

Organizing your code

Namespacing

Let's say we have this code

```
var visitors = 0;

function visit() {
    visitors++;
}

function reset() {
    visitors=0;
}
```

Namespacing

Namespaces allow us to group code and help us to avoid name-collisions.

*Unfortunately, everything you create in JavaScript is by default **global**. Now obviously, this is a recipe for disaster.*

*To avoid this behaviour, you can create a **single global object** for your app and make all functions and variables **properties** of that global object*

Namespacing

```
var myApp = {};  
  
myApp.visitors = 0;  
  
myApp.visit = function() {  
    return myApp.visitors++;  
}  
  
myApp.reset = function() {  
    myApp.visitors = 0;  
}
```

Exercise

*Take the following code that is in danger of collisions and put it inside a **namespace***

```
var cats = 15;
var rabbits = 12;
var dogs = 21;
var adoptDog = function(){
    dogs--;
    alert("A dog has found a home!");
};
```

The Module Pattern

*The **module pattern** strives to improve the **reduction** of globally scoped variables, thus decreasing the chances of collision with other code throughout an application.*

On top of that, it supports the ability to focus on public and private access to methods & variables.

The Module Pattern

Let's use our last example.

```
var myApp = {};
```

```
myApp.visitors = 0;
```

```
myApp.visit = function() {  
    return myApp.visitors++;  
}
```

```
myApp.reset = function() {  
    myApp.visitors = 0;  
}
```

The Module Pattern

```
var myApp = (function(){  
    var visitors = 0;  
    var my_public_object = {};  
  
    my_public_object.visit = function() {  
        return visitors++;  
    }  
  
    my_public_object.reset = function() {  
        visitors = 0;  
    }  
    my_public_object.say_visits = function() {  
        console.log(visitors);  
    }  
    return my_public_object;  
})();
```


Exercise

Let's convert the previous `namespace` into a module, making sure that only the `adoptDog` method is public.