User Level Access in Shiny Apps

useR! Jogja

M Farkhan N

Business Intelligence Amartha Mikro Fintek Data Analyst - Data Scientist - Bl

farkhan.novianto@amartha.com

farkhan.novianto@gmail.com

http://t.me/mfarkhann

What is Shiny

- Shiny is an open source R package that provides an elegant and powerful web framework for building web applications using R. Shiny helps you turn your analyses into interactive web applications without requiring HTML, CSS, or JavaScript knowledge.
- You can host standalone apps on a webpage or embed them in <u>R Markdown</u> documents or build <u>dashboards</u>.
- You can also extend your Shiny apps with <u>CSS themes</u>, <u>htmlwidgets</u>, and JavaScript <u>actions</u>.

Hosting Shiny Web App

Deploy to the Cloud

Shinyapps.io (Free and Paid Option)

Deploy on-premises (open source)

Shiny Server

Deploy on-premises (Commercial)

- RStudio Connect
- Shiny Server Pro

If you have budget, please use Commercial Product

- Support Security & Authentication
- Scale applications across multiple R processes
- Performance and resource metrics
- Push-button publish from the RStudio IDE (shinyapps.io and RStudio Connect)

Several Alternative to protect your app with authentication

- Host the app behind a <u>reverse proxy server</u> (nginx)
- Use <u>ShinyProxy</u> (docker based)

All user will see same content and you can't know who has been logged in

User Level Access: Each User (or group) who logged-in can see different content

Demo

https://farkhan.shinyapps.io/render-ui/

https://farkhan.shinyapps.io/shinyjs-hide/

https://farkhan.shinyapps.io/persistent-login/

username	setosa	versicolor	virginica	admin
password	1111	2222	3333	9999

https://github.com/mfarkhann/shiny-password

Use Render UI

All UI processed in server to check if user logged in

Step shiny password using Render UI

- 1. UI only contain renderUI
- 2. Make Reactive Values to save login data
- 3. Show login page when not logged in
- 4. Processing login when click button and then save username who logged in
- 5. Process Data based on username
- 6. Show UI for logged in user
- 7. Clear Reactive Values when logout

UI.R

```
library(shiny)
shinyUI(
fluidPage(
title = judul,
uiOutput("ui")
))
```

Reactive Values to save login data

```
sudah_login <- reactiveVal(value = FALSE)
data_user <- reactiveVal(value = NULL)</pre>
```

Show login page when not logged in

```
if (!sudah login()) {
  fluidRow(
     column(width = 12, align='center',
         br(), br(), br(), br(),
         h3(judul),
         br(), br().
         textInput('username', ", placeholder = 'user'),
         passwordInput('password', ", placeholder = 'pass'),
         actionButton('login', 'Login', class = "btn-primary")
```

Processing Login

```
observeEvent(input$login, {
    cred_user <- df_credentials %>%
        filter(username == input$username)
    if(nrow(cred_user)) {
        if (input$password == cred_user$password) {
            sudah_login(TRUE)
            data_user(cred_user)
        }}
}
```

Process Data based on username

```
output$contohData <- renderTable({
  req(data user()$username)
  df data <- iris
  nama = data user()$username
  if(nama!='admin') {
    df data <- df data %>%
       filter(Species == nama)
  df_data %>% group_by(Species) %>% summarise_all(list(Total = sum))
```

Show UI for logged in user

```
if (!sudah_login()) {
UI when not logged in
}else {
     fluidRow(
        column(12,
            h3(judul), align='center',
            br().
            tableOutput("contohData")
        )))}
```

Clear Reactive Value when Logout

```
observeEvent(input$logout, {
    sudah_login(FALSE)
    data_user(NULL)
})
```

Use ShinyJS Hide

Make Shiny App as usual, but hide several parts

Step shiny password using ShinyJS Hide

- UI as usual, but hide several (or all) parts that need login
- Show login page when not logged in
- 3. Processing login when click button, save username who logged in and show Hidden UI
- Process Data based on username
- 5. Clear Reactive Values and hide content when logout

UI as Usual, hidden sensitive content

```
shinyjs::hidden(
    div(
    id = "div_data",
    box(width = 12,
        h3(textOutput('text_user')),
        br(),
        tableOutput("contohData")
    )))
```

UI for fill password

```
div(id = "div_password",
  align = 'center',
  h3("Masukkan Password untuk melihat datanya"),
  passwordInput("password","", placeholder = "pass"),
  actionButton("login", strong("Login")),
  shinyjs::hidden(
   div(id = "login-error",
      div(icon("exclamation-circle"),
        shiny::tags$b("Password Salah")
```

Processing Login

```
observeEvent(input$login, {
  cred user <- df credentials %>%
     filter(password == input$password)
  if(nrow(cred_user)==1) {
     data user(cred user)
     shinyjs::hide("div password")
     shinyjs::show("div data")
     shinyjs::show("logout")
  } else {
     shinyjs::show(id = "login-error", anim = TRUE, animType = "fade")
     shinyjs::delay(2000, shinyjs::hide(id = "login-error", ..., time = 0.5))
```

Clear Reactive Values and hide content when logout

```
observeEvent(input$logout, {
    data_user(NULL)
    shinyjs::hide("logout")
    shinyjs::hide("div_data")
    shinyjs::show("div_password")
    shinyjs::reset('div_password')
})
```

Keep logged-in even in new session

Persistent Login

Cookie Based Authentication

- Check if already logged-in
 Get access token in cookies data and check if match in user credential
- 2. If not logged-in (no cookies or not matched)
 - User Login
 User insert user and password then send to server
 - b. Validating Login
 Check if user exist and password matched with hashed password
 - Generation access token
 If user matched, generate token which uniquely identify user's session
 Save it in user credentials and send to cookies (with expiration time)
- 3. User will make request using token that also available in user credential

Source: <u>using-cookie-based-authentication-with-shin</u>

Setup R (Shiny) to interact with Cookies

Using shinyjs to Set and Get Cookies

Download Script to interact with Cookies using JS

```
if (!dir.exists('www/')) {
    dir.create('www')
}

download.file(
    url =
'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/js-cookie/js-cookie/master/src/js.cookie.js',
    destfile = 'www/js.cookie.js'
)
```

Script JS to get set and remove Cookies

```
isCode <- '
shinyjs.getcookie = function(params) {
var cookie = Cookies.get("shiny user session");
if (typeof cookie !== "undefined") {
Shiny.onInputChange("jscookie", cookie);
 else {
var cookie = "":
Shiny.onInputChange("jscookie", cookie);}}
shinyjs.setcookie = function(params) {
/* expires after 12 hours */
Cookies.set("shiny_user_session", escape(params), { expires: 0.5 });
Shiny.onInputChange("jscookie", params);}
shinyjs.rmcookie = function(params) {
Cookies.remove("shiny user session");
Shiny.onInputChange("jscookie", "");}
```

Source JS in Shiny using ShinyJS

```
dashboardBody(
    shinyjs::useShinyjs(),
    tags$script(src = "js.cookie.js"),
    extendShinyjs(text = jsCode),
    uiOutput("ui")
)
```

Check if already logged-in

```
observe({
     is$getcookie()
     credentials <- readRDS("data/credentials.rds")</pre>
     session cred <- credentials$session
     if (!is.null(input$jscookie) && input$jscookie!="" && input$jscookie %in%
session cred) {
       sudah login(TRUE)
       row email <- which(session cred==input$jscookie)</pre>
       data_user(credentials[row_email,])
       shinyjs::show("logout")
```

Validate Login and generate Access Token

```
cred user <- df credentials %>%
 filter(username == input$username)
if (bcrypt::checkpw(input$password, hash = cred_user$password)) {
 sudah login(TRUE)
 data user(cred user)
 sessionid <- paste(collapse = ", sample(x = c(letters, LETTERS, 0:9), size = 64,
replace = TRUE))
 js$setcookie(sessionid)
 update user session(user = input$username,sessionid)
 shinyjs::show("logout")
```

____ Terima kasih

https://t.me/GNURIndonesia

https://t.me/RIndonesia Jateng

https://bit.ly/2FoBt3i