BFO 2020 Spatial Axioms

```
Occurs in and environs are inverse relations [uys-1]
    \forall a,b (occursIn(a,b) \leftrightarrow environs(b,a))
Located in and location of are inverse relations [kaw-1]
    \forallt,a,b(locatedIn(a,b,t) \leftrightarrow locationOf(b,a,t))
Occurs in is dissective on first argumentwhen it is an occurrent [jil-1]
    \forall p,q,r(occursIn(p,q) \land occurrentPartOf(r,p) \rightarrow occursIn(r,q))
If a process (or process boundary) occurs in a continuant, that continuant exists at least as long as the process does [dxv-1]
    \forall p,c (occursIn(p,c) \rightarrow \forall t (existsAt(p,t) \rightarrow existsAt(c,t)))
Located in is dissective on third argument, a temporal region [put-1]
     \forall p,q,r,s (locatedIn(p,q,r) \land temporalPartOf(s,r) \rightarrow locatedIn(p,q,s))
Located in is a lower bound on second argument [evu-1]
    \forall p,q,r,s (locatedIn(p,q,r) \land continuantPartOf(q,s,r) \rightarrow locatedIn(p,s,r))
Located in is dissective on first argumentwhen it is a continuant [wty-1]
    \forall p,q,r,s (locatedIn(p,q,r) \land continuantPartOf(s,p,r) \rightarrow locatedIn(s,q,r))
Occupies spatial region is functional on second argument [zls-1]
    \forall p,q,r,s (occupiesSpatialRegion(p,q,r) \land occupiesSpatialRegion(p,s,r) \rightarrow q=s)
Occupies spatial region is dissective on third argument, a temporal region [mud-1]
     \forall p,q,r,s (occupiesSpatialRegion(p,q,r) \land temporalPartOf(s,r)
              \rightarrow occupiesSpatialRegion(p,q,s))
Spatially projects onto is dissective on third argument, a temporal region [ivt-1]
     \forall p,q,r,s \text{ (spatially Projects Onto (p,q,r)} \land \text{temporal Part Of (s,r)}
              \rightarrow spatially Projects Onto(p,q,s))
Located in is transitive at a time [xlm-1]
     \forall a,b,c,t,t2 (locatedIn(a,b,t) \land locatedIn(b,c,t2) \land temporalPartOf(t,t2)
                 \rightarrow locatedIn(a,c,t))
If a location of b then if a is an instance of continuant fiat boundary then b is an instance of continuant fiat boundary [wte-1]
    \forall p,q,t (locationOf(p,q,t) \land instanceOf(p,continuantFiatBoundary,t)
             → instanceOf(q,continuantFiatBoundary,t))
All spatial regions are part of a 3 dimensional spatial region [xcx-1]
    ∀s,t (instanceOf(s,spatialRegion,t)
          \rightarrow \existss3(instanceOf(s3,threeDimensionalSpatialRegion,t)\landcontinuantPartOf(s,s3,t)))
Occurs in is lower bound location [czc-1]
    \forall p,c1,c2 (occursIn(p,c1)
               \land (\forall t (existsAt(p,t) \leftrightarrow existsAt(c2,t) \land continuantPartOf(c1,c2,t)))
               \rightarrow occursIn(p,c2))
If something is located in something else then the region of the first is part of the region of the second [uas-1]
    \forall a,b,t (locatedIn(a,b,t)
            \rightarrow \exists r1,r2,t2 \text{ (temporalPartOf(t2,t)} \land \text{ occupiesSpatialRegion(a,r1,t2)}
                           \land occupiesSpatialRegion(b,r2,t2)\land continuantPartOf(r1,r2,t2)))
Occurs in has domain process or process boundary and range material entity or site [tfw-1]
     \forall a,b (occursIn(a,b)
           \rightarrow (\existst(instanceOf(a,process,t)\lorinstanceOf(a,processBoundary,t)))
            \land (\exists t (instanceOf(b, materialEntity, t) \lor instanceOf(b, site, t))))
Spatial regions don't change what they are part of. [mlb-1]
```

```
\forall s,sp (\existst(instanceOf(s,spatialRegion,t) \land continuantPartOf(sp,s,t))
            \rightarrow \forall t (\exists s Prime continuant PartOf(s Prime, s, t) \rightarrow continuant PartOf(sp, s, t)))
Occupies spatial region is time indexed and has domain: independent continuant but not spatial region and range: spatial
region [lzw-1]
    \forall a,b,t (occupiesSpatialRegion(a,b,t)
            \rightarrow instanceOf(a,independentContinuant,t) \land \neg instanceOf(a,spatialRegion,t)
            \land instanceOf(b, spatialRegion, t) \land instanceOf(t, temporalRegion, t))
If there are two independent continuants that are not spatial regions, and one is part of the other, then it is located in the
other [bao-1]
    \forall a,b,t (continuantPartOf(a,b,t) \land instanceOf(a,independentContinuant,t)
            \land \neg instanceOf(a,spatialRegion,t) \land instanceOf(b,independentContinuant,t)
            \land \neg instanceOf(b,spatialRegion,t)
            \rightarrow locatedIn(a,b,t))
Spatial region is the union of zero dimensional spatial region, one dimensional spatial region, two dimensional spatial region,
and three dimensional spatial region [wnm-1]
    ∀i,t (instanceOf(i,spatialRegion,t)
         →instanceOf(i,zeroDimensionalSpatialRegion,t)
          ∨ instanceOf(i,oneDimensionalSpatialRegion,t)
          ∨instanceOf(i,twoDimensionalSpatialRegion,t)
          ∨instanceOf(i,threeDimensionalSpatialRegion,t))
No two material entities occupy the same space unless they coincide [scr-1]
    \forall m1,m2,s,t (instanceOf(m1,materialEntity,t) \land occupiesSpatialRegion(m1,s,t)
                  \land instanceOf(m2,materialEntity,t)\land occupiesSpatialRegion(m2,s,t)
                  \rightarrow (continuantPartOf(m2,m1,t) \land continuantPartOf(m1,m2,t)) \lor m1=m2)
Located in is time indexed and has domain: independent continuant but not spatial region and range: independent continuant
but not spatial region [bge-1]
    \foralla,b,t(locatedIn(a,b,t)
            \rightarrow instanceOf(a,independentContinuant,t) \land \neg instanceOf(a,spatialRegion,t)
             \land instanceOf(b,independentContinuant,t) \land \neg instanceOf(b,spatialRegion,t)
             \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t))
At all times t, there's a part of t when c occupies spatial region r iff every part of c occupies a part of r, and there isn't a smaller
part of r that c occupies. [grv-1]
     \forall c,r,t \text{ (instanceOf(c,independentContinuant,t)} \land \neg instanceOf(c,spatialRegion,t)
           \land instanceOf(r,spatialRegion,t)
           \rightarrow \exists t2(temporalPartOf(t2,t))
                  \land (occupiesSpatialRegion(c,r,t2)
                        \leftrightarrow (\forall cp (continuantPartOf(cp,c,t2)
                                \rightarrow \forall rp (occupiesSpatialRegion(cp,rp,t2)
                                          \rightarrow continuantPartOf(rp,r,t2))))
                        \wedge \neg (\exists r'(r' \neq r \wedge continuantPartOf(r',r,t2))
                                         \land occupiesSpatialRegion(c,r',t2)))))
```

Alan Ruttenberg, November 12, 2021. The most recent version of this file will always be in the GitHub repository https://github.com/bfo-ontology/bfo-2020

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons "Attribution 4.0 International" license.