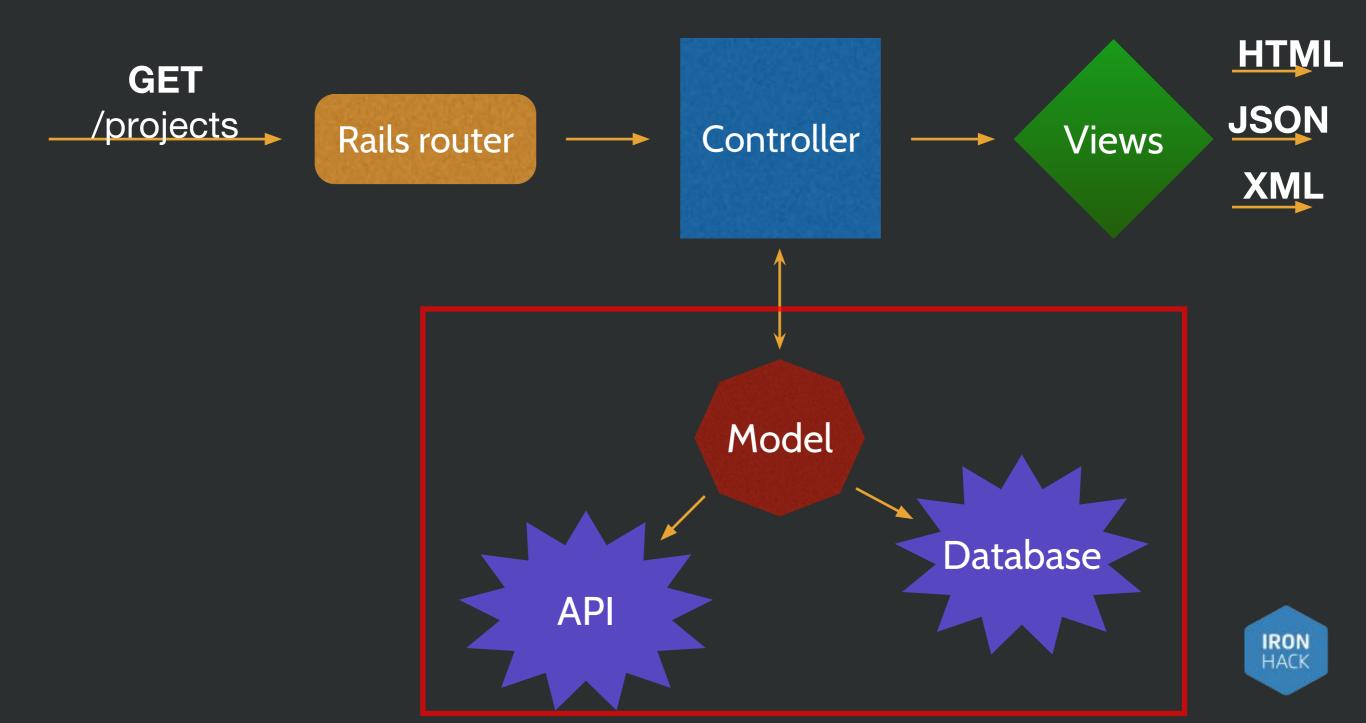


Introducing the models

MVC



MVC: Models

Model

Database

API

- 1. Deal with data
- 2. Implement business logic rules



Deal with data

CRUD data from a data source

Database

API

Filesystem

Ensure data format is valid

Implement validations

length of a name is shorter than 50 chars



Implement business logic rules

Calculate the letter of the Spanish ID (NIF)

Calculate the VAT of a shopping cart

Generate reports

Single responsibility principle: an object should have only a single responsibility



Back to business: a list with the latest projects

Time tracking tool

Projects

- Toldo Integrate payments with Recurly
- Ironhack Rails introduction week #4

Stored in the database

Only has one attribute: a name (at least for now)

Project

- name



\$ rails g model Project name:string

invoke active_record

create db/migrate/20140126095033_create_projects.rb

create app/models/project.rb



app/models/project.rb

```
class Project < ActiveRecord::Base
end</pre>
```



ActiveRecord

ORM included in Ruby on Rails

Maps Ruby objects to the database

Classes are mapped to tables

Objects are mapped to rows

In our example:

Class Project is mapped to table projects

Project objects are mapped to rows in table projects



Remember: convention over configuration



app/models/project.rb

```
class Project < ActiveRecord::Base
end</pre>
```

```
class Project < ActiveRecord::Base
   self.table_name = 'projects'
end</pre>
```



```
class Project < ActiveRecord::Base</pre>
  self.table name = 'projects'
end
              Naming
            convention
class Project < ActiveRecord:: Base
```

end



db/migrate/xxxxxxxx_create_projects.
rb

```
class CreateProjects < ActiveRecord::Migration
  def change
      create_table :projects do |t|
          t.string :name
          t.timestamps
      end
  end
end</pre>
```



\$ rake db:migrate



In schema_migrations rails keeps the last migration run so it can keep track of pending migrations



ActiveRecord Conventions

Tables primary key is named id

Timestamp attributes:

created_at

updated_at

Values filled automatically by ActiveRe

Isn't supposed to be updated by your



Migrations

Migrations are a feature of Active Record that allows you to evolve your database schema over time.



ActiveRecord Migrations

Create table: create_table

create_table :table_name

Create column: add_column

add_column :table_name, :column_name, :column_type

Remove column: remove_column

remove_column :table_name, :column_name



Creating a migration

Let's create a new column called *description*, of type *text*



Creating a migration

The easiest way to do it:

```
$ rails g migration
    add_description_to_projects
    description:text
```

Check the created migration file, and then run rake db:migrate





Remember to commit the changes in git

