

HTML: Introduction

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What is HTML?

HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language. Is the language that describes the semantic structure of a website so web browsers can render the pages and users can view or hear them.

It is the brainchild of Sir Tim Berners-Lee who in 1991 came up with a document titled "HTML tags" describing 18 elements that could be used to describe web pages.



How to create a web page

To create a simple web page all you need is a text editor and a browser.

Create a new file, foo.html, add some HTML code, save it and open the file in your browser. Whenever you change something, just reload the page in the browser to see them.

For a more convenient and quick option for running your tests, you can also use tools such as <u>codepen.io</u> or <u>jsfiddle.net</u>



Tags and attributes

HTML consists of tags, that describe the elements in the page and its structure and attributes that will provide values to enable or modify their functionality.



What are tags and attributes good for?

Using tags and attributes you can:

- Add content to the page.
- Wrap it and add structure and meaning to it.
- Style it.
- Load assets (images, video, stylesheets, javascript...).
- Make it interactive.
- Tell the browser how your page should be rendered and how it should behave.

Browsers will not display the actual tags, but will use them to render the page.



A basic HTML page

```
. .
FOLDERS
                             <!DOCTYPE html>
▼ MyApp
 ▶ app
                             <html lang="en">
 ▶ bin
 ▶ config
                                <head>
 ▶ db
 ▶ lib
                                    . . .
 ▶ log
                                </head>
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                                    . . .
   .gitignore
                                </body>
   config.ru
   Gemfile
                             </html>
   Gemfile.lock
   Rakefile
   README.rdoc
```



The doctype

The doctype (Document Type Declaration) specifies the type (and version) of markup a document is written in, so the browser know what to expect and renders it properly. Always include it at the beginning of your pages.

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                     <!DOCTYPE html>
                     <html lang="en">
                       <head>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
                       </head>
 vendor
  .gitignore
                       <body>
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
                          <h1>My first page</h1>
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
                          Welcome to my first
                          /a hnof-"b++nc, //an wikinadia ang/wiki/UTML"
```



The <html> tag

Tells the browser that this is a HTML document: it represents the start of the document and serves as a container for all the rest of the elements in the page.

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                       <!DOCTYPE html>
                       <html lang="en">
 config
                          <head>
 ▶ test
                          </head>
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
                          <body>
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
                          </body>
  README.rdoc
                       </html>
```



The <head> tag

Contains all the properties and metadata of the document including its title, base url and links and or definitions for stylesheets.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                        <!DOCTYPE html>
                        <html lang="en">
                            <head>
 ▶ tmp
                            </head>
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
                            <body>
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
                           </body>
                        </html>
```



<head>: What goes inside?

Important stuff to include in your <head>: title, charset, viewport, styles...

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                      <head>
                         <meta charset="UTF-8">
 ▶ log
                         <title>Page title</title>
 ▶ tmp
                         <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-</pre>
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                   width, initial-scale=1">
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
                         <link rel="stylesheet" href="theme.css">
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
                      </head>
                      <body>
```



The <body> tag

Defines the section where the main content of the page will be placed. It contains everything that will be displayed on the viewport.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                                  </head>
 config
                                  <body>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                                  </body>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                              </html>
   .gitignore
   config.ru
   Gemfile
   Gemfile.lock
   Rakefile
   README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Headings - <h1> to <h6>

The <h1> to <h6> tags are used to define text-only labels for sections of content on the page, defined implicitly or explicitly.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                          <body>
 ▶ config
                             <h1>My first page</h1>
 ▶ loa
                             <section>
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                                 <h1>Section first heading</h1>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                             </section>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                          </body>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                       </html>
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Paragraphs -

Used to define paragraphs. Browsers will automatically add space before and after to separate them from the rest of content.

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                       <body>
 config
                         <h1>My first page</h1>
 ▶ loa
                         <section>
 public
 ▶ test
                            <h1>Section first heading</h1>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                            One paragraph that can contain a lot of
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                    text if I want to!
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                          </section>
  README.rdoc
                       </body>
                    </html>
```



Basic tags: Line breaks -

Line breaks are used to make text jump to the next line, usually for formatting purposes.

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                         <h1>Section first heading</h1>
 config
                         One paragraph that can contain a lot of
 ▶ loa
                  text if I want to!<br>A new line inside my
 ▶ test
                  paragraph.
 ▶ tmp
 vendor
                        >Please, don't use consecutive line breaks to
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                  separate content.<br><br><br>Create new paragraphs
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                  instead
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Links - <a>

The cornerstone of the web. They create hypertext links.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                            <h1>Section first heading</h1>
 config
                            You can use <a href="/home.html">relative
 ▶ log
                    paths</a> or
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                    <a href="http://www.domain.com">absolute paths</a>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                   depending on your needs
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Images -

Defines an image in the page.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                                <h1>Section first heading</h1>
 config
                                Here's my awesome picture <img src="</p>
 ▶ log
                       /img/pic.png">
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Emphasis - and

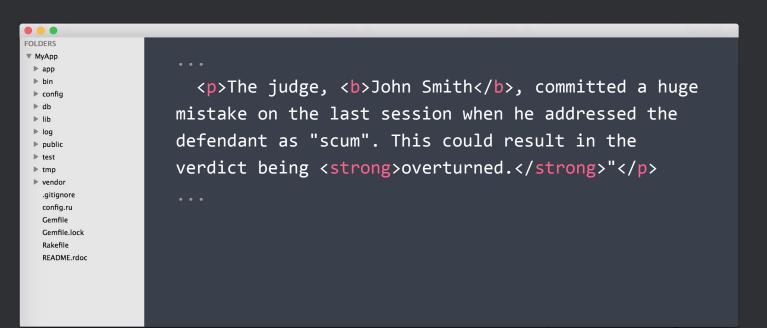
 is used to stress emphasis of its contents and to stress
importance.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                        This needs to be done <em>now</em>. Unless you
 config
                     do it, <strong>you will not be able to
 ▶ loa
                     graduate</strong>.
 public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



 and VS <i> and

Although by default they may look the same stylistically, <i>and are strictly presentational, while and carry semantic meaning





Basic tags: Lists - and

Define ordered and unordered lists. Use this instead of adding numbers or bullet points by hand.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                    <01>
 config
                      First item
 ▶ log
                      Second item
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                    ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                    <l
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                      One item
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                      Another item
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Tables -

Defines a table to represent tabular data. DON'T use them to create layouts! This is not the 1990s!

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                  Month
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
                      Savings
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
                    ▶ vendor
                    .gitignore
  config.ru
                      January
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
                      $100
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Divs - <div>

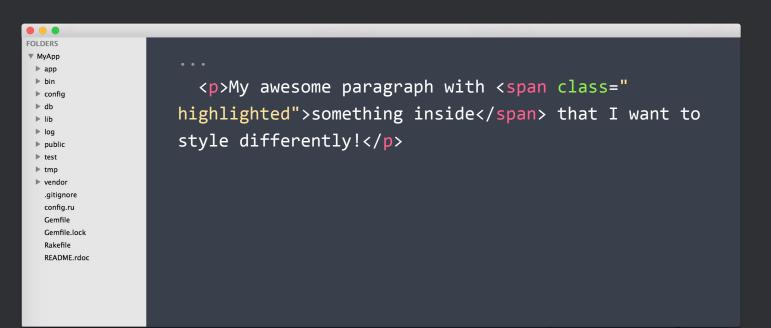
Defines a division or a section in an HTML document. It's a meaningless container used to group block elements.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                           <div id="my-first-div">
 config
                              <h1>My first div!</h1>
 ▶ log
                              How awesome is this!
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                           </div>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Basic tags: Spans -

It is used to group inline-elements in a document for styling purposes or because they share common attributes.





HTML & whitespace:

HTML collapses consecutive spaces, tabs, and new lines into a single space. If you need to add whitespace use (non-breaking space).

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                   This
                                 will
                                           read as
 config
                         normal
 ▶ loa
                                    line
                 single
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                  This    will have extra 
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                   spaces<br>and &nbsp;&nbsp;line &nbsp;&nbsp;
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                  breaks
  README.rdoc
```



HTML comments

You can add comments to your code, to take notes, clarify stuff, but they will not be displayed on the page.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                     . . .
                     <!-- This is a comment, it won't be displayed on the
 config
                     browser -->
 ▶ loa
                     This paragraph will be visible in your page
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



HTML5 document structure

HTML5 provides a lot of tags to indicate structure and provide semantic meaning to your page: <section>, <header>, <footer>, <aside>. <nav> and <article>. Better than simple divs.

```
FOLDERS
                        <header>
 config
                           <h1>My first page</h1>
                        </header>
                        <section>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                           <article>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                              <h1>Title for my article</h1>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                           </article>
  README.rdoc
                        </section>
```



Browser support and the HTML5 shiv

Unfortunately old browsers do not support the use of these new HTML5 structural elements. In order to use and style them, we can include this code inside our <head> tag

```
FOLDERS
                      <body>
 config
                        <head>
                           <!--[if lt IE 9]> <script src="//cdnjs.
                   cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/html5shiv/3.7.3/html5shiv.
                   min.js"></script> <![endif]-->
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                        </head>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
                   . . .
  README.rdoc
```



Forms

Forms allow users to send data to the website. Using forms, the website can take input from the site visitor and send it so it can be processed by a back-end application

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                         <form>
 ▶ config
                           <label for="my_field">My field</label>
 ▶ log
                            <input type="text" name="my_field">
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                            <input type="submit" value="Save">
 ▶ tmn
 ▶ vendor
                         </form>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Forms: field types

Forms support many kinds of different input types: text, button, checkbox, date, email, file, hidden, password, radio, search, submit...

```
FOLDERS

▼ MyApp

                     <input type="email" name="email" placeholder="</pre>
 ▶ config
                  john@doe.com" required>
 ▶ loa
                     <input type="date" name="dtstart">
 test
                     <input type="radio" name="sex" value="0" checked>
 ▶ tmn
 ▶ vendor
                  Option 1<br>>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                     <input type="radio" name="sex" value="1"> Option 2
  Gemfile
  Gemfile lock
  Rakefile
                     <input type="hidden" name="secret" value="some</pre>
  README.rdoc
                   secret">
```



HTML and backwards compatibility

The good and bad thing about HTML is how flexible and backwards compatible it is. The browser will make its best attempt to render ANYTHING, no matter how mangled or outdated it is.

Part of this clusterf**k of spotty implementations, different coding styles and inconsistent rendering between browsers is a product of the history of HTML and its evolution: HTML 2.0 to HTML 4.01, XHTML 1 & 2, HTML5, the IETF, the W3C, the WHATWG...

Use lowercase for all your elements

```
FOLDERS
                        <DIV>
▼ MyApp
                           <P>Don't do this!</P>
 config
                       </DIV>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                       <div>
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                           Do this instead
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                       </div>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Use proper nesting!

```
FOLDERS
                   <div>
▼ MyApp
                      <a href="some.html"><strong>Don't do this!
 ▶ config
                   </a></strong>
 ▶ log
                    </div>
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                   <div>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                      <a href="some.html"><strong>Do this
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
                   instead</strong></a>
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
                   </div>
```



Always close your tags, but don't use trailing slashes on self-closing elements

```
FOLDERS
                  <l

▼ MyApp

                    Don't do
 config
                     this <img src="wrong.png" />
 ▶ log
                  <br/>>
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                  <l
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                     Do this
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
                     instead <img src="right.png">
  README.rdoc
                  <br>
```



Use double quotes for all your attributes.

```
FOLDERS
                 <div id='wrong-div'>
▼ MyApp
                   Don't do this!
 config
                 </div>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                 <div id="correct-div">
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                   Do this instead
  .gitignore
  config.ru
                 </div>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Boolean attributes (hidden, disabled, selected, checked...) don't need a value. Their presence is enough.

```
FOLDERS
                     Hidden text
 config
                     <form>
 ▶ log
                       <input type="text" name="disabled field" disabled>
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                     </form>
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```

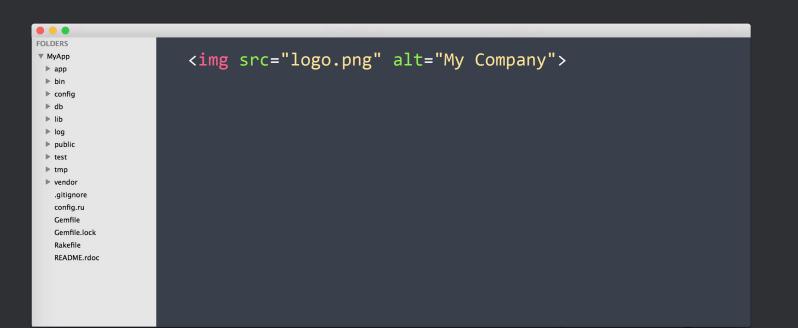


Don't use inline css and load your javascript at the end.

```
FOLDERS
                       <!DOCTYPE html>
▼ MyApp
                       <html lang="en">
 config
                          <head>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
                             <link rel="stylesheet" href="theme.css">
 ▶ test
 ▶ tmp
                          </head>
 ▶ vendor
                          <body>
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
                             . . .
  Gemfile.lock
                             <script src="myscript.js"></script>
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
                          </body>
                       </html>
```



Use alt texts with images for screen readers and proper indexing.





Use ul for navigation.

```
FOLDERS
▼ MyApp
                    <nav>
                      <l
 config
                         Home
 ▶ log
                         Section 1
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                         Section 2
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
                      .gitignore
  config.ru
                    </nav>
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Don't use superfluous parent elements.

```
FOLDERS
                   <span class="my-class">
▼ MyApp
                      My dumb paragraph
 config
                   </span>
 ▶ log
 ▶ public
 ▶ test
                   My smart paragraph
 ▶ tmp
 ▶ vendor
  .gitignore
  config.ru
  Gemfile
  Gemfile.lock
  Rakefile
  README.rdoc
```



Prevent div-itis! Use the correct structural element for each case.

```
FOLDERS
                        <div id="header">

▼ MyApp

                                                            FOLDERS
                           Don't
                                                                                     <header>

▼ MyApp

                                                              ▶ app
                        </div>
                                                              ▶ bin
                                                                                        Do
                                                              config
                                                              ▶ db
                        <div id="main">
                                                                                     </header>
 ▶ public
                                                              ▶ lib
 ▶ test
                                                              ▶ log
                           do
                                                                                     <section id="main">
 ▶ tmp
                                                              ▶ public
 ▶ vendor
                                                              ▶ test
                        </div>
                                                                                        this
   .gitignore
                                                              ▶ tmp
  config.ru
                                                              ▶ vendor
                        <div id="footer">
                                                                                     </section>
  Gemfile
                                                               .gitignore
  Gemfile.lock
                                                               config.ru
                           this!
   Rakefile
                                                                                     <footer>
                                                               Gemfile
   README.rdoc
                                                                Gemfile.lock
                        </div>
                                                                Rakefile
                                                                                         intead
                                                                README.rdoc
                                                                                     </footer>
```

Exercise

Create markup for a blog post with a comment form and a couple comments:

- Use different and appropriate containers for the blog post, the comment form and the comments.
- The blog post must have: title, subtitle, date, author (with a link to their website), text, and image, a list, and some pull quotes.
- The comment form must have: name field, email field, space to write, a "remember my data" option and a submit button.