BFO 2020 Spatiotemporal Axioms

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If something occupies a temporal region, then it exists at that region [bmc-1]
     \forall a,t (occupiesTemporalRegion(a,t) \rightarrow existsAt(a,t))
Exists at is a lower bound on first argument [jqz-1]
    \forall p,q,r (existsAt(p,q) \land temporalPartOf(p,r) \rightarrow existsAt(r,q))
Occupies temporal region is functional on second argument [wzd-1]
    \forall p,q,r (occupies Temporal Region(p,q) \land occupies Temporal Region(p,r) \rightarrow q=r)
Temporally projects onto is functional on second argument [jtq-1]
    \forall p,q,r (temporallyProjectsOnto(p,q) \land temporallyProjectsOnto(p,r) \rightarrow q=r)
Spatially projects onto is functional on second argument [fdb-1]
     \forall p,q,r,s (spatially Projects Onto(p,q,r) \land spatially Projects Onto(p,s,r) \rightarrow q=s)
Occupies spatiotemporal region is functional on second argument [uqt-1]
     \forall p,q,r (occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p,q) \land occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p,r) \rightarrow q=r)
Occurs in is a lower bound on second argument [yex-1]
    \forall p,c1,c2(occursIn(p,c1) \land (\forall t(existsAt(p,t) \leftrightarrow locatedIn(c1,c2,t))) \rightarrow occursIn(p,c2))
If a occupies spatial region b then if a is an instance of site then b is an instance of three dimensional spatial region [uqb-1]
    \forall p,q,t (occupiesSpatialRegion(p,q,t) \land instanceOf(p,site,t)
             \rightarrow instanceOf(q,threeDimensionalSpatialRegion,t))
The temporal region during which a process occurs is the same as that which the spatiotemporal region the process occupies
temporally projects onto [cur-1]
    \forall p,t (occupiesTemporalRegion(p,t))
          \leftrightarrow \exists st(occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p,st) \land temporallyProjectsOnto(st,t)))
A process boundary occupies a spatiotemporal instant [atz-1]
     \forall pb, tr (\exists t instanceOf(pb, processBoundary, t) \land occupiesTemporalRegion(pb, tr)
            \rightarrow instanceOf(tr,temporalInstant,tr))
For every process there's a corresponding spatiotemporal region [qyy-1]
    \forall p (\exists t (instanceOf(p,process,t) \lor instanceOf(p,processBoundary,t))
         \rightarrow \existss occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p,s))
Temporally projects onto has domain spatiotemporal region and range temporal region [cvr-1]
    \forall a,b (temporallyProjectsOnto(a,b)
           \rightarrow \exists t \text{ instanceOf(a,spatiotemporalRegion,t)} \land \exists t \text{ instanceOf(b,temporalRegion,t)})
Spatiotemporal regions always project on to some temporal region [scq-1]
     \forallst(\existst instanceOf(st,spatiotemporalRegion,t)
         \rightarrow \exists t (instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t) \land temporallyProjectsOnto(st,t)))
Spatially projects onto is time indexed and has domain: spatiotemporal region and range: spatial region [blj-1]
     \foralla,b,t (spatiallyProjectsOnto(a,b,t)
            \rightarrow instanceOf(a,spatiotemporalRegion,t) \land instanceOf(b,spatialRegion,t)
             \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t))
Every temporal region is a projection from a spatiotemporal region [xco-1]
    \foralltr(\existst instanceOf(tr,temporalRegion,t)
         \rightarrow \exists st(\existst instanceOf(st,spatiotemporalRegion,t) \land temporallyProjectsOnto(st,tr)))
Spatiotemporal regions always project on to some spatial region at any time [geq-1]
    ∀st,t (instanceOf(st,spatiotemporalRegion,t)
          \rightarrow \exists s,tp(temporalPartOf(tp,t)\land instanceOf(s,spatialRegion,tp)
                    ∧ spatiallyProjectsOnto(st,s,tp)))
Occupies temporal region has domain process or process boundary and range temporal region [lyx-1]
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\forall a,b (occupiesTemporalRegion(a,b)
           \rightarrow (\existst(instanceOf(a,process,t)\lorinstanceOf(a,processBoundary,t)))
            \land \exists t instanceOf(b, temporalRegion, t))
Every spatial region is a projection from a spatiotemporal region [mdb-1]
    \forall sr (\existst instanceOf(sr,spatialRegion,t)
         \rightarrow \existsst(\existst instanceOf(st,spatiotemporalRegion,t)\land \existst spatiallyProjectsOnto(st,sr,t)))
Occupies spatiotemporal region has domain process or process boundary and range spatiotemporal region [vvo-1]
    \forall a,b (occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(a,b)
           \rightarrow (\existst(instanceOf(a,process,t) \lor instanceOf(a,processBoundary,t)))
            \land \exists t instanceOf(b,spatiotemporalRegion,t))
A process occupies at least a temporal interval [fzy-1]
     \forall proc,tr(\existst instanceOf(proc,process,t) \land occupiesTemporalRegion(proc,tr)
               \rightarrow \exists interval(instanceOf(interval,temporalInterval,interval)
                             ∧ temporalPartOf(interval,tr)))
If one occurrent is part of another, then the temporal region of the first is part of the temporal region of the second [jiv-1]
    \forall o1,o2,t1,t2((\existst(instanceOf(o1,process,t)\lorinstanceOf(o1,processBoundary,t)))
                   \land \exists t instanceOf(o2,process,t) \land occurrentPartOf(o1,o2)
                   \land occupiesTemporalRegion(o1,t1)\land occupiesTemporalRegion(o2,t2)
                   \rightarrow temporalPartOf(t1,t2))
If one process or process boundary is part of another, then their corresponding temporal regions are also in a parthood
relation [ige-1]
    \forall o1,o2,st1,st2 ((\existst(instanceOf(o1,process,t)\lorinstanceOf(o1,processBoundary,t)))
                     \land (\exists t (instanceOf(o2,process,t) \lor instanceOf(o2,processBoundary,t)))
                     \land occurrentPartOf(o1,o2)\land occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(o1,st1)
                     ∧ occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(o2,st2)
                      \rightarrow occurrentPartOf(st1,st2))
If a process or process boundary is part of another, their spatiotemporal regions are part too [kqv-1]
    \forall p1,p2 ((\exists t instanceOf(p1,process,t) \lor \exists t instanceOf(p1,processBoundary,t))
              \land (\exists t \text{ instanceOf}(p2,process,t) \lor \exists t \text{ instanceOf}(p2,processBoundary,t))
              \rightarrow (occurrentPartOf(p1,p2)
                 \leftrightarrow \existsst1,st2(occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p1,st1)
                               ∧occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(p2,st2)
                               \land occurrentPartOf(st1,st2))))
Process or process boundary p occupies temporal region t iff every part of p temporally occupies a part of t, and there isn't a
smaller part of t that p occupies. [tao-1]
    \forall o,t ((\existst1 instanceOf(o,process,t1) \lor \existst1 instanceOf(o,processBoundary,t1))
          \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t)
          \rightarrow (occupiesTemporalRegion(o,t)
              \leftrightarrow (\forall op (occurrentPartOf(op,o)
                       \rightarrow \forall tp(occupiesTemporalRegion(op,tp) \rightarrow occurrentPartOf(tp,t))))
               \land \neg (\exists t'(t' \neq t \land occurrentPartOf(t',t))
                              \land occupiesTemporalRegion(o,t')))))
Process p (or boundary) occupies spatiotemporal region st iff every part of p occupies spatiotemporal region a part of st, and
there isn't a smaller part of st that p occupies. [dki-1]
    \forall o,st ((\existst1 instanceOf(o,process,t1) \lor \existst1 instanceOf(o,processBoundary,t1))
           \land \exists t1 \text{ instanceOf(st,spatiotemporalRegion,t1)}
           \rightarrow (occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(o,st)
               \leftrightarrow (\forall op (occurrentPartOf(op,o)
                        \rightarrow \forall stp(occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(op,stp)
                                  \rightarrow occurrentPartOf(stp,st))))
                \land \neg (\exists st'(st' \neq st \land occurrentPartOf(st',st))
                                 \land occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(o,st')))))
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Alan Ruttenberg, November 12, 2021. The most recent version of this file will always be in the GitHub repository https://github.com/bfo-ontology/bfo-2020

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