



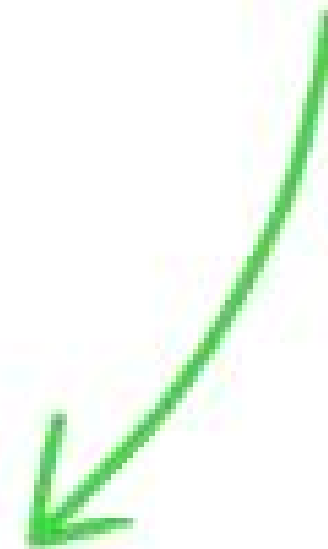
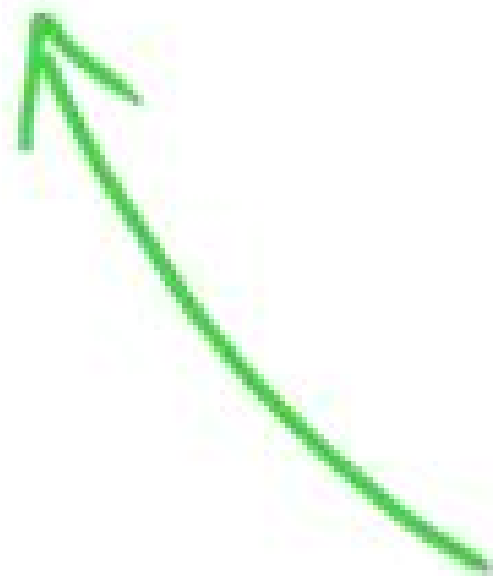
Test-driven
development

How many tests do we
have to write?

Write a
failing
test

Make the
test pass

Refactor



Start with the simplest failing test



```
it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
  expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
end
```


**Write the simplest possible
implementation that makes
the test pass**



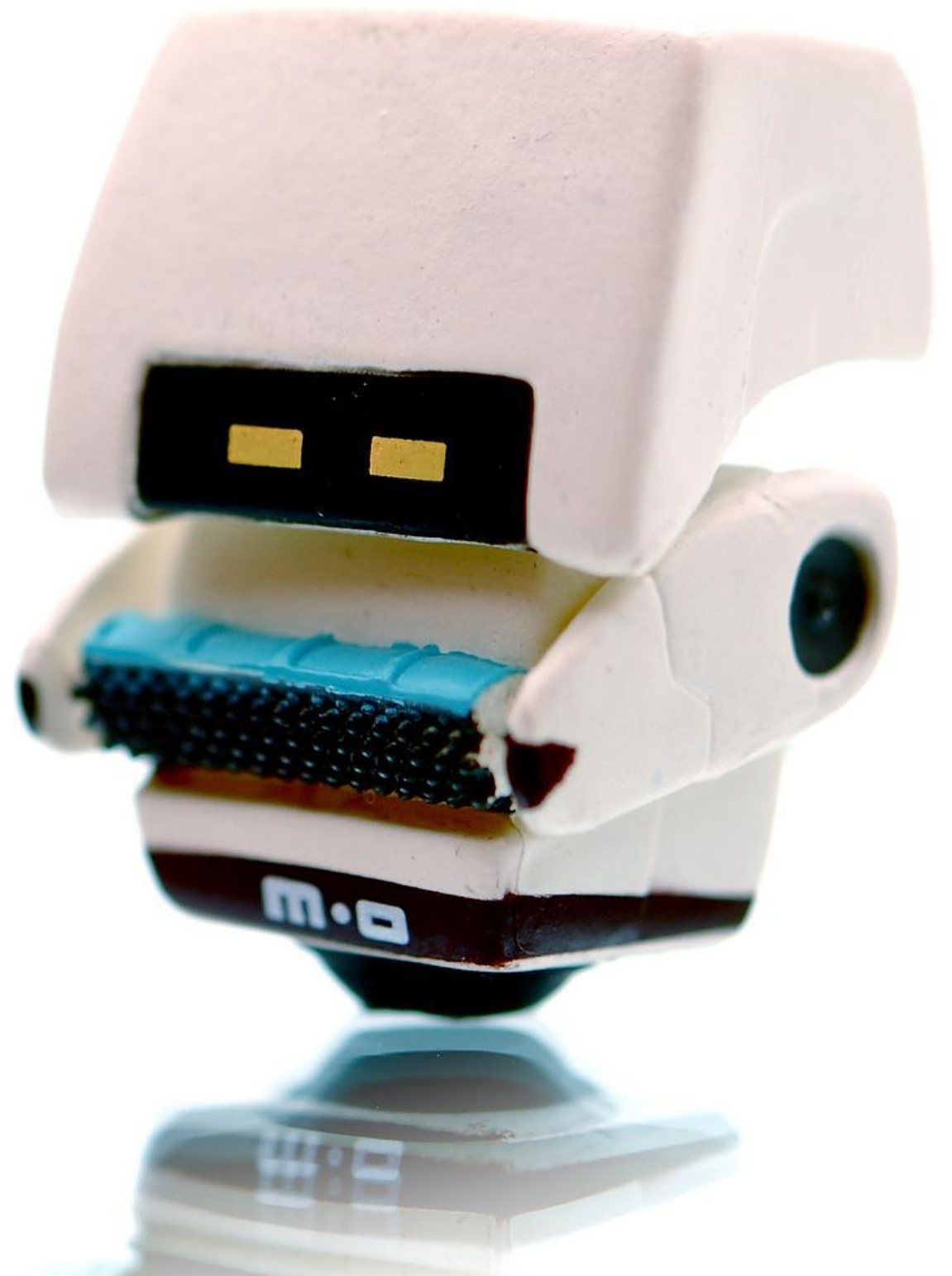
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IRON
HACK

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    0
  end
end
```

Refactor



Refactoring

Refactoring is the process of changing a software system in such a way that it does not alter the external behaviour of the code yet improves its internal structure.

Baby Steps



```
it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
  expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
end
it "should return 2 when only that number" do
  expect(calculator.add("2")).to eq(2)
end
```



```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    string_to_add.to_i
  end
end
```



```
it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
  expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
end
it "should return 2 when only that number" do
  expect(calculator.add("2")).to eq(2)
end
it "should return 3 if adding 1 and 2" do
  expect(calculator.add("2,1")).to eq(3)
end
```

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    total = 0
    string_to_add.split(",").each do |number_in_string|
      total += number_in_string.to_i
    end
    total
  end
end
```

A photograph of a dark, arched tunnel with a corrugated metal interior. A bright light source at the far end illuminates a person standing there. The walls are covered in condensation or water droplets. The floor is made of concrete slabs.

Fear of refactor

<https://www.flickr.com/photos/foxspain/3614203847>

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    string_to_add.split(',')
      .map(&:to_i)
      .reduce(0, :+)
  end
end
```



Clever

RUBY ***HERD***


```
it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
  expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
end
it "should return 2 when only that number" do
  expect(calculator.add("2")).to eq(2)
end
it "should return 3 if adding 1 and 2" do
  expect(calculator.add("2,1")).to eq(3)
end
```

STOP

**If you can't write
a failing test**

Exercise

By now you should all know FizzBuzz rules. Can you TDD a FizzBuzz implementation?

The class should have a method that receives a number and returns the right message for that number.

**Some
advice
from
our
experts**



What to test?

- Business logic of your application. What it does.
- We don't test UI
- We don't test external systems
- We don't test 3rd party libraries
- Separation of concerns is key to TDD
- Legacy code before you refactor it

Avoid testing implementation details




```
RSpec.describe "string calculator" do
  let(:calculator) { StringCalculator.new }

  it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
    expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
  end

  it "should return 2 when only that number" do
    expect(calculator.add("2")).to eq(2)
  end

  it "should return 3 if adding 1 and 2" do
    expect(calculator.add("2,1")).to eq(3)
  end
end
```

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    StringSplitter.new(string_to_add).split
      .map(&:to_i)
      .reduce(0, :+)
  end
end
```

Behaviour

```
class StringSplitter
  def initialize(string_to_split)
    @string_to_split = string_to_split
  end

  def split
    @string_to_split.split(',')
  end
end
```

Implementation
detail


```
RSpec.describe "string calculator" do
  let(:calculator) { StringCalculator.new }

  it "should return 0 for an empty string" do
    expect(calculator.add("")).to eq(0)
  end

  it "should return 2 when only that number" do
    expect(calculator.add("2")).to eq(2)
  end

  it "should return 3 if adding 1 and 2" do
    expect(calculator.add("2,1")).to eq(3)
  end
end
```



Integration testing

```
it "should return json from our external service" do
  expect(external_service.read_data.to_json).not_to be_nil
end
```




Test Smells

https://www.flickr.com/photos/dani_vazquez/13434631343

Fragile Test

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    StringSplitter.new(string_to_add).split
      .map(&:to_i)
      .reduce(0, :+)
  end
end
```

```
class StringSplitter
  def initialize(string_to_split)
    @string_to_split = string_to_split
  end

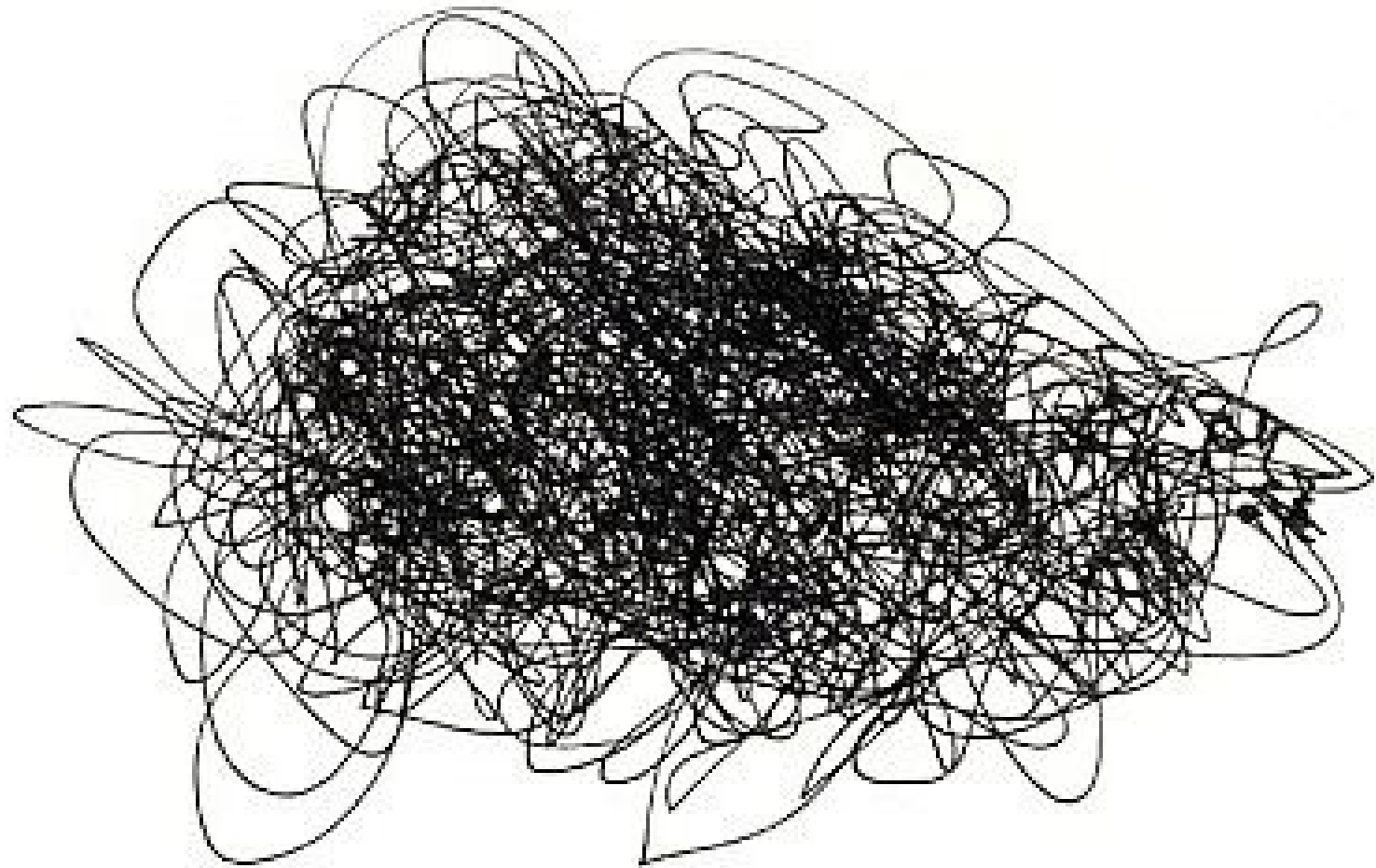
  def split
    @string_to_split.split(',')
  end
end
```

```
RSpec.describe "string splitter" do
  it "splits a simple string separated by comma" do
    expect(StringSplitter.new("a,b").split).to eq(["a", "b"])
  end
end
```

```
class StringCalculator
  def add(string_to_add)
    StringSplitter.new.split(string_to_add)
      .map(&:to_i)
      .reduce(0, :+)
  end
end

class StringSplitter
  def split(string_to_split)
    string_to_split.split(',')
  end
end
```


Erratic Test



```
RSpec.describe "people" do
  it "saves the person correctly" do
    @person = Person.new.save
    expect(@person).to be_true
  end

  it "finds the last person saved correctly" do
    expect(Person.last_person_saved).to eq(@person)
  end
end
```




Slow tests