efx_RampOut_s32	
Syntax:	<pre>sint32 Efx_RampOut_s32(const Efx_StateRamp_Type* State_cpcst)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x93	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	State_cpcst Pointer to the state value	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32 Internal state of the ramp element	
Description:	Returns the internal state of the ramp element.	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00290][

Return Value = State_cpcst->State_s32 J()

8.5.12.5 Ramp Jump routine

[SWS Efx 00291] [

<u> </u>	-11			
Service name:	Efx_RampCalcJump			
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_RampCalcJump(sint32 X_s32, Efx_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x94			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	X_s32	Target value for ramp to jump		
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst Pointer to the state value			
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	None			
Description:	This routine works in addition to main ramp function Efx_RampCalc to provide a faster adaption to target value.			

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00292][

If target value changes to a value contrary to current ramp direction and ramp has not reached its old target value then ramp state jumps to new target value immediately.

```
State_cpst->State_s32 = X_s32
State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END
I()
```

[SWS_Efx_00293] [

If target value is changed to new value and ramp has reached its old target value then normal ramp behavior is maintained.



State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END | ()

[SWS_Efx_00303] [

Direction of the ramp is stored so that a change of the target can be recognized and the output will follow immediately to the new target value.

State_cpst->Dir_s8 states are: RISING, FALLING, END.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00304] [

Comparison of State and Target decides ramp direction

If(State_cpst->State_s32 > X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = FALLING

If(State_cpst->State_s32 < X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = RISING

If(State_cpst->State_s32 == X_s32) then State_cpst->Dir_s8 = END

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00277] [

This routine decided if jump has to be done or not in case of change in target. Efx_RampCalc function shall be called after this function that a jump or the standard ramp behaviour is executed.

]()

8.5.12.6 Ramp switch routine

[SWS_Efx_00520] [

Service name:	Efx_RampCal	cSwitch
Syntax:	<pre>sint32 Efx_RampCalcSwitch(sint32 Xa_s32, sint32 Xb_s32, boolean Switch, Efx_StateRamp_Type* State_cpst)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x96	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Xa_s32 Xb_s32 Switch	Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'A' Target value for the ramp to reach if switch is in position 'B' Switch to decide target value
Parameters (inout):	State_cpst	Pointer to StateRamp structure
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	sint32	Returns the selected target value
Description:	This routine switches between two target values for a ramp service based on a Switch parameter.	

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00521][



Parameter Switch decides which target value is selected.

If Switch = TRUE, then Xa_s32 is selected. State_cpst->Switch_s8 is set to TARGET_A Return value = Xa_s32

If Switch = FALSE, then Xb_s32 is selected. State_cpst->Switch_s8 is set to TARGET_B Return value = Xb_s32 I()

[SWS_Efx_00522][

State_cpst->Dir_s8 hold direction information

State_cpst->Dir_s8 shall be set to END to reset direction information in case of target switch.

|()|

[SWS_Efx_00528][

Efx_RampCalcSwitch routine has to be called before Efx_RampCalc |()

8.5.12.7 Get Ramp Switch position

[SWS_Efx_00307] [

Service name:	Efx_RampGetSwitchPos			
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_RampGetSwitchPos(</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x98			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	State_cpst	Pointer to the state structure		
Parameters (inout):	None			
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	boolean return value TRUE or FALSE			
Description:	Gets the current switch position of ramp switch function.			

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00308][

Return value = TRUE if Switch position State_cpst->Switch_s8 = TARGET_A
Return value = FALSE if Switch position State_cpst->Switch_s8 = TARGET_B
|()

Note: The function "Efx_RampGetSwitchPos" should be called only after calling the function "Efx_RampCalcSwitch" or "Efx_RampCalc".

8.5.12.8 Check Ramp Activity

[SWS Efx 00309] [

<u> </u>	
Service name:	Efx_RampCheckActivity



Syntax:	boolean		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x99		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	State_cpst Pointer to the	e state structure	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean return value	TRUE or FALSE	
Description:	This routine checks the status of the ramp and returns TRUE if the ramp is active, otherwise it returns FALSE.		

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00310][

return value = TRUE, if Ramp is active (State_cpst->Dir_s8 != END) return value = FALSE, if Ramp is inactive (State_cpst->Dir_s8 == END) |()

8.5.13 Hysteresis routines

8.5.13.1 Hysteresis

[SWS_Efx_00311] [

Service name:	Efx_Hysteresis_ <intypemr< th=""><th colspan="3">Efx_Hysteresis_<intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn></th></intypemr<>	Efx_Hysteresis_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_Hysteresis_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x9A to 0x9F			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	input thresholdLow thresholdHigh Out_Val Out_LowThresholdVal	Input signal First threshold used to compute the output Second threshold used to compute the output Output value between the threshold Output value for Low Threshold trigger		
Parameters (inout):	Out_HighThresholdVal Output value for High Threshold trigger None			
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return value of the function		
Description:	The routine estimates the output of the hysteresis.			

| ()

[SWS_Efx_00312][

If Input < thresholdLow, Then return_value = Out_LowThresholdVal J()



[SWS_Efx_00313][

If Input > thresholdHigh, Then return_value = Out_HighThresholdVal |()

[SWS_Efx_00314][

If thresholdLow ≤ Input ≤ thresholdHigh, then return_value = Out_Val I()

[SWS_Efx_00315][

Input, thresholdLow and thresholdHigh must have the same resolution and the same physical unit.

1()

[SWS_Efx_00316][

Return_value, Out_Val, Out_LowThresholdVal and Out_HighThresholdVal must have the same resolution and the same physical unit.]()

[SWS Efx 00317] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0x9A	uint8 Efx_Hysteresis_u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8, uint8, uint8, uint8)
0x9B	uint16 Efx_Hysteresis_u16_u16(uint16, uint16, uint16, uint16, uint16, uint16)
0x9C	uint32 Efx_Hysteresis_u32_u32 (uint32, uint32,uint32,uint32,uint32,uint32)
0x9D	sint8 Efx_Hysteresis_s8_s8 (sint8,sint8,sint8,sint8,sint8,sint8)
0x9E	sint16 Efx_Hysteresis_s16_s16 (sint16,sint16,sint16,sint16,sint16,sint16)
0x9F	sint32 Efx_Hysteresis_s32_s32 (sint32,sint32,sint32,sint32,sint32,sint32)

]()

8.5.13.2 Hysteresis center half delta

[SWS Efx 00320] [

5115_E1X_00320]			
Service name:	Efx_Hyst(CenterHalfDelta_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<in' <in' <in'< th=""><th><pre>Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(Iype> X, Iype> center, Iype> halfDelta, lean* State</outtypemn></intypemn></pre></th></in'<></in' </in' 	<pre>Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(Iype> X, Iype> center, Iype> halfDelta, lean* State</outtypemn></intypemn></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	see SWS	see SWS_Efx_00324	
Sync/Async:	Synchron	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	Reentrant	
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	center	Center of hysteresis range	
	halfDelta	Half width of hysteresis range	
Parameters (inout):	State	Pointer to state value	
Parameters (out):	None	None	
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value	
Description:	Hysteresis	Hysteresis with center and left and right side halfDelta switching point.	



I()

[SWS_Efx_00321][

Return value = TRUE, if X > center + halfDeltaReturn value = FALSE, if X < center - halfDeltaReturn value is former state value if (center - halfDelta) $\leq X \leq (\text{center} + \text{halfDelta})$

[SWS_Efx_00322][

Parameters X, center and halfDelta should have the same data type. J()

[SWS_Efx_00323][

State variable shall store the old boolean result.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00324] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xA0	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_s32_u8(sint32, sint32, sint32, boolean *)
0xA1	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_u32_u8 (uint32, uint32, uint32, boolean *)
0x100	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_s8_u8 (sint8, sint8, sint8, boolean *)
0x101	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8, boolean *)
0x102	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_s16_u8(sint16, sint16, sint16, boolean *)
0x103	boolean Efx_HystCenterHalfDelta_u16_u8(uint16, uint16, uint16, boolean *)

]()

8.5.13.3 Hysteresis left right

[SWS_Efx_00325] [

,0110_=IX_000=0]				
Service name:	Efx_HystLeftRight_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>			
Syntax:	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn>			
	<intype> X,</intype>			
	<ir< th=""><th>nType> Lsp,</th></ir<>	nType> Lsp,		
	<ir< th=""><th>nType> Rsp,</th></ir<>	nType> Rsp,		
	bod	olean* State		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	see SWS_Efx_00330			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrar	Reentrant		
	Χ	Input value		
Parameters (in):	Lsp	Left switching point		
	Rsp	Right switching point		
Parameters	State	Pointer to state value		
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None	None		
Return value:	boolean	boolean Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value		
Description:	Hysteres	Hysteresis with left and right switching point.		
	•			

()



[SWS_Efx_00326][

Return value = TRUE, if X > Rsp (right switching point) Return value = FALSE, if X < Lsp (left switching point) Return value is former state value if $Lsp \le X \le Rsp$ I()

[SWS_Efx_00327] [

Parameters X, Lsp and Rsp should have the same data type.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00328] [

State variable shall store the old boolean result.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00329] [

Rsp shall be always greater than Lsp

]()

[SWS_Efx_00330] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax		
0xA3	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_s32_u8 (sint32, sint32, sint32, boolean *)		
0xA4	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_u32_u8 (uint32, uint32, uint32, boolean *)		
0x104	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_s8_u8 (sint8, sint8, sint8, boolean *)		
0x105	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8, boolean *)		
0x106	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_s16_u8(sint16, sint16, sint16, boolean *)		
0x107	boolean Efx_HystLeftRight_u16_u8(uint16, uint16, uint16, boolean *)		

]()

8.5.13.4 Hysteresis delta right

[SWS_Efx_00331] [

Service name:	Efx_Hyst	DeltaRight_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<ir <ir <ir< th=""><th>n Efx_HystDeltaRight_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(nType> X, nType> Delta, nType> Rsp, olean* State</outtypemn></intypemn></th></ir<></ir </ir 	n Efx_HystDeltaRight_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn>(nType> X, nType> Delta, nType> Rsp, olean* State</outtypemn></intypemn>		
Service ID[hex]:	see SWS_Efx_00335			
Sync/Async:	Synchror	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrar	Reentrant		
	Χ	Input value		
Parameters (in):	Delta	Left switching point = rsp - delta		
	Rsp	Right switching point		
Parameters (inout):	State	Pointer to state value		
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value		



Description:	Hysteresis with right switching point and delta to left switching point

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00332][

Return value = TRUE if X > Rsp (right switching point) Return value = FALSE if X < (Rsp - Delta)

Return value is former state value if (Rsp - Delta) $\leq X \leq Rsp$]()

[SWS_Efx_00333] [

Parameters X, Rsp and Delta should have the same data type.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00334] [

State variable shall store the old boolean result.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00335] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	
0xA5	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_s32_u8 (sint32, sint32, sint32, boolean *)	
0xA6	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_u32_u8 (uint32, uint32, uint32, boolean *)	
0x108	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_s8_u8 (sint8, sint8, sint8, boolean *)	
0x109	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8, boolean *)	
0x10A	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_s16_u8(sint16, sint16, sint16, boolean *)	
0x10B	boolean Efx_HystDeltaRight_u16_u8(uint16, uint16, uint16, boolean *)	

]()

8.5.13.5 Hysteresis left delta

[SWS Efx 00336] [

3W3_LIX_00330]			
Service name:	Efx_Hyst	:LeftDelta_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></pre>		
) (olean. State	
Service ID[hex]:	see SWS_Efx_00340		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrar	nt	
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	Lsp	Left switching point	
	Delta	Right switching point = lsp + delta	
Parameters (inout):	State	Pointer to state value	
Parameters (out):	None	None	
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE or FALSE depending of input value and state value	
Description:	Hysteres	Hysteresis with left switching point and delta to right switching point.	
	· ·	_	



[SWS_Efx_00337][

Return value is TRUE if X > (Lsp + Delta)Return value is FALSE if X < LspReturn value is former state value if $Lsp \le X \le (Lsp + Delta)$ J()

[SWS_Efx_00338] [

Parameters X, Lsp and Delta should have the same data type.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00339] [

State variable shall store the old boolean result.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00340] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xA7	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_s32_u8 (sint32, sint32, sint32, boolean *)
0xA8	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_u32_u8 (uint32, uint32, uint32, boolean *)
0x10C	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_s8_u8 (sint8, sint8, sint8, boolean *)
0x10D	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_u8_u8 (uint8, uint8, uint8, boolean *)
0x10E	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_s16_u8(sint16, sint16, sint16, boolean *)
0x10F	boolean Efx_HystLeftDelta_u16_u8(uint16, uint16, uint16, boolean *)

I()

8.5.14 Debounce routines

8.5.14.1 Efx_Debounce

[SWS_Efx_00355] [

Service name:	Efx_Debou	unce_u8_u8	
Syntax:	boolean Efx_Debounce_u8_u8(boolean X, Efx_DebounceState_Type * State, const Efx_DebounceParam_Type * Param, sint32 dT)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB0		
Sync/Async:	Synchrono	ous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	Χ	Input value	
Parameters (in):	Param	Pointer to state structure of type Efx_DebounceParam_Type	
	dT Sample Time		
Parameters (inout):	State	Pointer to state structure of type Efx_DebounceState_Type	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean Returns the debounced input value		
Description:	This routin a boolean	e debounces a digital input signal and returns the state of the signal as value.	



| ()

[SWS_Efx_00356][

If(X != State->XOId) then check start debouncing. I()

[SWS_Efx_00357] [

If transition occurs from FALSE to TRUE (i.e State->XOId = FALSE and X = TRUE), then use Param->TimeLowHigh as debouncing time; otherwise use Param->TimeHighLow.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00358] [

State->Timer is incremented with sample time for debouncing input signal.

Once reached to the set period, old state is updated with X.

State->Timer += dT:

If (State->Timer ≥ (TimePeriod * 10000))

State->XOId = X, and stop the timer, State->Timer = 0

where TimePeriod = Param->TimeLowHigh or Param->TimeHighLow

]()

[SWS_Efx_00359] [

Old value shall be returned as a output value. Current input is stored to old state.

Return value = State->XOld

State->XOId=X

()

[SWS Efx 00360] [

Resolution of dT is 10⁻⁶ seconds per increment of 1 data representation unit

]()

Structure definition for function argument

[SWS_Efx_00361] [

<u> </u>	- <u>1</u>			
Name:	Efx_Debounc	Efx_DebounceParam_Type		
Туре:	Structure	Structure		
Element:	sint16	TimeHighLow	Time for a High to Low transition, given in 10ms steps	
	sint16	TimeLowHigh	Time for a Low to High transition, given in 10ms steps	
Description:	Structure definition for Debounce routine			

() [SWS_Efx_00835]

Name:	Efx_DebounceState_Type		
Туре:	Structure		
Element:	boolean X01d Old input value from last call		
	sint32	Timer	Timer for internal state
Description:	Structure definition for Debounce routine		

I()



8.5.14.2 Efx_DebounceInit

[SWS_Efx_00362] [

Service name:	Efx_De	ebounceInit	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_DebounceInit(Efx_DebounceState_Type* State, boolean X)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB1		
Sync/Async:	Synchr	onous	
Reentrancy:	Reentr	ant	
Parameters (in):	Χ	Initial value for the input state	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	State	Pointer to state structure of type Efx_DebounceState_Type	
Return value:	void	No return value	
Description:	This ro	utine call shall stop the debouncing timer.	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00363][

State->Timer = 0

]()

[SWS_Efx_00364] [

Sets the input state to the given init value.

State->XOld = X;

]()

8.5.14.3 Efx_DebounceSetparam

ISWS Efx 003651

[34/3_EIX_0030 ;	<u>'1 </u>		
Service name:	Efx_DebounceSetParam		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_DebounceSetParam(Efx_DebounceParam_Type * Param, sint16 THighLow, sint16 TLowHigh)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB2		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	THighLow	Value for TimeHighLow of Efx_DebounceParam_Type	
rarameters (m).	TLowHigh	Value for TimeLowHigh of Efx_DebounceParam_Type	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	Param	Pointer to state structure of type Efx_DebounceParam_Type	
Return value:	void No return value		
Description:	This routine sets timing parameters, time for high to low transition and time for low to high for debouncing.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00366][

Param-> TimeHighLow = THighLow

Param-> TimeLowHigh = TLowHigh



|()

8.5.15 Ascending Sort Routine

[SWS_Efx_00370] [

Service name:	Efx_SortAscend_ <intypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_SortAscend_<intypemn>(</intypemn></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xB4 to 0xB9		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Num	Size of an data array	
Parameters (inout):	Array	Pointer to an data array	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	void	No return value	
Description:	The sorting algorithm modifies the given input array and rearranges data in ascending order.		

Example for unsigned array:

Input array: uint16 Array [5] = [42, 10, 88, 8, 15] Result: Array will be sorted to [8, 10, 15, 42, 88]

Example for signed array:

Input array: sint16 Array [5] = [-42, -10, 88, 8, 15] Result: Array will be sorted to [-42, -10, 8, 15, 88]

[SWS_Efx_00372] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xB4	void Efx_SortAscend_s8 (sint8*, uint16)
0xB5	void Efx_SortAscend_u8 (uint8*, uint16)
0xB6	void Efx_SortAscend_u16 (uint16*, uint16)
0xB7	void Efx_SortAscend_s16 (sint16*, uint16)
0xB8	void Efx_SortAscend_u32 (uint32*, uint16)
0xB9	void Efx_SortAscend_s32 (sint32*, uint16)

]()

8.5.16 Descending Sort Routine

[SWS_Efx_00373] [

Service name:	Efx_SortDescend_ <intypemn></intypemn>		
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_SortDescend_<intypemn>(</intypemn></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xBA to 0xBF		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Num	Size of an data array	
Parameters (inout):	Array	Pointer to an data array	



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Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	void	No return value
		odifies the given input array and rearranges data in
	descending order.	

1 ()

Example for unsigned array:

Input array: uint16 Array [5] = [42, 10, 88, 8, 15] Result: Array will be sorted to [88, 42, 15, 10, 8]

Example for signed array:

Input array: sint16 Array [5] = [-42, -10, 88, 8, 15] Result: Array will be sorted to [88, 15, 8, -10, -42]

[SWS_Efx_00375] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xBF	void Efx_SortDescend_s8 (sint8*, uint16)
0xBA	void Efx_SortDescend_u8 (uint8*, uint16)
0xBB	void Efx_SortDescend_u16 (uint16*, uint16)
0xBC	void Efx_SortDescend_s16 (sint16*, uint16)
0xBD	void Efx_SortDescend_u32 (uint32*, uint16)
0xBE	void Efx_SortDescend_s32 (sint32*, uint16)

]()

8.5.17 Median sort routine

[SWS_Efx_00376] [

Service name:	Efx_MedianSort_ <intypemn>_<o< th=""><th>utTypeMn></th></o<></intypemn>	utTypeMn>
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_MedianSort_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xC0 to 0xC4, 0xC8	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	N	Size of an array
Parameters (inout):	Array	Pointer to an array
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Return value of the function
Description:	Sort an array and return its mediar	n value

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00377][

This routine sorts values of an array in ascending order. Input array passed by the pointer shall have sorted values after this routine call.

For example:

Input array [5] = [42, 10, 88, 8, 15]Sorted array[5] = [8, 10, 15, 42, 88]

[SWS_Efx_00378][



Returns the median value of sorted array in case of N is even. Result = $(Sorted_array[N/2] + Sorted_array[(N/2) - 1]) / 2$]()

For example:

Sorted_array[4] = [8, 10, 15, 42]Result = (15 + 10) / 2 = 12

[SWS_Efx_00440][

Returns the median value of sorted array in case of N is odd. Return_Value = Sorted_array [N/2] = 15]()

For example:

Sorted_array[5] = [8, 10, 15, 42, 88] Result = 15

[SWS_Efx_00441][

In above calculation, N/2 shall be rounded towards zero. I()

[SWS_Efx_00379] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xC0	uint8 Efx_MedianSort_u8_u8(uint8*, uint8)
0xC1	uint16 Efx_MedianSort_u16_u16(uint16*, uint8)
0xC2	sint16 Efx_MedianSort_s16_s16(sint16*, uint8)
0xC3	sint8 Efx_MedianSort_s8_s8(sint8*, uint8)
0xC4	uint32 Efx_MedianSort_u32_u32(uint32*, uint8)
0xC8	sint32 Efx_MedianSort_s32_s32(sint32*, uint8)

]()

8.5.18 Edge detection routines

8.5.18.1 Edge bipol detection

[SWS_Efx_00380] [

<u>, </u>	- 4		
Service name:	Efx_EdgeBi	pol_u8_u8	
Syntax:	boolean Efx_EdgeBipol_u8_u8(boolean Inp_Val, boolean* Old_Val)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC5		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Inp_Val	Actual value of the signal	
Parameters (inout):	Old_Val	Pointer to the value of the signal from the last call	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE when the signal has changed since the last call	



	This routine detects whether a signal has changed since the last call and returns TRUE. If signal has not changed then returns FALSE.
- 0	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00381][

if (Inp_Val != *Old_Val) return value = TRUE else return value = FALSE. I()

8.5.18.2 Edge falling detection

ISWS Efx 003821

[3442_LIX_00302	3			
Service name:	Efx_EdgeFalli	ing_u8_u8		
Syntax:	boolean Efx_EdgeFalling_u8_u8(boolean Inp Val,			
		boolean* Old_Val		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC6			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	Inp_Val	Actual value of the signal		
Parameters (inout):	Old_Val	Pointer to the value of the signal from the last call		
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE when the signal has falling edge		
	Returns TRUE when the signal has a falling edge, i.e. the signal was TRUE at the last call and FALSE at the actual call of this routine			

[SWS_Efx_00383][

Return value = TRUE, If (*Old_Val == TRUE && Inp_Val == FALSE)
Return value = FALSE, otherwise.
I()

8.5.18.3 Edge rising detection

[SWS_Efx_00384] [

<u> </u>	4 1			
Service name:	Efx_EdgeRisi	ng_u8_u8		
Syntax:	boolean Ef	ooolean Efx EdgeRising u8 u8(
	boolea	n Inp Val,		
		n* Old Val		
)	014_141		
Service ID[hex]:	0xC7			
•				
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	Inp_Val	Actual value of the signal		
Parameters	Old_Val	Pointer to the value of the signal from the last call		
(inout):		•		
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE when the signal has rising edge		
Description:	Returns TRUE when the signal has a rising edge, i.e. the signal was FALSE at the			
	last call and TRUE at the actual call of this routine			



[SWS_Efx_00385][
Return value = TRUE, If (*Old_Val == FALSE && Inp_Val == TRUE)
Return value = FALSE, otherwise.
[()

8.5.19 Interval routines

8.5.19.1 Interval Closed

[SWS_Efx_00386] [

Efy Interval	Closed daTuseMay OutTuseMay	
Efx_IntervalClosed_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>		
boolean Efx_IntervalClosed_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn>		
<inty< th=""><th>pe> MinVal,</th></inty<>	pe> MinVal,	
<inty<sub>}</inty<sub>	pe> InpVal,	
<inty<sub>1</inty<sub>	pe> MaxVal	
)		
0xCA to 0xC	В	
Synchronous		
Reentrant		
MinVal	Minimum limit value	
InpVal	Actual value of the signal	
MaxVal	Maximum limit value	
None		
None		
boolean	Returns TRUE when MinVal ≤ InpVal ≤ MaxVal	
ion: This routine compares a value 'InpVal' with lower and upper limit 'MinVal' ar 'MaxVal' respectively.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00387][

Return value = TRUE, if (MinVal ≤ InpVal ≤ MaxVal)

Return value = FALSE, otherwise.

I()

[SWS_Efx_00388] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	
0xCA	ooolean Efx_IntervalClosed_s32_u8(sint32, sint32, sint32)	
0xCB	poolean Efx_IntervalClosed_u32_u8(uint32, uint32, uint32)	

]()

8.5.19.2 Interval Open

[SWS_Efx_00390] [

Service name:	Efx_IntervalOpen_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_IntervalOpen_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></pre>



	sint32	InpVal,	
	sint32	MaxVal	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xCC to 0xCE		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	MinVal	Minimum limit value	
Parameters (in):	InpVal	Actual value of the signal	
	MaxVal	Maximum limit value	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE when MinVal < InpVal < MaxVal	
Description:	This routine compares a value 'InpVal' with lower and upper limit 'MinVal' and 'MaxVal' respectively.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00391][

Return value = TRUE, if (MinVal < InpVal < MaxVal)

Return value = FALSE, otherwise.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00392] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xCC	boolean Efx_IntervalOpen_s32_u8(sint32, sint32, sint32)
0xCD	boolean Efx_IntervalOpen_u32_u8(uint32, uint32, uint32)

]()

8.5.19.3 Interval Left Open

[SWS_Efx_00393] [

Service name:	Efx_IntervalLeftOpen_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_IntervalLeftOpen_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xCE to 0xCF	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
	MinVal Minimum limit value	
Parameters (in):	InpVal Actual value of the signal	
	MaxVal Maximum limit value	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	boolean Returns TRUE when MinVal < InpVal ≤ MaxVal	
Description:	This routine compares a value 'InpVal' with lower and upper limit 'MinVal' and 'MaxVal' respectively.	

]()



[SWS_Efx_00394][

Return value = TRUE, if (MinVal < InpVal ≤ MaxVal)

Return value = FALSE, otherwise.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00395] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax	
0xCE	boolean Efx_IntervalLeftOpen_s32_u8(sint32, sint32, sint32)	
0xCF	boolean Efx_IntervalLeftOpen_u32_u8(uint32, uint32, uint32)	

]()

8.5.19.4 Interval Right Open

[SWS_Efx_00396] [

5W5_EIX_00390]			
Service name:	Efx_Interval	Efx_IntervalRightOpen_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_IntervalRightOpen_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xD0 to 0xD	0xD0 to 0xD1	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	MinVal	Minimum limit value	
Parameters (in):	InpVal	Actual value of the signal	
	MaxVal	Maximum limit value	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean	Returns TRUE when MinVal ≤ InpVal < MaxVal	
Description:	This routine compares a value 'InpVal' with lower and upper limit 'MinVal' and 'MaxVal' respectively.		

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00397][

Return value = TRUE, if (MinVal ≤ InpVal < MaxVal)

Return value = FALSE, otherwise.

|()|

[SWS_Efx_00398] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xD0	boolean Efx_IntervalRightOpen_s32_u8(sint32, sint32, sint32)
0xD1	boolean Efx_IntervalRightOpen_u32_u8(uint32, uint32, uint32)

]()

8.5.20 Counter routines

[SWS_Efx_00399] [

Service name:	Efx_CounterSet_ <intypemn></intypemn>



Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_CounterSet_<intypemn>(</intypemn></pre>		
	<pre><intype> Val</intype></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xD2 to 0xD4		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	Val	Initial value	
Parameters (inout):	CounterVal	Pointer to input value	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The CounterSet routines initialise counter value with initial value		
	CounterVal = Val;		

] () [SWS_Efx_00404] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xD2	void Efx_CounterSet_u16 (uint16*, uint16)
0xD3	void Efx_CounterSet_u32 (uint32*, uint32)
0xD4	void Efx_CounterSet_u8 (uint8*, uint8)

]()

[SWS_Efx_00400] [

Service name:	Efx_Counter_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_Counter_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype>	
	<pre><intype> * CounterVal)</intype></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xD5 to 0xD7	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	CounterVal Pointer to input value	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype> Returns value is the new value of the parameter CounterVal.</outtype>	
Description:	The counter routines increments the value of the parameter CounterVal by 1.	

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00401][

The return value is the new value of the parameter CounterVal.

* CounterVal ++;

Return value = *CounterVal;

]()

[SWS_Efx_00402][

In case of saturation, counter value shall not be reset to 0 and shall not be incremented.

Return value = Saturated value of the counter data type |()

[SWS_Efx_00403] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.



Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xD5	uint8 Efx_Counter_u8_u8 (uint8 *)
0xD6	uint16 Efx_Counter_u16_u16 (uint16 *)
0xD7	uint32 Efx_Counter_u32_u32 (uint32 *)

]()

8.5.21 Flip-Flop routine

[SWS_Efx_00405] [

Service name:	Efx_RSFlipF	-lop	
Syntax:	boolean Efx_RSFlipFlop(boolean R_Val, boolean S_Val, boolean* State_Val)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xEF		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Doromotoro (in)	R_Val	Reset switch - changes the flip flop state to FALSE	
Parameters (in):	S_Val	Set switch - changes the flip flop state to TRUE	
Parameters (inout):	State_Val	Pointer to flip-flop state variable	
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	boolean	poolean Returns the new state of the flip flop	
Description:	RS flip flop can be set and reset via input switches R_Val and S_Val.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00406][

The reset switch is higher prior than the set switch, e.g. R_Val = TRUE, S_Val = TRUE

Then state and return value = FALSE J()

[SWS_Efx_00407][

Reset condition:

 $R_Val = TRUE,$

 $S_Val = FALSE$

Then state and return value = FALSE I()

[SWS_Efx_00408][

Set condition:

 $R_Val = FALSE$,

S_Val = TRUE

Then state and return value = TRUE I()

[SWS_Efx_00409][

Invalid condition:

 $R_Val = FALSE$,

S Val = FALSE

Then state and return value are unchanged



|()

8.5.22 Limiter routines

[SWS_Efx_00410] [

Service name:	Efx_TypeLimiter_ <intypemn>_</intypemn>	<outtypemn></outtypemn>
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_TypeLimit(</outtype></pre>	er_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn>
Service ID[hex]:	0xD8 to 0xE9	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Input_Val	Input value to be limited
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Returns the limited value for input
Description:	limiter routine	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00411][

Input value shall be saturated according to the data type of the return parameter. e.g. If return type is sint16 and input data range is uint32, then output value will be limited to sint16 data range.

]()

[SWS_Efx_00412] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xD8	uint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_s32_u8 (sint32)
0xD9	uint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_s32_u16 (sint32)
0xDA	uint32 Efx_TypeLimiter_s32_u32 (sint32)
0xDB	sint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_s32_s8 (sint32)
0xDC	sint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_s32_s16 (sint32)
0xDD	uint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_u32_u8 (uint32)
0xDE	uint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_u32_u16 (uint32)
0xDF	sint32 Efx_TypeLimiter_u32_s32 (uint32)
0xE0	sint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_u32_s8 (uint32)
0xE1	sint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_u32_s16 (uint32)
0xE2	uint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_s16_u8 (sint16)
0xE3	uint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_s16_u16 (sint16)
0xE4	sint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_s16_s8 (sint16)
0xE5	uint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_u16_u8 (uint16)
0xE6	sint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_u16_s8 (uint16)
0xE7	sint16 Efx_TypeLimiter_u16_s16 (uint16)
0xE8	uint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_s8_u8 (sint8)
0xE9	sint8 Efx_TypeLimiter_u8_s8 (uint8)

]()



8.5.23 64 bits functions

8.5.23.1 General requirements

The usage of 64bits data must remain an exception in the code if the requirement cannot be reached by another mean.

[SWS_Efx_00415] [

C operators shall not be used for 64bit data (cast, arithmetic operators and comparison operators)] ()

[SWS_Efx_00416] [

64bit constants shall not be used.] ()

[SWS_Efx_00417] [

Direct affectation to and from a 64 bit type shall only be used through predefined functions of 64 bits library.] ()

[SWS_Efx_00418] [

Only the sint64 type is allowed (uint64 shall not be used).] ()

[SWS_Efx_00419] [

64bit functions do not perform saturation, even for the conversion to smaller types.]

8.5.23.2 Casts

[SWS_Efx_00420] [

Service name:	Efx_Cast_ <intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_Cast_<intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></outtype>	
	<intype> x_value</intype>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xEA to 0xEC	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value Argument of the function	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype> Return value of the function</outtype>	
Description:	Convert value of entry type in the value in the output type	

I()

[SWS Efx 00422] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xEA	sint64 Efx_Cast_u32_s64(uint32)



0xEB	uint32 Efx_Cast_s64_u32(sint64)
0xEC	sint32 Efx_Cast_s64_s32(sint64)

]()

8.5.23.3 Additions

[SWS_Efx_00423] [

Service name:	Efx_Add_ <intypemn><int< th=""><th>ypeMn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></th></int<></intypemn>	ypeMn>_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_Add_<intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xF0 to 0xF2	0xF0 to 0xF2	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Paramotore (in)	x_value	First argument	
Parameters (in):	y_value	Second argument	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Result of the calculation	
Description:	This service makes an addition between the two arguments		
	The addition is not protected against the overflow.		

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00424][

Return value = x_value + y_value

]()

[SWS_Efx_00425] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xF0	sint64 Efx_Add_s64s32_s64(sint64, sint32)
0xF1	sint64 Efx_Add_s64u32_s64(sint64, uint32)
0xF2	sint64 Efx_Add_s64s64_s64(sint64, sint64)

]()

8.5.23.4 Multiplications

[SWS_Efx_00426] [

<u>[0110_2:x_00:20</u>	_~]	
Service name:	Efx_Mul_ <intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<outtype> Efx_Mul_<intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></outtype>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xF3 to 0xF5	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	x_value	First argument



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	y_value	Second argument
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype></outtype>	Result of the calculation
Description:	This service makes a multiplication between the two arguments The multiplication is not protected against the overflow.	

| () |

[SWS_Efx_00427][

Return value = x_value * y_value

10

[SWS_Efx_00428] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xF3	sint64 Efx_Mul_s64u32_s64(sint64, uint32)
0xF4	sint64 Efx_Mul_s64s32_s64(sint64, sint32)
0xF5	sint64 Efx_Mul_s64s64_s64(sint64, sint64)

]()

8.5.23.5 Division

[SWS_Efx_00429] [

Service name:	Efx_Div_ <intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre><outtype> Efx_Div_<intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></outtype></pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0xF6 to 0xFB	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Doromotoro (in)	x_value	First argument
Parameters (in):	y_value	Second argument
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	<outtype> Result of the calculation</outtype>	
Description:	These services make a division between the two arguments	

] ()

[SWS_Efx_00430][

Return value = x_value / y_value

(()

[SWS_Efx_00431][

The result after division by zero is defined by:

If $x_value \ge 0$ then the function returns the maximum value of the output type If $x_value < 0$ then the function returns the minimum value of the output type y(t)

[SWS_Efx_00433][



The result is rounded towards 0. J()

[SWS_Efx_00434] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xF6	sint64 Efx_Div_s64u32_s64(sint64, uint32)
0xF7	sint64 Efx_Div_s64s32_s64(sint64, sint32)
0xF8	sint32 Efx_Div_s64s32_s32 (sint64, sint32)
0xF9	uint32 Efx_Div_s64s32_u32 (sint64, sint32)
0xFA	sint32 Efx_Div_s64u32_s32 (sint64, uint32)
0xFB	uint32 Efx_Div_s64u32_u32 (sint64, uint32)

]()

8.5.23.6 Comparison

[SWS_Efx_00436] [

	0_2.x_00 100]		
Service name:	Efx_Gt_ <intypemn><inty< th=""><th>peMn>_<outtypemn></outtypemn></th></inty<></intypemn>	peMn>_ <outtypemn></outtypemn>	
Syntax:	<pre>boolean Efx_Gt_<intypemn><intypemn>_<outtypemn>(</outtypemn></intypemn></intypemn></pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0xFC to 0xFD		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	x_value	First argument	
raiailleteis (III).	y_value	Second argument	
	None		
(inout):			
	None		
Return value:	boolean	Result of the calculation	
Description:	This service makes a comparison between the two arguments		

1 ()

[SWS_Efx_00437][

Return Value = TRUE, if (x_value > y_value), else FALSE.

|()

[SWS_Efx_00438] [

Here is the list of implemented functions.

Service ID[hex]	Syntax
0xFC	boolean Efx_Gt_s64u32_u8(sint64, uint32)
0xFD	boolean Efx_Gt_s64s32_u8(sint64, sint32)

]()

8.6 Examples of use of functions

None



8.7 Version API

8.7.1 Efx_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_Efx_00815] [

Service name:	Efx_GetVersionInfo	
Syntax:	<pre>void Efx_GetVersionInfo(Std VersionInfoType* versioninfo</pre>	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0xff	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module. Format according [BSW00321]	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Returns the version information of this library.	

I (SRS_BSW_00407, SRS_BSW_00003, SRS_BSW_00318, SRS_BSW_00321)

The version information of a BSW module generally contains:

Module Id

Vendor Id

Vendor specific version numbers (SRS_BSW_00407).

[SWS Efx 00816] [

If source code for caller and callee of Efx_GetVersionInfo is available, the Efx library should realize Efx_GetVersionInfo as a macro defined in the module's header file. J (SRS BSW 00407, SRS BSW 00411)

8.8 Call-back notifications

None

8.9 Scheduled functions

The EfX library does not have scheduled functions.

8.10 Expected Interfaces

None

8.10.1 Mandatory Interfaces

None

8.10.2 Optional Interfaces

None

8.10.3 Configurable interfaces

None



9 Sequence diagrams

Not applicable.



10 Configuration specification

10.1 Published Information

[SWS_Efx_00814] [The standardized common published parameters as required by SRS_BSW_00402 in the General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3] shall be published within the header file of this module and need to be provided in the BSW Module Description. The according module abbreviation can be found in the List of Basic Software Modules [1].] (SRS_BSW_00402, SRS_BSW_00374, SRS_BSW_00379)

Additional module-specific published parameters are listed below if applicable.

10.2 Configuration option

[SWS_Efx_00818] [The Efx library shall not have any configuration options that may affect the functional behavior of the routines. I.e. for a given set of input parameters, the outputs shall be always the same. For example, the returned value in case of error shall not be configurable. | (SRS_LIBS_00001)

However, a library vendor is allowed to add specific configuration options concerning library implementation, e.g. for resources consumption optimization.



11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_Efx_00822][

These requirements are not applicable to this specification. J(SRS_BSW_00448)